Revised on 10-07-16

FIRE DEPARTMENT • CITY OF NEW YORK

STUDY MATERIAL FOR THE EXAMINATION FOR THE CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS FOR

FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS INSPECTION, TESTING AND SERVICE TECHNICIAN

S-98

ALSO INCLUDED IN THIS BOOKLET YOU WILL FIND THE FOLLOWING:

NOTICE OF EXAMINATION (NOE)

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NOTICE OF EXAMINATION

Title: **Examination for Certificate of Fitness Fire Alarm Systems Inspection, Testing and Service Technician (S-98)**

Date of Exam: Written exams are administered Monday through Friday (except legal holidays) at **2:45PM**: by **appointment only**. Starting processing time for an exam is **2:45 PM**. No exam will be administered to applicants who arrive after the **3:00 P.M**. To schedule an individual or group appointment please use this link below: www.nyc.gov/html/fdny/html/c_of_f/cof_online_scheduling.shtml

REQUIREMENTS FOR WRITTEN EXAM

Applicants who need to take the exam must apply in person and bring the following documents:

1. Applicants must be at least 18 years of age.
2. Applicants must have a reasonable understanding of the English language.
3. Applicant must provide two forms of identifications; at least one identification must be government issued photo identification, such as a State-issued Drivers' License or Non Drivers License or a passport.
4. Applicants must be employed by FDNY approved companies for Smoke Detector Maintenance or Central Station Monitoring.
   - The approved smoke detector maintenance company list: http://www1.nyc.gov/assets/fdny/downloads/pdf/business/approved-companies-smoke-detectors.pdf
   - The approved central station monitoring company list: http://www1.nyc.gov/assets/fdny/downloads/pdf/business/approved-companies-central-station.pdf
5. Applicants must present a letter of recommendation from an FDNY S-97 certified employer. The letter must be on official letterhead, and must state the applicant's full name, experience and the address where the applicant will work. Applicants must provide proof of at least three (3) years of full-time experience in the programming, testing, inspection or servicing of fire alarm systems and signed by his/her current S-97 certified employer.
   - Sample of recommendation letter: http://www1.nyc.gov/assets/fdny/downloads/pdf/business/cof-samplerec-letter.pdf
6. Applicants must present a completed application for certificate of fitness (A-20 Form). http://www1.nyc.gov/assets/fdny/downloads/pdf/business/cof-application-form.pdf
7. Special requirement for the S-98 Certificate of Fitness: Applicants are limited to hold one S-98 per company. The FDNY may allow more than one of each certificate (S-98). The **ONLY** exception may be if the additional company is owned by the same principal(s). The applicant must submit a notarized, letterhead correspondence

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stating all pertinent information regarding the related ownership of the companies. The FDNY may require further proof of ownership.

8. **APPLICATION FEES:**

The **$25** application fee for the exam can be paid by one of the following methods:

- Cash
- Credit card (*American Express, Discover, MasterCard, or Visa*)
- Debit card (*MasterCard or Visa*)
- Personal or company check or money order (*made payable to the New York City Fire Department)*

For fee waivers submit: ***(Only government employees who will use their C of F for their work- related responsibilities are eligible for fee waivers.)***

- A letter requesting fee wavier on the Agency's official letterhead stating applicant full name, exam type and address of premises; ***AND***
- Copy of identification card issued by the agency

A convenience fee of 2.49% will be applied to all credit card payments.

9. **EXAM INFORMATION**

The **S-98** exam will consist of **80** multiple-choice questions, administered on a "touch screen" computer monitor. It is a time-limit exam. Based on the amount of the questions, you will have 160 minutes to complete the test. A passing score of at least 70% is required in order to secure a Certificate of Fitness.

It is critical that you read AND understand the S-98 booklet and NFPA 72 (2010) before taking the exam to help increase your chance of passing this exam. Call (718) 999-1988 for additional information and forms.

Special material provided during the exam: A copy of relevant sections of NFPA 72 (2010) and a calculator will be provided during your exam. This study material, however, will NOT be provided during your exam.

Please always check for the latest revised booklet at FDNY website before you take the exam.

http://www1.nyc.gov/assets/fdny/downloads/pdf/business/cof-s98-noe-study-materials.pdf

10. If all the requirements are meet and pass the exam a certificate will be issued the same day. Applicant who fails the exam will receive a failure report. To retake the exam applicants will need to submit a new application and payment.

ALTERNATIVE ISSUANCE PROCEDURE (AIP) FOR S-98

This certificate of fitness can be obtained by qualifying for an exemption from an exam on the basis of education and experience. Applicants who qualify for AIP must apply online. For more detail information applicants must review the **S-98** AIP information.
http://www1.nyc.gov/assets/fdny/downloads/pdf/business/cof-s98-aip.pdf

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RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS

This Certificate of Fitness must be renewed every ***THREE YEARS***. The renewal fee is **$15**. FDNY also reserves the right to require the applicants to take a re-examination upon submission of renewal applications.

You will receive a courtesy notice of renewal 90 days before the expiration date. However, it is your responsibility to renew your Certificate. It is very important to renew your C of F before it expires. Renewals submitted 90 days (up to one year) after the expiration date will incur a $25 penalty in addition to the renewal fee. Certificates expired over one year past expiration date will not be renewed. New exams will be required.

To change a mailing address:

- Submit a letter requesting the change of mailing address and a copy of your C of F with $5.00 fee.

To change a work location,

- Submit a letter from your current employer (on company letterhead) confirming that you are an employee and stating your new work location with a copy of your C of F and a $5.00 fee

To request a replacement certificate:

- Submit a driver's license or passport, social security number, mailing address and a $5.00 fee.

The certificate can be renewed On-line, by Mail or in Person.

- **Renewal online**

If you are an individual, make sure you have your 12 digit Certificate of Fitness Access ID. This can be found on your Renewal Notice. If you do not have your Renewal Notice, your Access ID is your 8 digit Certificate of Fitness number and the last four digits of your social security number. If you are submitting renewals on behalf of a company's employees, the company must be approved by FDNY and have an 8 digit Company Code. To request approval, email pubrenew@fdny.nyc.gov.

Renewal fee can be paid by one of the following methods:

- Credit card (American Express, Discover, MasterCard, or Visa)
- Debit card (MasterCard or Visa)
- E-check

A fee exempted applicants cannot renew online only by mail or in person.

If all the requirements are met, the certificate of fitness will be mailed out within 10 days.

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For online renewal go to: **https://a836-citypay.nyc.gov/citypay/FDNYCOF**

- **Renewal by mail**

Mail your Renewal Notice (or if you did not receive a Renewal Notice, a copy of your certificate), along with your fee payment, Personal or company check or money order (made payable to the New York City Fire Department)

For fee waivers submit: ***(Only government employees who will use their C of F for their work- related responsibilities are eligible for fee waivers.)***

- A letter requesting fee waiver on the Agency's official letterhead stating applicant full name, exam type and address of premises; ***AND***
- Copy of identification card issued by the agency and if applicable, supporting documents to:

NYC Fire Department (FDNY)
Cashier's Unit
9 MetroTech Center, 1st Floor
Brooklyn, NY 11201

If all the requirements are met, the certificate of fitness will be mailed out within four to six weeks.

- **Renewal in person**

Submit your Renewal Notice (or if you did not receive a Renewal Notice, a copy of your certificate), along with your fee payment by one of the following methods:

- Cash
- Credit card (*American Express, Discover, MasterCard, or Visa*)
- Debit card (*MasterCard or Visa*)
- Personal or company check or money order (*made payable to the New York City Fire Department)*

For fee waivers submit: ***(Only government employees who will use their C of F for his or her work-related responsibilities are eligible for fee waivers.)***

- A letter requesting fee waiver on the Agency's official letterhead stating applicant full name, exam type and address of premises; ***AND***
- Copy of identification card issued by the agency and if applicable, your supporting documents to:

NYC Fire Department (FDNY)
Cashier's Unit
9 MetroTech Center, 1st Floor
Brooklyn, NY 11201

If all the requirements are met, the certificate of fitness will be issued the same day.

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A convenience fee of 2.49% will be applied to all credit card payments for original or renewal certificates.

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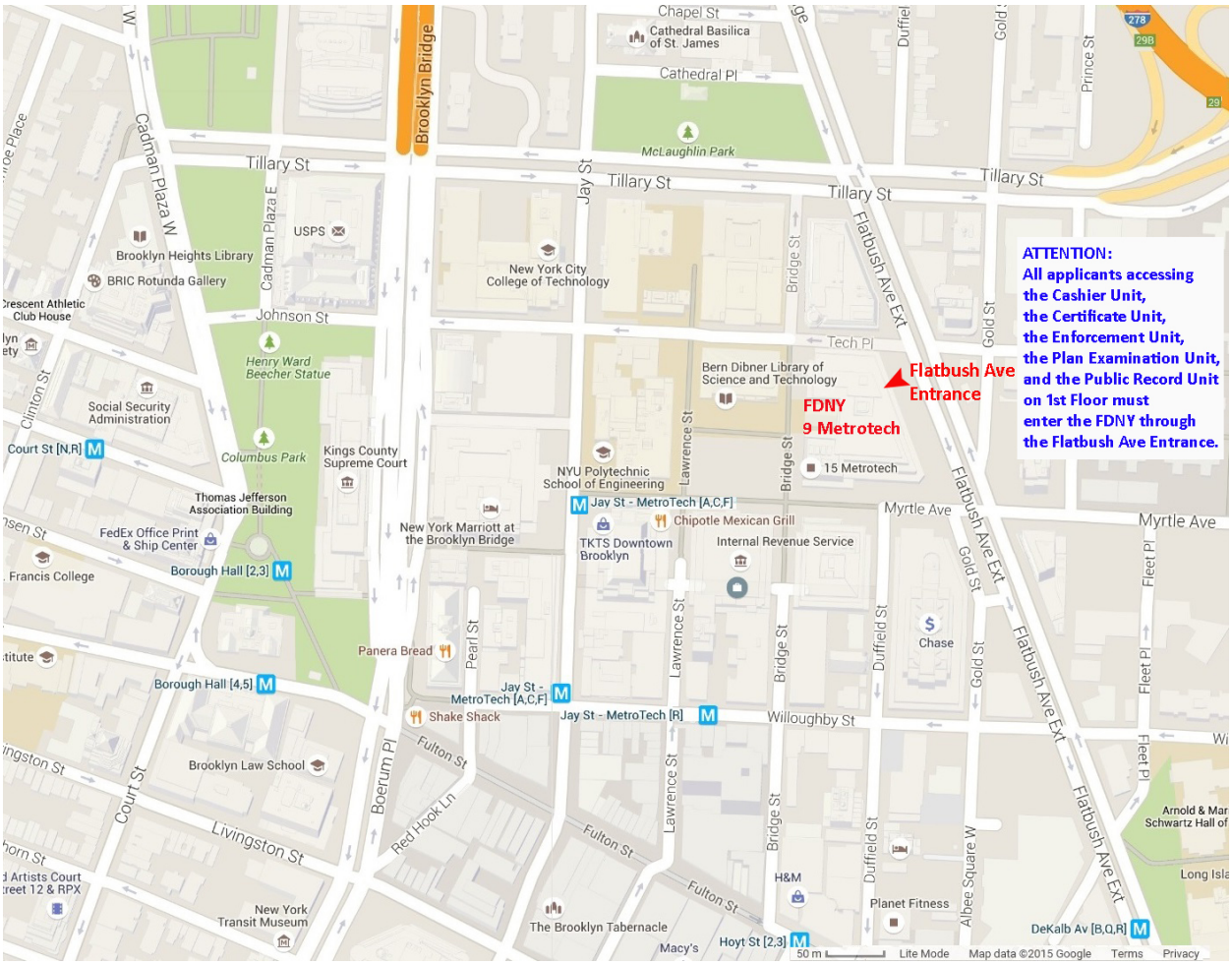
EXAM SITE: **FDNY Headquarters,** 9 MetroTech Center, Brooklyn, NY. Enter through the **Flatbush Avenue entrance (between Myrtle Avenue and Tech Place)**.



