

The City of New York Department of Investigation

JOCELYN E. STRAUBER COMMISSIONER

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DOI'S OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR THE NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT ISSUES ANNUAL REPORT MARKING TEN YEARS OF POLICE OVERSIGHT

Today, the Department of Investigation's ("DOI") Office of the Inspector General for the New York City Police Department ("OIG-NYPD") released its Tenth Annual Report marking a decade of police oversight in New York City. DOI established OIG-NYPD in 2014 as the result of <u>Local Law 70</u>, which passed in 2013 and is now a part of DOI's City Charter mandate. The Annual Report discusses each of OIG-NYPD's 21 investigative reports, including one Statement of Findings, and the status of the 231 recommendations issued to the New York City Police Department ("NYPD") and the two recommendations issued to the Civilian Complaint Review Board ("CCRB") over the past decade. To date, NYPD has accepted in principle, partially implemented, or fully implemented approximately 67 percent of the 231 recommendations issued by OIG-NYPD. CCRB implemented both recommendations issued to it as part of the 2019 Complaints of Biased Policing in New York City report. A copy of OIG-NYPD's Annual Report is attached to this release and can be found at the following link: <u>https://www.nyc.gov/site/doi/oignypd/web/report.page</u>

DOI Commissioner Jocelyn E. Strauber said, "OIG-NYPD's Tenth Annual Report exemplifies the breadth, scope, and impact of OIG-NYPD's work on policing in New York City. This Report highlights OIG-NYPD's 21 investigative reports, including three in 2023 and the wide array of areas that OIG-NYPD has studied and recommendations that it has issued over the past decade, deepening the public's understanding of the New York City Police Department's practices, and leading to meaningful reform."

Inspector General Jeanene L. Barrett said, "This year marks a ten-year milestone for OIG-NYPD police oversight work in New York City and I am proud of the accomplishments and impact we have had in the past decade. This Annual Report demonstrates that OIG-NYPD's commitment to following the facts and conducting independent investigations that examine NYPD's policies and procedures, and to making recommendations aimed at creating lasting, fundamental change, have enhanced public understanding of policing and police-community relationships. The Tenth Annual Report shines a light on the different policing topics that our office has tackled and the tangible results our reports have had on policing in New York City."

In 2023, highlights of OIG-NYPD's work include the following:

 A Statement of Findings regarding <u>"NYPD's Technical Assistance and Response Unit ("TARU")</u> and the Revised Handschu Guidelines." This investigation examined policies and procedures for retention of audio, photographs, and video captured by the NYPD's Technical Assistance and Response Unit ("TARU") at protests and public demonstrations. As part of the investigation, OIG-NYPD examined the relationship between NYPD's Intelligence Bureau ("Intel") and the multimedia materials collected and stored by TARU. OIG-NYPD determined that while Intel's access to TARU's materials complies with the Revised Handschu Guidelines, NYPD lacked written policies or procedures governing that access. OIG-NYPD also found that TARU retained such materials indefinitely, though the Patrol Guide does not require such retention. OIG-NYPD made eight recommendations, including suggesting that the Patrol Guide be amended to describe the additional permissible grounds and rationales for lengthier retention periods.

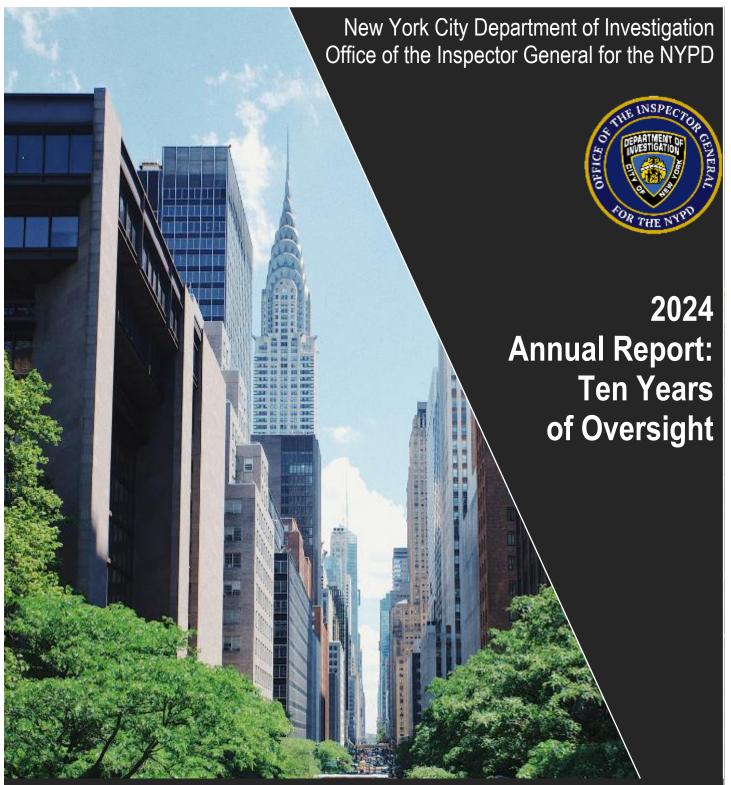
- o Of the eight issued recommendations, NYPD accepted five and rejected three.
- A report examining, <u>"Overtime Under Review: NYPD Overtime and the Increased Risk of Negative Policing Outcomes.</u>" Using a sample of NYPD officers between 2019 and 2021, OIG-NYPD examined the relationship between NYPD's overtime hours and various Negative Policing Outcomes ("NPOs"), including complaints of misconduct from members of the public, uses of force, vehicle collisions, workplace injuries, lawsuits, and other direct sources of liability risk to the City. OIG-NYPD's analysis found that overtime has a statistically significant relationship with a number of NPOs, such that for each hour of overtime worked per day there is an increased likelihood the following day that the officer will be named in a lawsuit, the subject of a substantiated or partially substantiated CCRB complaint, suffer a workplace injury, or be involved in an incident requiring a Threat, Resistance, or Injury Interaction Report. OIG-NYPD issued six recommendations that included developing effective risk management strategies, conducting a full assessment of risk, and developing policies related to fatigue in its written overtime procedures.
 - o Of the six issued recommendations, NYPD accepted two and rejected four.
- A report on <u>"An Investigation into NYPD's Criminal Group Database," which examined NYPD's use and operation of the Criminal Group Database ("CGD"),"</u> its value in crime control and prevention activities, the potential harms of inclusion, and the risks and costs of maintaining the database. OIG-NYPD's findings included that there is uncertainty and fear about CGD inclusion and its consequences in certain communities in New York City, and that this fear decreases public confidence in NYPD and strains community-police relations; NYPD has not provided consistent, specific guidance as to the amount or nature of evidence required to add individuals to the database; and many key policies and practices relating to the CGD are not memorialized in writing.
 - Of the 17 recommendations issued, NYPD has implemented two recommendations, partially implemented five, accepted four, rejected five, and continues to consider one.

The Tenth Annual Report was compiled by Investigative Policy Analysts Ilea Franklin, Lasse de Graaf, and Olivia Sykes, and Senior Investigative Analyst Dominic Hart in DOI's Office of the Inspector General for the NYPD, under the supervision of Deputy Inspectors General Percival Rennie and Lesley Bedeau, First Deputy Inspector General Annette B. Almazan, Special Counsel to the Inspector General Maria Paolillo, Inspector General Jeanene L. Barrett, Associate Commissioner of Training and Investigations Laura Bowman, Deputy Commissioner of Strategic Initiatives Christopher Ryan, and Deputy Commissioner/Chief of Investigations Dominick Zarrella.

Special thanks are given to OIG-NYPD's Director of Outreach Claire Fleischer, Assistant Inspector General Adrian Amador, Investigative Project Analyst Crystal Ynoa, and Special Investigator Shivana Subir for contributing to advancing implementation of OIG-NYPD's recommendations and development of this Report.

DOI is one of the oldest law-enforcement agencies in the country and New York City's corruption watchdog. Investigations may involve any agency, officer, elected official or employee of the City, as well as those who do business with or receive benefits from the City. DOI's strategy attacks corruption comprehensively through systemic investigations that lead to high-impact arrests, preventive internal controls and operational reforms that improve the way the City runs.

> DOI's press releases can also be found at twitter.com/NYC_DOI Know something rotten in City government? Help DOI Get the Worms Out of the Big Apple. Call: 212-3-NYC-DOI or email: <u>Corruption@DOI.nyc.gov</u>



March 2024

Jocelyn E. Strauber Commissioner

Jeanene L. Barrett Inspector General



OIG-NYPD CELEBRATES TEN YEARS OF OVERSIGHT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The **mission** of the Office of the Inspector General for the New York City Police Department ("OIG-NYPD" or "the Office") is to enhance the effectiveness of the New York City Police Department ("NYPD" or "the Department"), increase public safety, protect civil liberties and civil rights, and increase the public's confidence in NYPD. Over the past decade, OIG-NYPD has played a pivotal role in promoting transparency and accountability and improving law enforcement practices, in turn building stronger police-community relations. This Tenth Annual Report highlights the Office's past achievements.

OIG-NYPD was created by Local Law 70 of 2013 and became operational in May 2014. Since then, OIG-NYPD has published nine annual reports, 20 investigative reports, and one statement of findings on topics including the use of body-worn cameras, the use of force, the implementation of procedures concerning transgender and gender nonconforming people, officer wellness, and NYPD's compliance with the Public Oversight of Surveillance Technology Act. OIG-NYPD has made 233 recommendations, of which approximately 67 percent have been accepted in principle, partially implemented, or fully implemented by NYPD and CCRB.

OIG-NYPD's work drove change within, and outside, NYPD. For example, the Office's 2016 report, NYPD's Compliance and Rules Governing Investigations of Political Activity, was referenced in a federal district court decision that increased safeguards and protections for the public against discriminatory and unjustified surveillance. OIG-NYPD's 2018 report, NYPD's Special Victims Division ("SVD")—Adult Sex Crimes, caused the Department to change SVD leadership and to commit to updating facilities for SVD squads. In response to the report, New York City Council enacted legislation that required NYPD to provide training to all officers who respond to sex crimes and to provide information to the public about caseloads and staffing SVD. More recently, OIG-NYPD has focused on expanding its outreach efforts to engage the general public and strengthen partnerships with community organizations, law enforcement agencies, and City officials.

OIG-NYPD looks forward to continuing its proactive investigations to ensure the highest standards of integrity and accountability within NYPD.

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A. A MESSAGE FROM THE COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INVESTIGATION AND THE INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR THE NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT

We are pleased to present the Office of the Inspector General for the New York City Police Department ("OIG-NYPD")'s 2024 Tenth Annual Report.

DOI's OIG-NYPD marks ten years of oversight in 2024.

Since the Office was established in 2014, we have released 20 investigative reports and one statement of findings with 233 recommendations. This Tenth Annual Report is a formal review of all recommendations issued and the current status of each.

In 2023, OIG-NYPD continued to pursue its mission to enhance the effectiveness of the New York City Police Department ("NYPD" or "the Department") and increase the public's confidence in the police force with the release of three reports and a statement of findings. OIG-NYPD issued its Ninth Annual Report in March, followed by the publication of An Investigation into NYPD's Criminal Group Database in April. In June 2023, OIG-NYPD released an additional report and a statement of findings, Overtime Under Review: NYPD Overtime and the Increased Risk of Negative Policing Outcomes and Statement of Findings Regarding NYPD's Technical Assistance and Response Unit and the Revised *Handschu* Guidelines, respectively. In addition, from June to December 2023, OIG-NYPD staff attended 83 events, five City Council legislative hearings, and participated in 11 internal professional development trainings. We also testified before City Council about NYPD's use of surveillance technology and our report on this issue.

OIG-NYPD values the continued engagement with the public, advocacy groups, City employees, other City agencies, and NYPD to assist us with fulfilling our mission. We are grateful for the opportunity to contribute to the City's efforts to increase public safety and strengthen police-community relations by seeking greater transparency and accountability in policing.

We look forward to continuing this important work.

Jocelyn E. Strauber, Commissioner, DOI Jeanene L. Barrett, Inspector General, OIG-NYPD



II. 2023 OIG-NYPD REPORTS

Section 803(c)(1) of the New York City Charter ("Charter") mandates that OIG-NYPD

investigate, review, study, audit, and make recommendations relating to the operation, policies, programs, and practices, including ongoing partnerships with other law enforcement agencies of the new york city police department with the goal of enhancing the effectiveness of the department, increasing public safety, protecting civil liberties and civil rights, and increasing the public's confidence in the police force, thus building stronger police-community relations.

Pursuant to Section 803(c-1) of the Charter, the Office is specifically charged with preparing annual audits of NYPD's surveillance technology impact and use policies ("IUP"), issued pursuant to New York City Administrative Code section 14-188.¹ In addition, Section 808(b), Evaluation and Recommendations, of the Charter requires that OIG-NYPD, working with other City agencies, evaluate allegations or findings of improper police conduct and make recommendations relating to the identification of officers who may need enhanced training or monitoring as well as relating to operations, policies, program, and practices regarding discipline and training.²

This Report is issued pursuant to section 803(e)(3) of the Charter that requires OIG-NYPD to release an Annual Report by April 1 summarizing the Office's work and includes the following:

- (a) Description of all significant findings from the investigations³ conducted the previous year;
- (b) Description of corrective action taken the previous year;
- (c) Identification of recommendations discussed in previous Annual Reports that have not been implemented or completed; and
- (d) The number of open investigations as of the close of the previous year for the following periods:
 - 1. Six months up to and including one year,
 - 2. More than one year and up to and including two years,
 - 3. More than two years and up to and including three years, and
 - 4. More than three years.

¹ Throughout this Report, OIG-NYPD and the Office will be used interchangeably. Similarly, NYPD and the Department will also be used interchangeably.

² There are two section 808s in Chapter 34 of the Charter.

³ Investigations will be used throughout the report to reference investigations, reviews, studies, and audits.

Below is a summary of OIG-NYPD's 2023 reports and statement of findings issued, as well as the related recommendations, NYPD responses, and status of implementation. OIG-NYPD continues to monitor the status of all recommendations until they have been implemented by NYPD. As of December 31, 2023, OIG-NYPD had 12 investigations open for six to 12 months, eight investigations open for 13 to 24 months, four investigations open for 25 to 36 months, and four investigations open for more than 36 months, this is inclusive of systemic and non-systemic investigations.

Released June 28, 2023:

Statement of Findings Regarding NYPD's Technical Assistance and Response Unit and The Revised Handschu

Guidelines

Released May 3, 2023:

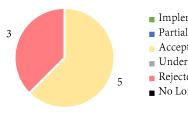
Overtime Under Review: NYPD Overtime and the Increased Risk of Negative Policing Outcomes

Released April 18, 2023:

An Investigation into NYPD's Criminal Group Database

STATEMENT OF FINDINGS REGARDING NYPD'S TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND RESPONSE UNIT AND THE **REVISED** HANDSCHU GUIDELINES

JUNE 28, 2023 REPORT



Implemented (I.) Partially Implemented (P.I.) Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.)

- Under Consideration (U.C.)
- Rejected (R.)
- No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.)

This investigation examined access given by NYPD Technical Assistance and Response Unit ("TARU") to other NYPD units, in particular NYPD Intelligence Bureau ("Intel"), to audio, as



well as photographic and video materials collected and stored by TARU. OIG-NYPD determined that while Intel's access to TARU's materials complies with the Revised Handschu Guidelines, NYPD lacked written policies or procedures governing that access. OIG-NYPD also found that TARU retained such materials indefinitely, though the Patrol Guide does not require such retention. OIG-NYPD recommendations suggested those practices be codified to provide further assurance that TARU materials are not improperly accessed and that TARU's retention practices are reflected in the Patrol Guide.

OIG-NYPD made eight recommendations. On September 29, 2023, NYPD provided its 90-day response letter. The Department accepted five recommendations and rejected three recommendations. Below is a summary of each recommendation, NYPD's response, the current implementation status, and assessments where applicable. A full copy of the Report can be accessed here.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUSES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW HAVE BEEN **ACCEPTED IN PRINCIPLE**

RECOMMENDATION 1

NYPD SHOULD REQUIRE IN A WRITTEN POLICY THAT TARU NOTIFY THE LEGAL BUREAU OF ANY REQUESTS FROM THE INTELLIGENCE BUREAU FOR ACCESS TO TARU FOOTAGE.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. While the Department notes that it has taken steps to require that TARU notify the Legal Bureau of any requests from the Intelligence Bureau for access to TARU footage, it has not provided any evidence of those efforts. This recommendation remains accepted until the next evaluation period.

NYPD should require in a written policy that the Legal Bureau process any requests from the Intelligence Bureau for access to TARU footage in accordance with the Revised *Handschu* Guidelines.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. While the Department notes that it has taken steps to advance the changes recommended within the report, written policies have not been implemented at this time. This recommendation remains accepted.

RECOMMENDATION 3

NYPD SHOULD REVISE PATROL GUIDE PROCEDURE 212-71 TO MORE ACCURATELY REFLECT NYPD'S APPROACH TO TARU RECORD RETENTION. IF THE DEPARTMENT INTENDS TO CONTINUE ITS INDEFINITE RETENTION OF ALL VIDEO/PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, THE POLICY SHOULD CLEARLY STATE THAT POSITION, AND EXPLAIN THE PURPOSE OF INDEFINITE RETENTION, AS WELL AS ANY OTHER PURPOSES FOR WHICH MATERIALS CAN BE RETAINED, AND THE APPROPRIATE LENGTH OF ANY SUCH RETENTION.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. While the Department notes that it has taken steps to advance the changes recommended within the report, Patrol Guide § 212-71 has not yet been amended. This recommendation remains accepted.

RECOMMENDATION 5

NYPD should replace the current hard copy logbook and content lists which catalogue the video/photographic material collected by TARU (its practice since May 2020) with an electronic tracking system that would enable more efficient searches for particular footage in TARU's library.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. While the Department notes that it has taken steps to advance the changes recommended within the report, full implementation of the electronic tracking system is not complete at this time. This recommendation remains accepted.

NYPD SHOULD REVISE NYPD PATROL GUIDE PROCEDURE 212-71 TO ADDRESS THE CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH TARU CAN BE DEPLOYED WITHOUT THE REQUISITE PREAUTHORIZATION FROM NYPD'S LEGAL BUREAU, AND IN WHICH RETROACTIVE AUTHORIZATION CAN BE GRANTED.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. While the Department notes that it has taken steps to advance the changes recommended within the report, Patrol Guide § 212-71 has not yet been amended. This recommendation remains accepted.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW HAVE BEEN REJECTED

RECOMMENDATION 4

NYPD should create an index/log for the over two decades of video/photographic footage that was captured prior to May 2020, when the Department began consistently cataloging and indexing such footage.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the Department, in order to implement this recommendation, it would need to reallocate resources, including personnel. NYPD stated that reallocating staff and budgeting for this purpose is not feasible. However, NYPD noted that footage is tracked and logged using Job Tracker and hard copy log books; additionally, digital video discs of footage are stored in filing cabinets, including tables of contents.

