Hudson Yards Redevelopment

Economic Overview and Demand Forecast

Presented by:

Economics Research Associates and Cushman & Wakefield

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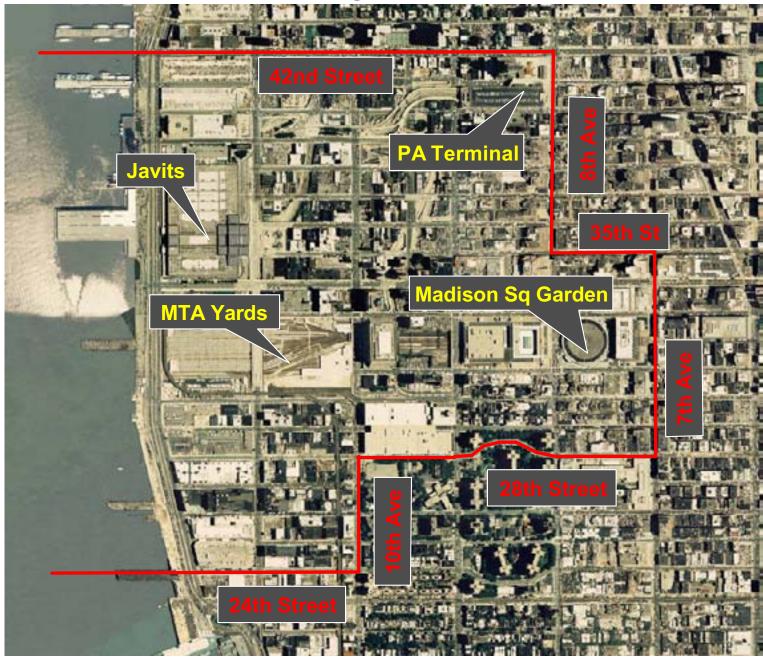
Objective

- To create a strategy to unlock the value of the Hudson Yards and help secure New York's economic future
- To create a vibrant new mixed-use commercial and residential district
- To create a realistic plan to fund the infrastructure improvements that will spur private investment in the area





Hudson Yards Today







The Challenge and Opportunity

- Midtown and Downtown are steadily losing office space market share
- Unless we take action now to expand available land for office development, Manhattan's competitiveness may continue to erode
- Hudson Yards is the largest area proximate to Midtown that can accommodate the commercial development necessary to capture New York's share of projected regional growth

"Without taking action to create more space, New York City will miss out on hundreds of thousands of new jobs and increased economic activity in the next 20 years."

-Group of 35, Preparing for the Future, 2001







Assets...

- Proximity to Midtown
- Access to the waterfront
- Major public facilities
- Developable land
- Ability to connect to existing transportation infrastructure

...and Challenges

- Outdated zoning
- Lack of transit access
- Declining employment and tax assessments
- Lack of public open space
- Dominated by surface car, truck and bus parking
- Javits Convention Center is not realizing its full potential





Demand Forecasts

- Office
- Residential
- Hotel
- Retail





Office Development

- Expansion of prime Midtown Office core
- Necessary to meet projected office demand
- Highest incremental property value





Midtown Office Market

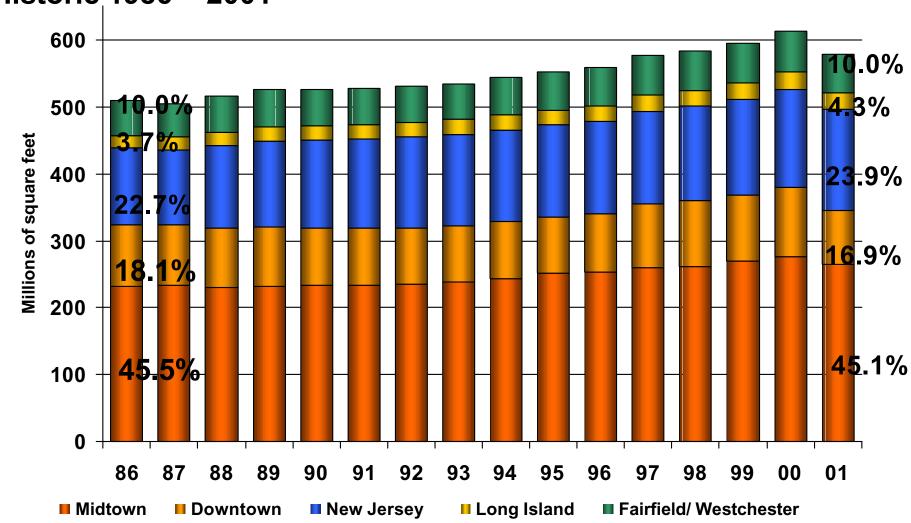
- Comprises 294.5 million square feet, or 44% of NY region
- Combined with Downtown, totals 387 msf, or 59% of NY region's office inventory
- Premier and largest office market in the nation
- Manhattan's primary location for Services and FIRE sector employment
- Together with Downtown, Midtown is the NY region's Economic Engine
- Losing share of occupied office space within NY region





