New York City Adminstration for Children's Services Quarterly Incident Data Report Fiscal Year 2012 1st Quarter (July 1, 2011 - September 30, 2011)

Use of <u>Physical Restraints</u>¹ in Detention on Youth in Custody

Detention Total

Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal

	Number of Physical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Bridges Juvenile Center	0	0	0	0
Crossroads Juvenile Center	193	28	0	28
Horizon Juvenile Center	229	24	2	22
Secure Facilities Subtotal	422	52	2	50
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	11	1	1	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	80	2	0	2
Detention Total	513	55	3	52

0

7

0

0

0

7

Use of <u>Mechanical Restraints</u> ⁵ in Detention on Youth in Custody				
	Number of Mechanical	Number of Mechanical Restraints	Number of Mechanical Restraints by	Number of Mechanical Restraints by
	Restraints by Department	by Staff on Youth in Custody	Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in	Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in
	Staff on Youth in Custody	resulting in Injury2	Injury A3	Injury B4
Bridges Juvenile Center	0	C	0 0	0
Crossroads Juvenile Center	45	2	. 0	2
Horizon Juvenile Center	57	4	0	4
Secure Facilities Subtotal	102	6	; O	6
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	4	1	. 0	1

1 Physical restraints refer to physical hold techniques included in the Handle with Care® Behavior Management System and other non-offensive physical safety interventions. 2 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B. 3 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff. 4 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff. 5 Mechanical restraints refer to restraints involving the use of handcuffs, shackles, and flex-cuffs.

Data Source: Incident Database as of November 30th, 2011; Incident Database system conversion on 12/20/2010 affects some data aggregation techniques. Per Introduction 153-A

0

106

New York City Adminstration for Children's Services Quarterly Incident Data Report Fiscal Year 2012 1st Quarter (July 1, 2011 - September 30, 2011)

Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody

Number of Figh		Number of Fights and Altercations	Number of Fights and Altercations	Number of Fights and Altercations
	Altercations between Youth	between Youth in Custody	between Youth in Custody Resulting	between Youth in Custody Resulting
	in Custody	Resulting in Injuries ¹	in Injury A ²	in Injury B ³
Crossroads Juvenile Center	79	31	0	31
Horizon Juvenile Center	108	52	8	44
Secure Facilities Subtotal	187	83	8	75
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	7	3	0	3
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	51	16	0	16
Detention Total	245	102	8	94

Other Incidents Resulting in Injuries* to Youth in Custody and Instances of Room Confinement

	Number of other Incidents	Number of other Incidents resulting	Number of other Incidents resulting in	Number of Deere Configurate of
	resulting in Injuries to Youth	in Injuries to Youth in Custody		Number of Room Confinements of
	in Custody ^{*1}	(Injury A) ²	Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury B) ³	Youth in Custody
Crossroads Juvenile Center	138	2	136	7
Horizon Juvenile Center	100	9	91	17
Secure Facilities Subtotal	238	11	227	24
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	9	1	8	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	80	4	76	0
Detention Total	327	16	311	24

* The data reported here reflect the number of injuries in detention, which often, though not always, result in youth needing medical treatment. Injuries refer to incidents occuring as a result of acts of

1 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B. 2 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff. 3 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

Per Introduction 153-A

Data Source: Incident Database as of November 30th, 2011; Incident Database system conversion on 12/20/2010 affects some data aggregation techniques.

New York City Adminstration for Children's Services Quarterly Incident Data Report Fiscal Year 2012 1st Quarter (July 1, 2011 - September 30, 2011)

Length of Each Instance of the Use of Room Confinement

Horizon Room Confinements		Crossroads Room Confinements	
Length of Time	Number of Instances	Length of Time	Number of Instances
2 days, 16hrs	4	2 days, 18hrs	2
2 days, 14hrs	1	2 days	1
2 days, 7hrs	1	1 day	4
2 days, 2.5hrs	1	Total Instances	7
2 days, 2.5hrs	1		
2 days, 2hrs	1		
2 days	2		
1 day, 20hrs	1		
1 day, 3hrs	4		
21hrs	1		
Total Instances	17		

Data Source: Incident Database as of November 30, 2011; Incident Database system conversion on 12/20/2010 affects some data aggregation techniques. Per Introduction 153-A