

N Y C 114.5

NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE CLAIM FOR CREDIT APPLIED TO UNINCORPORATED BUSINESS TAX

(Under Sections 11-503(g), 11-503(i) and 11-503(k) of the Administrative Code)

ATTACH TO FORM NYC-202 OR NYC-204

USE FORM NYC-114.6 IF YOU ARE FILING A CLAIM FOR EITHER A REAL ESTATE TAX ESCALATION CREDIT OR AN EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY RELOCATION COSTS CREDIT.

| Print or Type ▼ | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Name as shown on NYC-202 or NYC-204 | EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER | | |
| Type of Business: Check one: COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL RETAIL | | | |
| Unincorporated Business Tax year for which claim is made: Year ended (month), 19 | SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER | | |
| Principal Business Activity | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| PART I Computation of credit | | | |
| Sales and compensating use tax credit (from page 2, Schedule A, line 6) | | | |
| Delegation and employment engistence program (DEAD) eredit (from page 4. Cohed | ule B, line 9) 2. | | |
| Relocation and employment assistance program (REAP) credit (from page 4, Sched | | | |
| TOTAL CREDITS CLAIMED (add lines 1 and 2) include on Form NYC-202, page 1, | Schedule A, | | |
| | Schedule A, | | |
| TOTAL CREDITS CLAIMED (add lines 1 and 2) include on Form NYC-202, page 1, | Schedule A, | | |
| TOTAL CREDITS CLAIMED (add lines 1 and 2) include on Form NYC-202, page 1, line 22a or Form 204, page 1, Schedule A, line 24a | Schedule A, | | |
| TOTAL CREDITS CLAIMED (add lines 1 and 2) include on Form NYC-202, page 1, line 22a or Form 204, page 1, Schedule A, line 24a The modifications in part II below must be included in the New York City Unincorp NYC-204) for the tax year covered by this claim for credit. If the Unincorporated Bu modifications, an amended return must be submitted with this claim form. | Schedule A, | | |
| TOTAL CREDITS CLAIMED (add lines 1 and 2) include on Form NYC-202, page 1, line 22a or Form 204, page 1, Schedule A, line 24a The modifications in part II below must be included in the New York City Unincorp NYC-204) for the tax year covered by this claim for credit. If the Unincorporated Bu modifications, an amended return must be submitted with this claim form. PART II Modifications increasing and decreasing federal gross income | Schedule A, | | |
| TOTAL CREDITS CLAIMED (add lines 1 and 2) include on Form NYC-202, page 1, line 22a or Form 204, page 1, Schedule A, line 24a The modifications in part II below must be included in the New York City Unincorp NYC-204) for the tax year covered by this claim for credit. If the Unincorporated But modifications, an amended return must be submitted with this claim form. PART II Modifications increasing and decreasing federal gross income MODIFICATION INCREASING FEDERAL GROSS INCOME | Schedule A, | | |
| TOTAL CREDITS CLAIMED (add lines 1 and 2) include on Form NYC-202, page 1, line 22a or Form 204, page 1, Schedule A, line 24a The modifications in part II below must be included in the New York City Unincorp NYC-204) for the tax year covered by this claim for credit. If the Unincorporated But modifications, an amended return must be submitted with this claim form. PART II Modifications increasing and decreasing federal gross income MODIFICATION INCREASING FEDERAL GROSS INCOME Sales and compensating use tax excluded or deducted (line 1 above) (enter on Formattice) | Schedule A, | | |
| TOTAL CREDITS CLAIMED (add lines 1 and 2) include on Form NYC-202, page 1, line 22a or Form 204, page 1, Schedule A, line 24a | Schedule A, | | |

${f I}$ nstructions for parts 1 and 11

Form NYC-114.5 must be attached to and submitted with Unincorporated Business Tax Return (Form NYC-202) or Partnership Tax Return (Form NYC-204) in order to claim the credits described in Schedules A and B.

PART I

Enter the amounts of the credits claimed in Schedules A and B on the appropriate lines (lines 1 and 2) of part I. The total credit amount claimed (line 3) is to be included on Form NYC-202, page 1, Schedule A, line 22a **or** Form NYC-204, page 1, Schedule A, line 24a, whichever is applicable.

PART II

Taxpayers claiming these credits must make certain modifications in computing unincorporated business gross income. The amounts of the various credit items claimed must be *added* to the gross income if an exclusion or deduction for the credit item was taken in computing federal taxable income. (See NYC Administrative Code Section 11-506(b), subdivisions (5) and (10).)

