$\qquad$ , 1996 and ending $\qquad$ , 1997

## ATTACH TO YOUR TAX RETURN

Print or Type $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$
Name


## Computation of Underpayment

1. 1996 tax (from NYC-202, Schedule A, line 21, or or NYC-204, Schedule A, line 21)
2. Credits (from NYC-202, Schedule A, lines 22a and 22b, or NYC-204, Schedule A, lines 22, 24a and 24b)
3. Line 1 less line 2 $\qquad$
4. $90 \%$ of line 3


| E nter quarterly due dates of installments $\rightarrow$ |  |  | $2-\quad$ SECOND <br> 19 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. Divide amount of line 4 by the number of installments required for the year. Enter the result in the appropriate columns | 5. |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Amount paid or credited for each period ...................................... | 6. |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Overpayment of previous installment (see instructions) .............. | 7. |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Total of lines 6 and 7 ................................................................ | 8. |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Overpayment (line 8 less line 5) .................................................. | 9. |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Underpayment (line 5 less line 8) ................................................... | 10. |  |  |  |  |

$\rightarrow$ COMPUTATION CONTINUES ON PAGE 2

## Exceptions that Avoid the Underpayment Penalty

Total cumulative amount paid or credited from the beginning of the taxable year through the installment dates that correspond to the 15th day of the 4th, 6th and 9th months of the taxable year and the 15th day of the first month of the succeeding taxable year.

- EXCEPTION 1 - Prior year's tax (1995) \$ (see instructions).

A EXCEPTION 2 -Tax on prior year's facts and law using 1996 rates (attach computation) (see instructions)

A EXCEPTION 3 - Tax on annualized 1996 income (attach computation) (see instructions)

A EXCEPTION 4 - Tax on 1996 income over 3-, 5- and 8-month periods (attach computation) (see instructions)

A EXCEPTION 5 - Tax on recurring seasonal income (attach computation) (see instructions)

| 1 - FIRST QUARTER | 2 - SECOND QUARTER | 3 - THIRD QUARTER | 4 - FOURTH QUARTER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 25\% of 1995 tax | 50\% of 1995 tax | $75 \%$ of 1995 tax | $100 \%$ of 1995 tax |
| Enter 25\% of tax | Enter 50\% of tax | Enter $75 \%$ of tax | Enter $100 \%$ of tax |
| Enter 22.50\% of tax | Enter 45\% of tax | Enter $67.50 \%$ of tax |  |
| Enter 90\% of tax | Enter 90\% of tax | Enter $90 \%$ of tax |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## 

11. Enter the date of payment or the 15th day of the 4th month after the close of the taxable year, whichever is earlier $\qquad$ 11.
12. Number of days from due date of installment to the date shown on line 11 $\qquad$ 12.
13. Number of days on line 12 after 4/15/96 and before 7/1/96 $\qquad$ 13.
14. Number of days on line 12 after $6 / 30 / 96$ and before 10/1/96 .... 14.
15. Number of days on line 12 after $9 / 30 / 96$ and before $1 / 1 / 97$ $\qquad$ 15.
16. Number of days on line 12 after 12/31/96 and before 4/1/97 $\qquad$ . .16.
17. Number of days on line 12 after $3 / 31 / 97$ and before $7 / 1 / 97$ .17.
18. Number of days on line 12 after 6/30/97 and before 10/1/97 $\qquad$
19. Number of days on line 12 after $9 / 30 / 97$ and before $1 / 1 / 98$ 19.
20. Number of days on line 12 after 12/31/97 and before 4/1/98 20.
21. Number of days on line 12 after $3 / 31 / 98$ and before $4 / 15 / 98$ $\qquad$
22. Number of days on line $13 \times 8 \% \times$ amount on line 10
23. Number of days on line $14 \times 9 \% \times$ amount on line 10 $\qquad$
24. Number of days on line $15 \times 9 \% \times$ amount on line 10 365
$\qquad$ 23. .24.
25. Number of days on line 16 x * $\% \mathrm{x}$ amount on line 10
26. $\frac{\text { Number of days on line } 16 x * \% x \text { amount on line } 10}{366}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ . .25.
27. Number of days on line 17 x * $\% \mathrm{x}$ amount on line 10 366
28. Number of days on line 18 x * $\% \mathrm{x}$ amount on line 10 366
29. Number of days on line 19 x * $\% \mathrm{x}$ amount on line 10 366
$\qquad$ 26.
.
 NYC-204, Schedule A, line 30c (see instructions for line 32). 33.

