

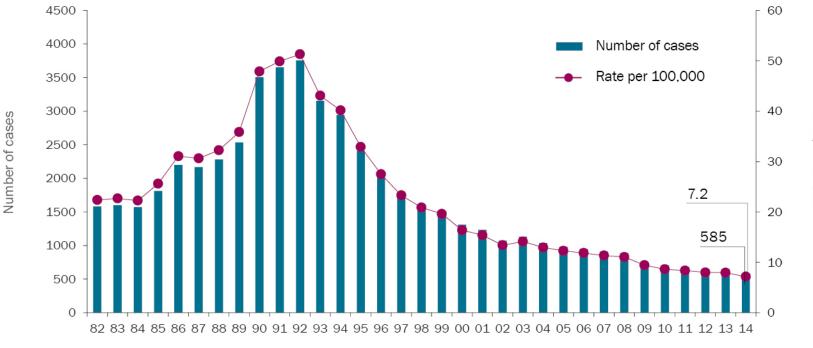
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STOPPING TB TOGETHER

NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

BUREAU OF TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL ANNUAL SUMMARY, 2014

TUBERCULOSIS CASES AND RATES,¹ NEW YORK CITY, 1982-2014



Year

Rate per 100,000



TUBERCULOSIS CASES AND RATES¹ BY AGE, NEW YORK CITY, 2005-2014



1. Rates are based on NYC DOHMH population estimates, modified from U.S. Census Bureau interpolated intercensal population estimates, 2000-2013. Updated August 2014.



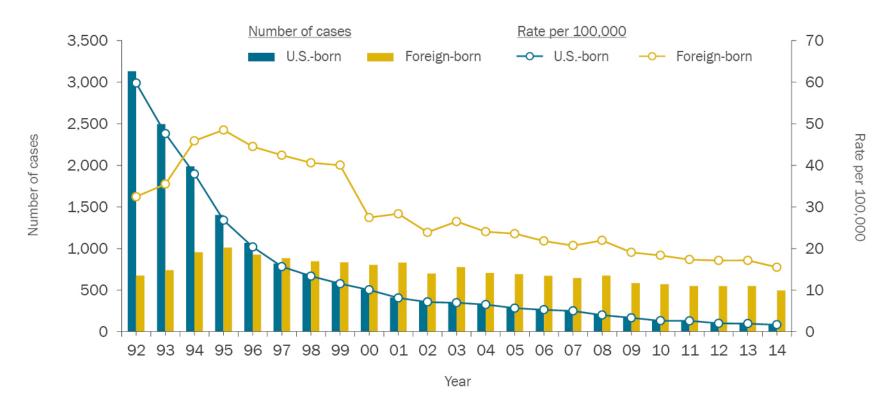
TUBERCULOSIS CASES AND RATES¹ BY SEX, NEW YORK CITY, 2005-2014



 Rates are based on NYC DOHMH population estimates, modified from U.S. Census Bureau interpolated intercensal population estimates, 2000-2013. Updated August 2014.



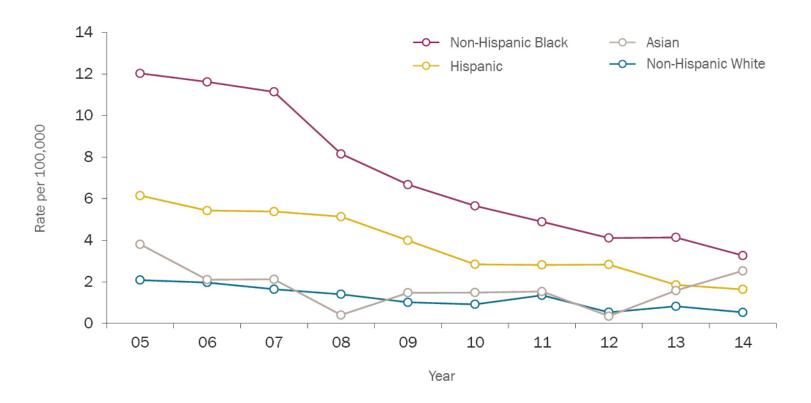
TUBERCULOSIS CASES AND RATES¹ BY BIRTH IN THE U.S.² NEW YORK CITY, 1992-2014



- 1. Rates prior to 2000 are based on 1990 U.S. Census data. Rates for 2000-2005 are based on 2000 U.S. Census data. Rates after 2005 are based on 3-year American Community Survey data centered on the given year or the most recent available data.
- 2. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. Excludes cases with unknown country of birth,



