

#### Inspection Checklist: Stoop Line Stand

Does your store have a stand or booth (or stoop line stand) on the sidewalk from which you sell fruits, vegetables, soft drinks, candy, or flowers?

Use this checklist to learn what our inspectors look for and help avoid violations. All businesses also must comply with the General Retail Inspection Checklist, which is included at the end for easy reference.

For your convenience, each Requirement includes the relevant section of law and/or rule, so you can refer to it for more information. The KEY below describes the legal citations and symbols used in this checklist.

KEY
NYC Code: NYC Administrative Code
RCNY: Rules of the City of New York
§: Section

Requ	lirement	Do you meet this requirement?
Licer	ISE	
1	Your business must have a Department of Consumer and Worker Protection (DCWP) <u>Stoop Line Stand</u> license to sell fruits, vegetables, soft drinks (cold, flavored or carbonated, nonalcoholic drink), confectionary (candy, cake, pastries), ice cream, ices, or flowers on the sidewalk outside your store.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-233(a)	
2	DCWP's combined license and complaint sign must be posted where all customers can see it.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §1-03(a)	
3	The stoop line stand cannot be operated by or leased to another person or business.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-237(c)	
4	The Stoop Line Stand license must be held by the same entity listed on the Certificate of Authority for the store located behind the stoop line stand. If the store behind the stoop line stand does not hold a Certificate of Authority, the Stoop Line Stand license must be held by the same entity operating the store.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(h)	
Items	s That Can Be Sold	<u>.</u>
5	Only fruits; vegetables; soft drinks (cold, flavored or carbonated, nonalcoholic drink); confectionary (candy, cake, pastries); ice cream; ices; and flowers can be sold at a stoop line stand.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(g)	
6	You can display items on your stoop line stand that you do not sell inside your store, as long as your store is more than 200 feet away from a store that sells those items.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-235	



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Requ	lirement	Do you meet this requirement?
Sizes	3	
7	The stoop line stand cannot be larger than 10 feet in length and 4 feet in width, unless you have a license from DCWP for a larger stoop line stand. A larger stoop line stand may be up to 5 feet in width and 10 feet in length.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-237(a), NYC Code §20-237(b)	
8	There must be at least a 9 ½-foot clear pathway on the sidewalk in front of the stand, as measured from the curb to the end of the stand.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-237(b)	
9	No part of the stoop line stand or the display can be higher than 7 feet tall.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-237(a)	
Phys	ical Characteristics	
10	The stoop line stand must be made of wood or some other rigid material.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(a)	
11	Both ends and the front of the stoop line stand must have a lip or barrier to prevent spillage.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(a)	
12	No objects can be stored, displayed, or placed outside of the enclosed area (e.g., boxes, crates, etc.). No item can be kept in the space alloted for the stoop line stand unless it is on the stoop line stand.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(a)	
13	The stoop line stand cannot be enclosed by a partition that extends to the roof or awning above the stand.	□ Yes
	<b>Tip:</b> A seasonal enclosure can only be used December through March, and it cannot extend beyond the stand by more than 1 foot.	
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(a)	
14	The outside of the stand must be smooth and free of anything that could damage the clothing of or injure a passerby.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(a)	
15	If water or ice is used in the display of food or flowers, the water and ice cannot leak onto the sidewalk.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(d)	
16	Customers may only pay for goods from the stoop line stand inside the store.	🗆 Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(e)	]



#### Inspection Checklist: Stoop Line Stand

Requ	Requirement	
17	No items can be washed, trimmed, bunched, or prepared in the stoop line stand or on the sidewalk, including fruits, vegetables, and flowers. Also, the stoop line stand or sidewalk cannot be used to package fruit salad or to blend smoothies or juices.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §2-70.2(f)	

For more information: Visit nyc.gov/BusinessToolbox | Contact 311 (212) NEW-YORK (Outside NYC)

This document is provided for informational purposes only, is not exhaustive, and does not constitute legal advice. New York City businesses must comply with all relevant federal, State, and City laws and rules. Businesses are responsible for knowing and complying with current regulations that affect their business.



Does your business sell goods or services?

Use this checklist to learn what our inspectors look for and help avoid violations. For your convenience, each Requirement includes the relevant section of law and/or rule, so you can refer to it for more information. The KEY below describes the legal citations and symbols used in this checklist.

