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1. Policy

The OCME Forensic Anthropology Unit (FAU) shall record and maintain case analytical notes, supporting documentation, and finalized reports in a way to ensure their integrity and authenticity.

2. 8

This S. P. pplies the all handwritten analytical notes, computer-generated supporting case document, and profits. The procedures outlined apply to all FAU personnel.

3. Definitions

<u>Case File</u>: A case reports, and admin rative description received or generated by the FAU for a particular case.

<u>Analytical Notes</u>: Any a cumentation created by the FAU that pertains to the examination of the submitted remains is ansidered analycal notes. All documentation included in the case file must be labeled with the analyst's name or initials and date(* of a lysis. F cumentation considered analytical notes includes, but is not limited to:

- Laboratory notes, including diagrams and drawings
- Annotated photographs relevant to the case
- Supporting documents.

<u>Supporting Documents</u>: Supporting documents are condered and the analytical notes and include printouts that are generated during case exar from that are a sidered pertinent to the analysis, e.g., FORDISC printouts for ancestry and/or stature example.

Administrative Documents: Administrative document include additional FAU documentation, such as Basic Case Information, Pet Review, Review, Sampling/Casting Logs, and Court Testimony Forms, etc.

<u>Non-FAU Documents</u>: Non-FAU documents, such as copies of external eports and elemal information, are not part of the FAU analytical documentation. All Non-Fau Documents are not part of the official case folder, but should still contain the unique case numeral.

<u>Formal Anthropology Report</u>: A Formal Anthropology Report is the official document summarizing the analytical findings.

<u>Electronic Case Documentation:</u> Electronic documents associated with a particular case, which aid in analysis, are considered Electronic Case Documentation. Some case documents are maintained in electronic form with or without maintaining a hard copy version in the case

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file. For example, photographs taken at a scene or during laboratory analysis are stored in their respective electronic case files (identified by their unique case number) on the Anthropology network drive.

4. Proced

- 4.1 The eless in Picording: Date(s) on the analytical notes should reflect the date on which the observations, data, tests, and/or calculations relevant to a case were recorded by the analytical notes should reflect the date on which the observations are recorded by the analytical notes are recorded by the analytical notes should reflect the date on which the observation is a case were recorded by the analytical notes are recorded analyt
- 4.2 **Recording Me** an andwritten laboratory notes shall be written in permanent ink.
- 4.3 **Legibility**: The analysis handwingen analytical notes must be legible. If the technical-reviewer deems the allytical notes illegible then the notes will be returned to the analyst to be rewritten.
- 4.4 **Use of Abbreviations and Symples:** When abbreviations or symbols are used in analytical notes and reports, the means of the abbreviation or symbol should be clearly documented or referenced. See Appen A for a list of the abbreviations most commonly used by the FAU.
- 4.5 **Pagination**: All analytical notes and case documentation must display a page number and total page count (i.e., _____ of ____). Pagination for analytical notes and supporting documentation can be combined and sequentially tambers, or individual tests/analytical sections can be numbered separately.
- 4.6 **Analytical Notes Forms**: All observations, results, and diagram associated with official case work are recorded on appropriate forms and diagram.
 - 4.6.1 **Controlled Forms**: The FAU has created controlled trms to se in recording analytical notes. The analyst shall choose the appropriate for n(s) for recording their notes based on the scope of the analysis requested.
 - Form Control: All FAU analytical notes forms are controlled by maintaining the most up-to-date version of the forms on the secure Anthropology network drive. Forms approved for use are saved in PDF format and display the date of the most current version. (Analysts should always use the most up-to-date version of the forms).
 - Editing/Replacing Forms: If a form requires editing or is replaced by a new form then the older electronic version is moved to an archive folder and the

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hard copies are removed from circulation. The FAU needs to be in agreement before controlled forms are edited or replaced.

- 4.6.2 **Uncontrolled Forms**: Analysts are allowed to use uncontrolled diagram forms as put of their analytical notes. There are instances when an analyst may need to leate a new diagram of a particular region of the skeleton or skeletal element to locumen trauma, pathology, or a developmental anomaly. Uncontrolled diagram forms of in need the approval of the FAU for use and shall be maintained separate from a controlled forms on the Anthropology network drive.
- 4.7 In addition to reach gobservations, data, tests, and calculations in the analytical notes, the analyst(s) study recommendation of the substitution of the substitu
 - 4.7.1 **Unit(s)** of **N** asurement: The unit(s) of measurement (e.g., millimeters) shall always be in cated in the analytical notes.
 - Instrumentation: e analyst shall document the unique inventory number of each et of aliperand tape measures that were used to take measurement.
 - For taking measurements using the recroscope the analyst should take an initial photograph with calibrate ruler and the microscope scale to demonstrate the accuracy of the scale (see QM-004: Equipment Management).
 - 4.7.2 **Methods and Reference Standards**: Methods a specific sandards used during analysis should be documented who apply ble. This includes documenting the scoring system used for the hathod (e.g., photor pubic symphysis) and any relevant statistics.
 - The analyst shall document the unique inventory in the for each et of pubic symphysis and/or sternal rib end casts that are used or age estimation.
 - 4.7.3 If skeletal fragments are reconstructed for the purpose of analysis and/or photography, the analyst should note which skeletal elements were reconstructed.
 - 4.7.3 The analyst should document in the analytical notes if samples were taken from remains and submitted to another internal department or external agency for additional analyses (e.g., bone sample for DNA analysis), by filling out a

