Case management systems are an efficient, sustainable, and cost-effective replacement to paper-based case management methods. Case management systems enable New York City Police Department (NYPD) personnel to organize and store the voluminous records obtained during the course of official investigations and operations.

The NYPD produced this impact and use policy because NYPD case management systems organize, retain and, when appropriate, share a variety of records and evidence connected to official investigations and operations. This includes but is not limited to: video images, acoustic data, possible location information and photographs of individuals.

CAPABILITIES OF THE TECHNOLOGY

New York City Department of Records and Information Services (DORIS) is responsible for setting the Supplemental Records Retention and Disposition Schedule, which covers the retention period for legal case files. NYPD records connected to an investigation must be retained for twelve (12) years after the close of the investigation. Records may be retained beyond twelve (12) years if they are connected to a criminal, civil, or appellate case. Maintenance of paper records is expensive; considering storage space, mailing fees, as well as the time allocation needed for NYPD members to transport, store, track, and retrieve records, and locate lost or misfiled records.

Case management systems allow the NYPD to electronically store and organize records and information obtained in the course of investigations and operations in a central location. NYPD case management systems may be used in conjunction with the NYPD’s data analysis programs to provide NYPD investigators with information that would otherwise be kept throughout different isolated data compartments within NYPD computer systems. Records can be efficiently and repeatedly accessed in support of law enforcement operations.

NYPD case management systems do not create any information, data or recordings of any kind. NYPD case management systems do not use artificial intelligence, machine learning, facial recognition or any other biometric measuring technologies.

RULES, PROCESSES & GUIDELINES RELATING TO USE OF THE TECHNOLOGY

NYPD case management system policy seeks to balance the public safety benefits of this technology with individual privacy. Case management systems must be used in a manner consistent with the requirements and protection of the Constitution of the United States, the New York State Constitution, and applicable statutory authorities.

All information contained in NYPD case management systems are subject to privacy, confidentiality, and dissemination restrictions according to NYPD policy and applicable federal, state, and local laws and rules. All members of the NYPD must only access case management systems to which authorization has been granted and under circumstances required in the execution of lawful duty relating to official business of the NYPD.
CASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS: IMPACT & USE POLICY

Court authorization is not required prior to NYPD use of case management systems. Case management systems are a digital storage tool used to organize information lawfully obtained by NYPD personnel.

In accordance with the Public Oversight of Surveillance Technology Act, an addendum to this impact and use policy will be prepared as necessary to describe any additional uses of case management systems.

No person will be the subject of police action solely because of actual or perceived race, color, religion or creed, age, national origin, alienage, citizenship status, gender (including gender identity), sexual orientation, disability, marital status, partnership status, military status, or political affiliation or beliefs.

The misuse of case management systems will subject employees to administrative and potentially criminal penalties.

SAFEGUARD & SECURITY MEASURES AGAINST UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS

Case management systems are confidential-password-protected and access is restricted to only authorized users. Differentiated access to case management and computer systems is limited to personnel who have an articulable need to access the system in furtherance of lawful duty. Authorization must be requested by a Commanding Officer. Authorization requests receive several layers of executive review. Access levels are only granted for functions and abilities relevant to individual commands.

The NYPD has a multifaceted approach to secure data and user accessibility within NYPD systems. All NYPD computer systems are managed by a user permission hierarchy based on rank and role via Active Directory authentication. The active directory is managed by a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) to restrict/allow port access. Accessing NYPD computer systems remotely requires dual factor authentication. All data is encrypted both in transit and at rest via Secure Socket Layer (SSL)/Transport Layer Security (TLS) certifications which follow industry best practices.

NYPD personnel must abide by security terms and conditions associated with NYPD computer and case management systems, including those governing user passwords and logon procedures. Members of the NYPD must maintain confidentiality of information accessed, created, received, disclosed or otherwise maintained during the course of duty and may only disclose information to others, including other members of the NYPD, only as required in the execution of lawful duty.

NYPD personnel are responsible for preventing third parties unauthorized access to information. Failure to adhere to confidentiality policies may subject NYPD personnel to disciplinary and/or criminal action. NYPD personnel must confirm the identity and affiliation of individuals requesting information from the NYPD and determine that the release of information is lawful prior to disclosure.

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POSTED JANUARY 11, 2021
Unauthorized access of any system will subject employees to administrative and potentially criminal penalties.

**POLICIES & PROCEDURES RELATING TO RETENTION, ACCESS & USE OF THE DATA**

NYPD personnel utilizing computer and case management systems are authenticated by username and password. Access to computer and case management systems is limited to personnel who have an articulable need to access the system in furtherance of lawful duty. Access rights within NYPD case management and computer systems are further limited based on lawful duty.

Information contained within NYPD computer and case management systems are retained in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, and New York City and NYPD policies. Records contained within NYPD computer and case management systems may be used for legitimate law enforcement purposes or official business of the NYPD, including in furtherance of criminal investigations, civil litigations, and disciplinary proceedings.

The misuse of any information contained with a NYPD case management system will subject employees to administrative and potentially criminal penalties.

**POLICIES & PROCEDURES RELATING TO PUBLIC ACCESS OR USE OF THE DATA**

Members of the public may request information contained within NYPD case management systems pursuant to the New York State Freedom of Information Law. The NYPD will review and evaluate such requests in accordance with applicable provisions of law and NYPD policy.

**EXTERNAL ENTITIES**

Information contained within NYPD case management systems is often related to criminal investigations. When an investigation results in an arrest, the NYPD turns over relevant information to the prosecutor with jurisdiction over the matter. Prosecutors will provide the information to the defendant(s) in accordance with criminal discovery laws.

