## PELHAM-THROGS NECK NEIGHBORHOOD HEALTH PROFILE

## **Demographics**

Compared to New York City as a whole, in Pelham-Throgs Neck...

- The infant mortality rate is substantially lower (4.4 vs. 6.7 per 1,000 live births)
- The percent of births to women less than 20 years old is somewhat higher (11% vs. 8.6%)
- The percent of adults 25 years and older without a high school diploma is somewhat higher (37% vs. 32%)

## **Demographic Characteristics and Vital Statistics Related to Birth**

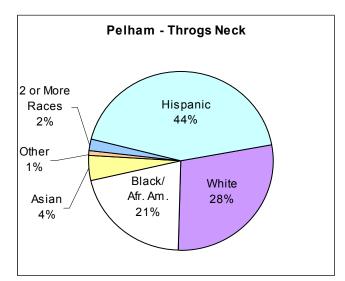
Pelham - Throgs Neck Compared to New York City, 2000

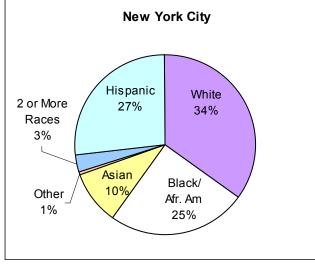
	Pelham - Throgs Neck	New York City
Total Population	290,052	8,008,278
Age-adjusted death rate (deaths per 100,000)	775	737
Fertility rate (births per 1,000 women aged 15 to 44)	57	66
Infant Mortality rate (deaths before age 1 year per 1,000 live births)	4.4	6.7
Percent of births to women less than 20 years old	11	8.6
Percent of women receiving first trimester prenatal care	56	60
Percent low birth weight babies (percent of live births <2500 grams)	9.1	8.3
Percent of persons living in poverty*	18	19
Percent of adults aged 25 and older without a high school diploma*	37	32
Percent of linguistically isolated households*	11	12
Percent of population less than 25 years old	36	34
Percent of population greater than or equal to 65 years old	12	12

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 1990 Census

## Population by Race/Ethnicity

Pelham Throgs Neck Compared to New York City, 2000





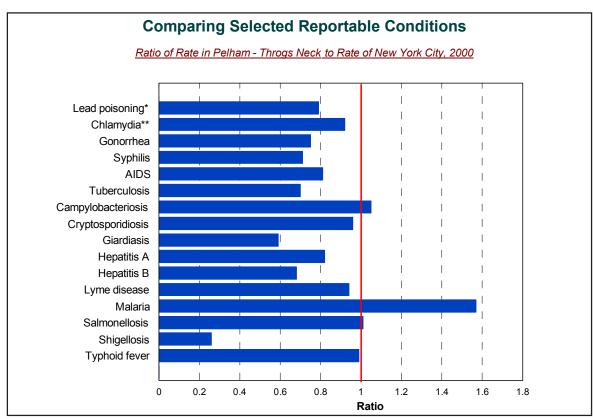
#### **Selected Reportable Conditions**

Compared to New York City as a whole, in Pelham-Throgs Neck the rate of...

- Giardiasis is somewhat lower (13 vs. 22/100,000)
- Malaria is substantially higher (4.5 vs. 2.8/100,000)
- Shigellosis is substantially lower (3.1 vs. 12/100,000)

## Selected Reportable Conditions for Pelham-Throgs Neck, 2000

	Neighborhood No. of Cases	Neighborhood Rate/100,000	New York City Rate/100,000
Lead poisoning*	21	83	104
Chlamydia**	766	494	538
Gonorrhea	316	109	146
Syphilis	3	1.0	1.5
AIDS	130	45	55
Tuberculosis	34	12	17
Campylobacteriosis	33	11	11
Cryptosporidiosis	6	2.1	2.1
Giardiasis	38	13	22
Hepatitis A	16	5.5	6.7
Hepatitis B	14	4.8	7.1
Lyme disease	7	2.4	2.6
Malaria	13	4.5	2.8
Salmonellosis	44	15	15
Shigellosis	9	3.1	12
Typhoid fever	2	0.7	0.7



<sup>\*</sup> Children ages 0 - 5 years old.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Female cases only; rate per 100,000 women.

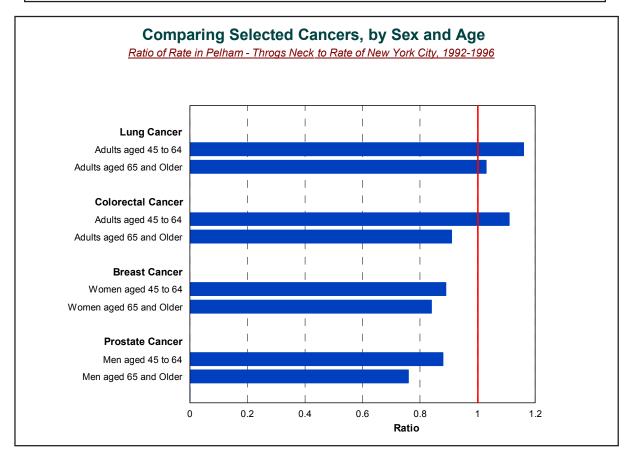
#### **Selected Cancer Statistics**

Compared to New York City as a whole, in Pelham-Throgs Neck...