Enter the required modifications at line 4 of part II *and* on Form NYC-202, page 2, Schedule B, part 2, line 10a **or** on Form 204, page 2, Schedule B, part 2, line 14a, whichever is applicable.

Form NYC-114.5 - 1998 Page 2

SCHEDULE A Sales and compensating use tax credit

| 1. | Cost of electricity or electric service purchased or used during tax year eligible for sales and | |
|------------|--|--|
| | compensating use tax credit under Section 11-503(g)(1)(A) of the Administrative Code | |
| | (see instructions) | |
| 2. | Purchase price or cost of use of services of installing, repairing, maintaining or servicing | |
| | machinery, equipment, parts, tools or supplies used in production2. | |
| 3. | Sales and compensating use taxes, imposed during tax year, on costs included in line 1 under | |
| | Section 1107 Tax Law and paid (see instructions and attach schedule) | |
| 4. | Sales and compensating use taxes paid on costs included in line 24. | |
| 5 . | Less: credits or refunds of taxes included in lines 3 and 4 (see instructions) | |
| 6. | Claim for New York City sales tax credit (enter on page 1, parts I and II, lines 1 and 4) | |

${f I}$ nstructions ${f for}$ schedule ${f a}$

Sections 11-503(g) and 11-503(k) of the Administrative Code allow a taxpayer a credit equal to the amount of sales and compensating use taxes:

1) imposed by Section 1107 of the State Tax Law during the taxpayer's taxable year which became legally due during the tax year and were paid, less any credit or refund, with respect to the purchase or use by the taxpayer of electricity or electric service (but not gas) of whatever nature for use or consumption directly and exclusively in the production of tangible personal property for sale by manufacturing, processing or assembling.

2) imposed by Section 1107 of the State Tax Law during the taxpayer's taxable year and paid, less any credit or refund, with respect to the purchase or use of the services of installing, repairing, maintaining or servicing machinery, equipment, parts, tools or supplies used directly and predominantly in the production of tangible personal property, gas, electricity, refrigeration or steam for sale, or certain telephone central office equipment or station apparatus or comparable telegraph equipment. Interest paid in connection with payment of such sales and use taxes will also be allowed as a credit.

NOTE: The services described above were exempted from sales and use tax effective September 1, 1996, however, a credit is available for sales and use tax due and paid on those services during the current tax year with respect to periods prior to September 1, 1996.

LINE 1

Enter on line 1 the total cost of electric service eligible for credit.

LINE 3

Taxpayers claiming the credit on line 3 must prepare and attach to Schedule A a statement explaining the manufacturing process and the nature and kind of tangible personal property produced for sale. Prepare and attach a schedule showing how you determined the portion of total electricity usage eligible for sales and compensating use tax credit for electricity or electric service. The acceptable methods for computing the allocation of electricity qualifying for credit are detailed on page 3.

In addition, submit a schedule, as outlined below, giving the details of the credit requested. The credit claimed should be 4% of the total of the column entitled "qualifying electricity cost." Below is an example of headings which could be used in such a schedule.

| INVOICE | TOTAL INVOICED | | QUALIFYING % |
|---------|----------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| DATE | KILOWATT HOURS | | FOR PERIOD |
| | ELECTRICITY OICE PERIOD | EL | QUALIFYING ECTRICITY COST |

NOTE: If you neglected to claim a sales tax credit in the period in which the sales tax became legally due, you cannot claim the credit for the current tax year. Instead, you must file a claim for a refund on Form NYC-113 and attach a revised Form NYC-114.5.

Section 11-503(d) of the Administrative Code allows a credit for sales and use tax paid after July 1, 1977, on the purchase or use of machinery or equipment in production. Those purchases were exempted from sales and use tax effective December 1, 1989.

If the credit claimed is on *the purchase of machinery or equipment*, you must use Form 114.5 for 1990 or other prior year.

LINE 4

Taxpayers claiming the credit on line 4 must prepare and attach to Schedule A a rider listing each item and indicating with respect to each item, the type of service or maintenance used, the invoice date, the name of the supplier from whom it was purchased, the purchase price and the sales and compensating use tax paid.

LINE 5

Enter on line 5 the amount of any credits or refunds of sales and compensating use taxes included on lines 3 and 4 received during the tax period covered by the return from either a vendor or the New York State Sales Tax Bureau.

