Welcome to the FiDi-Seaport Virtual Open House!

As you're waiting for the meeting to start, please take a moment to share your name and connection to the FiDi and Seaport neighborhoods using the Teams "chat" function.

Financial District & Seaport Climate Resilience Plan

February 2021

Welcome to Teams!

A few requests for the open house:

- 1. When in a Teams meeting, please mute yourself while others are speaking. You will have time in the workshops to unmute and discuss.
- 2. Add questions to the chat box during presentations.
- 3. Turn on your camera if you can!



What should I expect during today's Virtual Open House?



Why do we need flood resilience infrastructure?

Climate change isn't coming; it's here.







Daily tidal flooding combined with sea level rise is bringing higher water levels along the coast, causing more flooding in low-lying areas. **Coastal storms** are **increasing** in frequency and intensity, bringing the impact of surge to our front doors.

Extreme precipitation is occurring more frequently, stressing our sewer system and flooding our streets.

The waterfront could be inundated by high tides almost daily by the 2080s



By 2100, much of the FiDi and South Street Seaport neighborhoods could be under water every day.



Future storms are becoming more frequent and intense



Future storms could bring deeper and broader flooding than Hurricane Sandy, causing extensive damage in Lower Manhattan.



What is the FiDi-Seaport Climate Resilience Plan?

In Lower Manhattan, the City is advancing \$500M in climate adaptation projects to protect various areas within the district



The FiDi-Seaport Climate Resilience Plan will be a comprehensive resilience plan to protect the Financial District and South Street Seaport

What can we achieve by 2021?

- Develop a conceptual design of coastal defense infrastructure and identify first phase project options.
- Create a roadmap with details on implementation, financing, construction, and governance framework.
- Work with regulatory agencies to identify a pathway for permitting and approvals.
- Create a drainage strategy to manage stormwater and wastewater.
- Build the foundation for an intergenerational coalition to carry this project forward.



The Financial District and Seaport have unique space constraints that make siting coastal defense and drainage infrastructure on-land very challenging.

Our project team

EDC

Mayor's Office of Resiliency

ARCADIS one scape

The New York City Economic Development Corporation (NYCEDC) and the Mayor's Office of Resiliency (MOR) are leading the Climate Resilience Plan along with the NYC Departments of Transportation, City Planning, Environmental Protection, Parks & Recreation, and more.

An interdisciplinary team of experts are supporting this work, led by the Dutch engineering firm Arcadis. One Architecture & Urbanism and SCAPE Landscape Architecture are helping lead the design development.

	WE ARE HERE		
PHASE I FALL - WINTER 2020	PHASE II SPRING 2020 - WINTER 2021	PHASE III WINTER 2021 - SPRING 2021	PHASE IV SPRING - FALL 2021
Develop Guiding Principles Assess Existing Conditions Begin Key Analyses –	Confirm "Solution Space" (Opportunities & Constraints) Develop Options for Coastal	Further Develop and Refine Coastal Resilience Infrastructure Options	Advance Project Design Options and Implementation Planning
and Drainage PHASE 1 FOCUS OF ENGAGEMENT	PHASE 2 FOCUS OF ENGAGEMENT	PHASE 3 FOCUS OF ENGAGEMENT	PHASE 4 FOCUS OF ENGAGMENT
 Confirm project goals Assess flood risk and ex conditions 	 Build understanding of flood risk and lived experience of climate change Refine understanding of site constraints Develop visions for long-term future 	Iimate Test and refine potentia options for flood protect and other infrastructure	I Identify best design options and phasing strategy
		site Develop concepts for improvements to the pu realm and other ameniti	engagement and build blic coalition for es implementation
	 Identify approaches to implementation 	Refine approaches to implementation	

We drafted our guiding principles with input from the Climate Coalition of Lower Manhattan, City Agencies, and the public



Ensure a secure future for those who live in, work in, or depend upon Lower Manhattan by addressing near and long-term climate risks.

Strengthen Lower Manhattan as a **central hub of the region's workforce, transportation network and economy**.

Pla reg

Plan a project that is **feasible, financeable, and implementable**, with a broad coalition of support and clear regulatory and permitting pathways.



Create an **equitable and inclusive public engagement process** that advances widespread understanding of climate risks and fosters the development of a shared vision for Lower Manhattan.



Plan for resiliency infrastructure that protects key historic assets, maximizes ecologically-sensitive design and sustainability, and is adaptable over time.



Maintain and look to improve infrastructure that creates an accessible public realm for all.

What are our **project goals**?

The project seeks to comprehensively protect Lower Manhattan from flood risks, while achieving other key priorities:



The primary goal for the project is to provide coastal defense for the FiDi-Seaport district from storms and tidal flooding through 2100

Potential coastal defense solutions:



Floodwalls



Levees / Berms



Street Raising



Caissons



Bulkheads



Fill & Revetment

Photo sources (clockwise): Arcadis; Brooklynbridgepark.org; NYCDDC Broad Channel; iStock; Hosoya Schaefer Architects; Crandall / Alamy Stock Photo

However, the future is ultimately uncertain; we must plan and design accordingly

Adaptability

The capacity of the project to adjust to changing future conditions

Climate Uncertainty

Designing for future climate conditions, such as rising sea levels

Design Life of the Intervention

How long the measures are expected to last

Implementation Time Horizon

What year we anticipate the project being implemented

Design Flood Elevation (DFE)

The level of protection provided by the coastal defense system

The project's design flood elevation (DFE) must protect up to 20-25 feet of flooding from the outset, and/or be designed to adapt in the future.