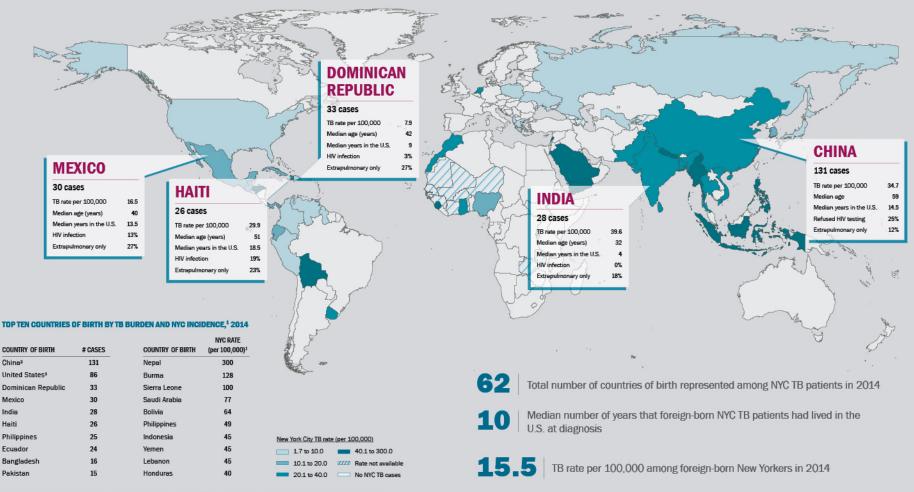
TUBERCULOSIS RATES¹ AMONG PERSONS BORN IN THE U.S. BY RACE/ETHNICITY NEW YORK CITY, 2005-2014



Rates are based on 1-year American Community Survey Public Use Microdata Sample data for the given year or the most recent available data.
U.S.-born includes invididuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories.



TUBERCULOSIS CASES AND RATES¹ BY COUNTRY OF BIRTH,²⁻³ NEW YORK CITY, 2014



 Rates are based on 2013 American Community Survey Public Use Microdata Sample data. 2. China includes individuals born in Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau S. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. Two cases had unknown country of birth.

TOP TEN COUNTRIES OF BIRTH BY TUBERCULOSIS BURDEN AND INCIDENCE,¹ NEW YORK CITY, 2014

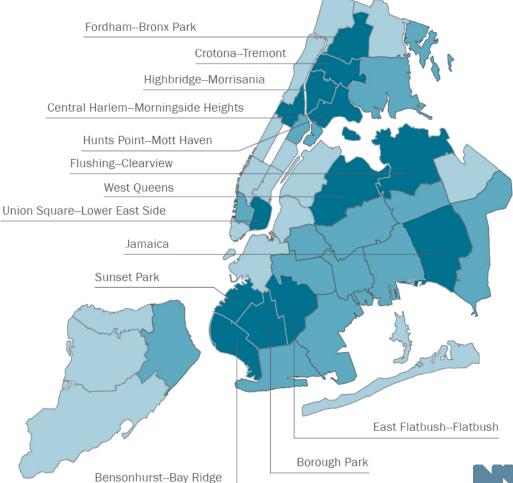
NYC RATE

COUNTRY OF BIRTH	# CASES	COUNTRY OF BIRTH	(per 100,000) ¹
China ²	131	Nepal	300
United States ³	86	Burma	128
Dominican Republic	33	Sierra Leone	100
Mexico	30	Saudi Arabia	77
India	28	Bolivia	64
Haiti	26	Philippines	49
Philippines	25	Indonesia	45
Ecuador	24	Yemen	45
Bangladesh	16	Lebanon	45
Pakistan	15	Honduras	40

1. Rates are based on 2013 American Community Survey Public Use Microdata Sample data. 2. China includes individuals born in Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau. 3. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. Two cases had unknown country of birth.