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Sampling and Casting Log (see ANTH-001 Evidence Security and Management). This log should be kept in the case file.

- 4.8 **Corrections to Analytical Notes**: Any correction(s) to handwritten notes, prior to fine that he of the case, should be made by placing a line through the undesired text and stering the correction and the analyst's initials. Corrections made on a different date from the original handwritten notes should also include the date the correction was made. Mastering agency, such as whiteout and correction tape, should never be used to correct analysis are such as whiteout and correction tape, should never be used to correct analysis are such as a litional space is needed for a correction, the analyst can either rewrite analysis and stical of the page with the corrections or include a supplemental notes page to describe in a frection.
- 4.9 **Use of Origin Docy Lents**: The unalyst(s) should avoid writing on original documents (e.g., medical of den a records) are instead, should work from a copy. All copies should be plainly marked as a copy.
- 4.10 **Photographic Document.** On: All emains submitted to the FAU for analysis should be photographed upon initial record. There may be instances where photographs taken during autopsy by OCME's Corensic Parts caphers are sufficient to document the intake of remains and additional photos by LaU per ainel are not required (see ANTH-001 Evidence Security and Management 7 (2.3). Doing entimation, the analyst may decide to take additional photographs to support their observations and interpretations documented in the analytical notes. All cotograph should be in focus and include a scale, when practicable.
- 4.11 **Formal Anthropology Reports**: The Anthropology Report generical by the FAU provides clear documentation and interpretation of the argue ological findings. Each report is tailored to the type of consult requested (e.g., traina analysis, biological profile, human vs. non-human). All formal Anthropology Reports shall be subjected to the Records Department upon completion.
 - 4.11.1 All Anthropology Reports regardless of the type of analysis uested shall
 - Be written on NYC OCME letterhead.
 - List the unique case number at the top of the report and on the top of each subsequent page.
 - Include the date(s) of inspection. Date(s) of inspection normally begin on the date the remains are received by the FAU and end on the date the authoring analyst signs the finalized anthropology report. Indicate which specimens were submitted for analysis.
 - Report out the analytical results.

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- Include a signature block for the analyst(s) with the date of signature.
- 4.11.2 There are several report formats used depending on the type of analysis requested and performed (e.g., human/non-human, trauma, biological profile). A gueralized report template can be found on the Anthropology network drive. Legardless of the type of analysis, reports will include a background section and letails of the anthropological findings. While other formal reports may be variable depending on the type of analysis, a full skeletal analysis report has a more pecific termat. When applicable, the full skeletal report should contain the flowly sections:
 - A Backgre stion.
 - A "Surplary Table" that summarizes the analytical findings, when applicable. In some cases a comparison table may be more appropriate.
 - A section labeled "Investory/Minimum Number of Individuals" that provides statement do menting the MNI and the list of recovered or non-recovered elements.
 - Sections for each office Stature). Stature).
 - A section labeled "Trauma Analya" which may include descriptions of antemortem and/or perina term trains.
 - A section labeled "General Observations" which may include the descriptions of other pertinent information relevants the case.
 - A final "Summary" section.
- 4.12 **No Formal Report:** There are cases where an anthropologic opinion a requested, but no specimen is retained or formal report written. In these distances, the anthropologist reports their opinion verbally or through email to the redical explainer or requesting individual. These consultations are documented with an interval form within a carefile.
- 4.13 **Authentication**: Analytical notes and finalized anthropology reports the discoverage by legal authorities and thus need to be authentic. False, decer ive, or of rwise intentionally misleading statements, regardless of the nature and district the never acceptable.
 - 4.13.1 An analyst shall authenticate their notes by annotating each page with the unique case number, analyst name or initials, examination date(s), and page number(s). To avoid issues with demonstrating authenticity of analytical notes:
 - Do not write on the original copies of other analysts' notes.
 - Do not sign analytical notes you did not prepare.

