ARRESTING OFFICER


SEARCH OF ARRESTED PERSONS

To maximize security and minimize potential hazards to the arresting officer, the arrested person, and other Department personnel, the following guidelines are published for the information of all members of the service:

A. FRISK/FIELD SEARCH
   (1) A frisk, performed primarily to ensure the personal safety of the arresting officer, is a methodical external body examination of the arrested person conducted immediately after apprehension to find weapons, evidence, or contraband. The frisk should be conducted before or immediately after the subject is rear handcuffed, depending upon particular circumstances, temperament of the subject, and escape potential. A thorough external body examination is made by sliding the hand over the subject’s body, feeling for weapons or other objects, with special attention to the waistband, armpit, collar, and groin areas. If an unusual object is detected, the officer will reach into or under the clothing to remove it.

B. SEARCH AT POLICE FACILITY
   (1) Upon arrival at precinct of arrest or other Department facility, the arresting officer (if he/she is of the same gender as prisoner) or another designated member of the same gender as the prisoner, shall conduct a thorough search of the prisoner’s person and clothing to ensure the safety of all persons within the facility and to remove weapons, contraband, and evidence not discovered by the frisk. Other items lawfully carried but that are dangerous to life, may facilitate escape, or may be used to damage Department property will also be removed from the subject.

   (2) A search at a police facility, which is not the same as a “strip search,” includes the removal of outer garments such as overcoats, jackets, sweaters, vests, hats, wigs, ties, belts, shoes and socks, handbags, and wallets. All pockets are to be emptied and all clothing not removed will be examined by grabbing, crushing, and squeezing the garments and by sliding the hands across the body to detect articles that may be underneath or sewn to the clothing.

   (3) In order to achieve a balance between the privacy and personal dignity concerns of arrestees, the desk officer or supervisor supervising a search at a police facility shall assign a uniformed member to conduct the search as follows:
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a. In situations where an arrestee’s gender is not immediately apparent or an arrestee objects to the gender of the member assigned to perform the search, the desk officer or supervisor supervising the search will assign a uniformed member of the gender requested by the arrestee, consistent with officer safety and resource availability. Consistent with the privacy concerns of the arrestee, only those officers reasonably necessary to conduct the search should be present for the search.

b. Under no circumstances shall members of the service conduct searches for the purpose of determining gender. Additionally, officers shall not ask questions about an arrestee’s anatomy without a reasonable basis for doing so. Refer to P.G. 203-10, “Public Contact – Prohibited Conduct.”

NOTE

In the event the gender of the officer assigned to conduct the search differs from the gender requested by the arrestee, the desk officer or supervisor supervising the search shall make a detailed entry in the Command Log regarding the factors considered in assigning member(s) to conduct the search and identities of the uniformed member(s) who actually conducts the search.

C. STRIP SEARCH

(1) A strip search is any search in which an individual’s undergarments (e.g., bra, underwear, etc.) and/or private areas are exposed or in which an individual’s clothing is removed, lifted up, or pulled down to expose undergarments or private areas. A strip search of a prisoner may not be conducted routinely in connection with an arrest. Strip searches may only be conducted when the arresting officer reasonably suspects that weapons, contraband, or evidence may be concealed upon the person or in the clothing in such a manner that they may not be discovered by the previous search methods.

NOTE

If a strip search is conducted, such information will be entered in the Command Log, arresting officer’s ACTIVITY LOG (PD112-145), and also documented on the ON-LINE BOOKING SYSTEM ARREST WORKSHEET (PD244-159) or the ARREST REPORT - SUPPLEMENT (PD244-157). A subsequent strip search will not be conducted unless there is reasonable belief that the subject has acquired a weapon or contraband.

(2) The arresting officer requesting authorization to conduct a strip search must describe the factual basis for the request to the officer’s immediate supervisor/borough Court Section supervisor. A supervisor will authorize a strip search only when an arresting officer has articulated a reasonable suspicion that the individual is concealing evidence,
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contraband, or a weapon. Note, this is a different standard than the probable cause required for the arrest. The immediate supervisor of the arresting officer/borough Court Section supervisor, based on the facts presented, will determine if a strip search should be conducted. The supervisor authorizing the strip search is responsible for ensuring the search is conducted properly.

(3) Other factors that should be considered in determining whether an appropriate basis exists for a strip search include the nature of the crime (i.e., serious violent felony), arrest circumstances, subject’s reputation (i.e., extremely violent person), acts of violence, unaccounted “hits” on magnetometers or walk-through metal detectors, and any discoveries or information from previous searches of the same individual or others arrested with him/her.

NOTE In cases where there is a disagreement between the desk officer and an arresting officer’s immediate supervisor from an outside command as to whether or not to conduct the strip search, the desk officer will notify the precinct/police service area/transit district commanding officer or duty captain. The precinct/police service area/transit district commanding officer or duty captain will make the final decision whether or not to conduct the strip search.

(4) A strip search shall be conducted only by a member of the same gender as the arrested person, in a secure area, in utmost privacy, and in the presence of only those members of the service reasonably necessary to conduct the search. In order to achieve a balance between the privacy and personal dignity concerns of arrestees, the desk officer or supervisor supervising a strip search shall assign a uniformed member to conduct the search as follows:

a. In situations where an arrestee’s gender is not immediately apparent or an arrestee objects to the gender of the member assigned to perform the search, the desk officer or supervisor supervising the search will assign a uniformed member of the gender requested by the arrestee, consistent with officer safety and resource availability.

b. Under no circumstances shall members of the service conduct searches for the purpose of determining gender. Additionally, officers shall not ask questions about an arrestee’s anatomy without a reasonable basis for doing so. Refer to P.G. 203-10, “Public Contact – Prohibited Conduct.”

NOTE In the event the gender of the officer assigned to conduct the search differs from the gender requested by the arrestee, the desk officer or supervisor supervising the search shall make a detailed entry in the Command Log regarding the factors considered in assigning member(s) to conduct the search and identities of the uniformed member(s) who actually conducts the search.
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It should not be necessary to touch the subject’s body, except for the examination of the hair. UNDER NO CONDITIONS SHALL A BODY CAVITY SEARCH BE CONDUCTED BY ANY MEMBER OF THE SERVICE. If pursuant to a strip search, any object or foreign material is visually detected within any body cavity of the suspect, the desk officer will be notified immediately. The object WILL NOT be removed without first obtaining a search warrant. Once the search warrant is obtained, members of the service must seek the assistance of a medical professional in order to remove the object.

(5) A strip search will not be conducted after a decision is made to void an arrest or to release the prisoner immediately upon issuance of a summons.

RELATED PROCEDURES
- Public Contact - Prohibited Conduct (P.G. 203-10)
- Arrests - Removal to Department Facility for Processing (P.G. 208-02)
- Arrests - General Processing (P.G. 208-03)
- Arrests - Security Measures (P.G. 208-06)
- Arrest Report Preparation at Stationhouse (P.G. 208-15)
- Arrests - License Checks, Warrant Name Checks and Notifications to the Organized Crime Control Bureau Field Operations Desk (P.G. 208-21)

FORMS AND REPORTS
- ACTIVITY LOG (PD112-145)
- ARREST REPORT - SUPPLEMENT (PD244-157)
- ON-LINE BOOKING SYSTEM ARREST WORKSHEET (PD244-159)