TUBERCULOSIS RATES¹ BY UNITED HOSPITAL FUND NEIGHBORHOOD, NEW YORK CITY, 2014



Rate per 100.000

- Below national rate (1.1 to 3.0)
- Below citywide rate (3.1 to 7.2)
- Above citywide rate (7.3 to 23.1)
- Rates are based on NYC DOHMH population estimates, modified from U.S. Census Bureau interpolated intercensal population estimates, 2000-2013. Updated August 2014.



TUBERCULOSIS CASES AND RATES¹ BY AREA-BASED POVERTY LEVEL²⁻³ AND BIRTH IN THE U.S.,⁴ NEW YORK CITY, 2014

Area-based poverty level ²	Number of U.Sborn cases	U.Sborn rate	Number of foreign-born cases	Foreign- born rate	Total number of cases	Total NYC rate
30 to 100%	27	2.6	92	17.4	120	7.7
20 to <30%	28	2.3	172	19.7	200	9.6
10 to <20%	21	1.3	195	15.8	217	7.5
Less than 10%	10	0.9	37	7.8	48	2.9

1. Rates are based on 2008-2012 American Community Survey data.

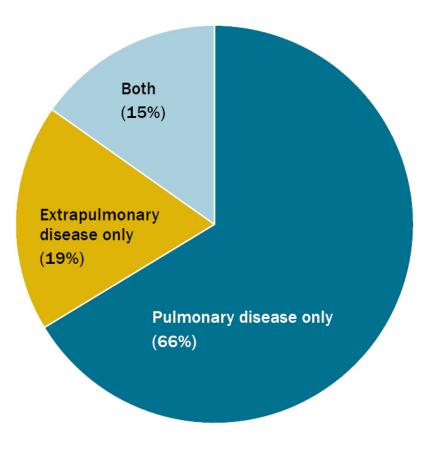
2. Area-based poverty level is based on 2008-2012 American Community Survey data on the proportion of ZIP code residents living below the Federal poverty limit.

3. Cases were assigned to a ZIP code based on their residence at TB diagnosis.

4. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. Two cases had unknown country of birth.



TUBERCULOSIS CASES BY DISEASE SITE NEW YORK CITY, 2014 (N=585)



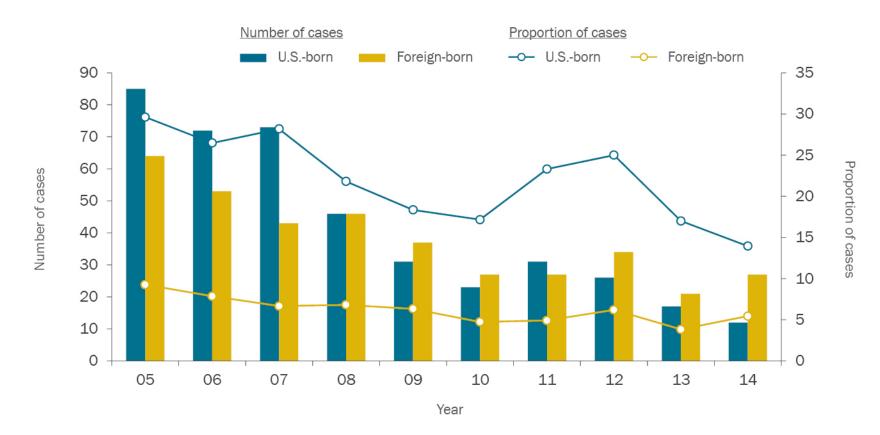
Disease site¹ among tuberculosis cases with any extrapulmonary disease, New York City, 2014 (n=198)