New drainage infrastructure will also be required to ensure the flood protection system works

- To ensure that stormwater does not "pond" or collect behind the coastal defense, a combination of pumping, storage, and green infrastructure solutions to manage stormwater are being considered.
- New drainage infrastructure will also ensure that the existing drainage system provides the same level of service under future sea level rise conditions.

Examples of Drainage Solutions in an Urban Environment



Manhattan Pump Station; Manhattan, NY Pump Station

Climate Tile; Copenhagen, Denmark Green Infrastructure

Coastal defense infrastructure, and the drainage infrastructure needed to support it, take **up a lot of space**, both above and below ground.

The FiDi-Seaport shoreline has limited on-land space available to site this infrastructure



The area has a complex web of underground infrastructure which also makes it challenging to site below grade infrastructure



In addition to underground subway tunnels which our system must protect and cross, if built on-land



Extending the shoreline would be beneficial:



Due to limited space along the water's edge, we need to consider going into the water to site **coastal defense infrastructure**



Our goal is to construct a flood protection system to keep water out during a storm or high tides while maintaining access to the waterfront and preserving open space & historic assets

But how much we extend the shoreline is limited for the following reasons:



At the same time, we recognize that the East River serves many vital functions, including home to many fish, invertebrates, and microorganisms. The potential impacts of any in-water option must be minimized and mitigated.



The East River also serves as an important waterway for the Coast Guard, emergency services, commuters, and in-water options cannot negatively impact navigation.

As we develop project options, it is imperative that we also comply with State and Federal rules and regulations, as these entities will be the decisionmakers on whether the project moves forward. This includes:

Avoiding: Fully assessing if an on-land option is possible to implement based on technical feasibility, impacts, and cost.

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Minimizing: If we must go into the water to site our coastal resilience infrastructure, we must justify every inch and demonstrate that we are minimizing our impact.



Mitigating: If we must go into the water, we must understand all potential impacts – including ecological, navigation, and scour (eroding of soils, piers, or other surfaces) – and demonstrate to the State and Federal government that we can mitigate, or reduce the severity of, any negative impacts.

We are currently conducting sampling to better understand the East River aquatic ecosystem

- Conducting one-year (Fall 2020-Summer 2021) aquatic sampling within the project area
 - Phytoplankton and zooplankton: Summer
 - Benthic macroinvertebrates: Fall, Spring, Summer
 - Fish: Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer
 - Sediment characteristics
 - Water quality (temperature, salinity, total nitrogen, etc.), water depth, and current velocity
- Preliminary results from October 2020 samples being analyzed



Grab sampling (East River channel)

Considering these other key priorities is critical to how we develop early project options.

The project must...





Maintain functionality and reliability of the regional **transportation** network, supporting future capacity needs while allowing for adaptation to future trends. Protect and ensure continuous ferry service at the many **maritime** hubs in the area.



visitors.



Ensure continuous public access to and along the waterfront and waterbased transportation.



Avoid or minimize negative impacts on existing **environmental resources** or ecosystem services, especially

aquatic resources.



Protect and preserve the area's **community and cultural resources**, including historic

assets, wherever possible.

What do our early project options look like?

What do our early project options look like?



On-land project option



Minimum shoreline extension project option





What are the project's **next steps**?

Where are we in the planning process?

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Our design process to determine project options

DEVELOP EARLY PROJECT OPTIONS

For each sub-area geography, what is the exhaustive set of flood protection strategies that should be considered?

Your feedback is essential!

WE ARE HERE

MIX & MATCH PROJECT OPTIONS ACROSS SUB-AREA GEOGRAPHIES

Which project options across each sub-area geography can be mixed and matched with others?

IDENTIFY PROJECT OPTIONS FOR FURTHER STUDY

Which project options best achieve our project's priorities and should be studied further?

Remove from Future Study:

- What project options do not meet our project's priorities?
- What project options are not technically feasible?

Evaluate and Refine:

- Which project options best achieve our project's priorities?
- Which project options are the least costly?
- Which project options are the most technically feasible to construct?
- Which project options have the clearest pathway for implementation?

How can you stay involved?

- Continue the conversation online: Explore our engagement portal to learn more about other aspects of this project and share your feedback through interactive features (<u>https://fidiseaportclimate.nyc/</u>)
- 2. Ask an Expert: Using our website, submit questions and comments to our team of engineers, urban planners, designers, and more!
- **3. Spring Open House**: We plan to share more details on potential project options and we look forward to your feedback!
- 4. Stay in touch! Sign up for our email newsletter to stay up-to-date on our website!

Where should I go now?



What should I expect in the workshops and how will my feedback be used?