RECOMMENDATION 7

NYPD SHOULD REVISE NYPD PATROL GUIDE PROCEDURE 212-71 TO REQUIRE THAT TARU REQUEST LOGS IDENTIFY THE SPECIFIC BASIS AND RATIONALE FOR TARU'S REQUEST TO BE PRESENT AND RECORD AT A PUBLIC GATHERING, INSTEAD OF USING BOILERPLATE LANGUAGE.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to NYPD, the policy identifies the circumstances under which video and/or photographic equipment may be used at demonstrations. Such situations are dynamic, rendering it difficult for specifics to be predicted. NYPD asserted that the discretion to approve or deny a request should remain with TARU and the Legal Bureau.

NYPD SHOULD REQUIRE THAT TARU REQUEST LOGS SPECIFY WHAT TYPES OF VIDEO/PHOTOGRAPHIC TECHNOLOGY IS SOUGHT.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to NYPD, members of service assigned to TARU are trained to assess what equipment is necessary in situations to which they respond, and it would prefer this discretion to remain with those trained in these matters.

OVERTIME UNDER REVIEW: NYPD OVERTIME AND THE INCREASED RISK OF NEGATIVE POLICING **OUTCOMES** MAY 3, 2023 REPORT ■ Implemented (I.) Partially Implemented (P.I.) Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.) Under Consideration (U.C.) Rejected (R.) ■ No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.) Using a sample of NYPD officers from 2019

2021, OIG-NYPD through examined the relationship between NYPD's overtime hours and various Negative Policing Outcomes ("NPOs"), including complaints of misconduct from members of the public, uses of force, vehicle collisions,



workplace injuries, lawsuits, and other direct sources of liability risk to the City.

OIG-NYPD's analysis found a likely relationship between overtime and NPOs, as well as a lack of formal policies and procedures to mitigate the effects of excessive overtime. OIG-NYPD recommended that NYPD conduct a full assessment of the risks and benefits of overtime, shift-work, and other risk factors unique to law enforcement, as well as develop effective risk management strategies to mitigate the risk of NPOs due to overtime.

OIG-NYPD made six recommendations. On August 3, 2023, NYPD provided its 90-day response letter. The Department accepted two recommendations and rejected four recommendations. Below is a summary of each recommendation, NYPD's response, the current implementation status, and assessments where applicable. A full copy of the Report can be accessed here.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUSES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW HAVE BEEN ACCEPTED IN PRINCIPLE

RECOMMENDATION 1

NYPD SHOULD DEVELOP AND INCORPORATE POLICIES RELATED TO FATIGUE IN ITS WRITTEN OVERTIME PROCEDURES.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. NYPD agrees that addressing fatigue and its effect on work performance is essential to ensuring the well-being of its employees. While no

specific policy changes have been implemented since the issuance of the report, NYPD continues to evaluate fatigue and steps that can be taken to minimize it. This recommendation remains accepted.

RECOMMENDATION 3

NYPD should develop and implement training for officers concerning how to recognize and to mitigate the effects of fatigue due to long work hours, as NYPD currently provides to supervisors.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. NYPD agrees that addressing fatigue and its effect on work performance is essential to ensuring the well-being of its employees. While no specific policy changes have been implemented since the issuance of the report, NYPD continues to evaluate fatigue and steps that can be taken to minimize it. This recommendation remains accepted.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW HAVE BEEN **REJECTED**

RECOMMENDATION 2

NYPD SHOULD DEVELOP A SYSTEM TO TRACK OFF-DUTY EMPLOYMENT HOURS WORKED BY ITS OFFICERS.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to NYPD, its current policy regulates the off-duty employment of members of service.

RECOMMENDATION 4

To further inform its development of overtime and fatigue-related policies, NYPD should utilize a consulting firm that specializes in, among other things, risk assessments, to calculate the risks and benefits of overtime and to identify solutions to mitigate those risks while meeting the Department's overtime needs. This assessment should include an analysis of fatigue-associated risks and overtime shift justifications, and the assessment should identify solutions to control overtime shift length and distribution. Depending on the results of this assessment, NYPD should develop appropriate risk mitigation strategies.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the Department, there are multiple entities within NYPD with expertise to evaluate overtime policies, fatigue associated risks, and risk-mitigation strategies.

RECOMMENDATION 5

NYPD should make the results of the risk assessment recommended in number 4, above, and any recommendations, available on its public website in an area that is readily accessible.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. NYPD will consider making the noted assessment publicly available, to the extent that it conducts risk assessments regarding the subjects discussed in the Report.

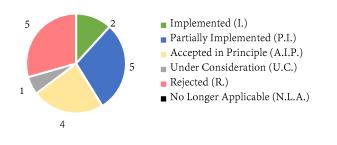
RECOMMENDATION 6

NYPD SHOULD CODIFY IN ITS PATROL GUIDE AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE GUIDE ANY CHANGES MADE AS A RESULT OF THE RISK ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS. IF NO CHANGES ARE MADE, NYPD SHOULD ISSUE A STATEMENT EXPLAINING ITS DECISION-MAKING ON ITS PUBLIC WEBSITE IN AN AREA THAT IS READILY ACCESSIBLE.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. NYPD will consider making changes to Department policy, to the extent that it conducts risk assessments regarding the subjects discussed in the Report.

AN INVESTIGATION INTO NYPD'S CRIMINAL GROUP DATABASE

APRIL 18, 2023 REPORT



This investigation examined NYPD's Criminal Gang Database ("CGD") and found no evidence that inclusion in the database had caused harm to any individual or group of individuals. However, OIG-



NYPD found, historically, that members of the public have generally been unable to determine whether or not they are included in the CGD—making any harm to an individual or group of individuals difficult to identify.

OIG-NYPD also found that many key policies and practices relating to the CGD were not memorialized in writing. NYPD did not provide consistent, specific guidance as to the amount or nature of evidence required to establish the criteria for activation (that is, inclusion in the database) to officers responsible for nominating and activating individuals in the CGD. Also, the CGD's IUPs did not provide sufficient detail about the activation process, data sharing with third parties, or the CGD's role in NYPD's anti-crime efforts.

While NYPD required a review of CGD entries, it lacked an enforcement mechanism to ensure that all entries were reviewed within the specified time and that all types of renewal documentation were sufficiently supported. Lastly, some individuals were renewed in the CGD based on recent arrests that appeared to be sealed.

OIG-NYPD made 17 recommendations. On July 17, 2023, NYPD provided its 90-day response letter. The Department accepted 11 recommendations, rejected five recommendations, and considered one recommendation. Below is a summary of each recommendation, NYPD's response, the current implementation status, and assessments where applicable. A full copy of the Report can be accessed <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUSES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS HAS BEEN IMPLEMENTED

WITHIN 180 DAYS, NYPD SHOULD REVISE THE IUP FOR THE CGD TO DESCRIBE THE ACTIVATION, RENEWAL, AND DEACTIVATION PROCESSES, EXPLAIN THE NATURE AND EXTENT OF THE EVIDENCE REQUIRED TO SATISFY THE ENTRY CRITERIA, AND IDENTIFY BY NAME THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AND OTHER EXTERNAL ENTITIES WITH WHOM NYPD MAY SHARE INFORMATION ABOUT THE INDIVIDUALS INCLUDED IN THE CGD, FOR INVESTIGATIVE OR OTHER PURPOSES. THE DOCUMENT SHOULD ALSO DESCRIBE THE SECURITY PROTECTIONS THAT PREVENT UNAUTHORIZED PARTIES, WITHIN OR OUTSIDE OF NYPD, FROM ACCESSING THE CGD.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. Based on the addendum issued on October 13, 2023 to the CGD IUP, specifically the sections related to the capabilities of the technology; rules, processes, and guidelines relating to use of the technology; safeguard and security measures against unauthorized access; policies and procedures relating to public access or use of the data; external entities; and internal audit and oversight mechanisms. This recommendation is implemented.

RECOMMENDATION 11

NYPD should notify parents or guardians of minors that their children have been activated into the CGD within 60 days of activation unless notification would interfere with active criminal investigations.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the Chief of Detectives Memo provided to OIG-NYPD by the Department, the supervisor of the Youth Coordination Officer ("YCO") within the juvenile's resident precinct must be notified by email or telephone to request that a YCO visit and notify the juvenile's guardian. This notification must be made within 60 days from the date of activation. A YCO must also prepare a "YCO Criminal Group Members Notification DD5." In completing this DD5, it will verify the notification or attempted notification(s) until the guardian is contacted. This recommendation is implemented.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW HAVE BEEN PARTIALLY IMPLEMENTED

RECOMMENDATION 3

NYPD should require a multilevel review process for the activation, renewal, and deactivation of all entries in the CGD, to be supported by the signature of each reviewer where required. That process should be memorialized in writing.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the addendum issued on October 13, 2023 to the CGD IUP, updates were made providing new controls, including a multi-level review process for the activation of individuals into the database, and a simplified review for the deactivation of entries. OIG-NYPD received a copy of a Chief of Detectives Memo that memorializes this multi-level process for activation of entries into the CGD with sign-offs and notes a removal process consistent with the updated IUP. While there is a process outlined for the renewal of entries, it is not memorialized as a multi-level review process supported by signatures within the IUP nor Chief of Detectives Memo. This recommendation is partially implemented.

RECOMMENDATION 4

NYPD SHOULD PROVIDE WRITTEN GUIDANCE TO OFFICERS EXPLAINING HOW TO APPLY THE OPTION A AND B ENTRY CRITERIA, INCLUDING EXAMPLES OF THE TYPE AND EXTENT OF EVIDENCE THAT IS SUFFICIENT FOR ACTIVATION.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the addendum issued on October 13, 2023 to the CGD IUP, there are three criteria that must be met for inclusion into the database. The first and second includes a personal acknowledgement of criminal group membership on the person's own social media account(s) or in a statement to a member of NYPD; and the third is if during the course of an investigation there is a reasonable belief that the individual is a member of a criminal group and identified by two independent and reliable sources. Only one of the three criteria must be met for inclusion into the database. This recommendation will not be fully implemented until a sample set of DD5s are provided to and assessed by OIG-NYPD. This recommendation is partially implemented.

RECOMMENDATION 5

NYPD should provide written guidance about how to complete the Person Maintenance, Activation, and Renewal DD5s for the maintenance and entry of individuals into the CGD and should include a Requirement that available documentation be attached to the DD5s to substantiate that entry criteria Are satisfied.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. Regarding activation, the addendum issued on October 13, 2023 to the CGD IUP states that, "A written narrative and supporting documentation must accompany the recommendation for Criminal Group Database entry." The Chief of Detectives Memo also states that, "Supporting documentation must be attached to the activation DD5, and the specific reason must be identified in the comments section of the DD5." No guidance is provided on the completion of Person Maintenance and Renewal DD5s. Further assessment of recommendation status will occur once a sample set of DD5s are assessed by OIG-NYPD. This recommendation is partially implemented.

NYPD should ensure that officers completing Person Maintenance, Activation, and Renewal forms do not have access to sealed arrest information for those purposes, including, but not limited to, ensuring that DD5 forms used for those purposes do not autofill with sealed arrest information unless explicitly authorized by law.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. While NYPD issued an addendum on October 13, 2023 to the CGD IUP noting that "Inclusion or maintenance in the Criminal Group Database cannot be based on a sealed arrest," and the provided Chief of Detectives Memo reflects the same, a sample set of DD5s has not been assessed by OIG-NYPD for confirmation. This recommendation is partially implemented until such assessment occurs.

RECOMMENDATION 14

NYPD should not consider sealed arrests when making CGD activation and renewal determinations.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the addendum issued to the CGD IUP on October 13, 2023, "Inclusion or maintenance in the Criminal Group Database cannot be based on a sealed arrest." The Chief of Detectives Memo provided to OIG-NYPD by the Department reflects the same. A sample set of DD5s has not been assessed by OIG-NYPD for confirmation. This recommendation is partially implemented until such assessment occurs.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW HAVE BEEN ACCEPTED IN PRINCIPLE

RECOMMENDATION 1

WITHIN 180 DAYS, NYPD SHOULD PUBLISH A STATEMENT ON ITS WEBSITE DESCRIBING HOW THE CGD CONTRIBUTES TO THE DEPARTMENT'S PUBLIC SAFETY AND VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION STRATEGIES. THE STATEMENT SHOULD PROVIDE MORE DETAIL THAN WHAT IS CONTAINED IN THE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE IUP AND IT SHOULD DESCRIBE HOW THE INFORMATION IN THE DATABASE SUPPORTS THE DEPARTMENT'S EFFORTS TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIME AS WELL AS ITS EFFECTIVENESS AS A TOOL OF CRIME PREVENTION.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. While this recommendation has been accepted, the Department currently has no reference to the CGD, its purpose, applications, and utility to NYPD on its website. This recommendation remains accepted.

RECOMMENDATION 6

NYPD SHOULD CREATE A LIST OF POLICE ENCOUNTERS AND ARREST TYPES THAT CONSTITUTE "QUALIFYING POLICE CONTACT," FOR PURPOSES OF RENEWAL DETERMINATIONS, TO BE USED BY OFFICERS RESPONSIBLE FOR DECIDING WHETHER TO RENEW OR DEACTIVATE INDIVIDUALS FROM THE CGD.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. There is no available list included within the addendum issued on October 13, 2023 to the CGD IUP, nor the Chief of Detectives Memo. Additionally, NYPD did not provide any lists for review. This recommendation remains accepted.

RECOMMENDATION 15

NYPD SHOULD INCREASE THE NUMBER OF STAFFERS ASSIGNED TO SUPPORT THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE CGD.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the Department, it allocates personnel based on a variety of factors, and will make every effort to increase the number of individuals supporting the administration of the CGD. This recommendation remains accepted.

RECOMMENDATION 17

ANNUALLY, AS REQUESTED, NYPD SHOULD PROVIDE A RANDOM SAMPLE (INCLUDING MINORS) OF ALL ACTIVATION, RENEWAL, AND DEACTIVATION DD5S AND ANY SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION TO OIG-NYPD FOR REVIEW.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD accepted OIG-NYPD's recommendation. OIG-NYPD will request the first random sample of DD5s before the end of first quarter 2024. A subsequent statement of findings will be issued based on the findings from that analysis. Additionally, beginning December 1, 2024 and every December 1 thereafter, OIG-NYPD will request random samples of DD5s for review. The results of the completed analyses will be included within the Annual Report to be published by April 1 of each subsequent year. This recommendation remains accepted.

THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS IS UNDER CONSIDERATION

NYPD should require and convene a special review panel of Department personnel to approve the <u>activation of minors</u> into the CGD, documented by the signature of the chair of the group.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD has considered this recommendation. According to NYPD, the number of juveniles in the database has diminished significantly since the issuance of the report, however, OIG-NYPD has yet to assess the current number of entries within the database. The Department has advised that it continues to evaluate the feasibility of implementing the review panel. This recommendation remains under consideration.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW HAVE BEEN **REJECTED**

RECOMMENDATION 7

WITHIN 180 DAYS, NYPD SHOULD BEGIN A REVIEW OF EACH ENTRY IN THE CGD TO DETERMINE WHETHER INCLUSION IS STILL WARRANTED. THAT ANALYSIS SHOULD BE COMPLETED BY THE DEPARTMENT WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER THE PUBLICATION OF THIS REPORT.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the Department, it already conducts periodic reviews of an individual's inclusion within the CGD.

RECOMMENDATION 8

NYPD should require, by written policy, the review of all CGD entries every twelve months for minors AND EVERY EIGHTEEN MONTHS FOR ADULTS.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the Department, there is a policy that requires a review every three years of CGD entries for individuals who are 18 and older, and every two years for individuals who are under 18.

RECOMMENDATION 9

NYPD should make inaccessible via DAS and other search methods all CGD entries that are not evaluated within 60 days of review deadlines, until those entries are reviewed.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. NYPD stated that it will make every effort to increase the number of individuals supporting the administration of the CGD. In doing so, it will help ensure that the review of an individual's inclusion in the CGD occurs in a timely fashion.

RECOMMENDATION 12

NYPD SHOULD CREATE A PROCESS FOR MINORS AND THEIR PARENTS TO APPEAL THEIR INCLUSIONS IN THE DATABASE IF THE MINORS HAVE NO CONTACT WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT OVER A TWELVE-MONTH PERIOD.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. According to the Department, it already conducts periodic reviews of an individual's inclusion within the CGD.

RECOMMENDATION 16

NYPD should create a written policy formalizing its intention, after an individualized assessment, to generally grant FOIL requests by individuals with respect to whether they are in the CGD, by providing them with redacted versions of any relevant supporting documents if they are in the database, and by informing them that there are no relevant documents, if they are not.

NYPD RESPONSE and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: NYPD rejected OIG-NYPD's recommendation. NYPD asserted that it responds to Freedom of Information Law ("FOIL") requests on a case-by-case basis. According to the Department, it provides certain information in response to requests except when doing so might jeopardize an investigation.

B. OUTREACH AND ENGAGEMENT

IN 2023, OIG-NYPD'S OUTREACH UNIT ENGAGED WITH A VARIETY OF COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS AND ADVOCATES; POLICE OVERSIGHT AGENCIES; LAW ENFORCEMENT, CRIMINAL JUSTICE, AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES; CIVIL RIGHTS GROUPS; AND OTHER OUTSIDE ENTITIES INTERESTED IN THE WORK OF OIG-NYPD TO BUILD STRONGER POLICE-COMMUNITY RELATIONS AND ENHANCE POLICE ACCOUNTABILITY.

Led by a Director of Outreach, the Unit works to ensure that the public and other groups and agencies are aware of OIG-NYPD's work, as well as to learn about issues and areas of public concern. Between June and December 2023, OIG-NYPD participated in 83 events (both virtual and in-person) across the five boroughs and attended five City Council legislative hearings. Participation in and attendance at events included:

- "Meet and Greets" with organizations and City agencies;
- Community roundtables and panels;
- Educational presentations on OIG-NYPD's mission and work; and
- Tabling in public spaces, such as libraries.





OIG-NYPD leadership has presented at NYPD's Internal Investigation Course ("IIC") at the Police Academy, a two-week training for newly assigned Internal Affairs staff, and will continue to do so in the future. The Office presented again at IIC on March 22, 2024, and looks forward to additional presentation and training opportunities within NYPD. OIG-NYPD leadership was also invited to present on police oversight at LaGuardia College, Manhattan College, and John Jay College of Criminal Justice and looks forward to engaging with more educational institutions over the next year. The Outreach Unit also actively seeks presentation and training opportunities for OIG-NYPD staff on topics

related to policing.