Disease site:	n	%
Lymphatic	83	42%
Pleural	55	28%
Bone/joint	16	8%
Meningeal	15	8%
Genitourinary	9	5%
Peritoneal	11	6%
Laryngeal	1	1%
Other	30	15%

1. Categories are not mutually exclusive.



HIV INFECTION AMONG TUBERCULOSIS CASES BY BIRTH IN THE U.S.,¹ NEW YORK CITY, 2005-2014



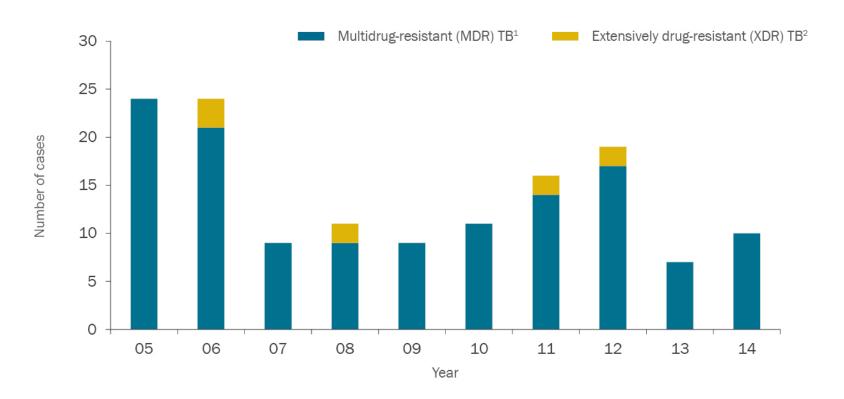


NUMBER AND PROPORTION OF CULTURE-CONFIRMED TUBERCULOSIS (TB) CASES AMONG ALL TB CASES, NEW YORK CITY, 2005-2014





MULTIDRUG RESISTANCE AMONG TUBERCULOSIS CASES, NEW YORK CITY, 2005-2014

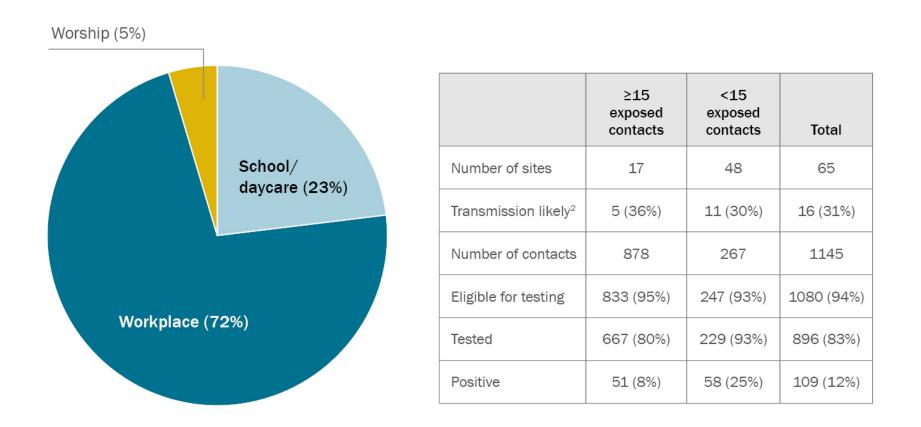


1. Multidrug-resistant (MDR) TB is defined as resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin.

2. Extensively drug-resistant (XDR) TB is defined as resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin plus a fluoroquinolone and a second-line injectable anti-TB medication.



