telephone number and email address information are submitted by your company/messenger service when picking up bid documents. Use the following address unless otherwise specified in notice, to secure, examine or submit bid/proposal documents, vendor pre-qualification and other forms; specifications/blueprints; other information; and for opening and reading of bids at date and time specified above.

Parks and Recreation, Olmsted Center, Room 64, Flushing Meadows - Corona Park, Flushing, NY 11368. Kylie Murphy (718) 760-6855; kylie.murphy@parks.nyc.gov

![Sanitation](#)

**Agency Chief Contracting Office**

- **Award**
  
  Goods and Services

**Generators, Portable, and Engine Driven** - Innovative Procurement - Other - PIN# 20195090214 - AMT: $22,000.00 - TO: Finesse Creations, 3004 Avenue J, Brooklyn, NY 11210. MWBE Award Kohler Automotive Replacement Parts.

- **Stainless and Aluminum Expanded Metal** - Innovative Procurement - Other - PIN# 20195090217 - AMT: $100,000.00 - TO: Moore Metals, 2 Kuniholm Drive, Holliston, MA 01810. MWBE Award.

![Transportation](#)

**Traffic**

- **Solicitation**
  
  Construction/Construction Services

**Proactive Furnishing, Installation and Removal of Electrical Traffic Signal Equipment to Control Traffic at Specific Locations** - Competitive Sealed Bids - PIN# 84119MBTR305 - Due 1-24-19 at 11:00 A.M.

The MBE goal for this contract is 12 percent. The WBE goal for this contract is 18 percent. A printed copy of the bid can also be purchased. A deposit of $50.00 is required for the bid documents in the form of a Certified Check or Money Order payable to: New York City Department of Transportation. NO CASH ACCEPTED. Company address, telephone number and fax numbers are required when picking up contract documents. (Entrance is located on the South Side of the Building facing the Vietnam Veterans Memorial). Proper government issued identification is required for entry to the building (driver’s license, passport, etc.). A Pre-Bid Meeting (Optional) will be held on January 7, 2019, at 2:00 P.M., at 55 Water Street, Ground Floor, Conference Room, New York, NY 10041. For additional information, please contact Sharil Choudhry, at (212) 839-4370.

Use the following address unless otherwise specified in notice, to secure, examine or submit bid/proposal documents, vendor pre-qualification and other forms; specifications/blueprints; other information; and for opening and reading of bids at date and time specified above.

Transportation, Contract Management Unit, 55 Water Street, Ground Floor, New York, NY 10041. Bid Window (212) 839-9435;

![Contract Award Hearings](#)

**Note:** Location(s) are accessible to individuals using wheelchairs or other mobility devices. For further information on accessibility or to make a request for accommodations, such as sign language interpretation services, please contact the Mayor’s Office of Contract Services (MOCS) via email at: disabilityaffairs@mocts.nyc.gov or via phone at (212) 788-0010. Any person requiring reasonable

**Accommodation for the Public Hearing Should Contact MOCS at least three (3) business days in advance of the hearing to ensure availability.**

![Campaign Finance Board](#)

**Notice**

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the authority vested in the New York City Conflicts of Interest Board that a Contract Public Hearing, will be held at the Campaign Finance Board, 100 Church Street, 12th Floor, New York, NY 10007, on January 7, 2019, commencing at 10:00 A.M. on the following:

**In the Matter of** the following two proposed contract awards:

A proposed contract between the New York City Campaign Finance Board (CFB) and the Contractor listed below, for the provision of Design, Formatting, and Prepress Production Services for NYC Voter Guides 2019-2022 and Other Projects (RFP PIN# 004201900002). The term of the contract shall be three years from the date of registration, with the possibility of a two-year renewal.

**Contractor/Address**

Unimac Graphics
350 Michelle Place
Carlstadt, NJ

A proposed contract between the New York City Campaign Finance Board (CFB) and the Contractor listed below, for the provision of Printing, Binding, and Mailing Services for Voter Guides and Other Projects (RFP PIN# 004201900003). The term of the contract shall be three years from the date of registration, with the possibility of a two-year renewal.

**Contractor/Address**

212/Harakawa Inc DBA Two Twelve
236 West 27th Street, Suite 802
New York, NY 10001

Both proposed Contractors were selected by means of a Request for Proposals (RFP), pursuant to Section 3-03 of the Procurement Policy Board Rules.

A draft copy of each contract is available for inspection at the CFB, 100 Church Street, 12th Floor, New York, NY 10007, on business days (excluding legal holidays) from December 21, 2018 to January 7, 2019, between 9:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M.

