

Urban Design Framework

May 2, 2011







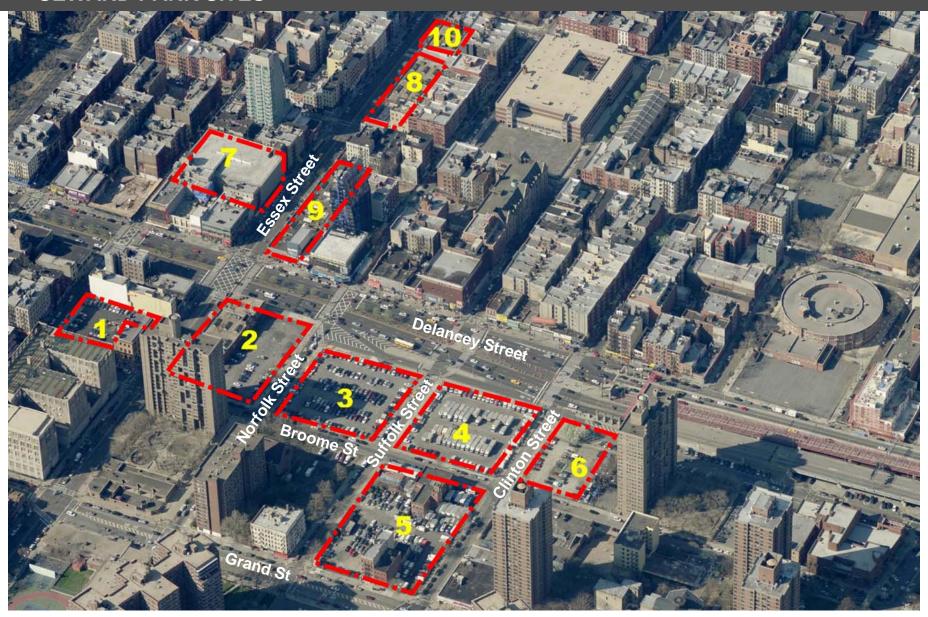


INTRODUCTION

Develop framework for urban design based on:

- Previous Task Force Urban Design Meetings
- Open House with Urban Design Model
- Initial CB3 Urban Design Principles

SEWARD PARK SITES

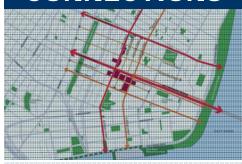


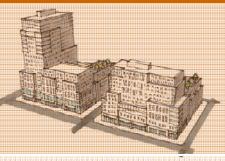
CONNECTIONS

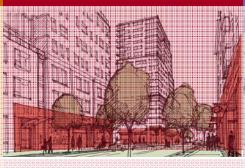
DENSITY & FORM

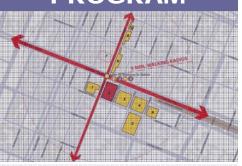
HUMAN SCALE & STREETSCAPE

IDENTITY & PROGRAM









- Site Development to respond to street scale
- Reconnect the grid
- Restore pedestrian connections
- Frame view corridors
- Weave together the urban fabric

- Employ the same density as in the neighborhood
- Combine best aspects of neighborhood building forms
- Provide streetwalls to create a pedestrian environment
- Use variation of height to maximize light and air

- Create a human scale and neighborhood character
- Mixed-use buildings above street-oriented retail
- Maximize ground floor activity
- Create new streetscapes
 with strong pedestrian
 realm

- Provide flexible layouts for non-residential uses
- Locate non-retail commercial uses to maximize transit access and visibility (Site 2)
- Locate tallest elements at gateways
 - Relate a variety of retail types to street scale

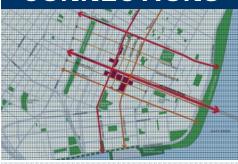
URBAN DESIGN STEPS FEBRUARY 28TH SUMMARY

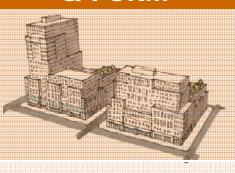
CONNECTIONS

DENSITY & FORM

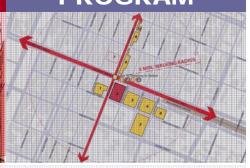
HUMAN SCALE & STREETSCAPE

IDENTITY & PROGRAM









- Urban Fabric and Village Fabric
- Pedestrian safety at Delancey Street
- Traffic shortcuts to and from the bridge
- Balancing building form and height with open space, light and air (Lego Model)
- Balancing pedestrians and cars on side streets (Orchard Street example)
 - Study future design of each street
- Restore vibrancy of Delancey Street Retail

COMMENTS FROM FEBRUARY 28TH MEETING

Street & Pedestrian Network

Open Space

Building Massing & Height





- Maintain the neighborhood street grid in the public realm
- Provide access and retail visibility, but address the challenge of through traffic
- Balance vehicular access with pedestrian activity

- Understand existing open space resources in the area
- Consider open space opportunities on the site
- Balance open space with building massing and program
- Refine open space options such as playgrounds, plazas, etc.

