

C17002: RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS

Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined

2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

New York City and Boroughs

Geography	Total Persons		Persons Below Poverty Level				1.00 to 1.24		1.25 to 1.49		1.50 to 1.84		1.85 to 1.99		2.00 and over	
			Under .50		.50 to .99											
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
New York City	8,268,526	+/-6,493	748,321	+/-24,832	983,313	+/-31,043	435,473	+/-21,189	444,927	+/-21,265	524,882	+/-23,054	208,238	+/-15,990	4,923,372	+/-41,249
Bronx	1,379,387	+/-3,774	178,505	+/-12,607	247,472	+/-14,848	97,277	+/-11,116	86,789	+/-10,781	107,254	+/-9,484	44,682	+/-7,132	617,408	+/-18,536
Brooklyn	2,571,598	+/-3,450	255,495	+/-13,982	343,506	+/-17,393	158,745	+/-11,613	154,233	+/-12,133	164,532	+/-13,038	63,553	+/-6,557	1,431,534	+/-23,109
Manhattan	1,580,465	+/-4,070	143,890	+/-12,117	155,364	+/-12,109	55,022	+/-8,442	66,043	+/-8,838	67,243	+/-7,808	26,666	+/-7,551	1,066,237	+/-18,117
Queens	2,270,581	+/-3,170	143,061	+/-10,152	204,802	+/-15,278	108,967	+/-8,970	121,882	+/-8,725	163,814	+/-12,770	66,056	+/-9,917	1,461,999	+/-21,609
Staten Island	466,495	+/-1,325	27,370	+/-4,963	32,169	+/-5,839	15,462	+/-4,377	15,980	+/-4,802	22,039	+/-4,633	7,281	+/-2,208	346,194	+/-10,541

Sources: U. S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey – Summary File
Population Division – New York City Department of City Planning (January 2015)

REFERENCE NOTES:

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

In data year 2013, there were a series of changes to data collection operations that could have affected some estimates. These changes include the addition of Internet as a mode of data collection, the end of the content portion of Failed Edit Follow-Up interviewing, and the loss of one monthly panel due to the Federal Government shut down in October 2013. For more information, see: User Notes

While the 2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.