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STUDY MATERIAL AND TEST DESCRIPTION

About the booklet

This study material will help you prepare for the written examination for the Certificate of Fitness(**C of F**) for Fire Alarm Systems Inspection, Testing and Service Technician **(S-98).** The study materials include information taken from the 2014 New York City Fire Code (FC) Chapter 9 and Fire Department Rules Chapter 1 and Chapter 9, Building Code Section 907 FD information bulletin and applicable NFPA Standard 72, 2010 Edition Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Water based Fire Protection Systems, NYC Electrical Code (2011 edition). **It is critical that you read AND understand this booklet and NFPA 72 (2010) to help increase your chance of passing this exam.**

About the Test

You must pass an 80 multiple choice questions test to qualify for the C of F. A score of 70% correct is required in order to pass the test. All questions have four answer options. Only ***one*** answer is correct for each question. If you do not answer a question, or if you mark more than one answer to a single question, your answer to that question will be scored as incorrect. Read each question carefully before marking your answer. There is no penalty for guessing.

A copy of relevant sections of NFPA 72 (2010) and a calculator will be provided during your test. This study material, however, will NOT be provided during your test.

SAMPLE QUESTIONS

1. Which of the following are allowed to be used while taking a Certificate of Fitness examination at 9 Metro Tech Center?

I. cellular phone
II. study material booklet
III. reference material provided by the FDNY
IV. mp3 player

A. III only
B. I, II, and III
C. II and IV
D. I only

Only reference material provided by the FDNY is allowed to be used during Certificate of Fitness examinations. Therefore, the correct answer would be A. You would touch "A" on the computer terminal screen.

2. If the screen on your computer terminal freezes during your examination, who should you ask for help?

A. the person next to you
B. the firefighters in the testing room
C. the examiner in the testing room
D. the computer help desk

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If you have a computer related question, you should ask the examiner in the testing room. Therefore, the correct answer would be C. You would touch “C” on the computer terminal screen.

3. If you do not know the answer to a question while taking an examination, who should you ask for help?
A. the person next to you
B. the firefighters in the testing room
C. the examiner in the testing room
D. you should not ask about test questions since FDNY staff cannot assist applicants

You should not ask about examination questions or answers since FDNY staff cannot assist applicants with their tests. Therefore, the correct answer would be D. You would touch "D" on the computer terminal screen.

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PART 1. INTRODUCTION

The S-98 Certificate of Fitness, FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS INSPECTION, TESTING AND SERVICE TECHNICIAN, was developed in order to certify technicians who program, test, inspect and service fire alarm systems in the City of New York. This certification applies to fire alarm systems as defined in Part 2, which is in the "Definitions" section found in this booklet.

The programming, inspection, testing, and servicing of fire alarm systems, systems initiating devices, and notification appliances shall comply with the requirements of the 2014 NYC Fire Code, NFPA 72 (2010) and the equipment manufacturer's recommendations, and verify the correct operation of the fire alarm system. The programming, inspecting, testing and servicing of fire alarm systems shall only be performed by S-97/S-98 Certification of Fitness holders. S-95 or F-58 (FSD) C of F holders are **ONLY** allowed to perform the daily visual inspections, the monthly manual fire alarm activation test and maintain the log book.

Technicians applying for the S-97/S-98 Certificate of Fitness shall be familiar with NFPA 72 (2010), the 2014 NYC Fire (FC) and Building Codes, the Rules of the City of New York (FR), NYC Electrical Code, and FDNY Fire Alarm Bulletins that are applicable to their performance within the scope of the S-97/S-98 Certificate of Fitness. The comprehensive examination offered by the FDNY is based on these books and documents.

An S-97/S-98 Certificate of Fitness holder must be present at any FDNY Fire Alarm System test and inspection. The holder must make an entry in the premise log book, including the holder's name, Certificate of Fitness number, employer, as well as record the purpose of the visit and its official outcome.

The FDNY certifies individuals in different aspects of fire alarm maintenance. There are 3 Certificate of Fitness categories S-78/F-78 (inspection, cleaning & testing of smoke detectors S-78 (citywide)) /F-78 (premises related), and S-97/S-98 (Fire Alarm Systems Inspection, Testing and Service Technician). The scope for each of the Certificates is different, and it is critical to know the limitations of each. Holders of the S-97/S-98 may perform the responsibilities of holders of the S-78/F-78 Certificate of Fitness; however, S-78/F-78 holders cannot perform all of the functions of an S-97/S-98 holder (see the chart on next page). S-95 is the Certificate of Fitness for Fire Alarm Supervision.

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	Duties can be performed by C of F Holders	**May be performed by**		
		S-78/F-78	**S-95**	**S-97/S-98**
1.	Smoke detector visual inspection	**Yes**	**Yes**	**Yes**
2.	Smoke detector inspections, testing, cleaning and maintainance	**Yes**	**NO**	**Yes**
3.	Program, service, cleaning, testing, repair and/or replacement of low voltage fire alarm system components	**NO**	**NO**	**Yes**

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PART 2. DEFINITIONS

ACCESSIBILITY: As defined in NFPA admitting close approach: not guarded by locked doors, elevation, and other effective means.

ALARM NOTIFICATION APPLIANCE: A fire alarm system component, such as a bell, horn, speaker, light, text display or vibration device that issues an audible, tactile, and/or visual alert.

ALARM SIGNAL: A signal indicating an emergency requiring immediate action, such as a signal indicative of fire.

ANNUNCIATOR: A unit containing one or more indicator lamps, alphanumeric displays, or other equivalent means in which each indication provides status information about a circuit, condition or location.

AUTOMATIC: As applied to fire protection devices, any device, equipment or system that initiates system function as a result of a predetermined temperature rise, rate of temperature rise, or combustion products, without the necessity for human intervention.

APPROVED CENTRAL STATION COMPANY: A central station company that has been issued a valid certificate of operation from FDNY.

ARCS (Auxiliary Radio Communications System): In-Building Emergency Radio Communication Systems. ARC system is a wireless two-way building communication system for Fire Department use only.

CENTRAL STATION COMPANY: A person or entity engaged in the operation of a central station.

CENTRAL STATION SIGNALING SYSTEM: A system comprised of the protective signaling system at the protected premises, the central station physical plant, the exterior communications channels, and satellite stations, if any.

CENTRAL STATION: A facility that receives alarm signals from a protected premises and retransmits or otherwise reports such alarm signals to the Fire Department.

DEFINED FIRE ALARM SYSTEM: A fire alarm system or any sub-system thereof that automatically transmits signals to the department or a central station and that is installed in premises which are required to have a fire alarm system.

DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE: A person or entity designated by the subscriber who shall be responsible for receiving notifications from the central station company concerning the status of the protective signaling system at the protected premises and who is authorized to take action with respect to such system.

EMERGENCY ALARM SYSTEM: A system to provide indication and warning of an emergency condition involving a release of hazardous materials or other hazardous material incident.

FIRE ALARM BOX, MANUAL: A manually operated device used to initiate an alarm signal.

FIRE ALARM CONTROL UNIT (FACP, FCS): A system component that receives inputs from automatic and manual fire alarm devices and is capable of supplying power to detection devices and transponder(s) of off-premises transmitter(s). The

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control unit is capable of providing a transfer of power to the notification appliances and transfer of condition to relays of devices.
FIRE ALARM SIGNAL: A signal initiated by a fire alarm-initiating device such as a manual fire alarm box, automatic fire detector, water-flow switch, or other device whose activation is indicative of the presence of a fire or fire signature.
FIRE ALARM SYSTEM: Any system, including any interconnected fire alarm sub-system, of components and circuits arranged to monitor and annunciate the status of fire alarm or supervisory signal-initiating devices.
FIRE DETECTOR, AUTOMATIC: A device designed to detect the presence of a fire signature and to initiate action.
FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM: Approved devices, equipment and systems or combinations of systems used to detect a fire, activate an alarm, extinguish or control a fire, control or manage smoke and products of a fire or any combination thereof, including fire extinguishing systems, fire alarm systems, sprinkler systems and standpipe systems.
FIRESTOPPING: Firestops are fire protection barriers which prevent the spread of fire and smoke. These may enter into openings created in walls and floors because of the installation of electrical, communications, plumbing and ventilation systems. Fire-stopping prevents or significantly limits the spread of fire and smoke by filling the openings with fire resistant material such as fire rated caulks, mortars, putties as well as collars and pillows which expand when exposed to fire or heat. These effectively seal cracks, gaps and other openings. This is very important when containing a fire and is part of an effective fire prevention strategy when combined with fire alarm and fire suppression systems. A few of the nationally recognized independent laboratories which conduct tests of fire stopping materials, devices and systems are Underwriters Laboratories Inc., Omega Point Laboratory and Factory Mutual.
IMPAIRMENT COORDINATOR: The person responsible for ensuring that proper safety precautions are taken when a fire protection system is out-of-service.
INITIATING DEVICE: A system component that originates transmission of a change-of-state condition, such as in a smoke detector, manual fire alarm box, or supervisory switch.
INTERMEDIATE FIRE ALARM OR FIRE SUPERVISORY CONTROL UNIT: A control unit used to provide area fire alarm or area fire supervisory service that, where connected to the proprietary fire alarm system, becomes a part of that system. It is also known as Sub-System or Extension.
MANDATORY SYSTEM: A protective signaling system whose installation at a protected premises is required by law.
MULTIPLE-STATION ALARM DEVICE: Two or more single-station alarm devices that can be interconnected such that actuation of one causes all integral or separate audible alarms to operate. It also can consist of one single-station alarm device having connections to other detectors or to a manual fire alarm box.
OUT-OF-SERVICE SYSTEM: A fire protection system that is not fully functional; or whose operation is impaired or is otherwise not in good working order.
PLENUM: The open space that carries air between the ceilings and floor above.