New York Region Occupied Office Space by Market

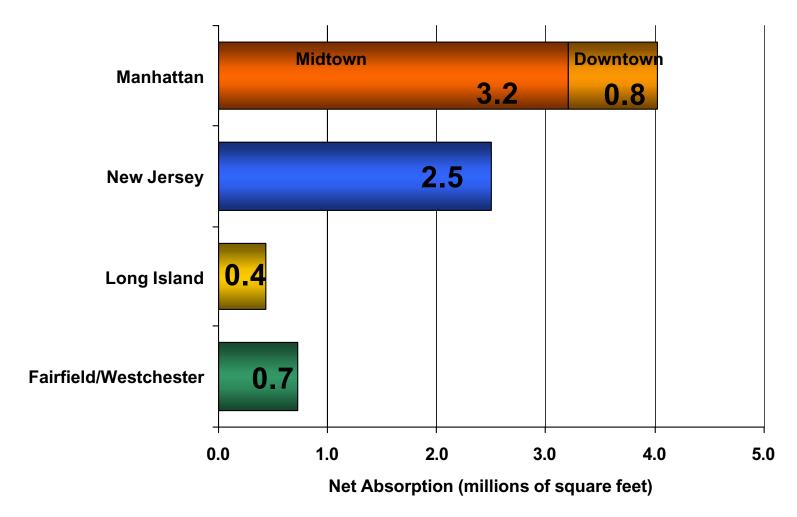
Historic 1986 - 2001



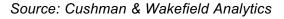




New York Region Average Annual Net Absorption by Market Historic 1987 – 2000*



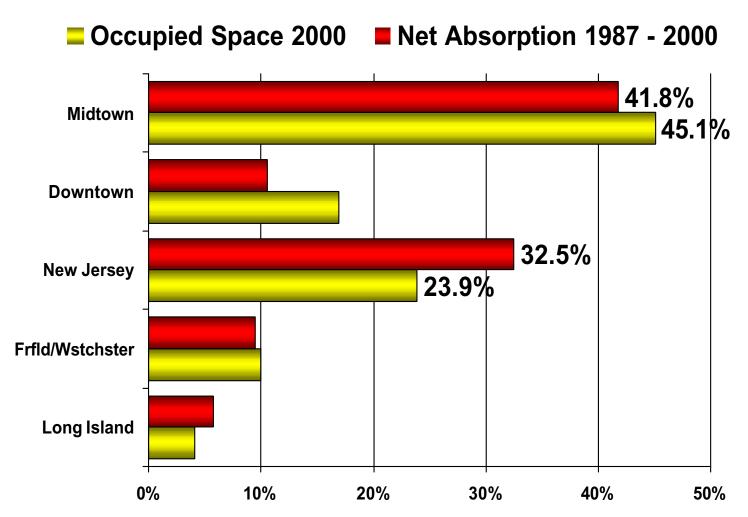
^{*} Only through 2000 due to events of 9/11/2001 which adversely impacted both total inventory and occupied space.







New York Region Net Absorption (1987 – 2000) versus Occupied Space 2000*

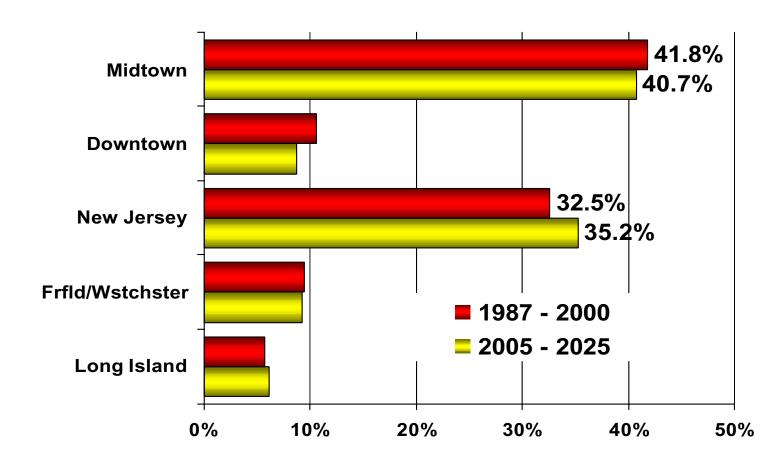


^{*} Only through 2000 due to events of 9/11/2001 which adversely impacted both total inventory and occupied space.