Anyone who wishes to speak at this public hearing should request to do so in writing. The written request must be received by the Campaign Finance Board within five business days after publication of this notice. Written requests should be sent to Chandler Hart-McGonigle, Campaign Finance Board, 100 Church Street, 12th Floor, New York, NY 10007, or CHart-McGonigle@nycfb.info. If the CFB receives no written requests to speak within the prescribed time, the CFB reserves the right not to conduct the public hearing, pursuant to Section 2-11(c)(3) of the Procurement Policy Board Rules. In such case, a notice will be published in The City Record canceling the public hearing.

Accessibility questions: Chandler Hart-McGonigle, (212) 409-1745, by: Monday, December 31, 2018, 5:00 P.M.

![Agency Rules](#)

**Conflicts of Interest Board**

**Notice**

Notice of Adoption of Final Rules

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the authority vested in the New York City Conflicts of Interest Board that a Contract Public Hearing, will be held at the Campaign Finance Board, 100 Church Street, 12th Floor, New York, NY 10007, on January 7, 2019, commencing at 10:00 A.M. on the following:
OF INTEREST BOARD by Section 1043 of the City Charter and Section 3-907 of the New York City Administrative Code, that the Conflicts of Interest Board has adopted Board Rules that (1) move its Rules regarding annual disclosure to a new Chapter 4; (2) adopt a new rule defining "other similar entity" as used in New York City Charter § 2604(b)(11), which defines the term "firm"; and (3) adopt a new rule defining business or financial relationship for the purposes of Chapter § 2604(b)(14).

The proposed Rules were published in the City Record on November 1, 2018, and a public hearing was held on December 5, 2018. No testimony or comments were received. The Conflicts of Interest Board now adopts the following Rules, including a conforming amendment in the text of the new § 1-10(a)(2) regarding the limit on purchases and sales of property between superiors and subordinates.

Statement of Basis and Purpose
Reorganization of Rules

In the Section 1 of this rulemaking, the Board moves four sections of the Rules of the Board from Chapter 1, entitled "Conflicts of Interest," to a new Chapter 4, entitled "Annual Disclosure"; Section 1-08, "Procedures for Obtaining an Extension of Time Within Which to File a Financial Disclosure Report"; Section 1-10, "Retention of Financial Disclosure Reports"; Section 1-14, "City Employees Holding Pecuniary Interests in Other Matters". These four sections, promulgated in 1992, 1994, 2003, and 2005 respectively, are an integral part of the administration of the Annual Disclosure Law set forth in Section 12-110 of the New York City Administrative Code, and not determinations made about "conflicts of interest" under Chapter 68 of the City Charter. By creating a new Chapter 4, the Board's Rules will be better organized, and each chapter of rules will be more clearly related to the other rules within the same chapter. The text of the four relocated Board Rules remain otherwise unchanged.

New Definition of "Other Similar Entity" within the definition of "Firm"

The Board adopts a new definition of "other similar entity" within the definition of "firm," to be numbered § 1-08. Several provisions of the City Charter are relevant to the new definition. At the threshold, City Charter § 2601(11) defines "firm" as follows:

"Firm" means sole proprietorship, joint venture, partnership, corporation, or other form of business enterprise, but shall not include a public benefit corporation, local development corporation or other similar entity as defined by rule of the board.

Another key term, "interest," is defined by §2601(12) to mean an "ownership interest in a firm or position with a firm."

Moreover, the term "firm" is implicated by various provisions of City Charter §§ 2604(a) ("Prohibited interests") and 2604(b) ("Prohibited conduct and financial or other similar relationships") to describe a full-time public servant from having an interest in a firm which such person knows is engaged in business dealings with his or her agency (except as addressed by paragraph (3) of subdivision (a)). Charter § 2604(b)(1) addresses the issue of a public servant taking an action particularly affecting the interest he or she has an interest. Paragraph (b)(3) prohibits a public servant from using or attempting to use his or her position to benefit himself or any person or firm associated with him or her; and paragraph (b)(5) bars a public servant from accepting any valuable gift (as defined by Board Rule 1-01) from any person or firm which the public servant knows is or intends to become engaged in business dealings with the City.

As noted above, Charter § 2604(a)(1) prohibits a full-time public servant from having an ownership interest or position in a firm that is engaged in business dealings with the City. This means that any full-time public servant who wishes to have a second job with a firm that has business dealings with any City agency must obtain a waiver from the Board to have such an interest or position. Charter § 2601(11) already permits public servants to acquire benefit corporations and local development corporations from the definition of "firm" and grants the Board the authority to exempt "similar entities" that it defines by rule.