TUBERCULOSIS EPIDEMIOLOGIC INVESTIGATIONS IN CONGREGATE SETTINGS BY SITE TYPE, NUMBER OF EXPOSED CONTACTS, AND TRANSMISSION ASSESSMENT, NEW YORK CITY, 2014 (N=65)

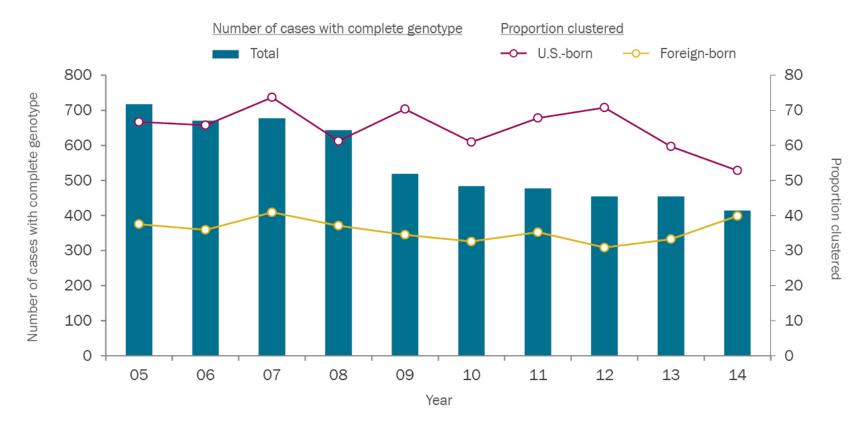


1. Excludes healthcare-associated investigations (n=160).

2. Proportion calculated among investigations where transmission could be assessed.



NUMBER OF CULTURE-POSITIVE TUBERCULOSIS CASES WITH COMPLETE GENOTYPE¹ AND PROPORTION CLUSTERED² BY BIRTH IN THE U.S.,³ NEW YORK CITY, 2005-2014

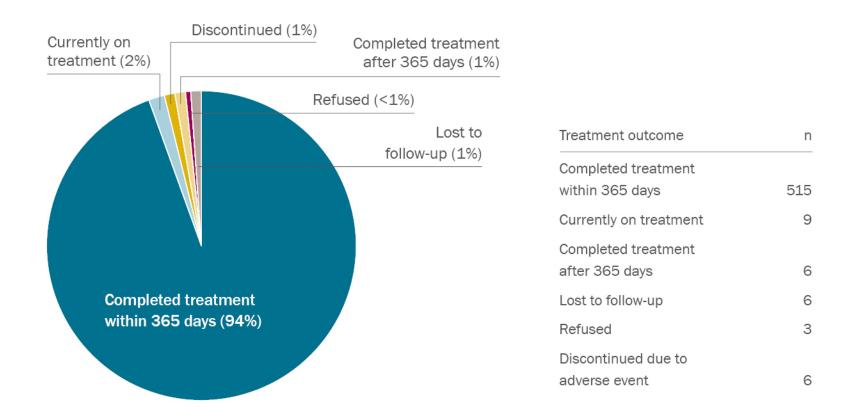


1. Complete genotype is defined as a valid spacer oligonucleotide typing (spoligotype) and IS6110 restriction length polymorphism analysis (RFLP) result.

2. Cases were defined as clustered if they had similar or exact-matching RFLP and spoligotype results to at least one other TB case counted in NYC since January 1, 2001. Proportion is among cases with valid and complete genotype results available.

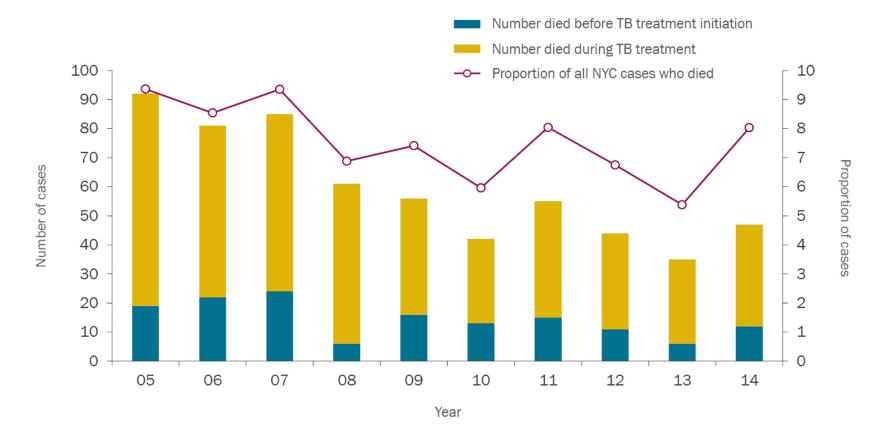
3. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. Excludes cases with unknown country of birth.