- Accommodate the Program with flexibility for potential uses
- Use lower rise elements to frame the public realm
- Locate taller buildings at "gateway" sites
- Delancey Street width can handle additional massing
- Consider sun and wind in building design

URBAN DESIGN THEMES MARCH 30TH SUMMARY

OPEN HOUSE THEMES

Height

- Location, in particular on Delancey
- Relation to open space
- Sun and wind patterns

Context

- History and culture of the LES
- Essex Street Market
- Architecture of future buildings

Programmatic Elements

- Integration of affordable housing
- Accommodating a school
- Family oriented activities
- Parking

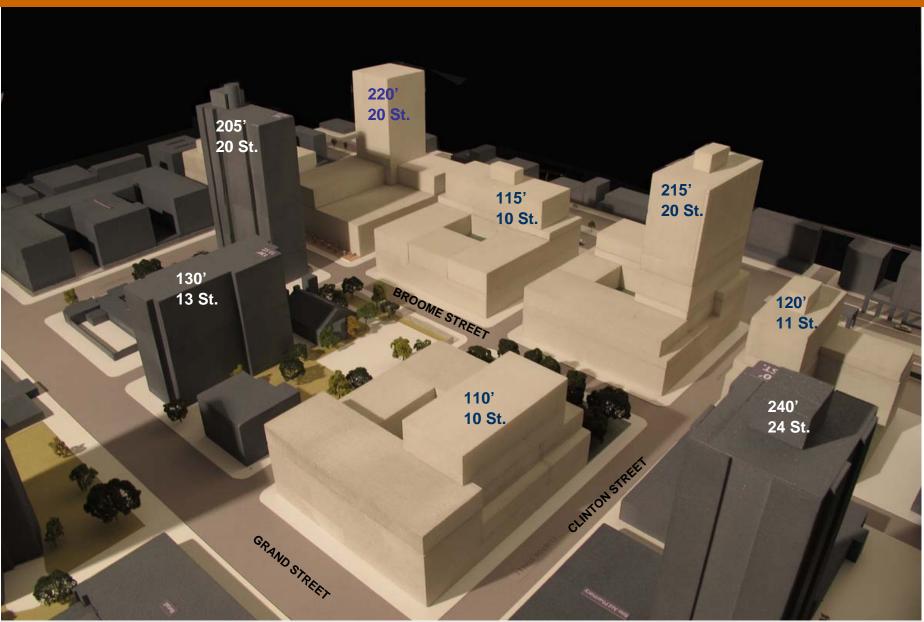




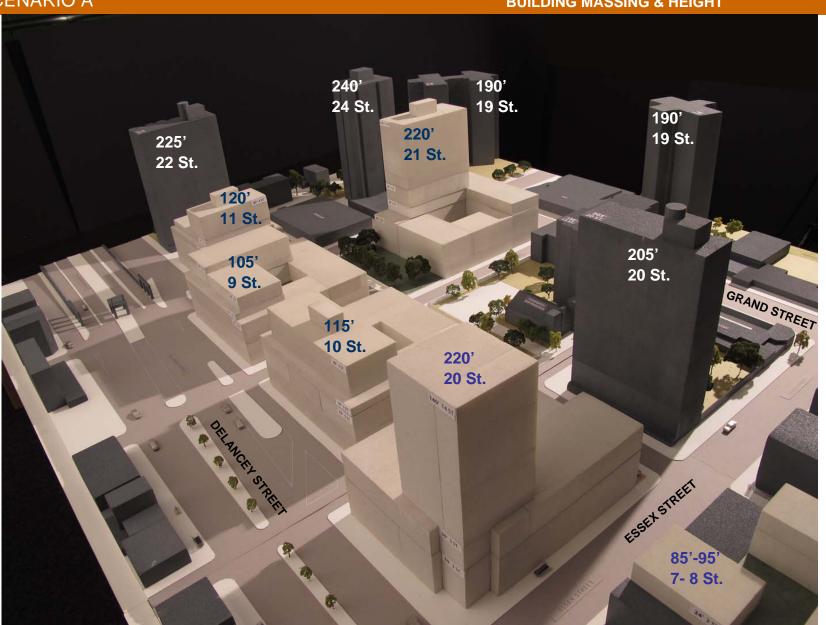
POTENTIAL DEVELOPMENT: SCENARIO A



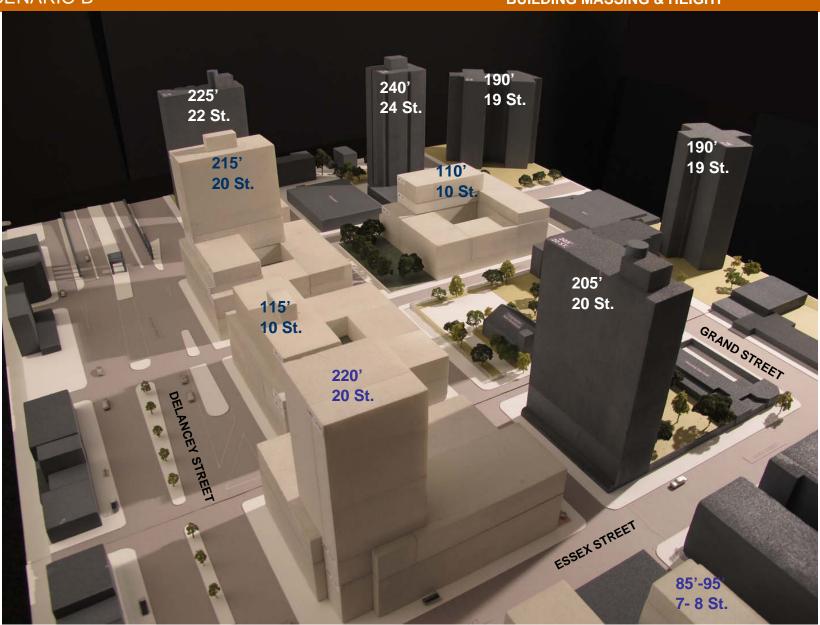
POTENTIAL DEVELOPMENT: SCENARIO B



POTENTIAL DEVELOPMENT: SCENARIO A



POTENTIAL DEVELOPMENT: SCENARIO B



QUESTIONS