## PURPOSE OF FORM

Form NYC-221 will enable taxpayers subject to the Unincorporated Business Tax to determine if they paid the correct amount of estimated tax by the proper due date. If the minimum amount was not paid timely, an underpayment penalty may be imposed for the period underpaid. This form helps you to determine whether or not you are subject to this penalty.

## ESTIMATED TAX

Every taxpayer subject to the Unincorporated Business Tax must file a Declaration of Estimated Tax (Form NYC-5U B for partnerships and Form NYC-5UBTI for all other taxpayers) if, for taxable years beginning in 1996, the unincorporated business taxable income could reasonably be expected to exceed $\$ 20,000$ or, for taxable years beginning after 1996, its estimated tax can reasonably be expected to exceed $\$ 1,000$. The due date for the declaration and the dates for paying the installments of estimated tax depend upon when the requirements for making a declaration are first met. (Refer to Form NYC-5UB or Form NYC-5UBTI for details.)

## NOTE

If any date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, substitute the next regular workday.

## EXCEPTIONS THAT AVOID THE UNDERPAYMENT PENALTY

No penalty will be imposed for an underpaid installment on line 10 if the total amount of all payments made by the installment date equals or exceeds any amount determined for the same period under any of the following exceptions. (Refer to Section 11-525 of the NYC Administrative Code.)

A different exception may be applied to each underpayment. If no exception applies, complete lines 11 through 31 to determine the amount of the penalty.

## NOTE

Large unincorporated businesses (those which had unincorporated business taxable income or entire net income of $\$ 1$ million or more in any of the three years immediately preceding the current year) may not use exceptions 1 or 2. Such unincorporated businesses may only use the exceptions 3, 4 and 5 .

## Exception 1

Prior Year'sTax
This exception applies if a taxpayer paid estimated taxes equal to the tax reported on its 1995 return. To qualify for this exception, the taxpayer must have filed an income tax return showing a tax liability for the preceding taxable year, and that taxable year consisted of 12 months.

## Exception 2

Tax Based On PriorYear's Facts and Law Using Current Year'sRates

This exception applies if a taxpayer paid an amount of estimated tax computed by applying the current year's rates to facts shown on the return for, and under the law applicable to, the preceding taxable year.

## Exception 3

Tax On Annualized Income
This exception applies if a taxpayer made an estimated tax payment of at least $90 \%$ of the amount it would owe if its estimated tax were a tax computed on annualized taxable income for the months preceding an installment date.

A taxpayer may annualize its income:
a) for the first 3 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 4th month;
b) for the first 5 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 6th month; and
c) for the first 8 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 9th month.

To annualize, multiply taxable income for the period by 12 and divide the resulting amount by the number of months in the period ( 3,5, or 8 , as the case may be).

## Exception 4

Tax on 1996 Income Over Periods of 3, 5 and 8 Months

This exception applies if a taxpayer's estimated tax payments equal or exceed $90 \%$ of the tax on its taxable income for the periods starting from the beginning of the taxable year to the end of the month preceding that in which an installment is due. To see if this exception applies, a taxpayer should figure the taxable income from the beginning of the taxable year to the end of the month preceding that in which an installment is due and then compute the tax on that amount as though it represented the taxable income for 1996.

## Exception 5

Additional Exception For Recuring Seasonal Income

This exception applies to an unincorporated business with recurring seasonal income. Under this exception, income may be annualized by assuming that income earned in the current year is earned in the same seasonal pattern as in the 3 preceding tax years. (F or information about computing this exception, refer to Section 11-525(d)(1)(D) of the NYC Administrative Code. Attach your computation to the form.)

## LINE 7 <br> OVERPAYMENT OF PREVIOUS INSTALLMENT

An overpayment on line 9 in excess of prior underpayments is to be applied as a credit against the next installment. A payment of estimated tax on any installment date is considered a payment of any previous underpayment only to the extent that the payment exceeds the amount of the installment as computed on line 9.

## PAGE 2

COMPUTATION OF PENALTY
If no exception applies, complete lines 11 through 33 to determine the amount of the penalty for each installment. If you made more than one payment for a given installment, attach a separate computation for each payment. The penalty is computed for the period of underpayment, line 12, at a rate set periodically by the New York City Department of Finance. For information as to the applicable rate after December 31, 1996, or any other rate of interest, call Taxpayer Assistance at:

## (718) 935-6000

## LINE 32

## PENALTY FOR UNDERPAYMENT OF ESTIMATED TAX

In columns 1 through 4 of line 32, for those installment payments (line 8) that equal $80 \%$ or more of line 3 divided by 4 , multiply the penalty shown in each applicable column by $75 \%$ Enter this result in the applicable column on line 32. Combine these revised amounts with the remaining amounts on line 31 and enter the total on line 33.