New York City residents can engage with the Outreach Unit in a variety of ways, including requesting in-person and/or virtual meetings, inviting the Unit to attend and/or table at relevant events, and by following the Office's X (formerly known as "Twitter") account at @DOI_OIGNYPD.

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN MEETING WITH DOI'S OIG-NYPD, OR WOULD LIKE TO INVITE OIG-NYPD TO AN EVENT, PLEASE CONTACT DIRECTOR OF OUTREACH CLAIRE FLEISCHER AT (212) 806-5200 OR AT <u>OUTREACH@OIGNYPD.NYC.GOV</u>.

C. COMPLAINTS

SECTION 804 OF CHAPTER 34 OF THE CITY CHARTER UNDERSCORES THE IMPORTANCE OF ALLOWING MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC TO MAKE COMPLAINTS TO OIG-NYPD ABOUT PROBLEMS AND DEFICIENCIES RELATING TO NYPD OPERATIONS, POLICIES, PROGRAMS, AND PRACTICES.

Through speaking directly with complainants, OIG-NYPD is able to gain greater insight into the concerns of New York City residents with respect to their encounters with NYPD and the practices of the Department. This insight allows the Office to focus on said issues resulting in building stronger police-community relations through enhancing the effectiveness of the police department, increasing public safety, protecting civil liberties and civil rights, and increasing the public's confidence in the police force.

In 2023, OIG-NYPD received complaints from members of the public, advocacy groups, and employees of NYPD raising a range of concerns about NYPD, from individualized encounters to systemic concerns. Some of the complaints alleged excessive use of force, abuse of authority, and discourteousness and/or the use of offensive language by NYPD officers during their interactions with the public. Other complaints alleged that NYPD officers engaged in other forms of misconduct, such as the failure to prepare a criminal complaint report, wrongful arrest, issuance of unlawful parking tickets, or other misconduct.

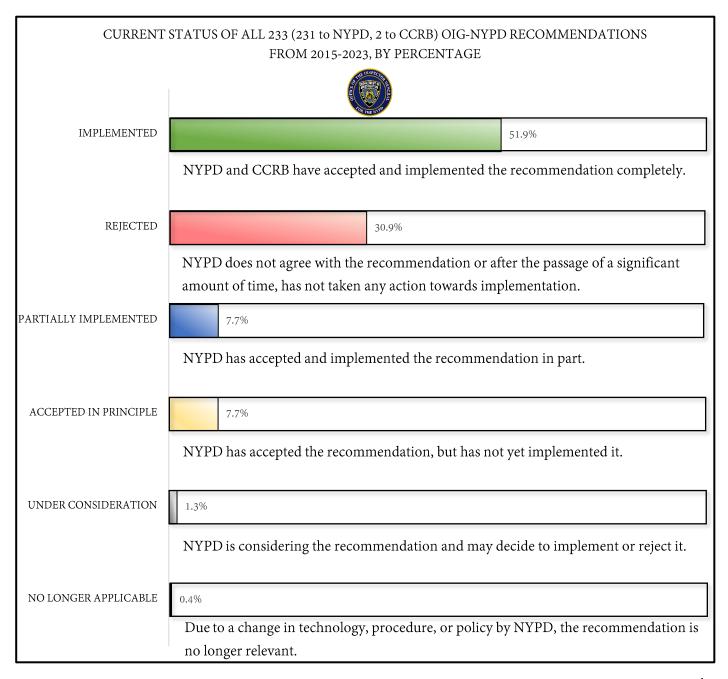
Complaints that fall under the purview of other agencies, such as the Civilian Complaint Review Board ("CCRB") or NYPD's Internal Affairs Bureau ("IAB"), are forwarded to the appropriate agency for their further review, and when warranted, complainants are informed how to contact the appropriate agency.

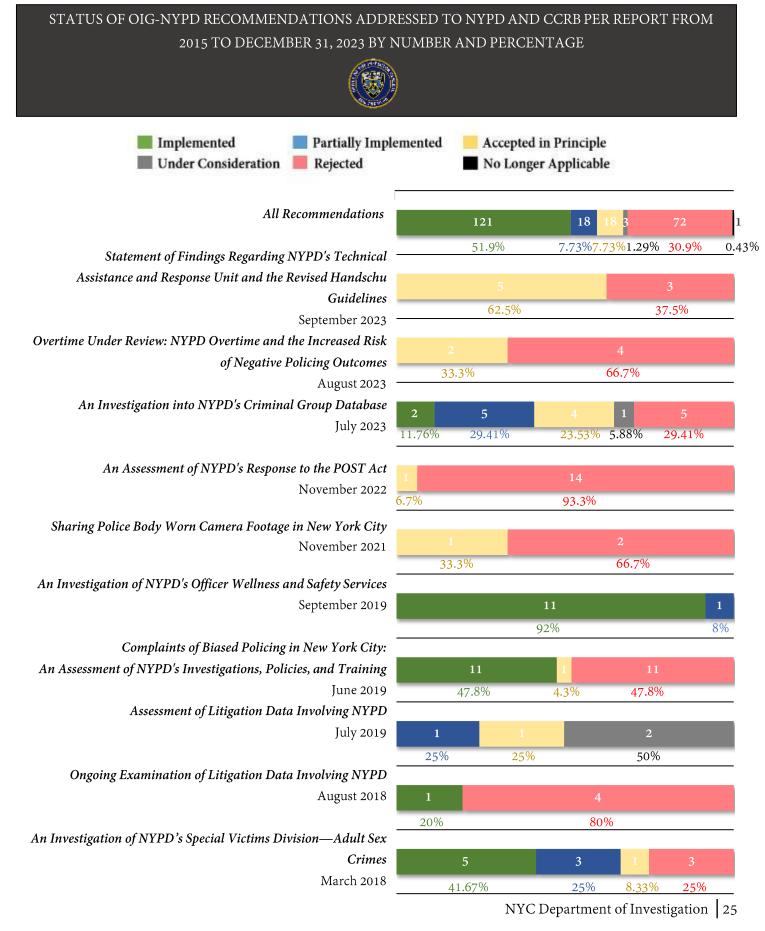
Complaints to OIG-NYPD can be made in a variety of ways, including in-person, online form, phone, email, fax, and U.S. mail. Please click any of the icons below for a direct link to contact OIG-NYPD.



IV. CURRENT STATUS OF ALL OIG-NYPD RECOMMENDATIONS

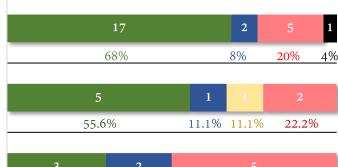
OIG-NYPD continuously monitors NYPD's and CCRB's implementation of the 233 recommendations made in its reports and statement of findings. There are six status categories—implemented, partially implemented, accepted in principle, under consideration, rejected, and no longer applicable.





STATUS OF OIG-NYPD RECOMMENDATIONS ADDRESSED TO NYPD AND CCRB PER REPORT FROM 2015 TO DECEMBER 31, 2023, BY NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE





 3
 1
 1

16.7%

16.7%

16.7%

12	1
92.3%	7.7%

50%

6	5
54.5%	45.5%

4	3
57%	43%

14	1
93.3%	6.7%

20	3
87%	13%



4	
100%	

An Investigation of NYPD's New Force Reporting System February 2018

Review of NYPD's Implementation of Patrol Guide Procedures Concerning Transgender and Gender Nonconforming People November 2017

When Undocumented Immigrants Are Crime Victims Requests July 2017

Addressing Inefficiencies in NYPD's Handling of Complaints: An Investigation of the "Outside Guidelines" Complaint Process February 2017 Putting Training into Practice: a Review of NYPD's Approach to Handling Interactions with People in Mental Crisis January 2017

An Investigation of NYPD's Compliance with Rules Governing Investigations of Political Activity August 2016 An Analysis of Quality-of-Life Summonses, Quality-of-Life Misdemeanor Arrests, and Felony Crime in NYC June 2016

> Police Use of Force in New York City: Findings and Recommendations on NYPD's Policies and Practices October 2015

Body-Worn Cameras in NYC: Assessment of NYPD's Pilot Program and Recommendations to Promote Accountability July 2015 Using Data from Lawsuits and Legal Claims Involving NYPD to Improve Policing April 2015 Observations on Accountability and Transparency in Ten NYPD Chokehold Cases January 2015

NYC Department of Investigation 26

V. FEATURED 2015-2022 OIG-NYPD INVESTIGATIONS, NYPD AND CCRB RESPONSES, AND IMPLEMENTATION STATUSES

The next section features the reports with recommendations that have changed status in 2023. This section does not include all OIG-NYPD reports from 2015-2022, but instead highlights those reports containing recommendations for which implementation status changed.

Featured Reports

An Assessment of NYPD's Response to the POST Act

Complaints of Biased Policing in New York City: An Investigation into NYPD's Investigations, Policies and

Training

An Investigation of NYPD's Special Victims Division-Adult Sex Crimes

An Investigation of NYPD's New Force Reporting System

When Undocumented Immigrants are Crime Victims: An Assessment of NYPD's Handling of U Visa

Certification Requests

Addressing Inefficiencies in NYPD's Handling of Complaints: An Investigation of the "Outside Guidelines" Complaint Process

Police Use of Force in New York City: Findings and Recommendations on NYPD's Policies and Practices

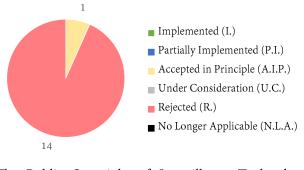
Body-Worn Cameras in New York City: An Assessment of NYPD's Pilot Program and Recommendations to Promote Accountability

Using Data from Lawsuits and Legal Claims Involving NYPD to Improve Policing

MARCH 2024

AN ASSESSMENT OF NYPD'S RESPONSE TO THE POST ACT

NOVEMBER 3, 2022 REPORT



The Public Oversight of Surveillance Technology ("POST") Act, passed in June 2020, gave OIG-NYPD oversight responsibility to audit NYPD's compliance



with the POST Act's policies on surveillance technology use. OIG-NYPD's initial investigation determined that NYPD largely complied with the POST Act's requirements with respect to the issuance of IUPs. However, OIG-NYPD found that the IUPs did not contain sufficient detail to allow the Office to conduct full annual audits (as the Act also requires) and to provide full transparency to the public. In particular, the IUPs contained, in part, boilerplate language that failed to provide sufficiently specific information about the nature of the technologies, the retention period for data obtained via use of the technologies, and the entities with which the data can be shared.

OIG-NYPD also found that NYPD grouped certain related technologies and issued a single IUP for each group. This approach significantly limits the information made available to the public and impedes OIG-NYPD's ability to conduct thorough oversight. As a result, a meaningful assessment of NYPD's compliance with the POST Act could not be completed. Therefore, the Report made a number of recommendations relating to revisions of the IUPs that will facilitate the mandated audits in the future.

New York City Council introduced three pieces of legislation that would codify a number of OIG-NYPD's recommendations related to the POST Act. Specifically, Int. 168 (Council Member Farias), Int. 233 (Council Member Hudson), and Int. 480 (Council Member Won) would broadly codify recommendation numbers 1-4 and 8-14 from OIG-NYPD's 2022 POST Act Report. On December 15, 2023, the Council's Committees on Public Safety and Technology held a joint hearing to consider the three pieces of legislation, but they have not yet been brought before the full Council for a vote.⁴

⁴ Because the hearing was held in a prior Council session, there were different introduction numbers assigned at the time of the hearing. Those introduction numbers were Int. 1193, Int. 1195, and Int. 1207, respectively.

OIG-NYPD made 15 recommendations that concern the revision of IUPs as well as the formation of a working group with expertise in surveillance technologies. A full copy of the Report can be found <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUS UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS IS **ACCEPTED IN PRINCIPLE**

RECOMMENDATION 11					
WITHIN 30 DAYS, NYPD SHOULD PROVIDE OIG-NYPD AN ITEMIZED LIST OF THE					
SURVEILLANCE TECHNOLOGIES THAT IT USES. THIS LIST SHOULD INCLUDE INFORMATION					
CONCERNING THE FUNCTIONALITIES OF EACH TECHNOLOGY, SO THAT OIG-NYPD CAN ASSESS WHETHER NYPD HAS, IN					
fact, issued an IUP that covers each surveillance technology that has a distinct functionality or					
CAPABILITY.					
2022 2023 2024					

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: The Department provided an itemized list of surveillance technologies but did not include the functionalities of each technology.

It is important that OIG-NYPD know the functionality of each technology so that the Office can assess whether NYPD has, in fact, issued an IUP that covers each surveillance technology that has a distinct functionality or capability.

THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS IS **REJECTED**

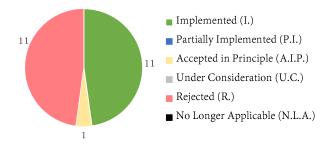
RECOMMENDATION 15					
NYPD should issue a press release announcing the publication, related public comment period of any new					
IUPs, and subsequently publish the press release on its website.					
2022 2023 2024					

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had previously considered this recommendation, its current position is that the Department will comply with the language stated in the POST Act, which does not directly call for a comment period of new IUPs or press releases.

A press release with a public comment period promotes transparency and builds stronger police-community relations, therefore this recommendation has been changed to rejected.

COMPLAINTS OF BIASED POLICING IN NEW YORK CITY: AN ASSESSMENT OF NYPD'S INVESTIGATIONS, POLICIES, AND TRAINING

JUNE 26, 2019 REPORT





This report examined how NYPD and CCRB investigated and tracked complaints of biased

policing against NYPD officers. OIG-NYPD found that from 2014, when NYPD began separately investigating and tracking such complaints, to the end of 2018, members of the public had made at least 2,495 complaints of biased policing. OIG-NYPD analyzed over 5,000 pages of NYPD documents related to 888 such allegations, covering a two-and-a-half year period, and found inadequacies in how NYPD investigated and tracked them. This examination also determined that CCRB, the City's primary agency charged with investigating police officer misconduct, did not investigate complaints of biased policing.

Subsequent to the release of the 2019 Report, New York City Council passed legislation (Local Law No. 047 of 2021) in April 2021, which clarified that CCRB has the authority to investigate biased policing. Prior to this, all biased policing complaints were referred to NYPD's Internal Affairs Bureau. CCRB now has a fully staffed Racial Profiling and Bias-Based Policing ("RPBP") Unit at the CCRB. According to its website, RPBP is "…focused on investigating civilian complaints of profiling/biased policing by uniformed (not civilian) members of the NYPD based on 10 different protected categories."

OIG-NYPD made 23 recommendations that focused on policies and procedures, investigative integrity, and transparency. Four of those recommendations relate to either CCRB and/or the City's Commission on Human Rights ("CCHR"). A full copy of the Report can be accessed <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUS UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW ARE IMPLEMENTED

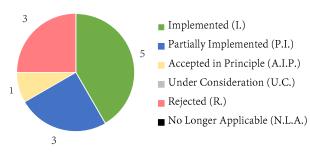
CCRB SHOULD ADD ALL THE PROTECTED STATUSES, SUCH AS "NATIONAL ORIGIN," "COLOR," "AGE," "ALIENAGE," "CITIZENSHIP STATUS," AND "HOUSING STATUS" AS OUTLINED IN § 14-151 OF THE NYC ADMINISTRATIVE CODE AND \$ 203-25 OF NYPD'S PATROL GUIDE, TO THE SUBCLASSIFICATIONS OF ITS OFFENSIVE LANGUAGE CATEGORY.

2020 2021	2022	2023	2024
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NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: This recommendation is implemented. CCRB has listed the recommended protected categories including, "National Origin," "Color," "Age," "Citizenship Status," "Housing Status," and "Immigration" instead of "Alienage" on its Racial Profiling & Biased-Based Policing Investigations Unit webpage.

AN INVESTIGATION OF NYPD'S SPECIAL VICTIMS DIVISION-ADULT SEX CRIMES

MARCH 27, 2018 REPORT



This Report detailed the findings of OIG-NYPD's year-long investigation into how NYPD Special Victims Division ("SVD") investigated cases



involving sexual assaults from 2008 through 2017. OIG-NYPD found that throughout the nine years prior to the Report's release, NYPD had understaffed and under-resourced SVD, despite recommendations from a 2010 NYPD working group and consistent warnings raised by SVD leadership in the years following. Internal NYPD documents revealed that many sexual assault cases were not properly being investigated due to staffing and resource limitations.

OIG-NYPD also found that NYPD had prioritized so-called "stranger rapes" and other more high-profile cases, while "acquaintance rape" and other investigations received less attention. In some instances, the lower priority cases were sent to local precinct squads for post-arrest investigation rather than being conducted by SVD.

OIG-NYPD made 12 recommendations that focused on staffing, renovations to physical facilities, and training. A full copy of the Report can be accessed <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUS UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS IS ACCEPTED IN PRINCIPLE

RECOMMENDATION 9

NYPD should invest in a new case management system for SVD that would replace ECMS. The new system should have the highest security protocols and limit access to the case detective and their immediate supervisors within SVD. In addition, any new system should have advanced caseload, staff management, and data analysis capabilities.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

MARCH 2024

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: According to the Department, there are limitations on who can view certain case information, and the Electronic Case Management System ("ECMS") sends out a notification when SVD cases are viewed. Additionally, there are occasions when access is restricted. The Department does not plan to allocate resources to a new system due to financial constraints.

OIG-NYPD has yet to receive a policy or other formal indication that the enhanced security measures associated with the current system are in place and how they are being used. While this recommendation was previously partially implemented, without a policy or formal indication of change this recommendation has been changed to accepted in principle.

THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS IS **REJECTED**

RECOMMENDATION 4

NYPD should immediately take steps to improve SVD's ability to recruit and retain experienced detectives by making SVD a "graded" division. Once completed, NYPD should end the practice of transferring officers to SVD without extensive investigative experience.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

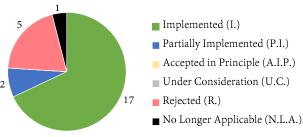
NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had originally rejected this recommendation and then considered it, this recommendation has been changed to rejected. According to the Department, SVD is sufficiently staffed such that "white shield" investigators are no longer given primary investigative or case responsibility, but instead their time in the division is spent in a training capacity.

NYPD is again considering the promotional structure, but the Department noted that promotions are a practical impossibility due to the City's fiscal situation.

A "graded" division is essential to SVD increasing the chance that the division can attract highly-experienced and knowledgeable detectives.

AN INVESTIGATION OF NYPD'S NEW FORCE REPORTING SYSTEM

FEBRUARY 6, 2018 REPORT





This Report served to ensure NYPD's compliance with its new use-of-force policies developed after

OIG-NYPD's 2015 report on police use of force. This Report found gaps in the force-reporting process and practices, including a failure to consistently report use-of-force incidents in all required instances, the absence of a deadline for use-of-force documentation to be completed, insufficient training and guidance for officers, and lingering confusion at the precinct level regarding the new policies.