The Board's new Rule in § 1-08 clarifies the entities with which public servants may take positions, such as by taking a second job at the entity, serving on its board, or teaching a class as an adjunct teacher, as well as specific examples. A waiver from the Board is required in § 2604(a)(1) of the City Charter adopting this Rule because over the years it has advised numerous public servants that their proposed activities would not violate Chapter 68 because their prospective employer or ownership interest does not fall within the ambit of "firm" or the purposes of City Charter § 2601(11). See, e.g., A.O. Nos. 992-20, 1994-10, 1997-1, 1999-6, 2000-1, and 2005-2. The Board includes "New York State local public authorities," as defined in the New York Public Authorities Law § 2(2), as entities exempted from the definition of "firm." The Board also limits the definition of "local development corporation," as used in Charter § 2601(11), to those local development corporations established by, affiliated with, sponsored by, or created by a unit of New York State government and not to include any private local development corporations. As stated in the Rule, the term "other similar entity" includes, but is not limited to, the listed entities; this list is not exclusive.

Public servants who have second jobs with entities that are not "firms" remain subject to other fundamental requirements of Chapter 68, including, but not limited to: their work for the other employing entity must be conducted during the same hours when they are not performing services for the City (Charter § 2604(b)(2), Board Rules § 1-13(a); they may not use City equipment, letterhead, personnel, or other City resources in connection with their second jobs at the employer entity (Charter § 2604(b)(8) or Board Rules § 1-13(a); they may not make any appearances before the City on behalf of the employing entity (Charter § 2604(b)(6)); and lastly, they may not be compensated by the employing entity for performing any services to the City (Charter § 2604(b)(4)); they may not make any appearances before the City on behalf of the employing entity (Charter § 2604(b)(6)); and lastly, they may not be compensated by the employing entity for performing any services to the City (Charter § 2604(b)(4)); they may not make any appearances before the City on behalf of the employing entity (Charter § 2604(b)(6)); and lastly, they may not be compensated by the employing entity for performing any services to the City (Charter § 2604(b)(4)); they may not make any appearances before the City on behalf of the employing entity (Charter § 2604(b)(6)).

New Definition of "Business or Financial Relationship" as Used in City Charter § 2604(b)(14)

City Charter § 2604(b)(14) provides as follows: "No public servant shall enter into any business or financial relationship with another public servant who is a superior or subordinate of such public servant." Charter § 2604(b)(14) recognizes the potential for coercion or favoritism that exists when co-workers who occupy different positions in a City government office hierarchy, in which one person has authority over another, enter into business or financial relationships.

The Board has repeatedly been asked to provide advice about whether public servants may enter into certain relationships with their co-workers, supervisors, and subordinates. Its numerous advisory opinions on this topic include A.O. Nos. 1992-28 (prohibiting a subordinate from representing a superior as his or her attorney); 1998-12 (prohibiting superiors from selling anything to subordinates but permitting subordinates to sell a limited amount of commercial and proprietary projects to superiors); 2001-3 (prohibiting a superior from entering into a business or financial relationship with a subordinate and a superior may not enter into an attorney-client relationship); 2003-6 (advising that a public servant may be compensated for voluntarily working on his or her superior's political campaign); 2004-2 (advising that a superior and subordinate in the same lottery pool was an impermissible financial relationship). Moreover, numerous enforcement actions have been initiated over the years that have resulted in fines for public servants found to have violated this prohibition. Examples include COIB Case Nos. 2016-057 (2017) (a New York City Department of Education ("DOE") School Principal was issued a public warning letter for being regularly teacher she supervised as her Principal); 2016-600 (2017) (a DOE Assistant Principal was issued a public warning letter for being regularly teacher she supervised as her Principal); 2017-5 (advising that participation in the same savings club); 2004-3 (advising that a superior and subordinate may not participate in the same savings club); 2004-3 (advising that no financial relationship between a community board member and a member of the community board's staff is prohibited); 2012-5 (reiterating that a public servant may be compensated for voluntarily working on his or her superior's political campaign and advising that a superior and subordinate may volunteer on the same campaign and in that capacity one may supervise the other); 2013-1 (advising that while it generally violates Chapter 68 for superiors to solicit or accept gifts from their subordinates, the Board can determine that giving is not extremely frequent or extravagant; furthermore, public servants can accept gifts from their peers); 2017-5 (advising that participation by a superior and subordinate in the same lottery pool was an impermissible financial relationship).