SALES AND USE TAXES PAID AS A RESULT OF AN AUDIT

A taxpayer that has paid eligible sales and compensating use taxes as a result of an audit and determination made by the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance may be entitled to claim the sales and use tax

credit for that payment. A credit may be claimed for the interest paid in connection with the State determination of sales or compensating use tax for services performed on eligible machinery, parts and tools but not for interest paid with respect to the sales tax on electricity or electric service. No credit may be claimed for penalties paid with respect to these taxes.

To claim the credit in these circumstances, an amended Unincorporated Business Tax Return (Form NYC-202 or Form NYC-204) or Claim for Refund (Form NYC-113) must be filed for the taxable year (or years) for which such sales or compensating use taxes were determined to be due, accompanied by a completed Form NYC-114.5. A taxpayer who cannot supply the detailed schedule required in the instructions for line 3 or 4 should instead submit copies of the State determination and all supporting audit work papers, and a copy of the cancelled check or other evidence of payment of the State determination.

SCHEDULE A SUPPLEMENT

Determining the electricity used in the production of tangible personal property for sale

When electricity is purchased for consumption for purposes which qualify for the credit and purposes which do not qualify for the credit, and the use of the electricity is recorded on a single meter, the purchaser may allocate the use of electricity according to its qualifying or nonqualifying consumption. At such time as variations occur affecting the use of electricity (e.g., the addition of new equipment), a new allocation should be computed.

When claiming a sales and compensating use tax credit under Section 11-503(g) of the Administrative Code, one of the following must be submitted:

- a) an electrical engineer's survey, showing computations, in substantiation of the allocation made for use of electricity for both qualifying and nonqualifying purposes;
- b) computations using the guidelines that follow. Computations forming the basis for a claim for refund or credit should be submitted with Form NYC-114.5.

▼ CALCULATING KILOWATTS PER HOUR ▼

To determine the portion of purchases of electricity qualifying for the credit, the ratio of kilowatt-hours of qualifying use to total kilowatt-hours of use must be calculated. The resulting ratio is then applied to electricity purchases to determine the amount qualifying for credit.

KILOWATT-HOURS QUALIFYING USE PER MONTH KILOWATT-HOURS ALL PURPOSES PER MONTH

■ PROPORTION OF PURCHASES QUALIFYING FOR CREDIT

Kilowatt-hours of use is determined by multiplying kilowatts per hour of operation by hours of operation. Methods for determining kilowatts per hour of operation and average hours are outlined below.

MOTORS ▼

Horsepower known:

Multiply the number of horsepower by 746 and divide by 1,000 to determine approximate kilowatts used per hour of operation.

Horsepower not known:

Multiply volts by amperes indicated on manufacturer's name plate and divide by 1,000 to determine approximate kilowatts used per hour of operation.

$$\frac{\text{VOLTS X AMPERES}}{1,000} = \text{KILOWATTS PER HOUR}$$

DEVICES OTHER THAN MOTORS OR LIGHTS ▼

For these devices, use wattage rating given by manufacturer and divide by 1,000 to obtain approximate kilowatts used per hour of operation.

$$\frac{\text{WATTS}}{1,000}$$
 = KILOWATTS PER HOUR

LIGHTS ▼

Incandescent lights:

For incandescent bulbs, add rated wattages and divide by 1,000.

$$\frac{\text{WATTS}}{1.000} = \text{KILOWATTS PER HOUR}$$

Fluorescent lights:

For fluorescent lights, add rated wattages plus an additional 20% of rated wattages*, then divide by 1,000.

$$\frac{\text{WATTS} + .20 \text{ (WATTS)}}{1,000} = \text{KILOWATTS PER HOUR}$$

DETERMINING HOURS OF OPERATION ▼

When determining monthly hours of operation, variations in use throughout the year must be taken into consideration. Approximate hours of use for each month of the year must be added and the result divided by twelve.

THE CHART BELOW IS A SIMPLIFIED EXAMPLE OF A WORKSHEET FOR DETERMINING THE PORTION OF PURCHASES OF ELECTRICITY QUALIFYING FOR CREDIT WHEN A SINGLE METER RECORDS BOTH QUALIFYING AND NONQUALIFYING USE.