OIG-NYPD made 25 recommendations related to the new force reporting system. A full copy of the Report can be accessed here.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUS UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW ARE **REJECTED**

RECOMMENDATION 2

NYPD SHOULD CONTINUE TO DEVELOP ITS SOFTWARE CAPABILITIES, WHICH NOW INITIATE THE CREATION OF A T.R.I. NUMBER WHEN AN OFFICER INDICATES ON AN ARREST REPORT THAT FORCE WAS USED, TO ALSO PROMPT OFFICERS THAT THEY MAY HAVE TO COMPLETE A T.R.I. WHEN CERTAIN ARREST CHARGES ARE ENTERED (SUCH AS RESISTING ARREST OR ASSAULT ON A POLICE OFFICER), WHEN THE ARREST REPORT INDICATES AN ARRESTEE OR OFFICER INJURY HAS OCCURRED, AND IN OTHER SIMILAR SCENARIOS.

|--|

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had originally accepted this recommendation, it has been changed to rejected. According to the Department, there are currently no automated processes in place. Additionally, the Department's internal system for digital arrest processing ("OMNIFORM") does not communicate with the T.R.I. system, therefore, it is not possible for the arrest reports to prompt officers who may need to complete a T.R.I. form. The Department does not plan to develop its internal systems further.

To ensure that all reportable force uses are captured, the Department should invest in software updates that will prompt officers to complete a T.R.I. form when options such as "Resisting Arrest" or "Assault on an Officer" are selected.

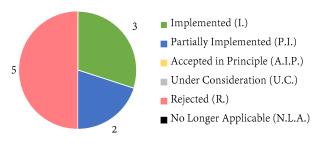
RECOMMENDATION 21A

NYPD SHOULD US	e data from T.R.I. f	FORMS TO PUBLISH AN	NUAL USE-OF-FORCE	REPORTS THAT IDEN	TIFY AND ANALYZE
TRENDS IN ALL FORCE CATEGORIES. THE REPORT SHOULD CONTAIN ALL INFORMATION CURRENTLY MANDATED BY LAW AND					
INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING TREND ANALYSES: A) ALL FORCE ENCOUNTERS DISAGGREGATED BY THE REASON FORCE WAS					
USED;					
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had originally rejected this recommendation and then considered it, this recommendation has been changed to rejected. The Department notes that it had started this trend analysis, per OIG-NYPD's recommendation, however, NYPD's current position is that the data collected is misleading due to the variability in potential responses from individual officers. Therefore, NYPD will not make its analysis public and maintains that its position will not change in the future.

WHEN UNDOCUMENTED IMMIGRANTS ARE CRIME VICTIMS: AN ASSESSMENT OF NYPD'S HANDLING OF U VISA CERTIFICATION REQUESTS

JULY 28, 2017 REPORT



This Report examined NYPD's role in and procedures for the U nonimmigrant status visa ("U visa") certification process. A U visa is provided to



undocumented victims of certain qualifying crimes who assist officials in the investigation and prosecution of those crimes. A certification of cooperation from a local law enforcement agency is required to obtain a U visa. The Report identified concerns about the Department's application of certification criteria, its reliance on criminal background checks to deny certification requests, and its practice of referring certification requests to other agencies.

OIG-NYPD made ten recommendations for strengthening NYPD's U visa certification program. A full copy of the Report can be accessed <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUS UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW ARE **REJECTED**

		REC	COMMENDATIC)N 6		
NY	PD should crea	TE AND PUBLISH IT	'S COMPLETE STAN	DARDS FOR CERTIF	FICATION ELIGIBILI	TY.
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had originally rejected this recommendation, and then partially implemented it by noting that the standard for certification is explained in the Federal Guidelines, Patrol Guide § 212-111, and Administrative Guide § 308-07, this recommendation has been changed to rejected. As of this reporting Administrative Guide § 308-07 is no longer active and has been replaced by Patrol Guide § 207-37, which explains the review process for U visa certification. The Federal Guidelines, Patrol Guide § 212-111, and Patrol Guide § 207-37 are publicly available, but neither disclose that there are background checks conducted by the Department. Further, the

Department has not provided updates regarding written policies concerning when and how background checks are conducted.

		REC	COMMENDATIC	DN 7		
NYPD'S DENIAL LETTERS SHOULD ARTICULATE SPECIFIC REASONS FOR EACH DENIAL, USING THE FACTS OF THE CASE TO						
EXPLAIN THE DECISION.						
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had originally partially implemented this recommendation by including a list of qualifying crimes, it is now changed to rejected. OIG-NYPD has not received an updated sample denial letter that explains the Department's decision. As a result, the Office has reassessed the value of including a list of qualifying crimes within the denial letter. According to the Department, additional detail could expose NYPD to litigation.

A key concern highlighted by this investigation was possibility that NYPD could deny certification requests of qualified applicants because the Department's guidelines are inconsistent with the federal guidelines. When the Department fails to articulate the specific reasons for each denial, this concern persists. A denial letter without articulated specific reasons is insufficient for an applicant to readily understand the basis for denial. Providing fact-specific explanations will save NYPD time by making the appeals process more efficient by reducing the volume of follow-up inquiries.

RECOMMENDATION 9 NYPD should develop written materials regarding the U Visa program for dissemination at precincts and other						
			RE VICTIMS MAY EN			
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

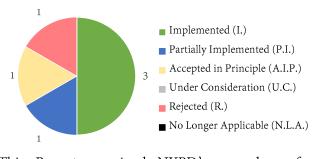
NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had originally partially implemented this recommendation, it has been changed to rejected. According to the Department, there will be a significant delay in developing an updated U visa flyer that includes the contact information for the Family Justice Centers ("FJC"), which offers legal assistance for individuals filing U visa applications.

There is significant value in providing information for FJC on the U visa flyer—or FJC's own flyer in addition to the U visa materials developed by the Department—to ensure individuals have the information to complete and submit a U visa certification for approval.

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ADDRESSING INEFFICIENCIES IN NYPD'S HANDLING OF COMPLAINTS: AN INVESTIGATION OF THE "OUTSIDE GUIDELINES" COMPLAINT PROCESS

FEBRUARY 7, 2017 REPORT



This Report examined NYPD's procedures for handling "Outside Guidelines" ("OG") complaints—less severe allegations of officer



misconduct that fall outside NYPD's Patrol Guide rules. The Report identified inefficiencies and inconsistencies in how NYPD tracks OG complaints as they moved from IAB to the Office of the Chief of Department's Investigation Review Section ("OCD-IRS") for handling. These problems included the use of outdated technology incompatible with other NYPD systems, which slowed down the completion of the complaint review process, and a lack of formal documentation for investigation extensions.

OIG-NYPD made six recommendations for NYPD's policy and procedure for handling of OG complaints. A full copy of the Report can be accessed <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUSES UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

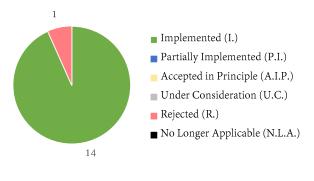
THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS IS ACCEPTED IN PRINCIPLE

		REC	COMMENDATIC	DN 5		
NYPD should implement a web-based procedure for communicating the status and results of externally-						
GENERATED OG investigations back to the community members who filed the complaints.						
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had originally partially implemented this recommendation by including the phone number, email address, and mailing address on the IAB <u>website</u> for updates, it still had not created a web-based procedure for communicating the status and results of investigations. The Department has advised that it is planning to add a web-based procedure in addition to the information available on IAB's webpage. Once the Department has developed a web-based procedure this recommendation will be considered implemented.

POLICE USE OF FORCE IN NEW YORK CITY: FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ON NYPD'S POLICIES AND PRACTICES

OCTOBER 1, 2015 REPORT





OIG-NYPD conducted a detailed analysis of NYPD's policies on force, how force incidents are

reported, how NYPD trains officers regarding the use-of-force, and the disciplinary process for substantiated cases of excessive force.

OIG-NYPD's investigation revealed that NYPD's use-of-force policy provided little guidance to individual officers on what actions constitute force and provided insufficient instruction on de-escalation tactics. The Office also concluded that NYPD's documentation and reporting processes hinder the Department's ability to accurately and comprehensively capture data on the frequency of use-of-force encounters and failure to impose discipline when there is evidence of excessive force.

OIG-NYPD made 15 recommendations for NYPD's use-of-force policies and procedures. A full copy of the Report can be accessed <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUSES UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS IS **REJECTED**

RECOMMENDATION 4

WITH RESPECT TO THE NEWLY CREATED FORM, NYPD SHOULD REQUIRE ALL OFFICERS—WHETHER THE SUBJECT OF A FORCE INVESTIGATION OR A WITNESS TO A USE OF FORCE—TO DOCUMENT AND REPORT ALL FORCE INCIDENTS. WHEN COMPLETING THIS DOCUMENT, OFFICERS SHOULD USE DESCRIPTIVE LANGUAGE TO ARTICULATE THE EVENTS LEADING UP TO THE USE OF FORCE IN ENCOUNTERS WITH THE PUBLIC, THE REASON WHY THE FORCE WAS USED, AND THE LEVEL AND TYPE OF FORCE USED.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

MARCH 2024

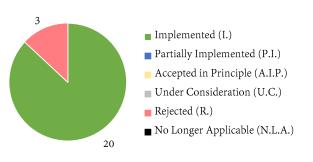
NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: Initially the Department took this recommendation under consideration and then partially implemented it by creating a T.R.I. Incident Worksheet and Investigating Supervisor's Assessment Report. Only officers who used force themselves, or had force used against them, were required to complete a T.R.I. Incident Worksheet. Patrol Guide § 221- 03 did not require all members who have witnessed the use of force to complete the T.R.I. Incident Worksheet, though NYPD did require all members who witnessed excessive force to report it directly to IAB. In addition, the T.R.I. Incident Worksheet failed to provide a space for a narrative that would allow the officer to describe the events leading to the use of force. There are currently two forms the Department uses to document force incidents: the T.R.I. Incident form, filled out by a supervisor, and the T.R.I. Interaction form, filled out by the subject and witness officers. While subject and witness officers provide a verbal recount of the force incident to the responding supervisor, they are not required or able to individually document their narrative of the events leading up to the use of force, the reason why the force was used, or the level of force used. The T.R.I. Interaction form is more or less a sign-on to the supervisor's narrative and selection of the level of force used.

There is significant value in documenting an individual officer's account of a use-of-force incident. While a supervising officer may be able to integrate each officers' accounts into a cohesive narrative, details of an individual officer's narrative can be removed or left out. This information plays a critical role in the understanding of the entirety of events related to a use-of-force incident. In addition, the inclusion of a narrative section and the opportunity to document the level of force used on the T.R.I. Interaction form increases individual accountability and mitigates unintended pressure to corroborate a supervisor's description of a use-of-force incident due to the nature of the professional dynamic.

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BODY-WORN CAMERAS IN NYC: ASSESSMENT OF THE NYPD'S PILOT PROGRAM AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO PROMOTE ACCOUNTABILITY

JULY 30, 2015 REPORT



This Report examined NYPD's body-worn camera ("BWC") pilot program. OIG-NYPD conducted a comprehensive review of the program, with a particular focus on the policies and practices



concerning the use and preservation of BWC footage. This review focused on five categories of interest: 1) officer discretion regarding when to record, 2) notifications to civilians by officers when a BWC is activated, 3) safeguards to ensure officer compliance with BWC policy, 4) access to footage by officers and the public, and 5) retention and purging of BWC footage. Data collected from participants in the program revealed disparate and inconsistent practices concerning camera activation despite NYPD policies. The Office found inadequacies in NYPD's BWC pilot program.

OIG-NYPD made 23 recommendations for improving the use of body-worn cameras as NYPD transitioned from its pilot program to its long-term BWC policies. A full copy of the Report can be accessed <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUSES UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

THE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT FOLLOW ARE **REJECTED**

	NYPD sh	OULD INTEGRA		MMENDATIC age review in	DN 4.2 to NYPD's fie	LD TRAINING P	ROGRAM.	
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: In 2016 NYPD considered integrating BWC footage review into its field training program. However, there was a change in implementation status to rejected in 2017 and 2018 due to the Department maintaining that encouraging Field Training Officers ("FTO") to view BWC footage with their trainees as sufficient. However, in 2019 NYPD advised that it would consider formalizing the FTO review of BWC footage as the Department's experience with BWC grows. In 2023 the Department advised that it had issued memo #31-18 entitled "Body-Worn Cameras: Supervisor Responsibilities" available to patrol commanders, training sergeants, and Integrity

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Control Officers ("ICO") that instructs them to "...periodically review BWC footage to provide positive feedback and address any performance or tactical deficiencies observed." This memo is not equivalent to using a review of the footage during the FTO course.

The Department can use a Chief's memo or other internal policy to memorialize the review of BWC footage during the field training program. The review of BWC footage in NYPD's field training program serves as a useful tool to enhance training and improve officer performance. Such practice would allow senior officers to more clearly point out errors as they occur and illustrate tactical alternatives.

	NYPD shoul	.D ENSURE FAIR		MMENDATIO		ht to view BV	VC FOOTAGE.	
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASESSMENT: While NYPD had originally accepted this recommendation, it has been changed to rejected. According to the Department, CCRB, Assistant District Attorney ("ADA"), and IAB are responsible for deciding if a member of the public can review BWC footage before making a statement—which may not be possible due to a pending investigation. Further, members of the public can request to review BWC footage by submitting a FOIL request, but this is also subject to the circumstances surrounding a pending investigation and can take anywhere between three to nine months before it is received.

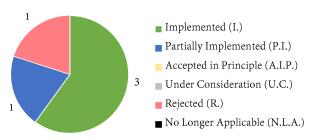
Access to BWC recording should be limited where officers are under investigation or are witnesses in misconduct investigations. This is a critical component of officer and witness accountability. Officers and members of the public should be able to review relevant BWC footage only after providing an initial statement, and that supplemental reports should be permitted. In this regard, consideration of any mitigating factors leading to differences between BWC footage and officer testimony should be considered before officers are disciplined for these discrepancies, and officers should not be sanctioned without clear evidence that they intentionally and materially obscured the truth.

Policies and procedures that reflect parity for officers and members of the public as it pertains to viewing BWC footage related to pending investigations is very important, and until parity is achieved this recommendation is rejected.

MARCH 2024

USING DATA FROM LAWSUITS AND LEGAL CLAIMS INVOLVING NYPD TO IMPROVE POLICING

APRIL 4, 2015 REPORT



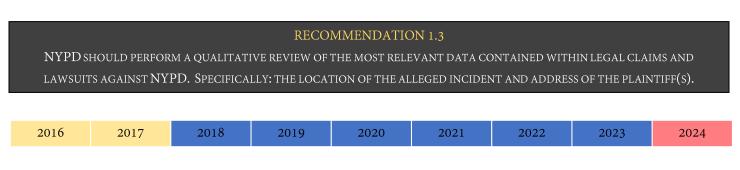
This Report examined how NYPD can better collect and use police litigation data to improve officer performance, identify trends, and make important process improvements.



OIG-NYPD found that NYPD had been improving its system for using data—including litigation data—to track and monitor the performance of individual officers, and had revamped its internal team responsible for reviewing and identifying trends in legal claims and litigation. However, the Report found several missed opportunities in how litigation data is collected and used in the long term.

OIG-NYPD made five recommendations related to how litigation data is collected and used in the long term. A full copy of the Report can be accessed <u>here</u>.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLEMENTATION STATUSES UPDATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023



THE RECOMMENDATION THAT FOLLOWS IS **REJECTED**

NYPD UPDATES and OIG-NYPD ASSESSMENT: While NYPD had originally accepted this recommendation, then partially implemented it by reviewing the location of the alleged incident, this process ended during the COVID-19 pandemic. The Department is unsure when the review of the location of the alleged incidents will begin again. According to NYPD, it is unaware of how to get plaintiffs' addresses, does not see the value added, and foresees plaintiffs having issue with the Department collecting this information. Despite the fact that NYPD has access to this information and the

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information could be helpful in identifying trends or areas for improvement in police-community relations, the Department has not changed its position on collecting the address(s) of the plaintiff(s) involved in the alleged incident and, as a result does not conduct a qualitative review.

A qualitative review of this data is valuable in understanding litigation trends and to determining focus areas for the improvement of law enforcement interactions with the public.

VI. LOOKING AHEAD

In addition to the Office's investigative work and community outreach, OIG-NYPD is committed to continuing our work to build stronger police-community relations by engaging with the public, community organizations, legislators, other City agencies, and NYPD to help shape our investigations.

We will continue to adapt oversight strategies to meet technological and data analytic advancements while considering the best possible solutions for improving policing in the City. The Office is optimistic about potential City Council legislative developments related to the POST Act and the newly enacted legislation related to bodyworn camera footage access.



THE FOLLOWING TABLE DESCRIBES THE STATUS OF ALL RECOMMENDATIONS ISSUED, EACH YEAR FROM 2015-2023; INCLUDING RECOMMENDATIONS THAT WERE IMPLEMENTED.

THE REPORTS ARE LISTED IN REVERSE CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER. CLICK ON A TITLE TO VIEW THE STATUS HISTORY FOR EACH REPORT.

A FULL COPY OF EACH REPORT CAN BE FOUND ON OIG-NYPD'S WEBSITE.

STATEMENT OF FINDINGS REGARDING NYPD'S TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND RESPONSE UNIT AND THE REVISED HANDSCHU GUIDELINES (JUNE 2023)
OVERTIME UNDER REVIEW: NYPD OVERTIME AND THE INCREASED RISK OF NEGATIVE POLICING OUTCOMES (MAY 2023)
AN INVESTIGATION INTO NYPD'S CRIMINAL GROUP DATABASE (APRIL 2023)
ASSESSMENT OF NYPD'S RESPONSE TO THE POST ACT (NOVEMBER 2022)
SHARING POLICE BODY-WORN CAMERA FOOTAGE IN NEW YORK CITY (NOVEMBER 2021)
AN INVESTIGATION OF NYPD'S OFFICER WELLNESS AND SAFETY SERVICES NYPD (SEPTEMBER 2019)
COMPLAINTS OF BIASED POLICING IN NEW YORK CITY: AN ASSESSMENT OF NYPD'S INVESTIGATIONS, POLICIES, AND TRAINING (JUNE 2019)
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WHEN UNDOCUMENTED IMMIGRANTS ARE CRIME VICTIMS: AN ASSESSMENT OF NYPD'S HANDLING OF U VISA CERTIFICATION REQUESTS (JULY 2017)

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	NT OF FINDINGS REGARDING NYPD'S TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND RESPONSE UNIT AND ED HANDSCHU GUIDELINES (JUNE 2023)
	mented (I.) Partially Implemented (P.I.) Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.)
Unc	Consideration (U.C.) Rejected (R.) No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.)
1.	NYPD should require in a written policy that TARU notify the Legal Bureau of any requests from the Intelligence Bureau for access to TARU footage.
	2024
2.	NYPD should require in a written policy that the Legal Bureau process any requests from the Intelligence Bureau for ccess to TARU footage in accordance with the Revised Handschu Guidelines
	2024
3.	NYPD should revise Patrol Guide Procedure 212-71 to more accurately reflect NYPD's approach to TARU record etention. If the Department intends to continue its indefinite retention of all video/photographic materials the policy hould clearly state that position, and explain the purpose of indefinite retention, as well as any other purposes for which materials can be retained, and the appropriate length of any such retention.
	2024
4.	NYPD should create an index/log for the over two decades of video/photographic footage that was captured prior to May 2020, when the Department began consistently cataloging and indexing such footage.

