

New York City Administration for Children's Services
 Quarterly Incident Data Report
 Fiscal Year 2012 4th Quarter (April 1, 2012 - June 30, 2012)

Use of Physical Restraints¹ in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Physical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Crossroads Juvenile Center	274	26	1	25
Horizon Juvenile Center	275	23	0	23
Secure Facilities Subtotal	549	49	1	48
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	34	6	0	6
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	90	2	0	2
Detention Total	673	57	1	56

Use of Mechanical Restraints⁵ in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Crossroads Juvenile Center	67	7	0	7
Horizon Juvenile Center	75	2	0	2
Secure Facilities Subtotal	142	9	0	9
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	14	2	0	2
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Detention Total	156	11	0	11

1 Physical restraints refer to physical hold techniques included in the Emergency Safety Physical Intervention (ESPI) Safe Crisis Management technique and the Handle with Care® Behavior Management System.

2 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

3 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

4 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

5 Mechanical restraints refer to restraints involving the use of handcuffs, shackles, and flex-cuffs.

Data Source: Incident Database as of August 15, 2012. Incident Database system conversion on 12/20/2010 affects some data aggregation techniques.

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Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody

	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injuries ¹	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury A ²	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury B ³
Crossroads Juvenile Center	110	50	7	43
Horizon Juvenile Center	151	72	7	65
Secure Facilities Subtotal	261	122	14	108
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	9	2	0	2
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	109	27	2	25
Detention Total	379	151	16	135

Other Incidents Resulting in Injuries* to Youth in Custody and Instances of Room Confinement

	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody* ¹	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury A) ²	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury B) ³	Number of Room Confinements of Youth in Custody
Crossroads Juvenile Center	114	3	111	69
Horizon Juvenile Center	123	7	116	11
Secure Facilities Subtotal	237	10	227	80
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	2	0	2	NA
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	67	3	64	NA
Detention Total	306	13	293	80

1 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

2 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

3 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

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Length of Each Instance of the Use of Room Confinement

Horizon Room Confinements	
Length of Time	Number of Instances
1 DAY	2
1DAY, 8HRS	1
1 DAY, 8.25 HRS	2
2 DAYS, 1 HR	3
2 DAYS, 4 HRS	1
2 DAYS, 4 1/2 HRS	2
Total Instances	11

Crossroads Room Confinements	
Length of Time	Number of Instances
13 3/4 HRS	1
14 HRS	1
19 HRS	1
19 1/ HS	1
22 1/4 HRS	2
22 1/2 HRS	1
23 HRS	5
23 1/4 HRS	2
1 DAY	2
1 DAY, 3/4 HRS	2
1 DAY, 1/2 HR	3
1 DAY, 1 HR	2
1 DAY, 2 HRS	5
1 DAY, 7 HRS	1
1 DAY, 7.5 HRS	1
1 DAY, 9 HRS	1
1 DAY, 11.25 HRS	2
1 DAY, 12 HRS	2
1 DAY, 18 1/4 HRS	1
1 DAY, 23 HRS	14
2 DAYS, 8.25 HRS	1
2 DAYS, 10 1/2 HRS	7
2 DAYS, 14 1/2 HRS	1
2 DAYS, 16 HRS	1
2 DAYS, 20 1/4 HS	2
2 DAYS, 23 1/4 HRS	1
3 DAYS, 1 1/2 HRS	1
3 DAYS, 1/2 HR	3
4 DAYS, 3/4 HRS	1
4 DAYS, 12 HRS	1
Total Instances	69

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