

New York City Department of Juvenile Justice
 Quarterly Incident Data Report
 Fiscal Year 2011 4th Quarter (April 1, 2011 - June 30, 2011)

Use of Physical Restraints¹ in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Physical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Bridges Juvenile Center	0	0	0	0
Crossroads Juvenile Center	377	75	3	72
Horizon Juvenile Center	203	27	1	26
Secure Facilities Subtotal	580	102	4	98
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	18	2	0	2
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	123	6	0	6
Detention Total	721	110	4	106

Use of Mechanical Restraints⁵ in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Bridges Juvenile Center	0	0	0	0
Crossroads Juvenile Center	137	47	1	46
Horizon Juvenile Center	76	10	0	10
Secure Facilities Subtotal	213	57	1	56
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	10	1	0	1
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	0	0	0	0
Detention Total	223	58	1	57

1 Physical restraints refer to physical hold techniques included in the Handle with Care® Behavior Management System and other non-offensive physical safety interventions.

2 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

3 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

4 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

5 Mechanical restraints refer to restraints involving the use of handcuffs, shackles, and flex-cuffs.

Data Source: Incident Database . Incident Database system conversion on 12/20/2010 affects some data aggregation techniques.

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Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody

	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injuries ¹	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury A ²	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury B ³
Bridges Juvenile Center	0	0	0	0
Crossroads Juvenile Center	135	56	4	52
Horizon Juvenile Center	97	38	8	30
Secure Facilities Subtotal	232	94	12	82
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	11	5	0	5
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	86	21	1	20
Detention Total	329	120	13	107

Other Incidents Resulting in Injuries* to Youth in Custody and Instances of Room Confinement

	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody ¹	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury A) ²	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury B) ³	Number of Room Confinements of Youth in Custody
Bridges Juvenile Center	0	0	0	0
Crossroads Juvenile Center	264	8	256	22
Horizon Juvenile Center	156	11	145	6
Secure Facilities Subtotal	420	19	401	28
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	4	0	4	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	97	9	88	0
Detention Total	521	28	493	28

*Note: The current incident reporting system does not provide the ability to count the number of other incident types where an injury to a youth in custody occurred. This functionality should be present starting during the third quarter of Fiscal Year 2010 (January 2011). In the interim, the data reported here reflect the number of accidents in detention, which often, though not always, result in youth needing medical treatment. Accidents most commonly refer to sports-related injuries and other routine minor accidents that occur both in detention and non-incarcerative environments.

1 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

2 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

3 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

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Length of Each Instance of the Use of Room Confinement

Horizon Room Confinements		Crossroads Room Confinements	
Length of Time	Number of Instances	Length of Time	Number of Instances
1 day, 15 hrs	6	1 day	2
		1 day, 1 hr	5
		1 day, 3 hrs	3
		1 day, 3.5 hours	3
		1 day, 4.5 hours	1
		1 day, 5 hours	1
		1 day, 9 hrs	1
		1 day, 15 hours	1
		1 day, 23.5 hours	1
		2 days	4
Total Instances	6	Total Instances	22

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