TREATMENT OUTCOMES FOR TUBERCULOSIS CASES COUNTED IN 2013¹ WHO WERE ELIGIBLE TO COMPLETE TREATMENT WITHIN 365 DAYS,² NEW YORK CITY (N=545)



- 1. Treatment outcomes are not reported for the current year to allow sufficient time for follow-up.
- 2. Excludes patients who never started on anti-TB medications, those who died or moved outside of the U.S. within 365 days of treatment initiation, those with any rifampin resistance, those with meningeal TB, and children 14 years of age or younger with disseminated TB.

NUMBER AND PROPORTION OF TUBERCULOSIS CASES WHO DIED¹ BEFORE OR DURING TREATMENT, NEW YORK CITY, 2005-2014



1. A death is defined as any case who died before or during TB treatment, regardless of the cause of death. This excludes any case who died after the completion of TB treatment.



Select demographic characteristics among tuberculosis cases by birth in the United States (U.S),¹ New York City, 2013-2014

	2013							2014					
Characteristics	U.Sborn		Foreig	Foreign-born		Total ²		U.Sborn		Foreign-born		tal²	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Age group (years)													
0-17	13	13	12	2	25	4	11	13	16	3	27	5	
18-44	30	30	281	51	311	48	24	28	222	45	246	42	
45-64	40	40	140	26	181	28	31	36	146	29	178	30	
65+	17	17	116	21	133	20	20	23	113	23	134	23	
Sex													
Female	49	49	214	39	263	40	32	37	179	36	211	36	
Male	51	51	335	61	387	60	54	63	318	64	374	64	
Race/ethnicity													
White Non-Hispanic	17	17	26	5	43	7	11	13	25	5	37	6	
Black Non-Hispanic	52	52	80	15	132	20	41	48	86	17	127	22	
Hispanic	26	26	137	25	164	25	23	27	123	25	147	25	
Asian	5	5	296	54	301	46	8	9	234	47	242	41	
Multiple/other	0	0	10	2	10	2	2	2	30	6	32	5	



1. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. 2. One case in 2013 and two cases in 2014 had unknown country of birth. As such, totals may not equal the sum of US-born and Foreign-born.

Select demographic characteristics among tuberculosis cases by birth in the United States (U.S),¹ New York City, 2013-2014

			20	13		2014						
Characteristics	U.Sborn		Foreig	Foreign-born		Total ²		U.Sborn		Foreign-born		tal²
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Borough of residence ³												
Manhattan	21	21	72	13	93	14	22	26	50	10	72	12
Bronx	19	19	70	13	89	14	18	21	80	16	99	17
Brooklyn	45	45	150	27	196	30	30	35	162	33	192	33
Queens	14	14	229	42	243	37	13	15	199	40	212	36
Staten Island	1	1	24	4	25	4	3	3	6	1	10	2
Time in the U.S.												
Less than 1 year	n/a	n/a	81	15	81	15	n/a	n/a	70	14	70	14
1-5 years	n/a	n/a	120	22	120	22	n/a	n/a	108	22	108	22
Greater than 5 years	n/a	n/a	348	63	348	63	n/a	n/a	319	64	319	64
Unknown	n/a	n/a	0	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	0	0	0	0

1. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. 2. One case in 2013 and two cases in 2014 had unknown country of birth. As such, totals may not equal the sum of US-born and Foreign-born. 3. There were two cases in 2013 with addresses that could not be geocoded and two cases with non-NYC addresses. As such, totals may not equal the sum of US-born and Foreign-born.