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PROPRIETARY CENTRAL STATION: A central station operated by or on behalf of the owner of the protected premises monitored by the central station that monitors protected premises other than the premises in which the central station is located. For purposes of this section and R4604-01, unless otherwise specifically provided, reference to "central station company" shall be deemed to include proprietary central stations.

PRESIGNAL SYSTEM: A fire alarm system having a feature that allows initial fire alarm signals to sound in a constantly attended central location and for which a human action is subsequently required to achieve a general alarm, or a feature that allows the control equipment to delay the general alarm by more than one minute after the start of the alarm processing.

PROTECTED PREMISES: A building, occupancy or structure located in the city that is equipped with a fire alarm system that transmits an alarm signal to the Fire Department or a central station that monitors such system for the purposes of reporting fire alarms to the Fire Department, whether or not the installation of such system on the premises is required by law.

PROTECTIVE SIGNALING SYSTEM: A system or device installed at a protected premises and designed to transmit an alarm signal, a supervisory signal or a trouble signal.

SINGLE-STATION SMOKE ALARM: An assembly incorporating the detector, the control equipment, and the alarm-sounding device in one unit, operated from a power supply either in the unit or obtained at the point of installation.

SMOKE ALARM: A single-or multiple-station alarm responsive to smoke and not connected to a system.

SMOKE DETECTOR: A listed device that senses visible or invisible particles of combustion that is connected to a fire alarm system.

SMOKE DETECTOR MAINTENANCE COMPANY CERTIFICATE: A certificate issued by the Fire Commissioner to a person engaged in the business of performing smoke detector cleaning and testing, which authorizes such person to engage in such business and supervise the performance of such cleaning and testing by certificate of fitness holders.

SUPERVISORY SIGNAL: A signal indicating the need for action in connection with the supervision of guard tours, fire extinguishing systems or equipment, fire alarm systems or the maintenance features of related systems.

SUPERVISORY SIGNAL-INITIATING DEVICE: An initiating device, such as a valve supervisory switch, water level indicator, or low-air pressure switch on a dry-pipe sprinkler system, that triggers a supervisory signal.

TROUBLE SIGNAL: A signal initiated by the fire alarm system or device indicative of a fault in a monitored circuit or component.

UNNECESSARY ALARM: An alarm signal transmitted by a fire alarm system which functioned as designed, but for which a department response proved unnecessary. An example of an unnecessary alarm is an alarm triggered by smoke from a lit cigarette in a non-smoking area, when the presence of such smoke does not implicate fire safety concerns.

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UNWARRANTED ALARM: An alarm signal transmitted by a fire alarm system which failed to function as designed as a result of improper installation, improper maintenance, malfunction, or other factor. Examples of unwarranted alarms are alarms resulting from improper smoke detector placement, improper detector setting for installed location, lack of system maintenance, and control panel malfunction. It is important to know that the alarm verification feature reduces the number of unwarranted alarms.

TRANSMITTER: A component of a protective signaling system that provides the link between a fire alarm system and the transmission channels.

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PART 3. RECORD KEEPING

901.6.2 Records. Records of all system inspections, tests, servicing and other maintenance required by the Fire Code, the Fire Rules or the referenced standards shall be maintained on the premises for a minimum of 3 years and made available for inspection by any FDNY representative.

A central station company shall test all paths of communication for the central station signaling system that are not supervised at least once every **24 hours**. A record of such tests shall be maintained in the central station log.

RECORDKEEPING

1. All records required to be maintained under this section shall be entered in a central station log which shall be maintained at each central station.
2. The central station log shall be available at all times to the Fire Department for inspection and copies shall be provided upon the Fire Department's request.
3. The central station log shall be kept on a yearly basis and be maintained for **six (6) years** following the period of use.

PART 4. OUT-OF-SERVICE PROTOCOLS

The owner or an owner's representative shall be notified when a fire alarm system or part of the system is impaired. System defects and malfunction shall be corrected. Certificate of Fitness holder shall make a log book entry prior to notifying the owner. If a defect or malfunction is not corrected at the conclusion of a system inspection, testing, or maintenance, the system owner or the owner's representative shall be informed of the impairment immediately. The owner also shall be notified when an impairment period is completed or discontinued.

REQUIREMENTS FOR OUT-OF-SERVICE

901.7 Out-of-service systems. See part 6 of this study material.

The Fire Code (FC) requires the Fire Department be notified of any fire protection system (including fire alarm) outage. The general information (non-emergency) numbers for the 5 boroughs that should be used for notifications from owners, building managers, impairment coordinators, etc. are as follows:

Manhattan	(212) 570-4300
Brooklyn	(718) 965-8300
Queens	(718) 476-6200
Bronx	(718) 430-0200
Staten Island	(718) 494-4296

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901.7.1 Impairment coordinator. The building owner shall assign an impairment coordinator to comply with the requirements of this section. In the absence of a specific designee, the owner shall be considered the impairment coordinator.

IMPAIRMENT SITUATIONS

An S-97/S-98 Certificate of Fitness holder may uncover an Out-of-Service fire alarm system (see "definitions") in the course of his or her duties. This circumstance is referred to as an impairment situation. An S-97/S-98 Certificate of Fitness holder must notify the owner or the owner's representative of the FDNY requirements in these situations.

Requirements

In any occupancy, where a required fire protection system (e.g. sprinkler system, fire alarm system and standpipe system) is out-of-service, a fire watch shall be maintained by one or more persons holding an F-01 (Fire Guard for Impairment) or F-32 (Fire Guard for Shopping Center) or F-36 (Fire Guard Generic) or F-91 (Fire Guard for Hotels/Motels/Office Buildings) Certificate of Fitness for fire guard. The fire guard(s) is/are required to be immediately available when the system is out-of-service with the following exception:

> When the affected area does not exceed 50,000 square feet, the impairment coordinator (or a trained and knowledgeable person who is capable of performing fire watch duties and is designated by the building owner) may perform the duties of the fire watch for the initial 4 hours of an unplanned and planned out of service condition.

In other words, the impairment coordinator or a trained and knowledgeable person designated by the building owner should immediately begin conducting a fire watch in the area where the fire protection systems are out-of-service. After 4 hours of an out-of-service condition, such patrols shall only be conducted by fire guards holding the F-01 Certificate of Fitness or a valid F-32/F-36/F-91 Certificates of Fitness.

The number of fire guards generally depends on the location and the size of the area affected by the out-of-service fire protection system. A fire guard should be available to patrol all areas in which the fire protection system is out-of-service at least once every hour. <u>No individual fire guard should patrol more than 50,000 square feet of building floor area.</u> It may be necessary that more than one fire guard be designated to meet this standard.

The recommended coverage for performing fire watch in affected area(s) is summarized in the table below.

Area	Planned or Unplanned The initial 4 hours	> 4 hours

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≤ 50,000 ft^2	A F-01/F-32/F-36/F-91 C of F holder or an Impairment coordinator or a trained and knowledgeable person	One F-01/F-32/F-36/F-91 C of F holder
> 50,000 ft^2	One F-01/F-32/F-36/F-91 C of F holder per 50,000 square feet	

The fire guard should be maintained continuously, 24 hours a day, until such systems are restored to good working order. In some cases, Fire Department personnel may be on scene and provide additional direction on the number of required fire guards or other fire protection measures that may be required until such time as the fire protection system is restored to good working order.

The Certificate of Fitness holder must keep the Certificate of Fitness upon his or her person, or otherwise readily available for inspection by any representative of the Fire Department, at all times while conducting or supervising the material, operation or facility for which the certificate is required.

Fire guards for impairment are recommended to be familiar with the types of fire safety evacuation plans for the buildings where they provide fire watch and the associated staffs available to implement the fire plan. Fire guards must be familiar of his obligations for notifying the Fire Department in the event of fire. (**FC**)

Emergency procedures
Fire guards must have a method of communicating to the emergency services. Fire guards can use cell phones to make immediate notifications. Fire guards should ensure that there is enough power to cover their shift. **Notifying by phone is the most direct and effective way to notify the Fire Department.**

Construction
Temporary covering of fire protection devices to protect them during construction is permissible as long as the coverings are removed at the completion of each work shift.

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PART 5. INSPECTION, TESTING AND OTHER MAINTENANCE.

907.20 Inspection, testing and other maintenance. Fire alarm and fire alarm detection systems shall be operated and maintained in accordance with Fire Code, Section 901, the Fire Rules and NFPA 72.

INSPECTION

The visual inspection shall be made to ensure that there are no changes that affect equipment performance.

907.19 Instructions. Inspection, testing, operation and maintenance instructions, as built design and installation documents and equipment specifications shall be provided on site at an approved location.

TESTING

907.20.2 Testing. Testing shall be performed in accordance with the schedules in NFPA 72 or more frequently where required by the Fire Commissioner. Where automatic testing is performed at least weekly by a remotely monitored fire alarm control unit specifically listed for the application, the system may be manually tested on an annual basis.
Exception: Devices or equipment that are inaccessible for safety considerations shall be tested during scheduled shutdowns where approved by the Fire Commissioner, but not less than every 18 months.
907.20.3 Detector sensitivity. Detector sensitivity shall be checked in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions and NFPA 72. Detectors which are connected to a fire alarm system that automatically transmit signals to the Fire Department or to a central station shall, as applicable, also be checked in compliance with the Fire Rules.
907.20.4 Method. To ensure that each smoke detector is within its listed and marked sensitivity range, it shall be tested using either a calibrated test method, the manufacturer's calibrated sensitivity test instrument, listed control equipment arranged for the purpose, a smoke detector/control unit arrangement whereby the detector causes a signal at the control unit where its sensitivity is outside its acceptable sensitivity range or other calibrated sensitivity test method acceptable to the Fire Commissioner. Detectors found to have a sensitivity outside the listed and marked sensitivity range shall be cleaned and recalibrated or replaced.