Moreover, numerous enforcement actions have been initiated over the years that have resulted in fines for public servants found to have violated this prohibition. Examples include COIB Case Nos. 2016-057 (2017) (a New York City Department of Education ("DOE") School Principal was issued a public warning letter for being regularly teacher she supervised as her Principal); 2016-600 (2017) (a DOE Assistant Principal was issued a public warning letter for being regularly teacher she supervised as her Principal); 2017-5 (advising that participation in the same savings club); 2004-3 (advising that a superior and subordinate may not participate in the same savings club); 2004-3 (advising that no financial relationship between a community board member and a member of the community board's staff is prohibited); 2012-5 (reiterating that a public servant may be compensated for voluntarily working on his or her superior's political campaign and advising that a superior and subordinate may volunteer on the same campaign and in that capacity one may supervise the other); 2013-1 (advising that while it generally violates Chapter 68 for superiors to solicit or accept gifts from their subordinates, the Board can determine that giving is not extremely frequent or extravagant; furthermore, public servants can accept gifts from their peers); 2017-5 (advising that participation by a superior and subordinate in the same lottery pool was an impermissible financial relationship).

The Board has made one small substantive change to Board Rules § 1-10(a)(2) since its publication in the City Record. In this paragraph, it was the Board's intention to codify the advice given in Advisory Opinion A.O. 49-1988-12 regarding the rule. In order to better conform with the other provisions of the Rule, Board Rules § 1-10(a)(2) has been revised to remove the one-year cap.

The Board therefore adopts this Rule to clarify which relationships between superiors and their subordinates are deemed to be business or financial relationships for the purposes of Charter § 2604(b)(14) and are therefore prohibited. This section prohibits a public servant from entering into any of the enumerated relationships
with any other public servant who either is supervised by him/her or is supervising his/her work, or who has the power to direct his/her work, or whose work he/she directs, or whose terms and conditions of employment the superior public servant has the power to affect or who could affect the terms and conditions of the subordinate public servant’s employment. As stated in the Rule, the term “business or financial relationship” includes, but is not limited to, the listed relationships; this list is not exclusive.

New material is underlined.

[Deleted material is in brackets.]

Section 1. Title 53 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended by adding a new Chapter 4, entitled “Annual Disclosure”.

§ 2. Section 1-09 of Title 53 of the Rules of the City of New York, entitled “Procedures for Obtaining an Extension of Time Within Which to File a Financial Disclosure Report”, is renumbered as § 4-01 of Chapter 4 of such title, as added by section 1 of this rulemaking.

§ 3. Section 1-10 of Title 53 of the Rules of the City of New York, entitled “Retention of Financial Disclosure Reports”, is renumbered as § 4-02 of Chapter 4 of such title, as added by section 1 of this rulemaking.

§ 4. Section 1-11 of Title 53 of the Rules of the City of New York, entitled “City Employees Holding Policymaking Positions for Purposes of the Financial Disclosure Law”, is renumbered as § 4-03 of Chapter 4 of such title, as added by section 1 of this rulemaking.

§ 5. Section 1-12 of Title 53 of the Rules of the City of New York, entitled “City Employees Whose Duties Involve the Negotiation, Authorization, or Approval of Contracts and of Certain Other Matters”, is renumbered as § 4-04 of Chapter 4 of such title, as added by section 1 of this rulemaking.

§ 6. Chapter 1 of Title 53 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended by adding a new § 1-08 to read as follows:

§ 1-08 Definition of “other similar entity” within the definition of “firm”.

(a) For the purposes of Charter § 2601(11), the term “other similar entity” includes, but is not limited to, any of the following entities:

1. local, state, and federal governments and their agencies;
2. New York State public authorities;
3. New York local public authorities;
4. the United Nations;
5. the United States Postal Service;
6. the State University of New York;
7. the City University of New York;
8. the Brooklyn Public Library;
9. the Queens Public Library; and
10. charter schools created, pursuant to New York State Education Law Article 56.

(b) For the purposes of Charter § 2601(11), the term “local

development corporation” includes only local development corporations affiliated with, sponsored by, or created by New York State government or by a New York county, city, town, or village.

§ 7. Chapter 1 of Title 53 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended by adding a new § 1-10 to read as follows:

§ 1-10 Prohibited Business or Financial Relationships Between a Superior and a Subordinate.

(a) For purposes of Charter § 2604(b)(14), the term “business or financial relationship” between a superior and subordinate includes but is not limited to:

1. outstanding loans collectively amounting to $25.00 or more;
2. a purchase or sale of any property valued at $25.00 or more;
3. the leasing of any property;
4. cohabitation;
5. participation in a lottery pool;
6. participation in a savings club;
7. shared ownership of real property or any other property worth more than $100,000;
8. shared ownership of financial instruments;
9. shared ownership interest in a firm other than a publicly traded company;
10. shared ownership interest in a cooperative apartment building with fewer than six units;
11. employer-employee, consultant-contractor, attorney-client, agent-principal, brokerage, or other similar relationships;
12. establishing a trust or serving as a trustee of a trust in which one of them or a person associated with one of them has a beneficial interest; and
13. payment of each other’s recurring expenses such as rent or payments for a vehicle.