Other law enforcement agencies may request information contained in NYPD case management systems from the NYPD in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, and New York City and NYPD policies. Additionally, the NYPD may provide information contained with NYPD case management systems to partnering law enforcement and city agencies pursuant to on-going criminal investigations, civil litigation and disciplinary proceedings. Information is not shared in furtherance of immigration enforcement.

Following the laws of the State and City of New York, as well as NYPD policy, information contained in NYPD case management systems may be provided to community leaders, civic organizations and the news media in order to further an investigation, create awareness of an unusual incident, or address a community-concern.
C A S E  M A N A G E M E N T  S Y S T E M S:
I M P A C T  &  U S E  P O L I C Y

Pursuant to NYPD policy and local law, members of the NYPD may disclose identifying information externally only if:

1. Such disclosure has been authorized in writing by the individual to whom such information pertains to, or if such individual is a minor or is otherwise not legally competent, by such individual’s parent or legal guardian and has been approved in writing by the Agency Privacy Officer assigned to the Legal Bureau;
2. Such disclosure is required by law and has been approved in writing by the Agency Privacy Officer assigned to the Legal Bureau;
3. Such disclosure furthers the purpose or mission of the NYPD and has been approved in writing by the Agency Privacy Officer assigned to the Legal Bureau;
4. Such disclosure has been pre-approved as in the best interests of the City by the City Chief Privacy Officer;
5. Such disclosure has been designated as routine by the Agency Privacy Officer assigned to the Legal Bureau;
6. Such disclosure is in connection with an investigation of a crime that has been committed or credible information about an attempted or impending crime;
7. Such disclosure is in connection with an open investigation by a City agency concerning the welfare of a minor or an individual who is otherwise not legally competent.

Government agencies at the local, state, and federal level, including law enforcement agencies other than the NYPD, have limited access to NYPD computer and case management systems. Such access is granted by the NYPD on a case by case basis subject to the terms of written agreements between the NYPD and the agency receiving access to a specified system. The terms of the written agreements also charge these external entities with maintaining the security and confidentiality of information obtained from the NYPD, limiting disclosure of that information without NYPD approval, and notifying the NYPD when the external entity receives a request for that information pursuant to a subpoena, judicial order, or other legal process. Access will not be given to other agencies for purposes of furthering immigration enforcement.

The NYPD purchases case management systems and associated equipment or Software as a Service (SaaS)/software from approved vendors. The NYPD emphasizes the importance of and engages with vendors and contractors to maintain the confidentiality, availability, and integrity of NYPD technology systems.

Vendors and contractors may have access to NYPD case management systems associated software or data in the performance of contractual duties to the NYPD. Such duties are typically technical or proprietary in nature (e.g., maintenance or failure mitigation). In providing vendors and contractors access to equipment and computer systems, the NYPD follows the principle of least privilege. Vendors and contractors are only allowed access on a “need to know basis” to fulfill contractual obligations and/or agreements.

Vendors and contractors providing equipment and services to the NYPD undergo vendor responsibility determination and integrity reviews. Vendors and contractors providing sensitive equipment and services to the NYPD also undergo background checks.
Vendors and contractors are legally obligated by contracts and/or agreements to maintain the confidentiality of NYPD data and information. Vendors and contractors are subject to criminal and civil penalties for unauthorized use or disclosure of NYPD data or information.

**TRAINING**

NYPD personnel using a NYPD case management system receive command level training on the proper operation of the technology and associated equipment. NYPD personnel must operate case management systems in compliance with NYPD policies and training.

**INTERNAL AUDIT & OVERSIGHT MECHANISMS**

Immutable audit logs are created when any information is searched or accessed through any case management system. The log-in and use of the system is traceable to a particular user and periodically audited for misuse by the precinct or unit’s Commanding Officer. Allegations of misuse are internally investigated at the command level or by the Internal Affairs Bureau (IAB).

All members of the NYPD are advised that NYPD case management systems are intended for the purposes of conducting official business. The misuse of any system will subject employees to administrative and potentially criminal penalties. Allegations of misuse are internally investigated at the command level or by IAB.

Integrity Control Officers (ICOs) within each Command are responsible for maintaining the security and integrity of all information in the possession of the NYPD. ICOs must ensure all authorized users of NYPD computer systems in their command understand and comply with computer security guidelines, frequently observe all areas with computer equipment, and ensure security guidelines are complied with, as well as investigating any circumstances or conditions which may indicate abuse of the computer systems.

Requests for focused audits of computer activity from IAB, Commanding Officers, ICOs, Investigations Units, and others, may be made to the Information Technology Bureau.

**HEALTH & SAFETY REPORTING**

There are no known health and safety issues with case management systems or associated equipment.

**DISPARATE IMPACTS OF THE IMPACT & USE POLICY**

The safeguards and audit protocols built into the impact and use policy for NYPD case management systems mitigate the risk of impartial and biased law enforcement. NYPD case management systems are a digital organizational and storage tool for information and evidence that would be too voluminous and uneconomical to store through maintenance of paper records.
NYPD case management systems do not use artificial intelligence, machine learning, or any kind of biometric measuring technologies.

The NYPD is committed to the impartial enforcement of the law and to the protection of constitutional rights. The NYPD prohibits the use of racial and bias-based profiling in law enforcement actions, which must be based on standards required by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the U.S. Constitution, Sections 11 and 12 of Article I of the New York State Constitution, Section 14-151 of the New York City Administrative Code, and other applicable laws.

Race, color, ethnicity, or national origin may not be used as a motivating factor for initiating police enforcement action. When an officer’s decision to initiate enforcement action against a person is motivated even in part by a person’s actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, or national origin, that enforcement action violates NYPD policy unless the officer’s decision is based on a specific and reliable suspect description that includes not just race, age, and gender, but other identifying characteristics or information.