Exceptions:

1. Detectors listed as field adjustable shall be permitted to be either adjusted within the listed and marked sensitivity range and cleaned and recalibrated or they shall be replaced.
2. This requirement shall not apply to single-station smoke alarms.

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907.20.4.1 Testing device. Detector sensitivity shall not be tested or measured using a device that administers an unmeasured concentration of smoke or other aerosol into the detector.
904.4.2 Alarm testing. Notification appliances, connections to fire alarm systems, and connections to an approved central station shall be tested in accordance with this section and Section 907 to verify proper operation.
904.4.2.1 Audible and visible signals. The audibility and visibility of notification appliances signaling agent discharge or system operation, where required, shall be verified.
904.4.3 Monitor testing. Connections to central stations shall be tested to verify proper identification and retransmission of alarms from fire extinguishing systems.

MAINTENANCE

907.20.5 Maintenance. The owner shall be responsible for ensuring that the fire and life safety systems are maintained in good working order at all times. Service personnel shall possess the qualifications set forth in NFPA 72 for inspecting, testing, servicing and otherwise maintaining such systems.
907.20.6 Smoke detector maintenance. The owner of any premises, or part thereof, monitored by a fire alarm system or sub-system thereof, whether required or not required by this code, which automatically transmit signals to the Fire Department or to a central station, shall be responsible for preventing unnecessary and unwarranted alarms as set forth in Fire Rules.
Cleaning and testing of smoke detectors shall be performed and records maintained of smoke detectors installed in a defined fire alarm system as required by the Fire Rules.

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PART 6. REFERENCE MATERIALS

6.1 Fire Code

6.1.1 Section FC 901 – General

901.1 Scope. This chapter shall govern the design, installation, operation and maintenance, including inspection and testing, of fire protection devices, equipment and systems, and other fire protection measures for the control and extinguishment of fire.

901.1.1 General. Fire protection systems shall be designed, installed, operated and maintained in accordance with this chapter and the reference standards set forth in Table 901.6.

901.2 Design and installation documents. The commissioner may require design and installation documents and calculations to be submitted for review for all fire protection systems. Design and installation documents required or regulated by this code or the rules shall be submitted for review and approval prior to installation, and shall certify that the design complies with the requirements of this code and the rules.

901.3 Permits. Permits shall be required as set forth in Section 105.6.

901.4 Design and installation. Fire protection systems shall be designed and installed in accordance with Sections 901.4.1 through 901.4.5.

901.4.1 Required fire protection systems. Fire protection systems shall be designed and installed in accordance with the construction codes, including the Building Code, and, as applicable, this code and the rules, and the applicable referenced standards listed in this code. Required systems shall be extended or altered as necessary to maintain and continue protection whenever the building or structure is altered. Alterations to fire protection systems shall be performed in compliance with the requirements of this code, the rules, and the construction codes, as applicable. Buildings and structures shall be provided with such fire hose, portable fire extinguishers and other means of preventing and extinguishing fires as the commissioner may direct.

901.4.2 Fire protection systems not required by code. Any fire protection system or portion thereof not required by this code, the rules or the construction codes, including the Building Code, may be installed to provide partial or complete protection of a building or structure, provided such system meets the requirements of this code, the rules and the construction codes, including the Building Code, as applicable. Where the design and installation of such fire protection system is governed by this code or the rules, the commissioner may modify such requirements, consistent with the interests of fire safety, upon a determination that such modification will promote public safety by encouraging the installation of such systems.

901.4.3 Additional fire protection systems. Where the material or operation to be conducted in a particular occupancy gives rise to special hazards in addition to the normal hazards of the occupancy, or where the commissioner determines that access to the occupancy would unduly delay the ability of

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firefighting personnel to respond to the hazard, the commissioner may require additional safeguards. Such safeguards include, but shall not be limited to, the following: automatic fire detection systems, fire alarm systems, fire extinguishing systems, standpipe systems, or portable or fixed extinguishers. Fire protection equipment shall be installed in accordance with the construction codes, including the Building Code.

901.4.4 Prohibition of deceptive equipment. It shall be unlawful to install or maintain any device that has the physical appearance of fire protection equipment but that does not perform the fire protection function, in any building, structure or premises where it may be confused with actual fire protection equipment.

901.4.5 Certificate of approval. The following fire protection devices, equipment and systems shall be of a type for which a certificate of approval has been issued in accordance with this code, or which was approved by the Department of Buildings or the Board of Standards and Appeals prior to the effective date of this section, unless such approval by the Department of Buildings or the Board of Standards and Appeals is amended or repealed by the commissioner:

1. Pre-engineered non-water fire extinguishing systems, including systems installed in connection with commercial cooking systems.
2. Prefabricated hoods and grease filters installed in connection with commercial cooking systems.
3. Fire department siamese connections, standpipe system hose outlets and pressure reducing valves.
4. Fire alarm system control panels.

901.5 Installation acceptance testing. Fire detection and alarm systems, fire extinguishing systems, private fire hydrant systems, yard hydrant systems, standpipe systems, fire pump systems, private fire service mains and all other fire protection systems and appurtenances thereto shall be subject to acceptance tests as set forth in the installation standards specified in this code. Where required by the construction codes, including the Building Code, this code or the rules, such tests shall be conducted, at the owner's risk, by his or her representative before a representative of the department.

901.5.1 Occupancy. It shall be unlawful to occupy any portion of a building or structure until any required fire detection system, fire alarm system, standpipe system and fire extinguishing systems have been tested and approved.

901.6 Maintenance. Fire protection systems shall be maintained in good working order at all times. Any fire protection system that is not in good working order shall be repaired or replaced as necessary to restore such system to good working order, or, where authorized by the Building Code, removed from the premises.

901.6.1 Standards. Fire protection systems shall be inspected, tested, serviced and otherwise maintained in accordance with this section, the rules and the referenced standards listed in Table 901.6.1. Where required by this section, such inspection, testing and maintenance shall additionally comply with the

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rules. Where applicable, the requirements of the reference standards listed in Table 901.6.1 shall be in addition to those requirements specified in the rules.

TABLE 901.6.1

FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM MAINTENANCE STANDARDS SYSTEM	STANDARD
Portable fire extinguishers	NFPA 10
Low, medium and high expansion foam systems	NFPA 11 and NFPA 25
Carbon dioxide fire extinguishing system	NFPA 12
Halon 1301 fire extinguishing systems	NFPA 12A
Foam water sprinkler and spray systems	NFPA 16 and NFPA 25
Dry chemical fire extinguishing systems	NFPA 17
Wet chemical fire extinguishing systems	NFPA 17A
Water based fire protection systems	NFPA 25
Fire alarm systems	NFPA 72
Water mist fire extinguishing systems	NFPA 750
Clean agent fire extinguishing systems	NFPA 2001
Aerosol fire extinguishing systems	NFPA 2010

901.7 Out-of-service systems. The owner and the impairment coordinator for a standpipe system, sprinkler system or fire alarm system shall comply with the requirements of this section whenever such fire protection system is out-of-service. The department may direct that, until such fire protection system has been returned to service, fire safety measures appropriate to the size, configuration, occupancy, use and hazards be implemented that are in addition to or in lieu of those required by this section.

901.7.3 Planned removal from service. The certificate of fitness holder and the impairment coordinator shall be made aware of and authorize the placing of systems out-of-service. Before authorizing such action the impairment coordinator shall:

1. notify the certificate of fitness holder responsible for supervising the maintenance of the standpipe system, sprinkler system or fire alarm system.
2. determine the extent and expected duration of the out-of-service condition.
3. inspect the areas or buildings involved and assess the increased risks.
4. make appropriate recommendations to the owner.
5. notify the department in accordance with FC901.7.5, if required.
6. notify the responsible person designated by the owner to issue hot work authorizations in accordance with FC Chapter 26.
7. notify the central station and insurance carrier.
8. notify the occupants in the affected areas if the duration of time the sprinkler system or fire alarm system will be out-of-service is estimated to be more than 30 minutes.

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9. place a tag at each fire department connection, standpipe and sprinkler system control valve and fire command center, indicating which fire protection system, or part thereof, is out-of-service.
10. maintain the fire protection system in service until work is ready to begin.

901.7.4 Unplanned out-of-service condition. Any person, upon becoming aware of any condition, except a planned removal from service, rendering a standpipe system, sprinkler system or fire alarm system, or part thereof, inoperable in whole or in part, shall notify the owner and the impairment coordinator of such condition. The impairment coordinator shall take the actions set forth in FC901.7.3 and 901.7.5, and such other actions as are necessary or appropriate to protect the occupants of the building and promptly restore the system to service.

901.7.6 Restoring systems to service. When an out-of-service device, equipment or system is restored to normal working order, the impairment coordinator shall:

1. Conduct necessary inspections and tests to verify that the affected systems are operational.
2. Notify the department.
3. Notify the owner, central station, insurance carrier and occupants in the affected areas.
4. Remove the out-of-service tags.

901.8 Tampering with or rendering equipment inoperable. Fire protection systems and related apparatus shall not be tampered with or rendered inoperable, except as set forth in Section 107.4.

6.1.2. Section FC 907 – Fire Alarm & Detection systems

907.1 General. This section covers the operation and maintenance of fire alarm systems and their components.

907.1.1 Design and installation documents. Design and installation documents for fire alarm systems shall be submitted to the Fire Department for review and approval prior to system installation. Design and installation documents shall include such design and installation details as may be required by the construction codes, including the Building Code.

907.2 Where required. An approved manual, automatic, or manual and automatic fire alarm system shall be provided where required by the construction codes, including the Building Code or this code. An approved automatic fire detection system shall be installed in accordance with the construction codes, including the Building Code, and NFPA 72, as modified by FC Appendix B.

907.4 Manual fire alarm boxes. Manual fire alarm boxes shall be installed in accordance with the construction codes, including the Building Code.

907.4.1 through and including 907.4.4.

907.4.5 Protective covers. The Fire Commissioner may require the installation of manual fire alarm box protective covers to prevent malicious false alarms or provide the manual fire alarm box with protection from physical damage. The

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protective cover shall comply with the requirements of the construction codes, including the Building Code.

907.8 Presignal system. Where a presignal system is installed, personal supervision shall be provided at an approved location, in order that the alarm signal can be activated in the event of fire or other emergency.