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- 4.13.2 The analyst authenticates their finalized anthropology report by dating and signing the report. In some instances, the Forensic Anthropology Director (Director) may sign for the case analyst if he/she is unavailable. The Director will ther authenticate the report by stamping it "Original" before sending it to the ecords Department.
- 4.14 **Peer eview of athropology Reports and Analytical Notes**: When a draft anthropology report pready for review, both the report and all analytical notes are submitted for exchange and Administrative Peer-Review (see ANTH-004 Peer Review).
- 4.15 Case Finaliza n: A considered finalized once the anthropology report and cessfully one through the peer-review process and a signed and analytical note have 1 dated final anthropology report is abmitted to the Records Department and uploaded to CMS. The Anthrop ogy Report date of issue shall be the date the final report is signed eparate copy cane final report is maintained in the FAU case file tonally, the report and analytical notes are scanned by the case analyst. A and clearly marked as case for, located on the Anthropology network as PDFs and uploaded to the el drive. A hard copy version of the case had be retained in one of the Anthropology locked and secure laboratories (see ANT) 101 Excence Security and Management).
- 4.16 **Amendments**: Any revisions to a finalized eport a d/or the analytical notes are done through amendments. Additional Adminicrative D tuments added to the case file after completion of the case report are not considered an indmental completion.
 - 4.16.1 Amending Analytical Notes: Changes can be made afrect, on the original analytical notes or by using a separate Notes Form. Takended canges are done directly on the original analytical notes then the document was made is required next to the changes.
 - 4.16.2 Amending Reports: Amending the report requires that the adjust explain the amended changes in the appropriate section(s) of the cort. The arounded portions shall be clearly marked. The Amended Report shall be clearly procked as such.
 - 4.16.3 The amended analytical notes and report shall be saved into the electronic case file with the word "Amended" added to the title of the documents.
- 4.17 **Supplemental Reports**: Any additional anthropological analyses completed after the Anthropology Report has been finalized and signed, shall be documented in a Supplemental Report. The Supplemental Report shall be clearly marked as such.

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- 4.18 **Release of Information**: Finalized case file documents will not be released, whole or in part, to agencies outside of the OCME without the consent of the OCME Legal Department. Only documents in the case file generated by the FAU shall be included. All requests for information in this regard will be directed to the OCME Legal Department.
- 4.19 spos on: Analytical notes, test reports, and other case records should be kept together in a AU Case Sile (see ANTH-001 Evidence Security and Management).
- 4.20 **Sur** y: Cost record, are peer-reviewed in accordance with ANTH-004 Peer Review. The entire case tile will be made available to the technical reviewer at the time of review. Case records are seen to internal audits in accordance with QM-007: Internal Audits.

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Appendix A. List of commonly used abbreviations

OCME Term

IDI: Id Acati a Investigator
FA. Fore. ic athropologist

Director: Fo asic Ar 10, logy Director

ME: Medic Examer

MLI: Medicole at Investigato

TC: Tour Commander

METT: Medical Examer Transortation

Team

FAU: Forensic Anthropolog Unit FBio: Forensic Biology Dept. ment

Histo: Histology Department CMS: Case Management System FACTS: Forensic Anthropology Case

Tracking System

NYC Agency Terms:

NYPD: New York Police Department

CSU: Crime Scene Unit

FDNY: Fire Department New York

OEM: Office of Emergency Management

DOC: Department of Correction

LPC: Landmarks Preservation Commission

Directional and Anatomical Terms:

Ant: Anterior Post: Posterior Lat: Lateral Med: Medial Sup: Superior
Inf: Inferior
Prox: Proximal
Endo: Endocranial
Ecto: Ectocranial

L: Left
R: Right
C: Cervical
T: Thoracic
L: Lumbar
S: Sacral
V: Vertebra

Spin Sprocess

Superior Articular Facet

AF: In Prior Articular Facet

TP: Lanswerse Process

Spin S Process

ST: Sof Tissue

FX: F cture

SFT About Force Trans BFT: Blunt Force trauma KSW: Knife St.o Wound KCW: Knife Sut Woun

MNI: Minimun. Tumber of Varvidu.

PX: Postmortem

AX: Antemortem

PMI: Postmortem Interval

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Revision History

REV.	DATE	SUMMARY OF CHANGES
0	26 January 2018	New document.
1	12 June 2018	Added Appendix A. Common Abbreviations Corrected error in Revision #: 26 January 2018 should have been 0 instead of 1. Fixed several grammar errors and spacing issues
	tober 20-8	Added a statement in 4.1.5: The Anthropology Report date of issue shall be the date the final report is signed by the case analyst.
3	21 November 18	Added the following statement to 4.11.1: Include the date(s) of inspection. Date(s) of inspection normally begin on the date the regains are received by the FAU and end on the date the authorized analyst signs the finalized anthropology report.