

Table 1. Demographics of unique patients with drug-related hospitalizations¹, age-adjusted rates (AAR)² per 100,000 residents, New York City, 2012

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS), 2012 (Data Update: April and July 2014)

Variables	2012		
	Unique Patients		
	N	%	AAR
Total	39,216	100%	585.0
Sex			
Male	25,101	64%	790.2
Female	14,113	36%	402.6
Unknown	2	X	X
Race/Ethnicity³			
Black	16,346	50%	1,057.9
Hispanic	9,194	28%	501.9
White	6,844	21%	304.6
Other	6,832	X	X
Age-group⁴			
15-24	4,585	12%	401.4
25-34	6,520	17%	449.2
35-44	6,663	17%	573.5
45-54	11,175	28%	1,008.6
55-64	7,426	19%	793.4
65-84	2,847	7%	318.1
Mean Age	44.5		
Mean length of stay	8.1		
Borough of Residence			
Bronx	11,773	30%	1,091.1
Brooklyn	11,810	30%	587.6
Manhattan	8,777	22%	660.2
Queens	4,779	12%	256.9
Staten Island	2,077	5%	558.1
Borough of Hospital			
Bronx	10,451	27%	969.0
Brooklyn	10,863	28%	540.0
Manhattan	12,258	31%	922.5
Queens	3,689	9%	198.8
Staten Island	1,955	5%	525.9
Neighborhood poverty⁵			
Group 1: 0 to <10% (Low)	2,693	7%	354.7
Group 2: 10 to <20% (Medium)	10,305	26%	356.7
Group 3: 20 to <30% (High)	6,528	17%	487.5
Group 4: 30 to 100% (Highest)	19,591	50%	1,167.4
Unknown/Other	99	X	X

¹ NYC residents ages 15-84 discharged from a NYC hospital. Excludes detox and rehab discharges, self-inflicted injury, injury purposely inflicted by other persons, and injury undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted (based on ICD-9 E-codes).

² Rates are calculated using intercensal New York City population denominators updated December 2014. Rates are age-adjusted to the US 2000 Standard Population.

³ Other race/ethnicity or missing race/ethnicity are collapsed into "Other", and are not included in the percent of total calculation.

⁴ Age standardized rates are presented.

⁵ Neighborhood poverty (based on UHF) defined as percent of residents with incomes below 100% of the Federal Poverty Level per American Community Survey Census 2000.