2024 NYPD should replace the current hard copy logbook and content lists which catalogue the video/photographic 5. material collected by TARU (its practice since May 2020) with an electronic tracking system that would enable more efficient searches for particular footage in TARU's library. 2024 NYPD should revise NYPD Patrol Guide Procedure 212-71 to address the circumstances in which TARU can be 6. deployed without the requisite preauthorization from NYPD's Legal Bureau, and in which retroactive authorization can be granted. 2024 NYPD should revise NYPD Patrol Guide Procedure 212-71 to require that TARU request logs identify the specific basis and rationale for TARU's request to be present and record at a public gathering, instead of using boilerplate language. 2024 8. NYP should require that TARU request logs specify what types of video/photographic technology is sought. 2024 OVERTIME UNDER REVIEW: NYPD OVERTIME AND THE INCREASED RISK OF NEGATIVE POLICING OUTCOMES (MAY 2023) Implemented (I.) Partially Implemented (P.I.) Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.) Under Consideration (U.C.) Rejected (R.) No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.) NYPD should develop and incorporate policies related to fatigue in its written overtime procedures. 1. 2024 NYPD should develop a system to track off-duty employment hours worked by its officers. 2. 2024 NYPD should develop and implement training for officers concerning how to recognize and to mitigate the effects of 3. fatigue due to long work hours, as NYPD currently provides to supervisors. 2024 To further inform its development of overtime and fatigue-related policies, NYPD should utilize a consulting firm that specializes in, among other things, risk assessments, to calculate the risks and benefits of overtime and to identify solutions to mitigate those risks while meeting the Department's overtime needs. This assessment should include an 4. analysis of fatigue-associated risks and overtime shift justifications, and the assessment should identify solutions to control overtime shift length and distribution. Depending on the results of this assessment, NYPD should develop appropriate risk mitigation strategies. 2024 NYPD should make the results of the risk assessment recommended in number 4, above, and any recommendations, 5. available on its public website in an area that is readily accessible. 2024

OIG-NYPI	D TENTH ANNUAL REPORT MARCH 2024
6.	NYPD should codify in its Patrol Guide and/or Administrative Guide any changes made as a result of the risk assessment and recommendations. If no changes are made, NYPD should issue a statement explaining its decision-making on its public website in an area that is readily accessible.
	2024
AN INVE	STIGATION INTO NYPD'S CRIMINAL GROUP DATABASE (APRIL 2023)
Imp Imp	lemented (I.) Partially Implemented (P.I.) Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.)
Und Und	er Consideration (U.C.) Rejected (R.) No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.)
1.	Within 180 days, NYPD should publish a statement on its website describing how the CGD contributes to the Department's public safety and violent crime reduction strategies. The statement should provide more detail than what is contained in the publicly available IUP and it should describe how the information in the database supports the Department's efforts to combat violent crime as well as its effectiveness as a tool of crime prevention.
	2024
2.	Within 180 days, NYPD should revise the IUP for the CGD to describe the activation, renewal, and deactivation processes, explain the nature and extent of the evidence required to satisfy the entry criteria, and identify by name the law enforcement and other external entities with whom NYPD may share information about the individuals included in the CGD, for investigative or other purposes. The document should also describe the security protections that prevent unauthorized parties, within or outside of NYPD, from accessing the CGD.
	2024
3.	NYPD should require a multilevel review process for the activation, renewal, and deactivation of all entries in the CGD, to be supported by the signature of each reviewer where required. That process should be memorialized in writing.
	2024
4.	NYPD should provide written guidance to officers explaining how to apply the Option A and B entry criteria, including examples of the type and extent of evidence that is sufficient for activation.
	2024
5.	NYPD should provide written guidance about how to complete the Person Maintenance, Activation, and Renewal DD5s for the maintenance and entry of individuals into the CGD and should include a requirement that available documentation be attached to the DD5s to substantiate that entry criteria are satisfied.
	2024
6.	NYPD should create a list of police encounters and arrest types that constitute "qualifying police contact," for purposes of renewal determinations, to be used by officers responsible for deciding whether to renew or deactivate individuals from the CGD.
	2024
7.	Within 180 days, NYPD should begin a review of each entry in the CGD to determine whether inclusion is still warranted. That analysis should be completed by the Department within one year after the publication of this Report.
	2024
8.	NYPD should require, by written policy, the review of all CGD entries every twelve months for minors and every eighteen months for adults.

	2024
9.	NYPD should make inaccessible via DAS and other search methods all CGD entries that are not evaluated within 60 days of review deadlines, until those entries are reviewed.
	2024
10.	NYPD should require and convene a special review panel of Department personnel to approve the activation of minors into the CGD, documented by the signature of the chair of the group.
	2024
11.	NYPD should notify parents or guardians of minors that their children have been activated into the CGD within 60 days of activation unless notification would interfere with active criminal investigations.
	2024
12.	NYPD should create a process for minors and their parents to appeal their inclusions in the database if the minors have no contact with law enforcement over a twelve-month period.
	2024
13.	NYPD should ensure that officers completing Person Maintenance, Activation, and Renewal forms do not have access to sealed arrest information for those purposes, including, but not limited to, ensuring that DD5 forms used for those purposes do not autofill with sealed arrest information unless explicitly authorized by law.
	2024
14.	NYPD should not consider sealed arrests when making CGD activation and renewal determinations
	2024
15.	NYPD should increase the number of staffers assigned to support the administration of the CGD.
	2024
16.	NYPD should create a written policy formalizing its intention, after an individualized assessment, to generally grant FOIL requests by individuals with respect to whether they are in the CGD, by providing them with redacted versions of any relevant supporting documents if they are in the database, and by informing them that there are no relevant documents, if they are not.
	2024
17.	Annually, as requested, NYPD should provide a random sample (including minors) of all Activation, Renewal, and Deactivation DD5s and any support documentation to OIG-NYPD for review.
	2024
ASSESSM	ENT OF NYPD'S RESPONSE TO THE POST ACT (NOVEMBER 2022)
Imp	lemented (I.) Partially Implemented (P.I.) Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.)
Und	ler Consideration (U.C.) Rejected (R.) No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.)
1.	NYPD should issue an IUP for each individual surveillance technology, as opposed to continuing its practice of grouping similar technologies under a single IUP.
	2023 2024
2.	NYPD should identify in each IUP each external agency, by name, with which the Department can share surveillance data.

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	2023	2024
	NYPD should include in each IUP the specific safegu	uards/restrictions on use or dissemination of the surveillance data,
3.	for each external agency with which the Departmen	t can share such data.
	2023	2024
	NYPD should include in each IUP the potential disp	parate impacts on protected groups of the use and deployment of
4.	the surveillance technology itself.	
	2023	2024
	NYPD should revise the Health & Safety Reporting	sections of all published IUPs, to include any safety hazards that
5.		anufacturer warnings, or evaluations by experts in the field, or to
	state that no such hazards have been identified after	
	2023	2024
	Within 180 days, NYPD should convene a working s	group of NYPD personnel, relevant City Council members or their
		cy groups and community organizations who have expertise in
		king group is to make recommendations to NYPD on necessary
6.		that should be included in any future IUPs for new technologies,
		applicable to the working group should ensure the protection of
	sensitive information as appropriate.	
	2023	2024
	Within 180 days, NYPD should create an internal	tracking system for every instance in which NYPD provides an
7.		echnologies that NYPD controls, including the name of the agency
	and the date of that the data was provided.	
	and the date of that the data was provided.	2024
	2023	
	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should
8.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected
8.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include
8.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra-	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include
8.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP.	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess
	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024
8.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, for and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing
	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD.
	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, for and which NYPD units maintain that information. It information about the retention procedures and prace NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance 2023	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024
	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed
9.	2023Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, for and which NYPD units maintain that information. It information about the retention procedures and prace NYPD's compliance with the IUP.2023NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance2023NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by the	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed he 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October).
9.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by the 2023	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed the 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October). 2024
9.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, for and which NYPD units maintain that information. It information about the retention procedures and prace NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by the 2023 Within 30 days, NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed he 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October). 2024 an itemized list of the surveillance technologies that it uses. This
9.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by the 2023 Within 30 days, NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD list should include information concerning the fur-	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed he 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October). 2024 an itemized list of the surveillance technologies that it uses. This nctionalities of each technology, so that OIG-NYPD can assess
9. 10.	2023Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, for and which NYPD units maintain that information. It information about the retention procedures and prace NYPD's compliance with the IUP.2023NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance2023NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by the 2023Within 30 days, NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD list should include information concerning the fur whether NYPD has, in fact, issued an IUP that cover	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed he 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October). 2024 an itemized list of the surveillance technologies that it uses. This nctionalities of each technology, so that OIG-NYPD can assess
9.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, fo and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by th 2023 Within 30 days, NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD list should include information concerning the fur whether NYPD has, in fact, issued an IUP that cover capability.	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed he 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October). 2024 an itemized list of the surveillance technologies that it uses. This nctionalities of each technology, so that OIG-NYPD can assess rs each surveillance technology that has a distinct functionality or
9. 10.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, for and which NYPD units maintain that information. It information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by th 2023 Within 30 days, NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD list should include information concerning the fur whether NYPD has, in fact, issued an IUP that cover capability. 2023	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed he 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October). 2024 an itemized list of the surveillance technologies that it uses. This nctionalities of each technology, so that OIG-NYPD can assess rs each surveillance technology that has a distinct functionality or 2024
9. 10.	2023Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, for and which NYPD units maintain that information. I information about the retention procedures and prace NYPD's compliance with the IUP.2023NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance2023NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by the 2023Within 30 days, NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD list should include information concerning the function whether NYPD has, in fact, issued an IUP that cover capability.2023NYPD should create written policies establishing g	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed he 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October). 2024 an itemized list of the surveillance technologies that it uses. This nctionalities of each technology, so that OIG-NYPD can assess rs each surveillance technology that has a distinct functionality or
9. 10. 11.	2023 Within 90 days, in order to facilitate OIG-NYPD's provide OIG-NYPD with information indicating, for and which NYPD units maintain that information. It information about the retention procedures and pra- NYPD's compliance with the IUP. 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with any data contracts with vendors who supply the surveillance 2023 NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD with the data contracts with surveillance technology vendors by th 2023 Within 30 days, NYPD should provide OIG-NYPD list should include information concerning the fur whether NYPD has, in fact, issued an IUP that cover capability. 2023	s statutorily obligated audit under the POST Act, NYPD should r each surveillance technology, the various types of data collected NYPD should include ctices for each type of data collected so that OIG-NYPD can assess 2024 access and retention policies that are included in the existing technologies used by NYPD. 2024 access and retention policies contained in any newly executed he 15th of each quarter (i.e., January, April, July, and October). 2024 an itemized list of the surveillance technologies that it uses. This nctionalities of each technology, so that OIG-NYPD can assess rs each surveillance technology that has a distinct functionality or 2024

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	NYPD should conduct peri	odic audits of its Facial Identification Sect	ion's use of facial recognition technology to
13.	ensure compliance with its	policies related to the use of the technology	and its data. This auditing process should be
	memorialized in writing		
	2023		2024
)'s mandated annual audits beginning la	nuary 15, 2023, NYPD should provide OIG-
			nued technologies in an itemized list of the
14.			0
		-	ade available by the 15 th of each quarter (i.e.,
	January, April, July, and Oct	cober).	
	2023		2024
15.	•	•	public comment period of any new IUPs, and
	subsequently publish the pre-	ess release on its website.	
	2023		2024
SHARING	G POLICE BODY-WORN (CAMERA FOOTAGE IN NEW YORK (CITY (NOVEMBER 2021)
Imp	plemented (I.)	Partially Implemented (P.I.)	Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.)
	Jemented (1.)	Tartiany implemented (1.1.)	
	der Consideration (U.C.)	Rejected (R.)	No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.)
		incjected (R.)	No Longer Applicable (N.E.M.)
	NYPD should conduct an ir	ternal review to ensure that sealed BWC fo	otage is not being commingled with unsealed
1.			vent sealed BWC footage from being viewed
1.		(PD) without a court order or waiver.	vent sealed D v S lootage from being viewed
	2022	2023	2024
			n fulfilling its mandate, NYPD should provide
			C storage databases so that BWC videos can be
2.	1		5
			s should be subject to appropriate credentials
		curity and privacy concerns.	
	2022	2023	2024
		-	ith each of the covered Charter § 808 agencies,
3.	as well as OIG-NYPD, to de	termine whether additional access to BWC	footage would benefit them in fulfilling their
	mandates, and engage in go	od faith discussions to expand or streamline	e access if necessary.
	2022	2023	2024
AN INVE	ESTIGATION OF NYPD'S	OFFICER WELLNESS AND SAFETY S	ERVICES NYPD (SEPTEMBER 2019)
	plemented (I.)	Partially Implemented (P.I.)	Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.)
	der Consideration (U.C.)	Rejected (R.)	No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.)
			The Longer Applicable (IN.L.A.)
	To guide the Department's	efforts and memorialize the Departmen	t's commitments, NYPD should develop an
_1	· ·	1	-
1.	overarching Mental Health	and Wellness policy that articulates goals	, establishes standards, and outlines relevant lations in this Report, the work of the Mental

	Wellness S		or, and the efforts of the Mer		ask Force and the Health a
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2.	additional	officer surveys with the	ts own recent 2019 officer su he assistance of outside expe n Recommendation #1.	•	· ·
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.	Section to		Department, NYPD should ensed mental health profe al health and wellness.	•	
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.	identifying	g behavioral themes or	ction should have access to trends in the conduct of NY	PD personnel so as to info	rm the work of the Section.
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.	and wellne	ess trainings provided b	ntal health experts to review by NYPD to personnel, man g, if any, should be develope	y of which are new, and ask	-
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
6.		ould study the feasibilities regories of at-risk office	ty of establishing mandatory ers.	y periodic mental health ch	necks for all police officers
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		ould modify its contry i	intorrontion aretom Dielz	According to Intermetion	
7.	include an wellness ir	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be ider	egory, based on various relev ntified.	ant indicators, so that NYP	D personnel requiring offic
	include an wellness ir	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be ider 2021	egory, based on various relevantified.	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023	D personnel requiring offic
	include an wellness ir 020 NYPD sho	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear wri	egory, based on various relev ntified.	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023	D personnel requiring offic
2 8.	include an wellness ir 020 NYPD sho	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear wri	egory, based on various relevantified.	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023	D personnel requiring offic
2 8.	include an wellness ir 2020 NYPD sho follow up 2020 NYPD sho	*officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear wri with these officers after 2021	egory, based on various relevant ntified. 2022 tten procedures on debriefing r the debriefing sessions. 2022 e National Officer Safety and	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023 ng NYPD personnel in the 2023	D personnel requiring office 2024 wake of critical incidents a 2024
2 8. 2 9.	include an wellness ir 2020 NYPD sho follow up 2020 NYPD sho	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear wri with these officers after 2021 ould collaborate with th	egory, based on various relevant ntified. 2022 tten procedures on debriefing r the debriefing sessions. 2022 e National Officer Safety and	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023 ng NYPD personnel in the 2023	D personnel requiring office 2024 wake of critical incidents a 2024
2 8. 2 9.	include an wellness ir NYPD sho follow up 2020 NYPD sho to reduce s 2020 NYPD sho informatio	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear wri with these officers after 2021 ould collaborate with th suicide among NYPD p 2021 ould establish a manda on on the availability o	egory, based on various relevant ntified. 2022 tten procedures on debriefing r the debriefing sessions. 2022 e National Officer Safety and personnel.	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023 ag NYPD personnel in the 2023 Wellness Group to help an 2023 NYPD personnel approac	D personnel requiring office 2024 wake of critical incidents a 2024 nplify new and existing effo 2024 ching retirement with help
2 8. 9. 2 10.	include an wellness ir NYPD sho follow up 2020 NYPD sho to reduce s 2020 NYPD sho informatio	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear wri with these officers after 2021 ould collaborate with th suicide among NYPD p 2021 ould establish a manda on on the availability o	egory, based on various relevant httified. 2022 tten procedures on debriefing r the debriefing sessions. 2022 e National Officer Safety and personnel. 2022 atory program that provides of support services following	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023 ag NYPD personnel in the 2023 Wellness Group to help an 2023 NYPD personnel approac	D personnel requiring office 2024 wake of critical incidents a 2024 nplify new and existing effo 2024 ching retirement with help
2 8. 9. 2 10.	include an wellness ir NYPD sho follow up v cozo NYPD sho to reduce s cozo NYPD sho informatio financial a	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear writ with these officers after 2021 ould collaborate with th suicide among NYPD p 2021 ould establish a manda on on the availability of dvisement, and medication 2021 ould explore the needs	egory, based on various relevant ntified. 2022 tten procedures on debriefing r the debriefing sessions. 2022 e National Officer Safety and personnel. 2022 atory program that provides of support services following al and retirement benefits.	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023 ag NYPD personnel in the 2023 Wellness Group to help an 2023 NYPD personnel approac separation, adjusting to liv 2023 endeavor to make wellness	D personnel requiring office 2024 wake of critical incidents a 2024 nplify new and existing effo 2024 ching retirement with help fe as a member of the publ 2024
2 8. 2 9. 2 10. 2 11.	include an wellness ir NYPD sho follow up v cozo NYPD sho to reduce s cozo NYPD sho informatio financial a	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear writ with these officers after 2021 ould collaborate with th suicide among NYPD p 2021 ould establish a manda on on the availability of dvisement, and medication 2021 ould explore the needs	egory, based on various relevant ntified. 2022 tten procedures on debriefing r the debriefing sessions. 2022 e National Officer Safety and personnel. 2022 atory program that provides of support services following al and retirement benefits. 2022 of its retired personnel and	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023 ag NYPD personnel in the 2023 Wellness Group to help an 2023 NYPD personnel approac separation, adjusting to liv 2023 endeavor to make wellness	2024 wake of critical incidents a 2024 nplify new and existing effor 2024 ching retirement with help fe as a member of the publ 2024
2 8. 2 9. 2 10. 2 11.	include an wellness ir NYPD sho follow up v co20 NYPD sho to reduce s co20 NYPD sho informatio financial a co20 NYPD sho informatio financial a co20 In implem privacy rig informatio Such effor	"officer wellness" cate ntervention can be iden 2021 ould establish clear writ with these officers after 2021 ould collaborate with th suicide among NYPD p 2021 ould establish a manda on on the availability o dvisement, and medica 2021 ould explore the needs reasonable period of ti 2021 ould explore the needs reasonable period of ti 2021 ould explore the needs reasonable period of ti 2021 ould explore the needs reasonable period of ti 2021 ould explore the needs reasonable period of ti 2021 ould explore the needs reasonable period of ti 2021 ould the recommen on relating to officer he	egory, based on various relevant httified. 2022 tten procedures on debriefing r the debriefing sessions. 2022 e National Officer Safety and personnel. 2022 atory program that provides of support services following al and retirement benefits. 2022 of its retired personnel and ime following retirement or	ant indicators, so that NYP 2023 ag NYPD personnel in the 2023 Wellness Group to help an 2023 WyPD personnel approac separation, adjusting to limits 2023 endeavor to make wellness separation. 2023 PD should put in place mean ctly protected, both interr used and is accessible only	D personnel requiring office 2024 wake of critical incidents a 2024 applify new and existing effor 2024 ching retirement with help fe as a member of the puble 2024 support services available 2024 echanisms to ensure that the hally and externally, so the by those who need to known