- The rate of lung cancer in adults aged 45 to 64 is somewhat higher (95 vs. 82/100,000)
- The rate of colorectal cancer in adults aged 45 to 64 is somewhat higher (64 vs. 57/100,000)
- The rates of breast cancer in women aged 45 to 64 (177 vs. 200/100,000) and women aged 65 and older (315 vs. 373/100,000) are somewhat lower
- The rates of prostate cancer in men aged 45 to 64 (115 vs. 130/100,000) and men aged 65 and older (614 vs. 805/100,000) are somewhat lower

## Selected Cancers by Sex and Age for Pelham-Throgs Neck, 1992-1996

	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	New York Cit	
	No. of Cases	Avg. Yearly Rate/100,000	Avg. Yearly Rate/100,000	
Lung Cancer				
Adults aged 45 to 64	288	95	82	
Adults aged 65 and Older	509	287	280	
Colorectal Cancer				
Adults aged 45 to 64	192	64	57	
Adults aged 65 and Older	505	285	313	
Breast Cancer				
Women aged 45 to 64	298	177	200	
Women aged 65 and Older	350	315	373	
Prostate Cancer				
Men aged 45 to 64	154	115	130	
Men aged 65 and Older	405	614	805	



## **Leading Causes of Hospitalization**

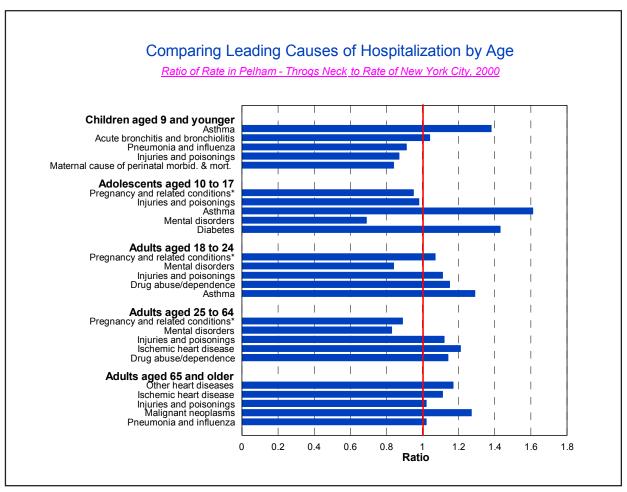
Compared to New York City as a whole, in Pelham-Throgs Neck...

- The rates of hospitalization for asthma among children aged 9 and younger (995 vs. 720/100,000) and among adults aged 18 to 24 (151 vs. 117/100,000) are somewhat higher
- The rate of hospitalization for asthma among adolescents aged 10 to 17 is substantially higher (438 vs. 271/100,000)

# Leading Causes of Hospitalizations by Age for Pelham-Throgs Neck, 2000

	Neighborhood No. of Hospitalizations	Neighborhood Rate/100,000	New York City Rate/100,000
Children Aged 0-9			
Asthma	435	995	720
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	186	425	408
Pneumonia and influenza	175	400	439
Injuries and poisonings	157	359	411
Maternal cause of perinatal morbidity & mortality	64	146	173
Adolescents Aged 10-17			
Pregnancy and related conditions*	162	1,016	1,070
Injuries and poisonings	146	441	449
Asthma	145	438	271
Mental disorders	84	254	367
Diabetes	29	88	61
Adults Aged 18-24			
Pregnancy and related conditions*	1,374	9,707	9,055
Mental disorders	180	649	775
Injuries and poisonings	169	609	550
Drug abuse/dependence	52	187	163
Asthma	42	151	117
Adults Aged 25-64			
Pregnancy and related conditions*	2,733	3,360	3,782
Mental disorders	1,396	931	1,127
Injuries and poisonings	1,100	733	652
Ischemic heart disease	803	535	442
Drug abuse/dependence	789	526	461
Adults Aged 65 and older			
Other heart diseases	1,397	3,943	3,375
Ischemic heart disease	1,021	2,882	2,599
Injuries and poisonings	775	2,188	2,148
Malignant neoplasms	741	2,092	1,647
Pneumonia and influenza	660	1,863	1,828

<sup>\*</sup> Rate per 100,000 women.



<sup>\*</sup> Rate per 100,000 women.

## **Leading Causes of Death**

Compared to New York City as a whole, in Pelham-Throgs Neck...

- The death rate from psychoactive substance abuse and accidental drug poisoning among adults aged 25 to 64 is substantially higher (27 vs. 17/100,000)
- The death rate for diabetes mellitus in adults aged 25-64 is somewhat higher (15 vs. 11/100,000)

Leading Causes of Death by Age for Pelham-Throgs Neck, 2000

	Neighborhood No. of Deaths	Neighborhood Rate/100,000	New York City Rate/100,000
Adults Aged 25-64			
Malignant neoplasms	150	100	91
Diseases of heart	135	90	77
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease	59	39	41
Psychoactive substance use and accidental drug poisoning	40	27	17
Diabetes mellitus	23	15	11
Adults Aged 65 and Older			
Diseases of heart	769	2,171	2,152
Malignant neoplasms	345	974	908
Influenza and pneumonia	64	181	201
Cerebrovascular diseases	59	167	146
Chronic lower respiratory diseases	52	147	133