Select clinical characteristics among tuberculosis cases by birth in the United States (U.S),¹ New York City, 2013-2014

			20	13		2014						
Characteristics	U.Sborn		Foreig	Foreign-born		Total ²		U.Sborn		Foreign-born		tal²
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Ever respiratory smear positive	41	41	232	42	273	42	26	30	226	45	252	43
Sputum smear positive	35	85	223	96	258	95	24	92	219	97	243	96
NAA positive ³	0	0	5	14	5	12	3	33	8	35	11	34
Culture positive	66	66	406	74	473	73	57	66	397	80	456	78
Disease site												
Pulmonary-only	65	65	334	61	400	62	54	63	333	67	387	66
Extra-pulmonary only	24	24	126	23	150	23	18	21	89	18	109	19
Both pulmonary and extrapulmonary	11	11	89	16	100	15	14	16	75	15	89	15
Cavitary chest x-ray ⁴	18	24	117	28	135	27	18	26	74	18	92	19

1. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. 2. One case in 2013 and two cases in 2014 had unknown country of birth.

As such, totals may not equal the sum of US-born and Foreign-born. 3. Among patients with negative culture and NAA performed.

4. Percent is among patients with a pulmonary site of disease.



Select clinical characteristics among tuberculosis cases by birth in the United States (U.S),¹ New York City, 2013-2014

	2013							2014					
Characteristics	U.Sborn		Foreig	Foreign-born		Total ²		U.Sborn		Foreign-born		tal²	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Multidrug resistance ³	0	0	7	2	7	2	1	2	8	2	9	2	
Extensive drug resistance ⁴	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Non-MDR INH resistance ³	7	11	35	9	42	9	5	9	36	9	41	9	
Non-MDR INH resistance ³	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
History of prior TB disease	4	4	35	6	39	6	5	6	32	6	37	6	
HIV status													
Infected	17	17	21	4	38	6	12	14	27	5	39	7	
Not infected	61	61	439	80	500	77	53	62	374	75	428	73	
Refused	20	20	75	14	95	15	17	20	75	15	92	16	
Not offered/done or unknown	2	2	14	3	17	3	4	5	21	4	26	4	

1. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. 2. One case in 2013 and two cases in 2014 had unknown country of birth. As such, totals may not equal the sum of U.S.-born and Foreign-born. 3. Multidrug resistance is defined as resistant to at least isoniazid and rifampin. Percent is among those with positive culture and susceptibility done; one case with MDR TB in 2014 did not have a positive culture. 4. Extensive drug resistance is defined as resistant to at least isoniazid and rifampin plus a fluoroquinolone and a second-line injectable anti-TB medication. Percent is among those with positive culture and susceptibility done.



Select social characteristics¹ among tuberculosis cases by birth in the United States (U.S),² New York City, 2013-2014

			20	11		2012						
Characteristics	U.Sborn		Foreign-born		Total ³		U.Sborn		Foreign-born		Total ³	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Homeless	7	7	8	1	16	2	6	7	10	2	16	3
Employed ⁴	26	30	246	46	272	44	21	28	221	46	242	43
Health care worker ⁴	3	12	32	13	35	13	4	19	20	9	24	10
Drug use	13	13	13	2	26	4	13	15	9	2	22	4
Excessive alcohol use	4	4	5	1	9	1	2	2	10	2	13	2

1. In the 12 months before TB diagnosis. 2. U.S.-born includes individuals born in the U.S. and U.S. territories. 3. One case in 2013 and two cases in 2014 had unknown country of birth. As such, totals may not equal the sum of U.S.-born and Foreign-born. 4. Among patients 18 years of age and older.



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TB EPIQUERY

Data on TB cases reported to the BTBC from 2001 to 2012 are now available on TB EpiQuery. EpiQuery is an interactive, user-friendly system designed to guide users through basic data analyses. Reported TB cases and case rates are available by select demographic and geographic characteristics. On a citywide level, select characteristics that are important to the epidemiology of TB are also available, including country of birth and HIV infection. To access TB EpiQuery, go to:

http://nyc.gov/health/epiquery



EDUCATIONAL POSTER

Provides basic TB information and includes illustrations with captions. Available in English, Spanish, French, Haitian Creole, Hindu, Urdu, Bengali, Tibetan, Tagalog and Chinese.

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