OIG-NYPI	J TENTH A	ANNUAL REPORT			MARCH 2024
20)20	2021	2022	2023	2024
			NEW YORK CITY: AN A	SSESSMENT OF NYP	PD'S INVESTIGATIONS,
POLICIE	S, AND TR	AINING (JUNE 2019)			
Imp	lemented (I	.)	Partially Implemented (P	.I.) Acc	epted in Principle (A.I.P.)
Unc	ler Consider	ation (U.C.)	Rejected (R.)	No	Longer Applicable (N.L.A.)
1.	NYPD sho	ould amend its Patrol Gui	de policies to explicitly requ	ire NYPD officers and r	non-uniformed employees to
1.	report inst	ances of biased policing u	pon observing or becoming	aware of such conduct.	
20)20	2021	2022	2023	2024
					nsive or derogatory language
2.			l or perceived protected stat	us, such as racial slurs, ar	e classified as biased policing
20		discriminatory intent	2022	2022	2024
2()20 NVDD sha	2021	2022	2023	2024 that offensive or derogatory
2			• •	· •	officer's use of racial slurs, is
3.			ted as a biased policing mat		officer s use of factor sturs, is
20)20	2021	2022	2023	2024
20					tive procedures to document
4.		•	•	•	ws when investigating biased
		omplaints before the case i			
20)20	2021	2022	2023	2024
	NYPD sho	uld amend its written invo	estigative procedures to requ	lire investigators to atter	npt to interview incarcerated
_	complaina	nts when such complaina	ants are being held at a jail	located within the five	boroughs of New York City
5.	(regardless	s of whether the jail is ma	naged by NYC Department	of Correction, NYS Dep	partment of Corrections and
	Communi	ty Supervision, or the fede	eral Bureau of Prisons).		
20)20	2021	2022	2023	2024
	Consistent	with NYPD's investigativ	ve training, NYPD should ar	nend its written investig	ative procedures to state that
6.		-			a non-uniformed employee
0.		•	even if the criminal matter	and the complaint of b	iased policing arise from the
	same set of	f underlying facts.			
20)20	2021	2022	2023	2024
			• •	-	's previous criminal history
_					here NYPD does regard the
7.	_	-	•		investigator should articulate
		riminal history impacted	the decision and the invest	igator must still comple	te a full investigation of the
20	allegation.	2021	2022	2022	2024
20)20 Consistent	2021 with NYPD's investigativ	2022	2023 should amend its writter	n investigative procedures to
		-			ninative in deciding whether
8.		•			employee) and complainant
	10 Sabbian	a chacea pononio an		(or non annormed	

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2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
9.	NYPD sho	ould make records of com	plaints and investigations	of biased policing allegat	ions available to CCHR f
<i>.</i>	analysis an	d review.			
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
10.		U U	signed investigations of bia		ntil they complete the form
	"Profiling	and Bias-Based Policing" t	training for investigating s	uch complaints.	
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
11.		-	all the required protocols f classifying all applicable pr		as of biased policing, such
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1.0	Investigato	ors should be required to	complete and submit to t	heir supervisors the chec	klist with their case closi
12.	reports.				
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	Deputy Ch	niefs should receive training	ng and reminders emphas	izing that biased policing	g investigations can only
13.	closed whe	en proper investigative pro	otocols have been followed	, unless such protocols we	ere impossible to impleme
	or inapplic	able to the particular case.			
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	With respe	ect to complaints of biased	policing, NYPD should en	sure that IAB's case mana	gement system contains t
	1	1	i e		e ,
14.		•	tem used by NYPD's Burea		
	the requisi	te number of attempts to	contact complainants. Th	is will ensure that the ne	ecessary requirements of
	investigatio	on are completed prior to t	the closure of all biased po	licing cases	
		1 1	the clobule of all blased po	licing cases.	
2	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2		2021	-	2023	
2 15.	NYPD sho	2021 uld develop and implemer	2022	2023 m for some biased policin	g complaints. As part of th
	NYPD sho program,	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr	2022 nt a pilot mediation progra	2023 m for some biased policin	g complaints. As part of th
15.	NYPD sho program, T uniformed	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr . members.	2022 nt a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving	g complaints. As part of th both uniformed and no
15.	NYPD sho program, uniformed	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021	2022 nt a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and no 2024
15.	NYPD sho program, 1 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded	2022 nt a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023	g complaints. As part of th both uniformed and no 2024
15. 2 16.	NYPD sho program, 2 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members.	2022 At a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation	g complaints. As part of th both uniformed and no 2024 as involving both uniform
15. 2 16.	NYPD sho program, 1 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021	2022 nt a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and no 2024 and involving both uniform 2024
15. 2 16. 2	NYPD sho program, 2 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pro-	2022 At a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 hitoring criteria to include	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and no 2024 and involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform
15. 2 16.	NYPD sho program, 2 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pro- who are the subject of bi-	2022 At a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints,	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 hitoring criteria to include	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and no 2024 as involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform
15. 2 16. 2	NYPD sho program, 2 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pro-	2022 At a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints,	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 hitoring criteria to include	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and no 2024 as involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform
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15. 2 16. 2 17. 2	NYPD sho program, 1 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees currently in 2020	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pr- who are the subject of bi- n use for excessive force co 2021 uld develop written mater file biased policing compl	2022 at a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints, pomplaints. 2022 ials to educate the public a aints. This information should on the public a	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 nitoring criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing bout what biased policing	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and no 2024 as involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform on, modeled on the metric 2024 g is and how members of t
15. 2 16. 2 17. 2 18.	NYPD sho program, 1 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees currently in 2020 NYPD sho public can in other loo	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pr- who are the subject of bi- n use for excessive force co 2021 uld develop written mater file biased policing compl	2022 at a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints, 2022 ials to educate the public a aints. This information should be readily ava	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 nitoring criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing policing bound be conspicuously vis ilable to the public.	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and no 2024 as involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform on, modeled on the metre 2024 g is and how members of to ible on NYPD's website a
15. 2 16. 2 17. 2 18.	NYPD sho program, 1 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees currently i 2020 NYPD sho public can in other loo	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pr- who are the subject of bi- n use for excessive force co 2021 uld develop written mater file biased policing compl cations where such inform 2021	2022 at a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints, pomplaints. 2022 ials to educate the public a aints. This information should be readily ava 2022	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 nitoring criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing pould be conspicuously vision ilable to the public. 2023	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and note 2024 and involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform on, modeled on the metric 2024 g is and how members of the ible on NYPD's website a 2024 and 20
15. 2 16. 2 17. 2 18.	NYPD sho program, 2 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees currently if 2020 NYPD sho public can in other loo	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop or members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pro- who are the subject of bion n use for excessive force or 2021 uld develop written mater file biased policing complications where such inform 2021 2021	2022 at a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints, pomplaints. 2022 ials to educate the public a aints. This information should be readily ava 2022 whe public as part of an an	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 nitoring criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing ould be conspicuously vis ilable to the public. 2023 nual report covering bias	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and note 2024 and involving both uniformed and note 2024 and non-uniformed a
15. 2 16. 2 17. 2 18.	NYPD sho program, 2 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees currently in 2020 NYPD sho public can in other loo 2020	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pr who are the subject of bin n use for excessive force co 2021 uld develop written mater file biased policing compl cations where such inform 2021 puld publish statistics for t a minimum, include a brea	2022 at a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints, 2022 ials to educate the public a aints. This information should be readily ava 2022 the public as part of an an kdown of the following: (i)	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 nitoring criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing policing biase ilable to the public. 2023 nual report covering biase the subject officer's uniformal	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and note 2024 and involving both uniformed and note 2024 and non-uniformed a
15. 2 16. 2 17. 2 18. 2	NYPD sho program, 1 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees currently in 2020 NYPD sho public can in other loo 2020	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pr who are the subject of bin n use for excessive force co 2021 uld develop written mater file biased policing compl cations where such inform 2021 puld publish statistics for t a minimum, include a brea	2022 at a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints, pomplaints. 2022 ials to educate the public a aints. This information should be readily ava 2022 whe public as part of an an	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 nitoring criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing policing biase ilable to the public. 2023 nual report covering biase the subject officer's uniformal	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and not 2024 as involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform 2024 g is and how members of the ible on NYPD's website as 2024 ed policing. These statistics and non-uniform 2024
15. 2 16. 2 17. 2 18.	NYPD sho program, 2 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees currently i 2020 NYPD sho public can in other loo 2020 NYPD sho should, at a status, bur	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop cr members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pr- who are the subject of bi- n use for excessive force co 2021 uld develop written mater file biased policing compl cations where such inform 2021 ould publish statistics for t a minimum, include a breat eau or unit assignment, ge	2022 at a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints, 2022 ials to educate the public a aints. This information should be readily ava 2022 the public as part of an an kdown of the following: (i)	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 hitoring criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing bout what biased policing bould be conspicuously vis ilable to the public. 2023 nual report covering bias the subject officer's unifo and length of service to th	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and no 2024 as involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform on, modeled on the metric 2024 g is and how members of the ible on NYPD's website and 2024 ed policing. These statistic primed versus non-uniform and the pepartment; (ii) the set of the set of the period of the period of the period of the set of the period o
15. 2 16. 2 17. 2 18. 2	NYPD sho program, 1 uniformed 2020 NYPD's R and non-u 2020 NYPD's Pe employees currently in 2020 NYPD sho public can in other loo 2020 NYPD sho should, at a status, bur reported do	2021 uld develop and implemer NYPD should develop or members. 2021 AILS should be expanded niformed members. 2021 erformance Monitoring Pro- who are the subject of bion n use for excessive force or 2021 uld develop written mater file biased policing complications where such inform 2021 ould publish statistics for the a minimum, include a break eau or unit assignment, ge	2022 at a pilot mediation progra riteria for referring to m 2022 to capture unsubstantiated 2022 ogram should develop mor ased policing complaints, 2022 ials to educate the public a aints. This information should be readily ava 2022 the public as part of an an kdown of the following: (i) ender, race/ethnicity, age,	2023 m for some biased policin ediation cases involving 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 biased policing allegation 2023 nitoring criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing policing biase policing criteria to include regardless of substantiation 2023 bout what biased policing policing biase policing criteria to the public. 2023 nual report covering biase the subject officer's unifor and length of service to the inants; (iii) the types of policing	g complaints. As part of the both uniformed and not 2024 as involving both uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform 2024 officers and non-uniform 2024 g is and how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d how members of the interval 2024 g is a d

the discriminatory policing conduct alleged; (vi) the sub-classifications and outcomes of such complaints; and (vii)

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MARCH 2024

OIG-NYPD TENTH ANNUAL REPORT MARCH 2024 the status of the Department's efforts to prevent biased policing. This information should be conspicuously visible on NYPD's website and in other locations where such information would be readily available to the public. 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 CCRB should add all the protected statuses, such as "National Origin," "Color," "Age," "Alienage," "Citizenship 20. Status," and "Housing Status" as outlined in § 14-151 of the NYC Administrative Code and § 203-25 of NYPD's Patrol Guide, to the sub-classifications of its Offensive Language category. 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 CCRB should adopt a policy to classify and investigate allegations of biased policing by uniformed members of NYPD under its Abuse of Authority jurisdiction instead of referring such allegations to IAB for investigation. Consistent with 21. this new authority, CCRB should request additional resources from the City to take on this new responsibility if the agency can demonstrate that more resources are necessary. 2020 2021 2023 2024 2022 City agencies that handle biased policing complaints (NYPD, CCRB, CCHR) should convene within the next four months to address the findings and recommendations in OIGNYPD's investigation. This would, for example, include 22. developing standard categories and definitions for how these complaints are grouped and sub-classified. 2020 2024 2021 2022 2023 NYPD, CCRB, and CCHR should develop protocols and procedures to share data and information on biased policing complaints on a regular basis. To the extent that implementing this Report's recommendations would require CCRB or CCHR to have prompt access to NYPD records (e.g., case files, data, body-worn camera video, etc.), protocols should be established so that NYPD will commit itself to providing such access to these agencies. 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 ASSESSMENT OF LITIGATION DATA INVOLVING NYPD (APRIL 2019) Implemented (I.) Partially Implemented (P.I.) Accepted in Principle (A.I.P.) Rejected (R.) Under Consideration (U.C.) No Longer Applicable (N.L.A.) NYPD should consider incorporating peer officer averages and performance indicator ratios in its thresholds for RAILS, or other approaches that would account for officers with greater activity who may not necessarily exhibit problematic behavior. 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 NYPD should seek input from supervisors in further developments of RAILS and create a mechanism for supervisors to direct their feedback. Supervisors should be involved in each stage of the development and implementation process 2. for RAILS. NYPD should have a formal, standing mechanism for supervisors to direct their feedback, including any problems or concerns with the system. 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 NYPD should ensure that sufficient and ongoing training is available to all supervisors once RAILS is fully developed. Such training should specifically take into account supervisors' new roles and responsibilities with the system. 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 NYPD should ensure there are procedures in place before RAILS is fully implemented to hold supervisors accountable for upholding their responsibilities concerning the system. These procedures should include a policy outlining how 4. often supervisors should log on to RAILS and review their alerts. NYPD should also take steps to confirm that supervisors are following this policy as directed, such as by conducting regular audits of the system.

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20	20	2021	202	22	2023	2024
ONGOIN	G EXAI	MINATION OF LIT	FIGATION DATA IN	IVOLVING NYPD ((APRIL 2018)	
Imp	lemente	d (I.)	Partially Imp	lemented (P.I.)	Accepted in	n Principle (A.I.P.)
Und Und	ler Consi	ideration (U.C.)	Rejected (R.)		No Longer	Applicable (N.L.A.)
			ns codified in Local Lav ble patterns and trends		, 1	e 1
1.	improv	vement in Departmer	nt policies, training, suj	pervision, and tactics.	. In paying greater att	ention to data within
	individ	lual precincts, NYPD	should review and anal	yze patterns and tren	ds such as those show	n in DOI's analysis of
	the 77t	h Precinct.				
2019		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2.	Depart	•	result from such analy act or unit level pattern		-	-
2019	-	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.	Liabilit	• •	r data about claims nan comparable early inter	•		
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.		e general nature of cla	reports that do not viola ims filed against the De			·
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.		duct proactive litigati	number of employees fo on analysis so that patt	e 1 1	0 0	
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
AN INVE	STIGA	I'ION OF NYPD'S S	SPECIAL VICTIMS D	DIVISION – ADULT	T SEX CRIMES (MA	RCH 2018)
Imp Imp	lemente	d (I.)	Partially Imp	lemented (P.I.)	Accepted in	n Principle (A.I.P.)
Und		ideration (U.C.)	Rejected (R.)			Applicable (N.L.A.)
		•	ncrease the staffing level lence backed and natio			•
1.	caseloa	id as seen in 2017, th	at model would require	e an additional 21 det	tectives in Manhattan	SVS, 11 detectives in
2019		SVS, 16 detectives in 2020	Queens SVS, 21 detectiv 2021	2022	2023	n Staten Island SVS.
2015		2020	2021		2025	2024

OIG-NYPD TENTH ANNUAL REPORT MARCH 2024 In order to prevent a recurrence of understaffing, NYPD should adopt an evidence-based investigative staffing model that relies on actual investigative hours available and projected caseload (not caseload alone) and continuously monitor SVD caseloads and staffing levels to ensure the appropriate number of staff are available for the assigned caseloads. Since staffing deficiencies are not unique to adult sex crime units alone, NYPD should use the staffing model adopted in Recommendation 2 to appropriately staff the other SVD sub-units. NYPD should immediately take steps to improve SVD's ability to recruit and retain experienced detectives by making SVD a "graded" division. Once completed, NYPD should end the practice of transferring officers to SVD without extensive investigative experience. NYPD should increase in-house training opportunities for SVD staff in order to better prepare them for the rigors and unique nature of SVD work. The depth and rigor of this training should be equivalent to the training provided to other specialized units in NYPD. To the extent that it is inevitable that patrol officers may be the first to respond to sexual assaults in exigent circumstances, NYPD should expand existing training, both in-service and at the academy, to include traumainformed care and best practices regarding sexual assault. NYPD should formally end the "triaging" process for sex crimes—instead, all sex crimes should be investigated and enhanced by SVD detectives, including patrol arrests for "domestic rape" and "acquaintance rape." The implementation of this recommendation will have staffing implications that are not accounted for in Recommendation 1 above, and NYPD should, therefore, include appropriate staffing increases in implementing this recommendation. NYPD should find new physical locations and/or completely renovate all five SVD adult sex crime unit locations. These new physical locations should be easily accessible from public transportation and built out in the model of the Children's Advocacy Centers now operational in New York City. NYPD should invest in a new case management system for SVD that would replace ECMS. The new system should have the highest security protocols and limit access to the case detective and their immediate supervisors within SVD. 9. In addition, any new system should have advanced caseload, staff management, and data analysis capabilities. NYPD should take steps to safeguard the identifying information of sex crimes victims, including conducting a review of the various reports, forms, and memoranda generated during the course of a sex crimes investigation that unnecessarily require the victim's name, address, or other contact information. NYPD should review the use of CompStat as the oversight mechanism for SVD. NYPD should increase and publicize existing efforts to encourage victims of sex crimes to come forward and report 12. these crimes to law enforcement. At the same time, NYPD should take new steps to advise policy makers and the