907.13 Access. Access shall be provided to each detector for periodic inspection, testing and other maintenance.

907.14 Fire extinguishing systems. Fire extinguishing systems shall be connected to the building fire alarm system where a fire alarm system is required or is otherwise installed.

907.15 Monitoring. Where required by this code, the Fire Rules or by the construction codes, including the Building Code, such monitoring by a central station shall be performed in compliance with the requirements of NFPA 72 and the Fire Rules.

Exception: Central station monitoring is not required for:

1. Single- and multiple-station smoke alarms required by Section 907.2.10 of the Building Code.
2. Smoke detectors in Group I-3 occupancies.
3. Sprinkler systems in Group R-3 occupancies.

907.16 Automatic telephone-dialing devices. Automatic telephone-dialing devices used to transmit an emergency alarm shall not be connected to any department telephone number unless approved by the Fire Commissioner.

907.17 Acceptance tests. Upon completion of the installation of a fire alarm system, including alarm notification appliances and circuits, alarm-initiating devices and circuits, supervisory signal initiating devices and circuits, signaling line circuits, and primary and secondary power supplies, such system shall be tested at the owner's risk, by his or her representative, before a representative of the Fire Department, to confirm its proper installation and operation of the system in compliance with the requirements of the Building Code and this code.

907.18 Record of completion. A record of completion in accordance with NFPA 72, as modified by FC Appendix B, this code and the rules, verifying that the system has been installed in accordance with the approved design and installation documents and specifications shall be provided by the installing contractor.

907.19 Instructions. Inspection, testing, operation and maintenance instructions, as built design and installation documents and equipment specifications shall be provided on site at an approved location.

907.20 Inspection, testing and other maintenance. Fire alarm and fire alarm detection systems shall be operated and maintained in accordance with this code, Section 901, the Fire Rules and NFPA 72, as modified by FC Appendix B.

907.20.2 Testing. Testing shall be performed in accordance with the schedules in NFPA 72 as modified by FC Appendix B, or more frequently where required by the Fire Commissioner.

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Exception: Devices or equipment that are inaccessible for safety considerations shall be tested during scheduled shutdowns where approved by the Fire Commissioner, but not less than every 18 months.

907.20.3 Detector sensitivity. Detector sensitivity shall be checked in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions and NFPA 72, as modified by FC Appendix B, and the rules. Detectors which are connected to a fire alarm system that automatically transmit signals to the Fire Department or to a central station shall, as applicable, also be checked in compliance with the Fire Rules.

907.20.4 Method.

To verify that each smoke detector is within its listed and marked sensitivity range, it shall be tested using one of the following methods or types of equipment, and detectors found to have sensitivity outside the listed and marked sensitivity range shall be cleaned and recalibrated or replaced:

1. A calibrated test method;
2. The manufacturer's calibrated sensitivity test instrument;
3. Listed control equipment arranged for the purpose;
4. A smoke detector/control unit arrangement whereby the detector causes a signal at the control unit where its sensitivity is outside its acceptable sensitivity range; or
5. Another calibrated sensitivity test method acceptable to the commissioner.

Exceptions:

1. Detectors listed as field adjustable shall be allowed to be either adjusted within the listed and marked sensitivity range and cleaned and recalibrated or they shall be replaced.
2. This requirement shall not apply to single-station smoke alarms.

907.20.4.1 Testing device. Detector sensitivity shall not be tested or measured using a device that administers an unmeasured concentration of smoke or other aerosol into the detector.

907.20.5 Maintenance. The owner shall maintain fire and life safety systems in good working order at all times. Service personnel shall possess the qualifications set forth in NFPA 72, as modified by FC Appendix B, and the rules, for inspecting, testing, servicing and otherwise maintaining such systems. When required by the rules, a smoke detector maintenance log book and an alarm log book shall be maintained.

907.20.6 Smoke detector maintenance. The owner of any premises, or part thereof, monitored by a fire alarm system or sub-system thereof, whether required or not required by this code, which automatically transmit signals to the Fire Department or to a central station, shall be responsible for preventing unnecessary and unwarranted alarms as set forth in Fire Rules. Cleaning and testing of smoke detectors shall be performed as set forth in the Fire Rules.

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6.2 Fire Rules

6.2.1. Section § 105-01 Approval of Fire Alarm System Installations

(a) Scope. This section sets forth the standards, requirements and procedures for the submission of design and installation documents for fire alarm system installations for Department review and approval.

(b) General Provisions

(1) Submission and approval required. Pursuant to FC907.1.1, design and installation documents for fire alarm system installations, containing such details as may be required by the Fire Code, Building Code, Electrical Code and this section, shall be submitted for Department review and approval prior to system installation.

(2) Certification of design and installation documents. Pursuant to FC105.4.1, design and installation documents must be prepared by a registered design professional. Such documents shall bear the seal of such design professional, which shall serve to certify that the documents are in compliance with applicable provisions of the Fire Code, Building Code, rules, and other applicable laws, rules and regulations.

(3) Filings upon completion of installation. Upon completion of a fire alarm system installation that comprises any part of a core building system, the owner shall submit a request for inspection pursuant to R105-01(c)(2). Upon completion of a fire alarm system installation that does not comprise part of a core building system, the owner shall submit such a request or a professional certification of the installation.

(4) Format of design and installation documents. The design and installation documents required by this section shall be formatted (to scale) either to the standard size of 24 inches by 36 inches in dimension, or to the folio size of 11 inches by 17 inches in dimension, as specified in this section, or in such other format as may be designated by the Department. The Department may require, pursuant to FC105.4, submission of design and installation documents and related submissions, in an electronic format designated by the Department.

(c) Submission and Approval Procedure

(1) Submission and approval of design and installation documents

(A) Submissions. Applications for approval of fire alarm systems shall first be filed with the Department of Buildings, and a Department of Buildings application number obtained. Thereafter, two (2) sets of engineering drawings complying with the requirements of Building Code Section BC907.1.1 and bearing the Department of Buildings application number, shall be submitted to the Department, by filing them at the Bureau of Fire Prevention's plan intake window, together with a copy of all forms filed in connection with the Department of Buildings application, and a Department design and installation document examination application form. One set of the engineering drawings shall be formatted to standard (24 x36) size and one to folio (11 x17) size.

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(B) Approval. The Department will review the design and installation documents submitted pursuant to R105-01(c)(1)(A), and, if determined to be in compliance with the requirements of the laws, rules and regulations enforced by the Department, stamp such documents approved.

(C) Retention of approved engineering drawings. The Department will retain an electronic copy of the approved engineering drawings in folio (11 x 17) size, and return both sets of approved original engineering drawings to the applicant. The applicant shall retain the approved original engineering drawings, and make the standard (24 x 36) size set available to the Department representative at the time of inspection pursuant to R105-01(c)(3)(A).

(2) Department inspection filing

(A) Submissions. Applications for Department inspection of a fire alarm system installation shall include the following documentation and such other information and documentation as the Department may require:

(1) the Department's "request for inspection" application form;

(2) "as built" design and installation documents of the fire alarm system installation, and the facility in which it is installed, as actually constructed, formatted in folio (11 x 17) size, and containing:

(a) the information required by Building Code Section 907.1; and

(b) the Input/Output programming matrix and written certification required by R105-01(c)(2)(A)(3) and (4). If such "as built" design and installation documents cannot be filed at the time of submission of the request for inspection because installation work has not been completed, such "as built" documents may be submitted thereafter but no later than the date of inspection of the installation, either by filing them at the Bureau of Fire Prevention's plan intake window or by providing them to the Department representative at the time of inspection of the installation.

(3) a completed Input/Output programming matrix that defines the sequence of operation, as set forth in Annex A to Section A.10.6.2.3(9) of NFPA Standard 72; and

(4) a written statement from a registered design professional, a person holding a license to engage in the business of installing, servicing and maintaining fire alarm systems issued by the New York Secretary of State pursuant to Article 6-D of the New York State General Business Law, or a master electrician licensed by the Department of Buildings and registered with the New York Secretary of State in accordance with such Article 6-D, certifying that a functional test has been conducted of the fire alarm system and the system operates as designed and in accordance with the Input/Output programming matrix. If such functional test cannot be conducted at the time of submission of the request for inspection because installation work has not been completed, such written certification may be submitted to the Department in accordance with R105-01(c)(2)(A)(2).

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(B) Acceptance. The Department will review such application for inspection and supporting documentation for completeness and/or other purposes, and if satisfactory, will authorize an inspection.

(3) Inspection and approval of fire alarm system installation

(A) Availability of documents. The standard (24 x36) size approved original engineering drawings of the fire alarm system installation, pursuant to R105-01(c)(1)(C), and a set of "as built" design and installation documents of the installation, pursuant to R105-01(c)(2)(A)(2), shall be made available for inspection by the Department representative at the time of inspection of the fire alarm system installation.

(B) Filing with Department of Buildings. The "as built" design and installation documents submitted to and accepted by the Department will be electronically filed with the Department of Buildings by the Department as part of the applicant's Department of Buildings application, unless another manner of filing such documents with the Department of Buildings is prescribed by the Department.

6.2.2. Section § 907-01 Fire Alarm Recordkeeping, Smoke Detector Maintenance, Testing and Recordkeeping, and the Prevention of Unnecessary and Unwarranted Fire Alarms

(a) Scope. This section sets forth standards, requirements and procedures for the operation and maintenance of *fire alarm systems* relating to fire alarm recordkeeping, *smoke detector* maintenance, testing and recordkeeping, and the prevention of *unnecessary* and *unwarranted alarms*.

(b) General Provisions

(1) Purpose. Pursuant to FC901.6, all *fire alarm system*s shall be maintained in good working order at all times. This section sets forth operating and maintenance requirements intended to minimize the number of *unwarranted* and *unnecessary alarms* transmitted by such systems that automatically transmit signals to the Fire Department or a *central station*, including minimum *smoke detector* maintenance and testing requirements, the type and format of alarm and maintenance records to be kept and used in identifying defective smoke detectors and patterns of *unnecessary or unwarranted alarm* transmissions. Such alarms, which trigger an emergency response, are costly and endanger the public safety. This section sets forth the standard to which the *owner*s (including lessees) of *premises* having such systems shall be held in regard to the transmission of such alarms.

(2) All *owners* shall comply with the requirements of this section and prevent *unnecessary* and *unwarranted alarms*.

(c) Prevention of Unnecessary and Unwarranted Alarms

(1) In any *premises* having a *fire alarm system* or a *smoke detector* that automatically transmits signals to the Fire Department or a *central station*, the *owner* (including any lessee) of the *premises* shall be responsible for

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preventing the transmission of *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarms*, and shall be liable for any violation of this section.