KEY
NYC Code: NYC Administrative Code
RCNY: Rules of the City of New York
NY GBL: NY General Business Law
§: Section

Requ	irement	Do you meet this requirement?
Price	Lists for Services	
1	A price list must be displayed and include the following:	□ Yes
	List of the type of services	
	Minimum price for each service	
	<ul> <li>Conditions or variations of service that change the minimum price</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Range of additional charges caused by conditions or variations (e.g., \$10 pants, \$15 pants with pleats)</li> </ul>	
	(if the price is based on an hourly labor rate) Rate as dollars per hour	
	<b>Tip:</b> If the price list states a price "and up" or "from"—e.g., "\$5 and up" or "from \$5"—it must also state the reason(s) for the different prices and include the range of prices.	
	6 RCNY §5-70(a)	
2	The price list must be clearly posted or clearly displayed at the place(s) where payment is made (e.g., near the cash register) and/or where orders are placed.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-70(a)	
3	If there is a sale or promotion, the pre-sale prices must also be posted.	🗆 Yes
	NYC Code §20-750(b)	
4	Prices for services cannot be based on gender.	🗆 Yes
	<b>Tip:</b> Words like "men's," "women's," and "ladies'" cannot be used to describe the price.	
	NYC Code §20-750(c)	
Prici	ng for Goods	
5	All items offered for sale must show a price, exclusive of tax, as follows:	🗆 Yes
	The price must be attached to the item by a stamp, tag, or label. OR	
	• The price must be stated on a sign that is plainly visible where the item is displayed.	
	NYC Code §20-708, NYC Code §20-708.1	



Req	uirement	Do you meet this requirement?
6	If your store's annual revenue is more than \$2 million or you are a chain store, you must individually price each item, including food products, paper products, detergents, soaps, nonprescription drugs, and health and beauty aids.	□ Yes
	Exceptions:	
	<ul> <li>You do NOT need to individually price each item if you provide price scanners for customer use that meet the following requirements:</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Price scanners are within 30 feet of an item OR there is a sign in view of the item that says "A Price Scanner for Customer Use to Check Prices is Located </li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>The number of price scanners available to customers is based on the number of checkout stations:</li> </ul>	
	1-3 checkout stations = 1 or more price scanners 4-5 checkout stations = 2 or more price scanners 6-7 checkout stations = 3 or more price scanners 8-9 checkout stations = 4 or more price scanners 10 or more checkout stations = 5 or more price scanners	
	<ul> <li>The following items must be individually priced unless shelf prices and a price look-up function are provided:         <ul> <li>Milk</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Items that are under 3 cubic inches in size, weigh less than 3 ounces, and cost under 1 dollar</li> </ul>	
	– Eggs	
	<ul> <li>Fresh produce not packaged for retail sale</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Products sold through a vending machine</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Food sold for consumption on the premises</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Snack foods offered for sale in single packages that weigh 5 ounces or less, e.g., cakes, gum, candies, chips, and nuts</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Cigarettes, cigars, tobacco, and tobacco products</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Food offered for sale in bulk</li> </ul>	
	– Frozen juice	
	– Ice cream	
	<ul> <li>Frozen foods packaged for final retail sale in plastic bags</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Items on sale for 1 week or less, but only if they are located in a segregated display at the end of the aisle and the sale period, name of the product, and the advertised price are clearly posted on a sign at the point of display</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Jars of baby food</li> </ul>	



Requ	irement	Do you meet this requirement?
Signs	3	
7	Sale signs that advertise a price range or percent discount—example: "Savings of 20 to 50%" or "20% to 50% off"—must state the minimum and maximum percentages in equal size.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-94(a)(1)	
8	<ul> <li>Advertising, including sale signs, cannot contain any of the following phrases:</li> <li>"Our list price"</li> <li>Below "manufacturer's wholesale cost"</li> <li>"Manufacturer's cost"</li> </ul>	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-101	
9	<ul> <li>Businesses that sell goods and services must post a refund policy sign.</li> <li>Tip: A refund policy sign must be posted at each register, point of sale, or entrance, or attached to each item.</li> <li>Tip: Even if the policy is not to give refunds, a sign must be posted stating "No Refunds."</li> </ul>	□ Yes
	<b>Tip:</b> The sign must state that a written copy of the store's refund policy is available on request.	
	6 RCNY §5-37; NY GBL §218-a	
10	<ul> <li>The refund policy sign must state any and all conditions or limitations to getting a refund.</li> <li>For example, it must state: <ul> <li>Any fees charged for refunds, such as "restocking fees"</li> <li>If a refund will not be provided for "as is" or "sale" items</li> <li>Whether the refund will be in cash, credit, or store credit only</li> <li>If proof of purchase is required for a refund</li> <li>If a refund will be provided at any time or within a specific period of time</li> </ul> </li> <li>6 RCNY §5-37; NY GBL §218-a</li> </ul>	☐ Yes
11	If there are limitations on using credit cards, such as minimum purchase amounts, the policy must be clearly posted at or near each entrance and in all advertising that indicates credit cards are accepted.	□ Yes
	6 RCNY §5-24(b)	