| EXAMPLE | KILOWATTS PER HOUR OF OPERATION | X | AVERAGE HOURS OF OPERATION PER MONTH | = | AVERAGE KILOWATT-HOUF PER MONTH | 2S |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| ALL QUALIFYING USAGE | | | | | | |
| Production machine #1 | 10 | | 100 | | 1000 | |
| Production machine #2 | 10 | | 100 | | 1000 | |
| Other | 10 | | 100 | | 1000 | |
| Total qualifying usage | | | | | 3000(A) | |
| ALL NONQUALIFYING USAGE | | | | | (| |
| Air conditioners | 10 | | 300 | | 3000 | TOTAL |
| General lighting | 10 | | 300 | | 3000 | (A) + (B) = 18,000 (C) |
| Office equipment | 10 | | 300 | | 3000 | |
| Space heaters | 10 | | 300 | | 3000 | |
| Other | 10 | | 300 | | 3000 | y |
| Total nonqualifying usage | | | | | 15000(B |) |
| TOTAL - ALL USAGES | 3000 18000 OR | A C | _ | _ | OF ELECTRICIT | |

NOTE: Once the qualifying portion (percentage) has been established, that percentage must be applied against the actual electricity purchased for any given period for which you are requesting a credit or refund. Any time a change in production occurs (addition or deletion of production equipment, etc.), the qualifying percentage must be recomputed.

^{*} The additional 20% of rated wattage is attributable to the energy usage of the fluorescent lamp ballasts.

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SCHEDULE B Relocation and Employment Assistance Program (REAP) Credit

- Attach annual certificate of eligible aggregate employment shares received from NYC Department of Finance.
- ▲ Complete the carryover schedule below regardless of whether you will carry over credits to the current year. Enter in column B (the applied column) the amount applied to each carryover year until the total applied agrees with the amount on line 6.

SECTION I - Credit applied against Unincorporated Business Tax

| 1. Current year's tax, including sales tax addback less the business tax credit and the UBT paid credit | | |
|---|----|--|
| (amount from NYC-202, pg. 1, Schedule A, line 21 or NYC-204, page 1, Schedule A, line 23) | 1. | |
| 2. Computation of current year's credit: | | |
| (number of eligible aggregate employment shares: X the applicable amount (see instructions)) | 2. | |
| 3. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter the difference and skip lines 4 through 7. Transfer amount | | |
| on line 1 to line 9 | 3. | |
| 4. If line 2 is less than line 1, enter the difference. Complete carryover schedule below | 4. | |
| 5. Total carryover credits from prior taxable years (line 8f, column A below) | 5. | |
| 6. Amount of carryover credit that may be carried over to the current year. | | |
| Enter lesser of line 4 or line 5 | 6. | |
| 7. Total allowable credit for current year. Sum of the current year credit plus the applicable | | |
| carryover from prior years. Add lines 2 and 6. Enter amount on line 9. | 7. | |

| REAP carryover schedule | COLUMN A | COLUMN B | COLUMN C CARRYOVER TO NEXT YEAR (column A minus column B) | |
|--|---|-----------------|---|--|
| You may not carry over the 5th preceding year's credit to next year. | CARRYOVER TO CURRENT YEAR (unused credit) | Applied | | |
| 8a. Carryover from 5th preceding year 8a. | | | | |
| 8b. Carryover from 4th preceding year 8b. | | | | |
| 8c. Carryover from 3rd preceding year 8c. | | | | |
| 8d. Carryover from 2nd preceding year 8d. | | | | |
| 8e. Carryover from 1st preceding year 8e. | | | | |
| 8f. Total8f. | | | | |
| 9. Allowable REAP credit for current year (a | mount from line 1 or line 7, which | chever is less) | | |

SECTION II - Deduction applied against quarterly/annual Commercial Rent Tax Return

The relocation and employment assistance program also affords a reduction of base rent for Commercial Rent Tax purposes. For information refer to the instructions for Form CR-A or contact:

NYC Department of Finance Desk Audit Unit 25 Elm Place, 3rd Floor Brooklyn, NY 11201

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION I. LINE 2.

If your certification of eligibility for REAP is dated before July 1, 1995, the applicable amount is \$500. If it is dated on or after July 1, 1995, the applicable amount is \$1,000.

REAP INFORMATION

Transfer amount to page 1, part I, line 2.

- 1. REAP benefits are available only to taxpayers that have previously applied to the New York City Department of Finance and received a Certificate of Eligibility.
 - Attach annual certificate of eligible aggregate employment shares (ACEAES) received from the New York City Department of Finance.
- 2. The amount of credit allowable for any taxable year is limited to the tax imposed for such year less the business tax credit and the UBT paid credit. The REAP credit must be taken *before* all other credits except the business tax credit and the UBT paid credit.
- 3. If the allowable credit exceeds the tax imposed for such year, the excess may be carried over, in order, to the five immediately succeeding taxable years and, to the extent not previously utilized, may be credited against the taxpayer's tax for such years.