(2) It shall be unlawful to transmit two (2) or more *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarms* in any three-month period, and it shall be unlawful to transmit any additional *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarms* as set forth in R907-01(c)(4).

(3) The *owner* of any *premises* from which a second *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarm* is transmitted in any three-month period will be subject to issuance of a *notice of violation*. Such *notice of violation* will afford the *owner* the opportunity to address the cause of the *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarm* and to certify correction of the violation in accordance with R109-01(c), without having to appear for an *ECB* hearing and without imposition of a penalty.

(4) An *owner* issued a *notice of violation* pursuant to R907-01(c)(3) shall be liable for a violation of this section for any subsequent *unnecessary* or *unwarranted* alarm within six (6) months of the date of issuance of the *notice of violation.* Each such subsequent *notice of violation sh*all constitute a repeat offense pursuant to *Administrative Code* §15-229(a) and shall not be eligible for certification of correction without a hearing and penalty pursuant to R109-01(c). Each such subsequent *notice of violation* shall extend for an additional six (6) months the time the *owner* is liable for *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarms* pursuant to this provision.

(5) An owner issued one (1) or more *notices of violation* pursuant to R907-01(c)(3) or (4) who does not transmit any *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarm* within six (6) months of the date of issuance of the last-issued *notice of violation* shall be restored to compliant status and shall thereafter be subject to issuance of a *notice of violation* only for two (2) *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarms* within a three month period, as set forth in R109-01(c)(2).

(6) Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to preclude the Fire Department from utilizing other means of enforcement with respect to *unnecessary* or *unwarranted alarms* that meet or exceed the number set forth in R907-01(c)(2).

(7) For purposes of this section, the malicious transmission of a false alarm by activation of a *manual fire alarm box* shall not be construed as an *unnecessary alarm*.

(d) Alarm Log Book

(1) The provisions of this section shall apply to any *premises* having a *defined fire alarm system*.

(2) The fire safety director, or in buildings not requiring a fire safety director, a person designated by the *owner,* shall be responsible to make all log book entries required by this section.

(3) An alarm log book shall be maintained on the *premises*, at the building's main fire alarm control panel. In the absence of a secure location at the main fire alarm control panel, the alarm log book may be secured during non-business hours in another area provided it is made available for

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inspection by any *Department* representatives responding to an alarm on the *premises*. Alarm log book entries shall be made in chronological order, recording the location and causes of all *alarm signals* transmitted by such *fire alarm system*.

(4) The alarm log book shall be a bound book (other than spiral bound) with consecutively numbered and lined pages. The cover of the log book shall bear the inscription, "ALARM LOG BOOK", together with the name and address of the building. All entries shall be made in ink and dated. A separate log book shall be kept for each calendar year. Log books shall be retained for a period of three (3) years from the date of the last entry.

(5) The alarm log book shall be divided into three (3) separate sections as set forth below. Each section shall have a sufficient number of pages to allow for entries for at least one (1) year. The following log book entries are required and shall be made in each instance:

(A) Daily entries. The name of the person who made the entry, the *certificate of fitness* number of the fire safety director on duty, if applicable, and the time each tour of duty began and ended, shall be entered in the alarm log book on a daily basis. These entries shall be set forth in columns in the log book as follows:

(*1*) name
(*2*) *certificate of fitness* number
(*3*) time started
(*4*) time relieved

(B) System off-line entries. The date and time the alarm system was taken off-line, the reason for such action, the name and *certificate of fitness* number of the person notified at the *central station* (or other evidence of notification satisfactory to the Fire Department), and the date and time the system was restored to service, shall be entered in the alarm log book in each such circumstance. These entries shall be set forth in columns in the log book as follows:

(1) time off line
(2) reason off line
(3) *central station* name and telephone number
(4) time restored

(C) Activated alarm entries. The date and time the alarm activated, the type and location of the device (e.g., *smoke detector*, 27th floor, elevator lobby), the probable cause of the alarm, and the Fire Department unit and officer responding shall be entered in the alarm log book in each such circumstance. These entries shall be set forth in columns in the log book as follows:

(*1*) date and time activated
(*2*) location and detector type
(*3*) probable cause
(*4*) *Department* unit and officer

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(D) Notification entries. The date and time of any notification to the occupants of the *premises* pursuant to FC Chapter 9 and R907-01(d), regarding a non-functioning or improperly functioning alarm system.

(e) Smoke Detector Maintenance and Recordkeeping

(1) Owner responsibility. The *owner* (including any lessee) of any *premises* monitored by a *defined fire alarm system* shall be responsible for the detector maintenance required by FC Chapter 9 and the *smoke detector* cleaning and testing required by this section.

(2) Certificate of fitness. The *smoke detector* cleaning and testing required by this section shall be performed by a person holding a *certificate of fitness* for *smoke detector* maintenance.

(3) Smoke detector maintenance company certificate. Such work shall be performed under the supervision of a company holding a *smoke detector maintenance company certificate*. All other *smoke detector* maintenance and testing shall be performed by a person possessing the requisite qualifications and experience, and any applicable license or certificate. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the *smoke detector* cleaning and testing required by this section may be performed by an *owner* of the *premises*, or an employee thereof, who possesses a *certificate of fitness* for *smoke detector* maintenance and the tools, instruments or other equipment necessary to perform *smoke detector* cleaning and testing required by this section.

(4) Smoke detector cleaning and testing

(A) All *smoke detector*s connected to a *defined fire alarm system* shall be cleaned and tested in compliance with the procedures set forth in the manufacturer's specifications and in NFPA 72, except that where such procedures are inconsistent with the provisions of this section, the provisions of this section shall apply.

(B) All *smoke detector*s connected to a *defined fire alarm system* shall be:

(*1*) cleaned not less than once every six (6) months, except for analog (intelligent) *smoke detector*s, which shall be cleaned no later than one (1) week from receipt of an indication of the need for cleaning.

(*2*) tested for smoke entry not less than once a year.

(*3*) tested for sensitivity not less than once a year, except for analog (intelligent) *smoke detectors*, which shall be tested for sensitivity no later than one (1) week from receipt of an indication of the need for such testing.

(C) Any *smoke detector* not performing in conformance with the manufacturer's specifications or the standards set forth in NFPA 72 shall be re-calibrated, repaired or replaced, as required, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and the requirements of said standard.

(5) Smoke detector maintenance recordkeeping

(A) The provisions of this section shall apply to any *premises* having a *defined fire alarm system*.

(B) A *smoke detector* maintenance log book shall be maintained on the *premises* in the office of the fire safety director, or, in buildings not

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requiring a fire safety director, in the building superintendent's office. Such log book shall state the total number of *smoke detectors* on the *premises* and list each *smoke detector* by location. Entries shall be made in such log book, in chronological order, regarding the installation, repair, maintenance and testing of the *smoke detector*s, and any signals transmitted by such detectors. Such entries shall include the date and the person and company performing such work, and any signal transmitted by analog (intelligent) *smoke detector*s communicating a need for cleaning and/or adjustment.

(C) The fire safety director, or in buildings not requiring a fire safety director, a person designated by the *owner*, shall be responsible to make all *smoke detector* maintenance log book entries required by this section.

(D) The *smoke detector* maintenance log book shall be a bound book (other than spiral bound) with consecutively numbered and lined pages. The cover of the log book shall bear the inscription, "SMOKE DETECTOR MAINTENANCE LOG BOOK," together with the name and address of the building or occupancy. All entries shall be made in ink and dated. A separate log book shall be kept for each calendar year. Log books shall be retained for a period of three (3) years from the date of the last entry. A computer record that is designed to prevent or detect alteration of information and that is otherwise maintained in a manner acceptable to the Fire Department, may be maintained in lieu of a bound log book provided that such computerized record is available on the *premises* for inspection by any *Department* representative during business hours.

(E) A copy of the *smoke detector* manufacturer's recommended maintenance procedures shall be kept with the *smoke detector* maintenance log book.

(F) Compliance with Other Laws, Rules and Regulations. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to authorize any installation, alteration or repair of electrical wiring or other component of a *fire alarm system* that any other law or rule, including the *Electrical Code* or the *Building Code*, requires to be performed by a licensed electrician.

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6.3 FD Information Bulletin (Fire Alarm Inspection Unit)

1. Information Bulletin # # 06-01-11

http://www.nyc.gov/html/fdny/pdf/fire_prevention/faiu_bulletins/2011/faiu_bulletin_06_01_11.pdf

2. Information Bulletin # 08-01-11

http://www.nyc.gov/html/fdny/pdf/fire_prevention/faiu_bulletins/2011/faiu_bulletin_08_01_11.pdf

3. Information Bulletin # 08-02-11

http://www.nyc.gov/html/fdny/pdf/fire_prevention/faiu_bulletins/2011/faiu_bulletin_08_02_11.pdf

4. Information Bulletin # 09-01-11

http://www.nyc.gov/html/fdny/pdf/fire_prevention/faiu_bulletins/2011/faiu_bulletin_09_01_11.pdf

5. Information Bulletin # 09-02-11
http://www.nyc.gov/html/fdny/pdf/fire_prevention/faiu_bulletins/2011/faiu_bulletin_09_02_11.pdf

6. Information Bulletin # 09-03-11

http://www.nyc.gov/html/fdny/pdf/fire_prevention/faiu_bulletins/2011/faiu_bulletin_09_03_11.pdf

7. Information Bulletin # 12-01-11
http://www.nyc.gov/html/fdny/pdf/fire_prevention/faiu_bulletins/2011/faiu_bulletin_12_01_11.pdf

6.4 NFPA 72-2010 National Fire Alarm Code

The relevant sections of NFPA 72 (2010) will be provided to applicants that are testing at the Fire Department. However, it is critical that you read and understand the NFPA 72 (2010) before taking the test.

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6.5 NYC Electrical Code

6.5.1 EC SECTION 760.33

Section 760.33 – Add a new section 760.33 to read as follows;

760.33 Fire Alarm Circuit and Equipment Grounding. Fire alarm circuits and equipment shall be grounded in accordance with Article 250 and shall comply with the following requirements:

(A) Grounding Electrode Conductor. A grounding electrode conductor shall be sized and installed in accordance with Article 250, Table 250.66, using a minimum of 10 AWG, at the primary and secondary power source supplying the fire alarm system.

(B) Equipment Grounding Conductor. A separate green insulated equipment grounding conductor shall be sized and installed in accordance with Article 250, Table 250.122, using a minimum of 10AWG, where there are conduits supplying 120V to the fire command center, control unit or distributed control cabinets.