OIG-NYPI		TH ANNUAL REPO				MARCH 2024
	-		rea will result in an app		ex crime numbers" for	sexual assault cases,
			crimes remains unchar	<u> </u>		
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
AN INVE	STIGA	TION OF NYPD'S 1	NEW FORCE REPOR	TING SYSTEM (FE	BRUARY 2018)	
Imp Imp	lemente	ed (I.)	Partially Imp	lemented (P.I.)	Accepted in	Principle (A.I.P.)
Und Und	ler Cons	ideration (U.C.)	Rejected (R.)		No Longer	Applicable (N.L.A.)
1.		should add a field to nt number(s).	the "Force Used" sect	tion of the arrest repo	ort for officers to note	the associated T.R.I.
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2.	an offi T.R.I. report	cer indicates on an ar when certain arrest ch indicates an arrestee c	evelop its software capa rest report that force wa arges are entered (such or officer injury has occ	as used, to also promp as Resisting Arrest or urred, and in other sir	ot officers that they ma Assault on a Police Off nilar scenarios.	y have to complete a icer), when the arrest
2019	-	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.	includ	ing specific details on	ve section to the T.R.I. a the force used by the c uries sustained by eithe	officer and/or member	-	
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.			al checkboxes to the T.R g a closed fist strike, an c			describing the force
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.		should add a section orce was used.	to the T.R.I. workshee	t that prompts officer	s to indicate where exa	actly on the person's
2019		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	NYPD	should impose (a) a	n "end of tour" deadlir	ne by which officers r	nust complete a requir	ed T.R.I. form, with
6.		priate exceptions, and a exceptions apply.	l (b) appropriate discip	line against officers v	vho fail to meet the de	eadline, except when
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
7.		-	officers to question the i ately reflects the force in		t any force used during	g arrest processing so
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
8.			"Force Used" checkbox np for force details and	-	• • •	cinct command logs
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
9.	comm		officers to record the o ails from the "Force Use			
2019)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

		'H ANNUAL REPO				MARCH 20
		-	visory review of all arr			•
10.			should assign specially-	-	-	
	review	such documents duri	ng arrest processing to	ensure that all uses of	reportable force are p	properly documented
201	9	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	NYPD	should dedicate well-	trained and knowledge	able personnel to be av	vailable by phone dur	ring all shifts to answ
11.	questic	ons from command s	upervisors regarding T.	R.I. worksheets and a	approval. NYPD shou	uld consider removir
	this fu	nction from the Intern	nal Affairs Bureau.			
201	9	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	NYPD	should include in Pat	rol Guide series 221 a cl	lear and unambiguous	definition of "report	able force" by officer
12.	The cu	rrent policy provides	a definition of force whe	en used against officers	s and defines three lev	vels of force by office
	but a la	ack of clarity still exist	s for many officers rega	rding whether certain	actions constitute re	portable force.
201	9	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	NYPD	should establish a cle	ar policy that requires a	rresting officers to sel	ect "Yes" on the arres	st report in response
13.	the "Fo	orce Used" section if a	iny officer used reportal	ble force during the er	ncounter.	
201	9	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	NYPD	should impose appro	priate discipline against	arresting officers who	fail to select "Force U	Jsed: Yes" on the arre
14.			e is found to have been u			
201	·	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		should revise policies	to ensure that the narra	l tive or "Remarks" sect	tion of Medical Treats	
				LIVE OF REMAINS SEC		
15.	includ	e fact-specific details	sufficient to explain t	he individual's condi	ition and, where kno	own, what caused th
15.	include condit	e fact-specific details ion. If an individual s		he individual's condi	ition and, where kno	own, what caused th
15. 201	include conditi of inju	e fact-specific details	sufficient to explain t	he individual's condi	ition and, where kno	own, what caused th
	includ condit of inju	e fact-specific details ion. If an individual s ry and its cause. 2020	sufficient to explain t ustained an injury in the 2021	he individual's condi e course of the police 2022	ition and, where known encounter, the form s	own, what caused the should specify the type 2024
	include conditi of inju NYPD	e fact-specific details ion. If an individual s ry and its cause. 2020 should provide office	sufficient to explain t ustained an injury in the 2021 ers with more training a	he individual's condi e course of the police 2022 and formal reminders	ition and, where known encounter, the form s 2023 s on (a) when and ho	own, what caused the should specify the type 2024 w to complete a T.R
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G-NYPD) should use data	from T.R.I. forms	to publish appi	121 Use_of_Forc	e reports that ident	ify and analyze trends
21A.				-		-	and include the followi
2171.		•	orce encounters di		•	•	ind mendee the follow
2019)	2020	202	1	2022	2023	2024
21B.	B) Ty	pes of interaction	s leading to injurie	es;			
2019)	2020	202	1	2022	2023	2024
21C.	C) Of	ficer use of force l	pased on job tenur	e and experience	e;		
2019)	2020	202	1	2022	2023	2024
	D) Co	mmands with the	e highest rates of fo	orce;			
21D.	• Is th	e frequency of for	ce consistent with	crime and arres	st rates in these	commands?	
	• Are	certain units mor	e or less likely to e	mploy force?			
2019)	2020	202	1	2022	2023	2024
	E) D	emographic cha	aracteristics of a	nembers of tl	he public and	d officers involve	ed in force incider
_		•			-		ional origin, precinct,
21E.	other	1			0	C	facto
	• Wha	at are the reasons	for such disparitie	s?			
2019		2020	202		2022	2023	2024
ND GEN		NONCONFOR	ENTATION OF MING PEOPLE (Par		2017)		ed in Principle (A.I.P.)
ND GEN	NDER I	NONCONFORI ed (I.)	MING PEOPLE ((NOVEMBER :	2017)	Accepte	ed in Principle (A.I.P.)
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ND GEN	NDER I lement er Con	NONCONFORI ed (I.) sideration (U.C.)	MING PEOPLE (Par Rej	NOVEMBER : rtially Implemer	2017) nted (P.I.)	Accepte	ed in Principle (A.I.P.) nger Applicable (N.L.A
ND GEN	NDER lement er Con NYPI	NONCONFORM ed (I.) sideration (U.C.)	MING PEOPLE (Par Rej mandatory in-serv	NOVEMBER : tially Implement ected (R.)	2017) nted (P.I.) accompanying	Accepte	ed in Principle (A.I.P.) nger Applicable (N.L.A on the 2012 Patrol Gu
ND GEN	NDER I lement er Cons NYPI revisio	NONCONFORI ed (I.) sideration (U.C.) O should provide r ons to all uniforn	MING PEOPLE (Par Rej mandatory in-serv ned members thro	NOVEMBER : rtially Implemer fected (R.) rice training and pugh the NYPD-	2017) nted (P.I.) accompanying -U webinar plat	Accepte No Lon resource materials form. Training atte	ed in Principle (A.I.P.) nger Applicable (N.L.A on the 2012 Patrol Gu endance and completi
ND GEN	NDER lementa er Cona NYPI revisio should	NONCONFORI ed (I.) sideration (U.C.) O should provide r ons to all uniforn	MING PEOPLE (Par Rej mandatory in-serv ned members thro sure that all memb	NOVEMBER : rtially Implemer fected (R.) rice training and pugh the NYPD-	2017) nted (P.I.) accompanying -U webinar plat	Accepte No Lon resource materials form. Training atte	ed in Principle (A.I.P.) nger Applicable (N.L.A on the 2012 Patrol Gu
ND GEN	NDER lementa er Cona NYPI revisio should trainin	NONCONFORM ed (I.) sideration (U.C.) O should provide mons to all uniform d be tracked to en ng within the nex 2019	MING PEOPLE (Par Rej mandatory in-serv ned members thro sure that all memb t six months. 2020	CNOVEMBER : etially Implement ected (R.) ice training and pugh the NYPD- per of the police to 2021	2017) nted (P.I.) accompanying -U webinar plat force have receiv 2022	Accepte No Lon resource materials form. Training atto ved this training. N 2023	ed in Principle (A.I.P.) nger Applicable (N.L.A on the 2012 Patrol Gu endance and completi YPD should conduct t
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7.			-	, , e		mation is recorded i	
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2018		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	NYPE) Internal Affair	s Bureau's compla	int system should b	e configured to ca	tegorize and track a	ll LGBTQ-relat
8.	allegat	tions that implic	cate biased conduct	t, and not just "pro	filing." LGBTQ-re	lated allegations inv	olving bias wou
	includ	le violations of t	he 2012 Patrol Guid	de revisions and "of	fensive language."		
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0	IAB sl	hould report pat	tterns and trends a	ssociated with LGE	TQ-related compl	aints to NYPD's LG	BT Liaison to t
9.	Police	Commissioner	as well as to DOI p	ursuant to NYPD's	reporting obligation	ons under Local Law	70.
2018		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
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8.	NYPD should pu	blish contact information	on for its reviewers	and certifying offic	ials.	
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
9.		evelop written material victims may encounter p		visa program for	dissemination at pr	ecincts and other
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
10.	NYPD should d immigrant comn	evelop informational tr nunities.	caining on U visas	for specialized N	YPD units that free	luently encounter
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
"OUTSID		ENCIES IN NYPD'S H COMPLAINT PRO Pa		Y 2017)		ON OF THE
Und Und	er Consideration	(U.C.)	jected (R.)		No Longer Ap	pplicable (N.L.A.)
1.	-	date and unify the com CIS (or an ICIS - compa		es to track and mar	nage OG cases by up	grading OCD IRS
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2.	dates.	tablish a uniform timefr	_			
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.	-	ation has not been comp ension from OCD IRS ir				should be required
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.		vise the current OG Dis tion for each stage of the	-	ty Form to include	a box denoting the	case's due date as
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.		plement a web-based p s back to the communit		e	us and results of ext	ternally-generated
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
6.	NYPD should pu	blish quarterly reports of	on OG complaints.			
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
WITH PE		TO PRACTICE: A RE Al Crisis (Januar				TERACTIONS
Und Und	er Consideration	(U.C.)	jected (R.)		No Longer Ap	pplicable (N.L.A.)
1.	NYPD should co this Report.	mmit to creating timeli	nes for any change	s to its CIT initiativ	ve within 90 days of	the publication of

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2.	NYPD should adj	ust its dispatch proced	lures to ensure that	officers with CIT tra	aining are directed to	o crisis inciden
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2	NYPD should crea	ate a dedicated mental	l health unit, or at th	e very least appoint	a CIT coordinator w	vho holds the ra
3.	of chief, in order t	to manage all aspects o	of a CIT program.			
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.	NYPD should revi	ise its Patrol Guide to e	explicitly authorize C	CIT-trained officers	to use the skills learn	ed in CIT train
т .	during crisis situa	.tions.				
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.		vise its Patrol Guide t	to require that CIT-	trained officers res	pond to all crisis in	cidents whene
5.	possible.				1	
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
6.		vise its Patrol Guide			etion to refer indivi	duals to officia
	**	ted outside communit		-		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
7.		her substantially revis		forms or develop a	new permanent form	n to capture m
2010		idents involving perso		2022	2022	0004
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
8.		alyze data regarding m				C C C C C C C C C C
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
9.		nsider training more o				
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
10.	-	gin training 911 call ta	-	-		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
11.	· ·	ning, NYPD should en				
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
12.		ning, NYPD should ass			1	
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
13.		ovide a manual or refe	-		Γ training.	
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

2. tr 2017 F 3. a 00 2017 F	2018 or the use of con	2019 fidential information sm for tracking ex	use when investigation 2020 nts and undercove			formal ive level.	cas
2017 F 3. a 02 2017 F	2018 or the use of con formal mechanis f an authorizatio 2018	2019 fidential information sm for tracking ex	2020				
3. F 3. a 2017	or the use of con formal mechanis f an authorizatio 2018	fidential information for tracking expon.			2022	2023	2024
3. a 01 2017	formal mechanis f an authorizatio 2018	sm for tracking ex on.	into una unacico v	er officers in inve			
2017 F	f an authorizatio 2018	on.	piration deadline		U 1	•	
2017 F	2018		ipitation deadine	o una choare that		ippioted pilor te	ine expiration
F			2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1	of requests to ex	2019					
1	-		teps are warranted		lat mvestigative	Statements captu	ire fact-spect
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5			investigations, NY apture the date, si				
			-			-	
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
6			tion Form should	-	rs of NYPD s In	telligence Bureau	i to specify t
			nfidential informa				
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
7. N	IYPD should spe	cify, when extend	ling use of an und	ercover or confid	lential informan	t, the reason for	the extension
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
8. N	IYPD should crea	ate controls to ens	sure that authoriza	ations to use or ex	stend the use of h	numan sources pr	coperly captu
tł	ne date, signature	e, and approval of	f the appropriate s	supervisor.			
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
N	YPD's Human S	Source Authoriza	tion Form should	include the num	ber of the exten	sion request and	the date of t
9. la	ist extension.						
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
N N	IYPD should co	nsolidate its poli	cies and procedu	res for investiga	tions involving	political activity	into a unifi
10. h	andbook.						
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
N	IYPD should de	evelop written g	uidelines concer	ning informatio	nal standards f	or Preliminary	Inquiries, F
11. Ir	nvestigations, an	d Terrorism Ente	rprise Investigatio	ons.			
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

IG-NYPI	O TENTH ANN	UAL REPORT					MARCH 202
2	NYPD should c	onduct an analys	sis to determine v	vhether quality-of	life enforcement	disproportionate	ely impacts Black
2.	and Hispanic re	esidents, males ag	ged 15-20, and N	YCHA residents.			
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.	NYPD should e	expand considera	tion regarding q	uality-of-life enfor	cement beyond sl	hort-term real-ti	me conditions.
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.	NYPD should r	elease incident-l	evel and geograp	hically-coded data	on summonses a	.nd misdemeano	r arrests.
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.				d geographic data			
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2017				sed in yearly for			
6.			nats and inciden	• •	muto unoo meruu	e more grandia	temporar dat
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2017				and complaints t			
7.			-	ormat (.csv or simi			Should b
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
							-
	elemented (I.)		Partially I	mplemented (P.I.)	Accepted in Prin	nciple (A.I.P.)
	elemented (I.) ler Consideratior	ו (U.C.)	Partially In Partially In	-)	Accepted in Prin No Longer App	-
	ler Consideratior		Rejected (- R.)		No Longer App	- licable (N.L.A.)
	ler Consideration	rol Guide should	Rejected (R.) nal language that	provides officers a	No Longer App	- licable (N.L.A.)
Und	ler Consideration	rol Guide should	Rejected (- R.)	provides officers a physical force."	No Longer App	- licable (N.L.A.)
Und 1. 2016	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018	Rejected (include definitio ce," "excessive fo 2019	R.) nal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024
Und	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu	Rejected (include definitio ce," "excessive fo 2019	R.) nal language that prce," and "deadly	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024
Und 1. 2016	the NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu	Rejected (include definitio ce," "excessive fo 2019	R.) nal language that orce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of forc	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024
. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016	Ier Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should to where appropria	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018	Rejected (1 include definitio ce," "excessive for 2019 iide \$203-11 gove 2019	R.) nal language that orce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of forc 2020 20	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala	th greater clarit
. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016 3.	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 NYPD should c	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate,	Rejected (include definitio ce," "excessive fo 2019 ide §203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-1	R.) nal language that orce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of forc 2020 20 force reporting for	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m.	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024
. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 NYPD should c 2017 NYPD should c 2017	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018	Rejected (1 include definition ince," "excessive for 2019 iide §203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-to 2019	R.) anal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of forc 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require offic 21 2022 m. 2022 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 2023	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024
. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016 3.	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 NYPD should c 2017 With respect to	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create	Rejected (include definitio ce," "excessive fo 2019 iide §203-11 govo 2019 uniform use-of-t 2019 d form, NYPD sh	R.) nal language that orce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of forc 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 aould require all of	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require offic 21 2022 m. 2022 ficers—whether t	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 he subject of a fo	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024 rce investigatio
. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016 3.	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should to where appropria 2017 NYPD should co 2017 With respect to or a witness to	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t	Rejected (1 include definitio ce," "excessive for 2019 iide \$203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-1 2019 d form, NYPD sh to document and	R.) Inal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of forc 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 force report all of report all force in	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 2022 ficers—whether t cidents. When co	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 he subject of a fo mpleting this do	blicable (N.L.A. th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024 te all encounter 2024 cree investigatio ocument, officer
1. 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 NYPD should c 2017 With respect to or a witness to should use desc	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language	Rejected (1 include definitio ce," "excessive fo 2019 ide §203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-1 2019 d form, NYPD sh to document and to articulate the	R.) nal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 force report all force in events leading up	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 ficers—whether t cidents. When co o to the use of force	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 he subject of a fo mpleting this do	blicable (N.L.A. th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024 te all encounter 2024 cree investigatio ocument, officer
. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016 4.	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropria 2017 NYPD should c 2017 With respect to or a witness to should use desc the reason why	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use	Rejected (1 include definition ce," "excessive for 2019 uide \$203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-to 2019 d form, NYPD show to document and to articulate the ed, and the level a	R.) nal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 nould require all of report all force in events leading up and type of force u	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 cm. 2021 2022 cm. 21 2022 cm. 21 2022 cm. 21 2022 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 cm. 202 c	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 he subject of a fo mpleting this do ce in encounters	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024 te all encounter 2024 te clarit
1. 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 VYPD should c 2017 With respect to or a witness to should use desc the reason why 2017	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use 2018	Rejected (1 include definitio ce, " excessive fo 2019 uide \$203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-1 2019 d form, NYPD sh to document and to articulate the ed, and the level a 2019	R.) nal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 nould require all of report all force in events leading up and type of force u 2020 20	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 ficers—whether t cidents. When co to the use of force used. 21 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 be subject of a fo mpleting this do ce in encounters 2023	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarity 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024 2024 rce investigation ocument, officer with the public
. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016 4.	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 NYPD should c 2017 With respect to or a witness to should use desc the reason why 2017 NYPD should c	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use 2018 create a database	Rejected (1 include definition ice," "excessive for 2019 ide \$203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-1 2019 d form, NYPD sh to document and to articulate the ed, and the level a 2019 to track compreh	R.) nal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 nould require all of report all force in events leading up and type of force u	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 ficers—whether t cidents. When co to the use of force used. 21 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 be subject of a fo mpleting this do ce in encounters 2023	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarity 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024 cce investigation ocument, officer with the public
L. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016 4. 4. 2016 5.	ler Consideration The NYPD Patr regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 Vith respect to or a witness to should use desc the reason why 2017 NYPD should c compiled from	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use 2018	Rejected (1 include definitio ce," "excessive for 2019 iide \$203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-1 2019 d form, NYPD sh to document and to articulate the ed, and the level a 2019 to track compreh forms.	R.) nal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 nould require all of report all force in events leading up and type of force u 2020 20 ensive Department	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 ficers—whether t cidents. When co to the use of force used. 21 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 he subject of a fo mpleting this do ce in encounters 2023 on on use of forc	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024 cce investigation ocument, officer with the public 2024 e, including dat
L. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016 4. 2016	ler Consideration The NYPD Path regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 NYPD should c 2017 With respect to or a witness to should use desc the reason why 2017 NYPD should c compiled from 2017	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 Update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use 2018 create a database the use-of-force 2018	Rejected (1 include definition ice," "excessive for 2019 ide \$203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-to 2019 d form, NYPD sh to document and to articulate the ed, and the level a 2019 to track compreh forms. 2019	R.) anal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 nould require all of report all force in events leading up and type of force u 2020 20 tensive Department 2020 20 2020 20 20 2020 20 2020 20	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 ficers—whether t cidents. When co to the use of force used. 21 2022 at-wide information 22 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 he subject of a fo mpleting this do ce in encounters 2023 on on use of forc 2023	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024 2024 2024 ce investigation ocument, officer with the public 2024 e, including dat 2024
L. Und 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016 4. 2016 5. 2016	ler Consideration The NYPD Patr regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 VIPD should c 2017 With respect to or a witness to should use desc the reason why 2017 NYPD should c compiled from 2017 NYPD should c	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use 2018 create a database the use-of-force 2018 compile data and	Rejected (1 include definitio ce," "excessive fo 2019 ide \$203-11 gove 2019 d form, NYPD sh o document and to articulate the ed, and the level a 2019 to track compreh forms. 2019	R.) nal language that proce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 nould require all of report all force in events leading up and type of force u 2020 20 tensive Department 2020 20 nual basis, a rep	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 at-wide information 21 2022 at-wide information 221 2022 at-wide information 221 2022 at-wide information 221 2022	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 2023 2023 be subject of a fo mpleting this do ce in encounters 2023 on on use of forc 2023 partment-wide r	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarity 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024 2024 2024 2024 ce investigation ocument, officer with the public 2024 e, including data 2024 netrics on use o
L. Und 1. 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016 4. 4. 2016 5.	ler Consideration The NYPD Patr regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 Vith respect to or a witness to should use desc the reason why 2017 NYPD should c compiled from 2017 NYPD should c force, including	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gu iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use 2018 create a database the use-of-force 2018 compile data and gbut not limited	Rejected (1 include definition ice," "excessive for 2019 ide \$203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-t 2019 d form, NYPD sh to document and to articulate the ed, and the level a 2019 to track compreh forms. 2019 l publish, on an a to information free	R.) anal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 nould require all of report all force in events leading up and type of force u 2020 20 nensive Department 2020 20 nual basis, a rep- om the new use-of	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 2021 2022 ficers—whether t cidents. When co to the use of force ised. 21 2022 int-wide information 221 2022 ort addressing Dec force reporting for	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 de subject of a fo mpleting this do ce in encounters 2023 on on use of forc 2023 partment-wide r orm. This report	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarity 2024 te all encounter 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024 ce investigation ocument, officer with the public 2024 e, including data 2024 netrics on use o would track and
L. Und 2016 2. 2016 3. 2016 4. 2016 5. 2016	ler Consideration The NYPD Patr regarding what 2017 NYPD should u where appropri 2017 NYPD should c Or a witness to should use desc the reason why 2017 NYPD should c compiled from 2017 NYPD should c force, including collect various o	rol Guide should is meant by "for 2018 update Patrol Gui iate. 2018 create a separate, 2018 the newly create a use of force—t criptive language the force was use 2018 create a database the use-of-force 2018 compile data and g but not limited components relation	Rejected (1 include definitio ice," "excessive for 2019 ide §203-11 gove 2019 uniform use-of-1 2019 d form, NYPD sh to document and to articulate the ed, and the level a 2019 to track compreh forms. 2019 to track compreh forms. 2019	R.) nal language that prce," and "deadly 2020 20 erning use of force 2020 20 force reporting for 2020 20 nould require all of report all force in events leading up and type of force u 2020 20 tensive Department 2020 20 nual basis, a rep	provides officers a physical force." 21 2022 e and require officers 21 2022 m. 21 2022 m. 21 2022 ficers—whether t cidents. When co to the use of force ased. 21 2022 at-wide information 21 2022 port addressing Dec force reporting for ding those address	No Longer App and the public wi 2023 cers to de-escala 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 202	blicable (N.L.A.) th greater clarit 2024 te all encounter 2024 2024 2024 2024 2024 2024 2024 2024 2024 e, including dat 2024 e, including dat 2024 e, including dat