(b) Expenses for activities related to public servants’ City jobs which are shared between public servants, including superiors and subordinates, such as expenses related to a carpool or a coffee club, will not be deemed a “business or financial relationship” within the meaning of Charter § 2604(b)(14) if:

1. the benefit is shared by the participants; and
2. each public servant bears a fair proportion of the expense or effort involved for the activity.

§ 8. The titles of Sections 1-14 and 1-15 of Chapter 1 of Title 53 of the Rules of the City of New York are amended to read, respectively, as follows:

§ 1-14 [City Employees Holding Policymaking Positions for Purposes of the Financial Disclosure Law] Reserved.

§ 1-15 [City Employees Whose Duties Involve the Negotiation, Authorization, or Approval of Contracts and of Certain Other Matters] Reserved.
City Charter § 2604(b)(14) provides as follows: “No public servant shall enter into any business or financial relationship with another public servant who is a superior or subordinate of such public servant.” Charter § 2604(b)(14) recognizes the potential for coercion or favoritism that exists when co-workers who occupy different positions in a City government office hierarchy, in which one person has authority over another, enter into business or financial relationships.

The Board has repeatedly been asked to provide advice about whether public servants may enter into certain relationships with their co-workers, supervisors, and subordinates. Its numerous advisory opinions on this topic include A.O. Nos. 1992-28 (prohibiting a subordinate from representing a superior as his attorney); 1998-12 (prohibiting superiors from selling anything to subordinates but permitting subordinates to sell a limited amount of commercial and charitable projects to a superior); 2001-3 (reiterating that a subordinate and a superior may not enter into an attorney-client relationship); 2003-6 (advising that a public servant may be compensated for voluntarily working on his or her superior’s political campaign); 2004-2 (advising that a superior and subordinate cannot participate in the same savings club); 2004-3 (advising that any financial relationship between a community board member and a member of the community board’s staff is prohibited); 2012-5 (reiterating that a public servant may be compensated for voluntarily working on his or her superior’s political campaign and advising that a superior and subordinate may volunteer on the same campaign and in that capacity one may supervise the other); 2013-1 (advising that while it generally violates Chapter 68 for superiors to solicit or accept gifts from their subordinates, superiors can do so long as such gift-giving is not extremely frequent or extravagant; furthermore, public servants can accept gifts from their peers); 2017-5 (advising that participation by a superior and subordinate in the same lottery pool was an impermissible financial relationship).

Moreover, numerous enforcement actions have been initiated over the years that have resulted in fines for public servants found to have violated this prohibition. Examples include COIB Case Nos. 2016-057 (2017) (a New York City Department of Education (“DOE”) Superintendent paid a $3,000 fine for having sold her house to a teacher she supervised as her Principal); 2016-600 (2017) (a DOE Principal was issued a public warning letter for being regularly driven to and from work by a subordinate); 2015-858(a) (2017) (a former Director of Contracts and Construction in the New York City Department of Transportation’s Traffic Division paid a $4,000 fine for, over the course of three years, lending and repaying his subordinate more than $40,000); and 2016-902 and 902a (2017) (a DOE Assistant Principal and a teacher whom he supervised at the school found to have entered into an impermissible financial relationships by cohabitating and were fined $3,750 and $1,752, respectively).

The Board has made one small substantive change to Board Rules § 1-10(a)(2) since its publication in the City Record. In this paragraph, it was the Board’s intention to codify the advice given in Advisory Opinion No. 1998-12 regarding the sale of property. In keeping with
that intention, and in order to be more consistent with the other provisions of the Rule, Board Rules § 1-10(a)(2) has been revised to remove the one-year cap.

The Board therefore adopts this Rule to clarify which relationships between superiors and their subordinates are deemed to be business or financial relationships for the purposes of Charter § 2604(b)(14) and are therefore prohibited. This section prohibits a public servant from entering into any of the enumerated relationships with any other public servant who either is supervised by him/her or is supervising his/her work, or who has the power to direct his/her work, or whose work he/she directs, or whose terms and conditions of employment the superior public servant has the power to affect or who could affect the terms and conditions of the subordinate public servant’s employment. As stated in the Rule, the term “business or financial relationship” includes, but is not limited to, the listed relationships; this list is not exclusive.