(C) Grounding Separately Derived Supply. A green insulated equipment grounding conductor shall be sized and installed in accordance with Article 250, Table 250.122, using a minimum of 10 AWG, in distributed cabinets where the 120V supply is not derived from the main fire alarm power supply. In steel framed buildings, an additional connection to local steel shall be permitted.

6.5.2 EC SECTION 760.41

Section 760.41- Delete the section in its entirety and replace to read as follows:

760.41 Power Source Requirements. The power source for fire alarm circuits shall comply with the following:

(A) Primary Power Source. All fire alarm circuits shall be provided with a primary power source. The primary power source shall be generated electric power not exceeding 277/480 volts, supplied by utility company power or isolated plant. The primary power supply to the fire alarm system shall comply with the following:

(1) Primary Power Supply for the Fire Alarm System. Primary power supply for the fire alarm system shall be connected to the primary power source ahead of all building service disconnecting means so that the building service disconnecting means can be opened without de-energizing the fire alarm supply. All utility metering of the fire alarm system, including disabling or removal of meters, shall maintain power continuity to the fire alarm system at all times.

(2) Limited Interior Fire Alarm Systems. Primary power supply for sub-systems or other limited interior fire alarm systems may be connected to the power supply through the protected area of such systems by means of a

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connection ahead of the disconnecting means for the power supply to the protected area.

FPN: Sub-systems and limited interior fire alarm systems may also use the connected means defined in paragraph (1) where available.

(B) Secondary Power Source. Where an emergency power system is provided or required to be provided for emergency system loads, the fire alarm circuits shall be provided with a secondary power source. Batteries shall not be a substitute for connection to a secondary power source. The secondary power source shall comply with the requirements for emergency power systems and/or emergency generator that are used for emergency systems loads as articulated below:

(1) Generally. Emergency power systems complying with Chapter 27 of the 2008 Building Code shall be permitted to serve as a secondary power source or

(2) Existing Buildings. Emergency power systems and/or emergency generators in existing buildings in compliance with Title 27, chapter 1, subchapter 6, section 27-396.4 of the Administrative Code (also referred to as the 1968 Building Code) shall be permitted to serve as the secondary power source.

The secondary power supply shall be connected such that all other disconnecting means serving other building emergency loads can be opened without de-energizing the facility fire alarm secondary power supply.

FPN: The use of a main disconnecting means on the output of the generator(s) is permitted where the disconnection of all other loads does not interrupt the facility fire alarm system secondary power supply.

(C) Battery. Regardless of whether a secondary power source is also provided, each fire alarm system and subsystem shall be equipped with a storage battery power supply sized to meet the operating power requirements of the system in accordance with (1), (2) or (3) below and shall automatically connect to and operate the fire alarm system upon failure of the primary or secondary power supply or sources. Batteries shall not be a substitute for connection to a secondary power source when a secondary power source is required pursuant to subsection (B) above.

(1) With Voice Communications Capability. Supervisory operation for 24 hours followed by full load operation for 6 hours for systems with voice communications capability.

FPN: A 45 minute period of voice and alarm operation at the maximum connected load shall be considered equivalent to 6 hours of total system operation.

(2) Without Voice Communications Capability. Supervisory operation for 24 hours followed by full load operation for 15 minutes for systems without voice communications capability.

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(3) Sub-systems or Other Limited Interior Fire Alarm Systems. Supervisory operation for 24 hours followed by full load operation for 5 minutes for sub-systems or other limited interior fire alarm systems operating within a facility that reports to the overall facility fire alarm system.

(D) Arrangement of Power Sources. One source of power shall be connected to the fire alarm system at all times. The primary and secondary power sources shall be arranged and controlled by automatic transfer switches dedicated to the fire alarm system such that the secondary source will be automatically connected to the fire alarm system should the primary power source fail. The following conditions shall be observed:

(1) Intermediary devices between the fire alarm system power supply and the power source, other than fused disconnect switches, transformers and automatic transfer switches are prohibited. Such disconnect switches, transformers and automatic transfer switches shall supply only the fire alarm system and other systems specifically permitted by applicable New York City rules and regulations.

(2) The primary and secondary power source shall each be provided with a means of disconnect from the fire alarm system. Each disconnect shall consist of a fused disconnect switch, locked in the ON position and the key shall be kept on premises and made accessible only to authorized personnel. Such disconnect shall be painted red and permanently identified as a fire alarm circuit and labeled as to system/location served, with a means of interrupting the unfused grounded and all ungrounded conductors.

(3) The fire alarm system fused disconnect switch on the transformer secondary side shall comply with the requirements of the primary and secondary power source fused disconnect switches pursuant to Article 240.

(4) For buildings served at up to 300 volts to ground, the service voltage shall be transformed to 208/120 volts and a fire alarm fuse disconnect provided within a circuit length of ten (10) feet, shall be connected at the transformer secondary on the 208/120 volt side. Fused cutouts shall be provided where multiple circuits are required to support the fire alarm system and related auxiliaries mounted in a fused cutout panel suitable for the number of circuits needed.

6.5.3 EC SECTION 760.49

Subsection 760.49(A) – Revise to read as follows:

(A) Sizes and Use. Only copper conductors size 12 AWG and larger shall be permitted to be used as NPLFA circuit conductors.

Subsection 760.49(B) – Delete the FPN in its entirety and revise to read as follows:

(B) Insulation. Insulation on conductors shall be suitable for 600 volts, 90 degrees C, and shall comply with Article 310. Conductors shall be Type THHN,

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THWN/THHN, TFFN, TFN, FEP, RHH, RHW2, XHH, XHHW, MI or CI-NYC Certified Cable. Application of conductor ampacity shall be in accordance with 110.14 for terminal device ratings.

Subsection 760.49(C) – Revise to read as follows:

(C) Conductor Materials. Conductors shall be solid copper up to size 10 AWG. Stranded copper conductors shall be used for sizes 8 AWG and larger.

6.5.4 EC SECTION 760.131

Add a new section 760.131, to read as follows:

760.131 Mechanical Execution of Work. Installation shall conform to the following requirements:

(A) Mechanical Rooms, Elevator Rooms, Garages and Loading Docks. All wiring installed up to 2.4m (8 ft.) above the finished floor in garages, loading docks, mechanical rooms, and elevator rooms shall meet the installation requirements of Article 344.

Exception: For mechanical rooms and elevator rooms having a floor area of less than 900 square feet, installation pursuant to Articles 332, 342, 344 or 358 is permitted without height limitation.

(B) Extinguishing Systems. Extinguishing and suppression systems activated by automatic fire detection and using fire alarm cables shall be installed pursuant to Articles 332, 342, 344 or 358. Such systems shall include, but not be limited to, pre-action sprinkler, deluge sprinkler, water mist, clean air agent, Halon, range hood, CO2, and dry chemicals.

(C) Installation. Installation of raceways, boxes, enclosures, cabinets and wiring shall conform to the following requirements:

(1) Covers of boxes, enclosures and cabinets shall be painted red and permanently identified as to use.

(2) Penetrations through rated walls, ceilings and floors shall be fire stopped.

(3) Raceways or wiring shall not penetrate the top of any control equipment cabinet or enclosure.

(4) Raceways installed up to 2.4m (8 ft.) in stairways shall not reduce or obstruct required stairway radius or egress path.

(5) Cables shall be secured by cable ties, straps or similar fittings designed and installed so as to not damage cables. Such fittings shall be secured in place at intervals not exceeding 1.5m (5 ft.) on center and within 0.3m (1 ft.) of associated cabinet, enclosure, or box.

6.5.5 EC SECTION 760.142

Section 760.142 – Revise to read as follows:

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760.142 Conductor Size. Conductors shall not be smaller than 18 AWG in size.

6.5.6 EC SECTION 760.179

Section 760.179 - Revise the title to read as follows:
760.179 Listing and Marking of PLFA Cables and Insulated Continuous Line-Type Fire Detectors.

Subsection 760.179(B) – Revise to read as follows:

(B) Conductor Size. The size of conductors in single or multi-conductor cables shall not be smaller than 18 AWG.

Subsection 760.179(D) – Delete the FPN in its entirety and revise to read as follows:

(D) Type FPLP. Type FPLP power-limited fire alarm cable shall be listed to UL1424-05, Standard for Cables for Power-Limited- Fire-Alarm Circuits with the listing agency certifying compliance with the following requirements:

(1) Type FPLP only; minimum insulation thickness 15 mils; minimum temperature 150 C.

(2) Red colored jacket overall; minimum thickness 25 mils.

(3) Cable marked as per UL 1424 must bear additional description "ALSO CLASSIFIED NYC CERT. FIRE ALARM CABLE," legible without removing jacket.

Subsection 760.179(E) – Delete the subsection in its entirety.

Subsection 760.179(F) – Delete the subsection in its entirety.

Subsection 760.179(G) – Revise by deleting "CI" from the first sentence of the first paragraph and replacing with "CI- 'NYC Certified Circuit Integrity Fire Alarm Cable'" and deleting "(E), (F)" in the second sentence of the first paragraph.

Subsection 760.179(H) – Replace "Type FPLP, FPLR, or FPL cable" at end of sentence with "Type FPLP 'NYC certified fire alarm cable'."

Subsection 760.179(I) – Delete subsection 760.179(I) and add a new 760.179(I) to read as follows:

(I) Cable Marking. The cable shall be marked in accordance with subsection 760.179(D)(3) and its rating as NYC Cert. Fire Alarm Cable or NYC Cert. Circuit Integrity Cable.

Subsection 760.179(J) – Delete "through (F)" in fourth line of the paragraph.

Subsection 760.179(K) – Add new subsection 760.179(K) to read as follows:

(K) Listed Fire-Rated Assemblies. MI cable meeting the requirements of Article 332 or listed fire-rated assemblies that have a minimum fire rating of 2 hours shall be permitted when installed in accordance with the listing requirements.