Req	uirement	Do you meet this requirement?	
Rece	Receipts		
12	Receipts must be given to customers for purchases over \$20 and upon request for purchases between \$5 and \$20.	□ Yes	
	Tip: This does not apply to food and drink that is meant to be consumed on the premises.		
	6 RCNY §5-32		
13	The receipt must include each of the following:	□ Yes	
	Date of purchase		
	Amount paid for each item		
	Total amount paid		
	Separate statement of tax		
	Business name and address		
	6 RCNY §5-32(c)		
14	Receipts for audio, photographic, and video equipment that cost more than \$100 must also include the make and model number of the item.	□ Yes	
	6 RCNY §5-32(c)(5)		
Price	e Accuracy	•	
15	The price charged for an item at checkout, including scanned items, must not exceed the item's tagged, stamped, or marked price, shelf price, sale price, or advertised price.	□ Yes	
	NYC Code §20-708.1(d), NYC Code §20-708.1(e)		
16	Tax cannot be charged on tax-exempt items.	□ Yes	
	<b>Tip:</b> Examples of tax-exempt items include but are not limited to: feminine hygiene products, canned vegetables, baby food, clothing under \$110, diapers, nonprescription or over-the-counter drugs, contraceptives.		
	<b>Tip:</b> Check with the <u>New York State Department of Taxation and Finance</u> for a complete list of which items are exempt.		
	6 RCNY §5-41	1	



Req	uirement	Do you meet this requirement?
Laya	way Plans	
17	A "layaway plan" means a purchase over \$50 where consumers agree to pay for the purchase in 4 or more installments before getting the merchandise. If a layaway plan is offered, each of the following written disclosures must be provided to consumers prior to accepting any payments:	□ Yes
	Description of the item, including name of manufacturer, brand name, color, size, style, or model number	
	Total cost of the item, including tax, installation, delivery, or freight charges	
	<ul> <li>Any charge to use layaway, including any service charge, carrying charge, or cancellation fee</li> </ul>	
	Duration of the layaway plan	
	Payment schedule and any consequences of missed payments	
	Refund policy regarding the payments	
	• Notice of where the item is being stored, if other than the place of purchase, or if the item will not be removed from inventory until additional payments are made:	
	<i>Example 1:</i> NOTICE: NO MERCHANDISE WILL BE REMOVED FROM INVENTORY UNTIL X% OF THE PURCHASE PRICE HAS BEEN PAID.	
	Example 2: ATTENTION: YOUR SELECTION OF MERCHANDISE WILL NOT BE ORDERED UNTIL YOU HAVE MADE YOUR NEXT TO FINAL PAYMENT.	
	6 RCNY §5-23; NY GBL §396-t	
Expi	red Over-the-counter Medication	
18	It is illegal to sell over-the-counter medication after the expiration date on the label.	□ Yes
	NYC Code §20-822(a)	



•		Do you meet this requirement?
Cash	a Payments	
19	Your store cannot refuse to accept cash payments from consumers.	□ Yes
	Exceptions:	
	Your store may refuse bills above \$20.	
	<ul> <li>Your store may refuse cash payments for telephone, mail, or internet-based transactions, unless the transaction takes place in the store.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Your store may accept prepaid cards from an on-site device that converts cash into prepaid cards, but only if:</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>The device does not charge a fee for the prepaid card or require a minimum deposit above \$1.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Upon request, the device provides the consumer with a receipt stating the amount of cash the consumer deposited onto the prepaid card.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Cash deposits onto the prepaid card do not expire.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>There is no limit on the number of transactions a consumer can complete with the prepaid card.</li> </ul>	
	You must clearly post a sign on or immediately next to the device when it is not working that states your store is required to accept cash payments and consumers may report violations by calling 311.	
	NYC Code §20-840	
20	Your store cannot charge a consumer who pays in cash a higher price for the same "consumer commodity" than a consumer who pays by credit card or other cashless transaction.	□ Yes
	<b>Tip:</b> "Consumer commodity" means any article, good, merchandise, product, or commodity of any kind that is produced, distributed, or offered for retail sale.	
	NYC Code §20-840(c)	

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