	as well as office	•	sciplinary trends	s and outcome	es, and other da	ita deemed neo	cessary for a c	comprenensiv
	understanding							
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
7.		-	a stronger and m rses on de-escala	•	-			-
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
8.	NYPD should i	ncorporate a f	formal evaluatio	n system for a	ll scenario-base	d trainings cor	ncerning the u	se of force.
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
9.	NYPD should i service officers.		ng and personne	el at the Police	Academy with	respect to trair	ning for both r	ecruits and in
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
10.		-	raining to instr ce, and/or comm			situations w	here other of	ficers escalat
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
11.			force trends to i eed of de-escala		•		•	
			2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2016	2017	2018	2017		2021			
2016 12.	In disciplinary	cases where th	here are multiple gregated penalty		counts, each co	unt should hav	ve an accompa	nying distinc
	In disciplinary penalty, as oppo 2017	cases where th osed to an agg 2018	nere are multiple gregated penalty 2019	for all counts.	counts, each co	2022	2023	2024
12.	In disciplinary penalty, as oppo 2017 NYPD should of report on the end data in the pre	cases where the osed to an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption of the other section	nere are multiple gregated penalty	for all counts. 2020 data regarding s on the freque port (Recomm	2021 g disciplinary pency of incident nendation #6) of	2022 enalties impos	2023 ed in use-of-fo force. NYPD s	2024 orce cases and should publis
12. 2016	In disciplinary penalty, as oppo 2017 NYPD should of report on the end data in the pre	cases where the osed to an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption of the other section	nere are multiple gregated penalty 2019 7, and compare plinary penalties oned annual re	for all counts. 2020 data regarding s on the freque port (Recomm	2021 g disciplinary pency of incident nendation #6) of	2022 enalties impos	2023 ed in use-of-fo force. NYPD s	2024 orce cases an should publis
12. 2016 13.	In disciplinary penalty, as opported as a second se	cases where the cases where the cases where the case of an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption of the commission 2018 commission 2018 context forth, in whet for the case of the	nere are multiple gregated penalty 2019 7, and compare plinary penalties oned annual re ner reduces or d	for all counts. 2020 data regarding on the freque port (Recomme clines discipl 2020 ciplinary pape	counts, each co 2021 g disciplinary p ency of incident nendation #6) o ine. 2021	2022 enalties impos ss of excessive s on the number 2022	2023 ed in use-of-fe force. NYPD s c and percenta 2023	2024 orce cases an should publis age of cases i 2024
12. 2016 13. 2016	In disciplinary penalty, as opported as a second se	cases where the cases where the cases where the case of an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption of the commission 2018 commission 2018 context forth, in whet for the case of the	nere are multiple gregated penalty 2019 7, and compare plinary penalties oned annual re ner reduces or d 2019 riting, in its disc	for all counts. 2020 data regarding on the freque port (Recomme clines discipl 2020 ciplinary pape	counts, each co 2021 g disciplinary p ency of incident nendation #6) o ine. 2021	2022 enalties impos ss of excessive s on the number 2022	2023 ed in use-of-fe force. NYPD s c and percenta 2023	2024 orce cases an should publis age of cases i 2024
12. 2016 13. 2016 14. 2016	In disciplinary penalty, as opported as a second se	cases where the cases where the cases where the case of an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption viously mention commission 2018 feet forth, in where the commission correlation of the correlation	here are multiple gregated penalty 2019 7, and compare plinary penalties oned annual re- ner reduces or d 2019 riting, in its disc	for all counts. 2020 data regarding on the freque port (Recomme clines discipl 2020 ciplinary pape lty imposed. 2020	counts, each co 2021 g disciplinary pency of incident nendation #6) of ine. 2021 rwork, the exter	2022 enalties impos s of excessive to on the number 2022 nt to which an 2022	2023 ed in use-of-fo force. NYPD s c and percenta 2023 officer's place 2023	2024 Force cases an should publis age of cases i 2024 ement on force 2024
12. 2016 13. 2016 14.	In disciplinary penalty, as opported 2017 NYPD should of report on the end data in the pre which the Police 2017 NYPD should s monitoring has 2017 NYPD should s	cases where the osed to an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption of the commission 2018 set forth, in where a subject the commission control of the commission 2018 set forth and the control of	here are multiple gregated penalty 2019 7, and compare plinary penalties coned annual re- ner reduces or d 2019 riting, in its disc apacted the pena 2019	for all counts. 2020 data regarding s on the freque port (Recommendation eclines disciplinary pape ciplinary pape lty imposed. 2020 nonitoring his	counts, each co 2021 g disciplinary pency of incident nendation #6) of ine. 2021 rwork, the exter 2021 tory with CCRE	2022 enalties impos as of excessive to on the number 2022 nt to which an 2022 d's Administrat	2023 ed in use-of-fe force. NYPD s c and percenta 2023 officer's place 2023 tive Prosecutio	2024 orce cases an should publis age of cases i 2024 ement on force 2024 on Unit (APU
12. 2016 13. 2016 14. 2016	In disciplinary penalty, as opported 2017 NYPD should of report on the end data in the pre which the Police 2017 NYPD should s monitoring has 2017 NYPD should s	cases where the osed to an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption of the commission 2018 set forth, in where a subject the commission control of the commission 2018 set forth and the control of	here are multiple gregated penalty 2019 7, and compare plinary penalties oned annual re- ner reduces or d 2019 riting, in its disc pacted the pena 2019 cofficer's force n	for all counts. 2020 data regarding s on the freque port (Recommendation eclines disciplinary pape ciplinary pape lty imposed. 2020 nonitoring his	counts, each co 2021 g disciplinary pency of incident nendation #6) of ine. 2021 rwork, the exter 2021 tory with CCRE	2022 enalties impos as of excessive to on the number 2022 nt to which an 2022 d's Administrat	2023 ed in use-of-fe force. NYPD s c and percenta 2023 officer's place 2023 tive Prosecutio	2024 orce cases an should publis age of cases i 2024 ement on force 2024 on Unit (APU
12. 2016 13. 2016 14. 2016 15. 2016 0DY-W CO PROM	In disciplinary penalty, as opported as opported as a second seco	cases where the osed to an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption viously mention 2018 set forth, in where a subject mation is a cri 2018 as S IN NYC: 4	ASSESSMENT (JULY 2015)	for all counts. 2020 data regarding s on the freque port (Recommendation eclines disciplication 2020 ciplinary paper alty imposed. 2020 nonitoring histing at must be tak 2020 OF NYPD'S	counts, each co 2021 g disciplinary pency of incident nendation #6) of ine. 2021 rwork, the exter 2021 tory with CCRE en into consider 2021 PILOT PROC	2022 enalties imposes so of excessive is on the number 2022 nt to which an 2022 B's Administrate ration when Co 2022 GRAM AND F	2023 ed in use-of-fr force. NYPD s c and percenta 2023 officer's place 2023 tive Prosecutio CRB recomme 2023 RECOMMEN	2024 Force cases an should publis age of cases i 2024 ement on force 2024 on Unit (APU ends penalties 2024
12. 2016 13. 2016 14. 2016 15. 2016 30DY-W CO PROM	In disciplinary penalty, as opported as opported as a second contract of the second contrac	cases where the cases where the cases where the cosed to an agg 2018 collect, review of the commission 2018 commission 2018 correct forth, in where a subject mation is a crite 2018 correct and the correct communication is a crite 2018 correct communication of the correct commu	ASSESSMENT (JULY 2015)	for all counts. 2020 data regarding s on the freque port (Recommendation eclines discipl 2020 ciplinary paper lty imposed. 2020 nonitoring his at must be tak 2020 OF NYPD'S Ily Implement	counts, each co 2021 g disciplinary pency of incident nendation #6) of ine. 2021 rwork, the exter 2021 tory with CCRE en into consider 2021 PILOT PROC	2022 enalties imposes so of excessive is on the number 2022 at to which an 2022 3's Administrat ration when CO 2022 GRAM AND F	2023 ed in use-of-fr force. NYPD s and percenta 2023 officer's place 2023 tive Prosecutio CRB recomme 2023 RECOMMEN epted in Princ	2024 orce cases an should publis age of cases i 2024 ement on force 2024 on Unit (APU ends penalties 2024 DATIONS iple (A.I.P.)
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12. 2016 13. 2016 14. 2016 15. 2016 30DY-W O PROM	In disciplinary penalty, as opported as opported as a second contract of the second contrac	cases where the osed to an agg 2018 collect, review ffects of disciption of the commission 2018 set forth, in which or has not im 2018 thare a subject mation is a cri 2018 AS IN NYC: 4 NTABILITY	here are multiple gregated penalty 2019 7, and compare plinary penalties coned annual re- ner reduces or d 2019 riting, in its disc apacted the pena 2019 officer's force n tical element tha 2019 ASSESSMENT (JULY 2015) Partial Reject	for all counts. 2020 data regarding s on the freque port (Recommendation eclines disciplication 2020 ciplinary paper ilty imposed. 2020 nonitoring histication at must be tak 2020 OF NYPD'S Ily Implement ed (R.)	counts, each co 2021 g disciplinary pency of incident nendation #6) of ine. 2021 rwork, the exter 2021 tory with CCRE en into consider 2021 PILOT PROG	2022 enalties impos so of excessive son the number 2022 nt to which an 2022 3's Administrat ration when CO 2022 GRAM AND F	2023 ed in use-of-fe force. NYPD s c and percenta 2023 officer's place 2023 tive Prosecutio 2023 ECOMMEN epted in Princ Longer Applio	2024 orce cases an should publis age of cases i 2024 ement on force 2024 on Unit (APU ends penalties 2024 IDATIONS iple (A.I.P.) cable (N.L.A.

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1.2	NYPD should r			or recording			1	MARCH 2024
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1.3	NYPD should o						2025	2024
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1.4	NYPD should e					2022	2025	2024
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2.1	NYPD should p							
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2.2	NYPD should r						-	
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.1	NYPD should r	equire supervi	sors to review f	ootage related	to documented	d incidents.		
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.2	NYPD should a	ddress discipli	ine when the B	WC program is	more establisl	hed and formal	ized.	
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.3	NYPD should c	computerize th	e random selec	tion of officers	for review.			
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.4	NYPD should e	establish a syste	em for high-lev	el and periodic	review.			
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.1	NYPD should g	grant superviso	ors general acce	ss to BWC foot	age with restri	ctions on arbiti	rary review.	
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.2	NYPD should i	ntegrate BWC	footage review	into NYPD's f	ield training p	rogram.		
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.3	NYPD should reviews and off					supervisors pe	rforming qual	ity assurance
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.1	NYPD should o	levelop policie	s to guide supe	rvisors when o	fficer infraction	ns are observed	on BWC foota	age.
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.2	NYPD should i	nstitute manda	atory reporting	procedures.				
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
5.3	NYPD should i	ntegrate BWC	recordings into	o NYPD's exist	ing force moni	itoring progran	18.	
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
6.1	Access to BWC investigations.	C recordings sh	nould be limited	d where officer	s are under in	vestigation or a	are witnesses in	n misconduct
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
6.2	In all other inst	ances, access to	o recordings pr	ior to making s	statements sho	uld be noted in	those statemer	nts.
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
7.1	If and when dis	closing BWC v	video, NYPD sh	ould provide p	privacy and saf	ety protections	for vulnerable	populations.
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
7.2	NYPD should e	ensure fairness	between citizer	ns' and officers	' right to view	BWC footage.		
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

OIG-NYPD	TENTH ANN	UAL REPOR	T				Ν	/IARCH 2024
8.1	NYPD should e	establish a min	imum retentio	n period of at le	east 18 months			
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
8.2	NYPD should e	nsure expediti	ous purging of	archived BWC	C footage that n	o longer holds	evidentiary val	ue.
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
9.	NYPD should i	ncorporate gov	vernment and j	public input in	continuing to o	levelop the BW	/C program.	
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
USING DA 2015)	ATA FROM LA	WSUITS AN	ID LEGAL CI	.AIMS INVO	LVING NYPI) TO IMPRO	VE POLICIN	G (APRIL
Impl	emented (I.)		Partia	lly Implemente	ed (P.I.)		epted in Princi	ple (A.I.P.)
Unde	er Consideratior	ı (U.C.)	Reject	ed (R.)		No	Longer Applica	able (N.L.A.)
1.	NYPD should p NYPD. Specific	1	tative review of	f the most relev	ant data contai	ned within lega	ll claims and lav	wsuits against
1.1	NYPD should p	-			ant data contai	ned within lega	ll claims and lav	wsuits against
	NYPD. Specific	·		- -				
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1.2	NYPD should p	-				ned within lega	ll claims and lay	wsuits against
2016	NYPD. Specific	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2010	NYPD should p							
1.3	NYPD. Specific	-				•		would against
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	NYPD should	create an int	eragency worl	king group be	tween NYPD,	the Comptro	oller's Office, a	and the Law
2.	Department to	improve their	police-involved	d litigation data	a collection, coo	ordination, and	l exchange.	
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3.	NYPD should p	provide the pul	olic with details	s about NYPD'	s Early Interve	ntion System a	nd its litigation	data analysis
ۍ.	team and solici	t suggestion fo	r further devel	opment.				
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
OBSERVA (JANUAR	TIONS ON AG Y 2015)	CCOUNTAB	ILITY AND T	'RANSPAREI	NCY IN TEN	NYPD CHOF	KEHOLD CAS	SES
🔲 Impl	emented (I.)		Partia	lly Implemente	ed (P.I.)		epted in Princi	ple (A.I.P.)
Unde Unde	er Consideratior	ı (U.C.)	Reject	red (R.)		No	Longer Applica	able (N.L.A.)
1.	NYPD and CCI for Improper U		ease Coordina	tion and Collab	ooration to Rec	onsider and Re	fine the Discip	linary System
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

2.	NYPD Should Provide Transparency with Respect to the Police Commissioner's Disciplinary Decisions.								
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
2	NYPD Should Expand the Internal Affairs Bureau's Access to Newly-Filed Complaints and Substantive Information								
3.	on Use-of-Forc	e Cases Filed w	vith CCRB.						
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
1	NYPD Should Improve Information Sharing and Case Tracking for Cases that are Outsourced to Borough and								
4.	4. Precinct Investigators via the Office of the Chief of Department and the Investigative Review Section.								
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	