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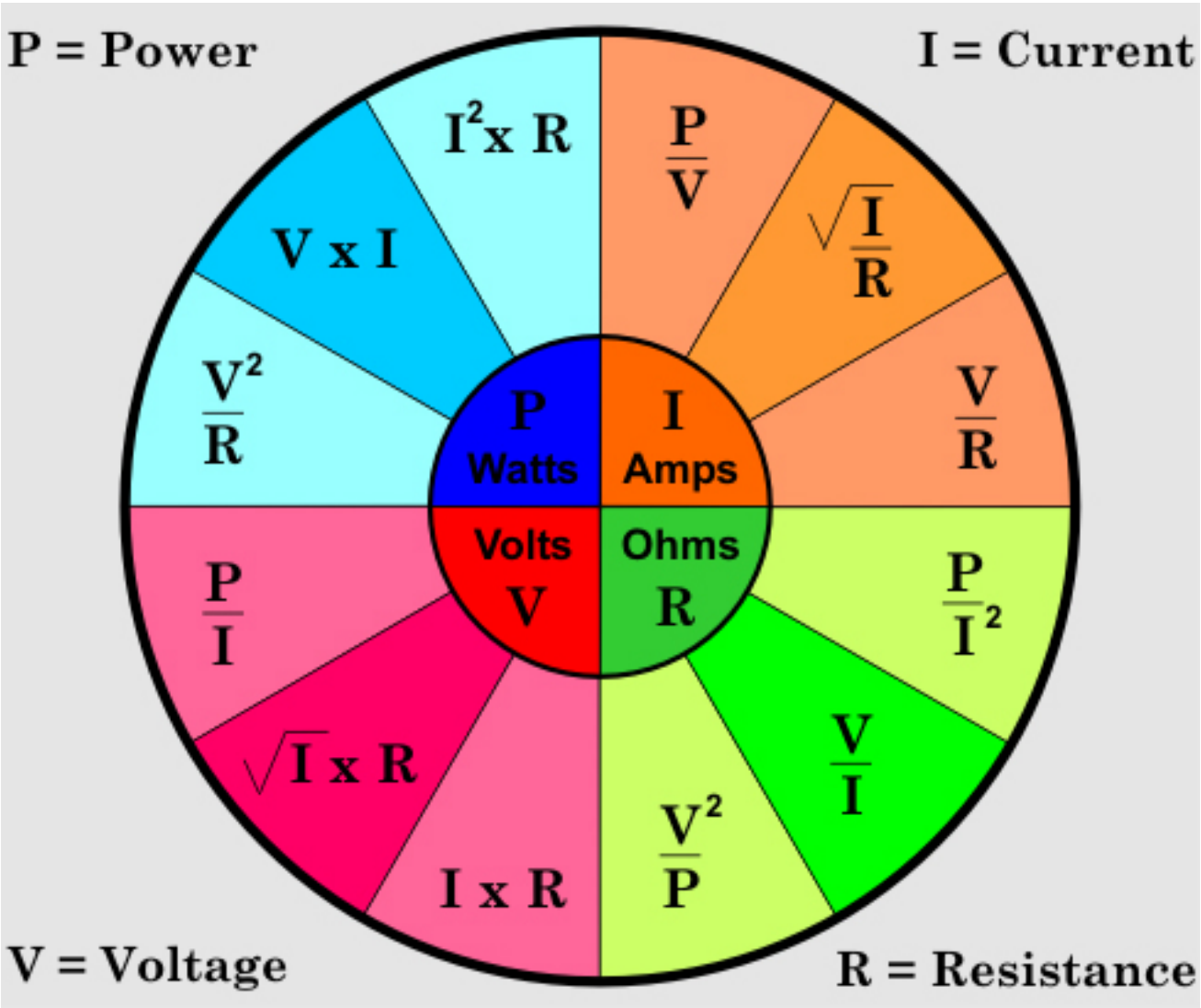
6.6 NYC Building Code

6.6.1. BC Section 1-5.4.2.1 Coded Alarm Signal - A coded alarm signal shall consist of not less than four complete rounds of the number transmitted, and each round shall consist of not less than three impulses.

6.7 Unit Measurement and Formulas



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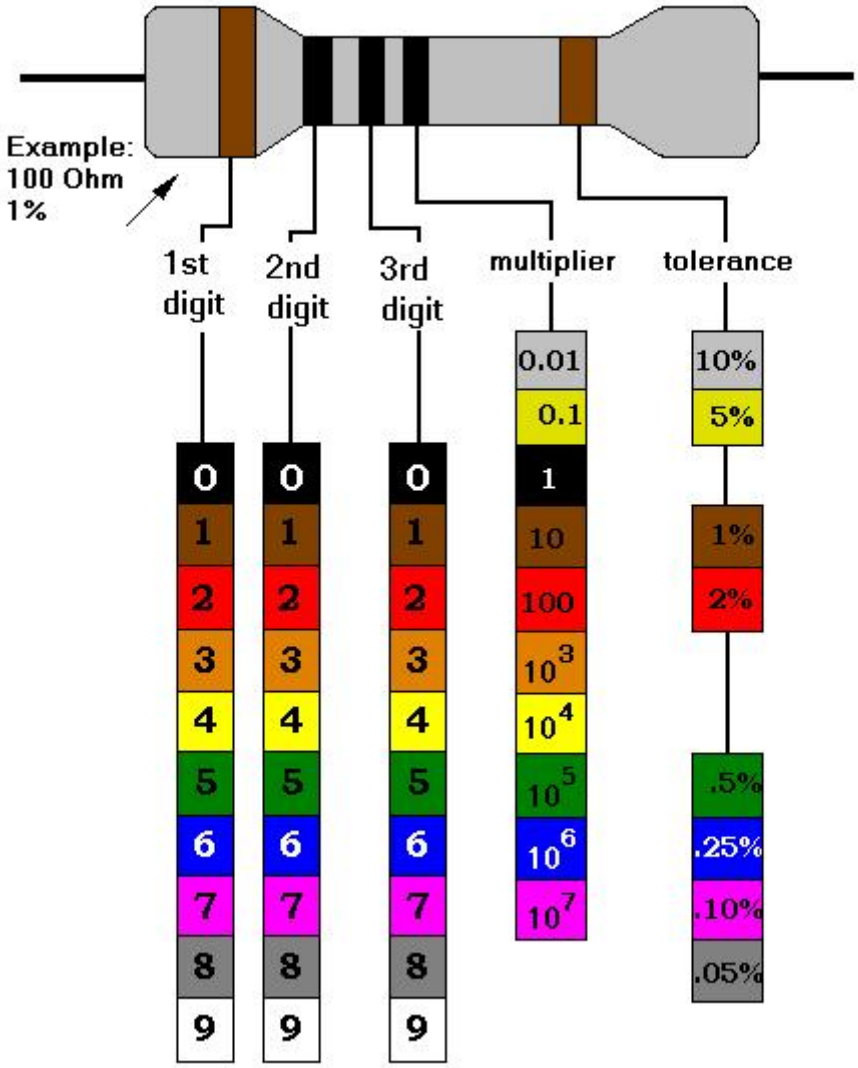
6.8 Resistor Color Code



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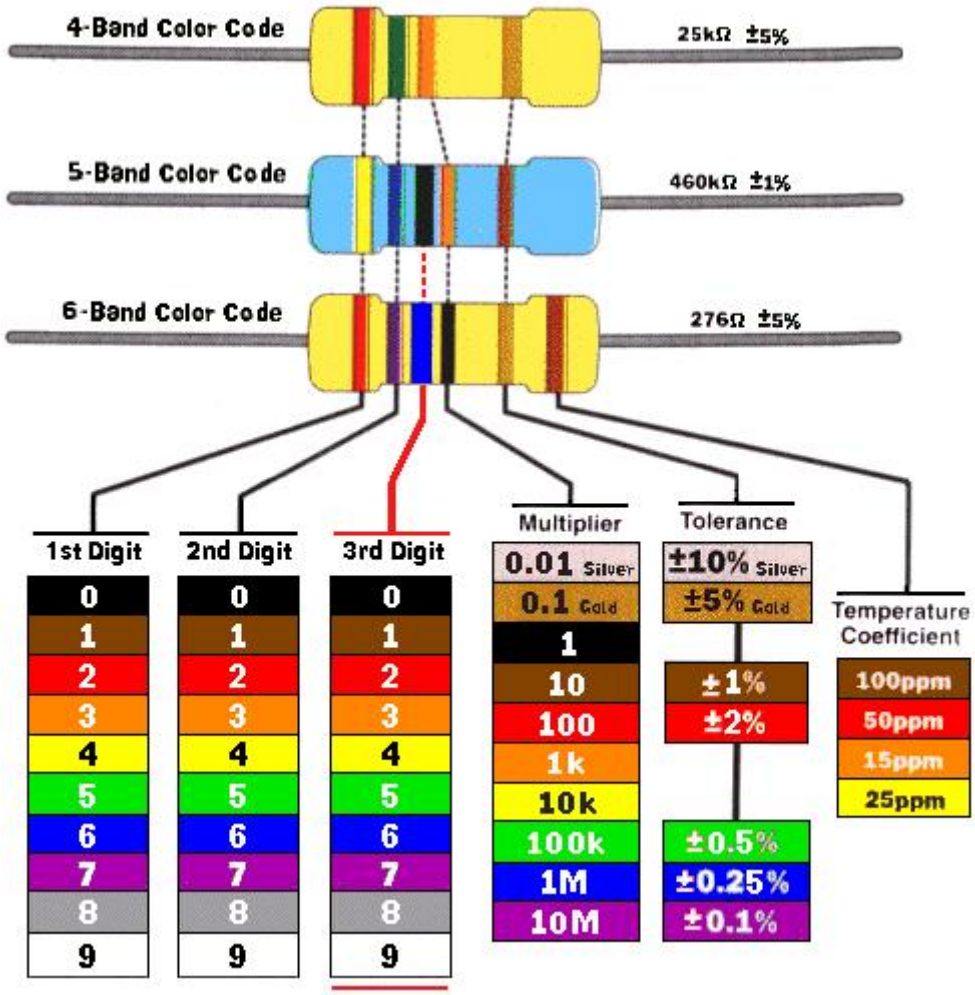

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NEW S-98: LIST OF MAJOR CHANGES

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TAKEN OUT OF THE NEW S-98 CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS STUDY MATERIAL. BELOW IS A LIST OF MAJOR CHANGES.

S-98 Study Material and Exam were switched from:

2002 NFPA 72 Standard to 2010 NFPA 72 Standard

2008 NYC Fire Code to 2014 NYC Fire Code

NEW DEFINITIONS:

ACCESSIBILITY
ARCS (Auxiliary Radio Communications System)
DEFINED FIRE ALARM SYSTEM
FIRE ALARM CONTROL UNIT (FACP, FCS)
SMOKE DETECTOR
UNWARRANTED ALARM

PART 6. Reference Materials
Added: Aerosol Fire Extinguishing Systems and NFPA 2010 standard.
901.7 Out-of-service systems: reference changed.
907.8 Presignal system: reference changed.
907.18 Record of completion: reference changed.
907.20.2 Testing: reference changed.

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