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New York Region Net Absorption (1987 – 2000*) versus Projected Net Absorption (2005 – 2025)



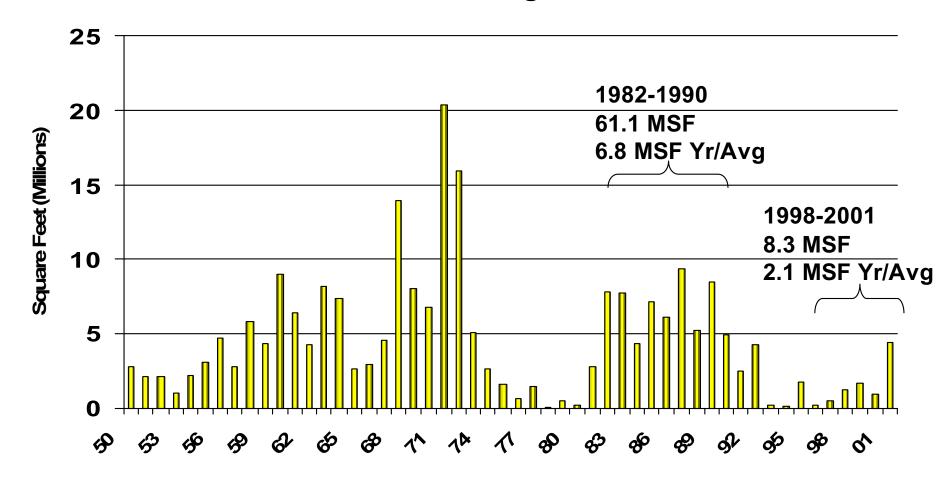
^{*} Only through 2000 due to events of 9/11/2001 which adversely impacted both total inventory and occupied space.





Manhattan Office Construction 1950 - 2001

235.8 MSF or 4.5 MSF Annual Average







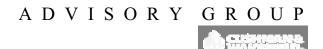
Manhattan Selection of Potential Development Sites

Mid	ltown	= 20) + i	msf

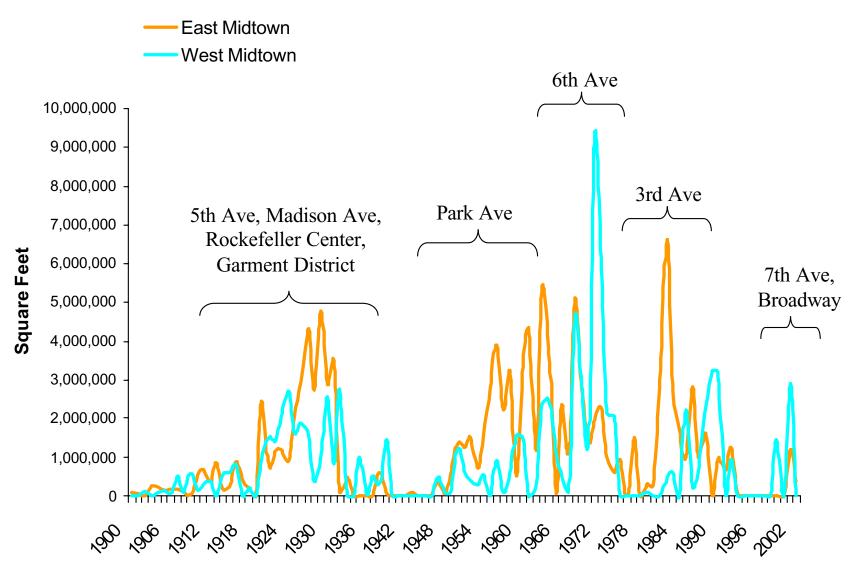
Downtown = 13-15 msf

	<u>Site</u>	<u>MSF</u>	<u>Site</u>	<u>MSF</u>
•	Con Edison	2.5	World Trade Center	10.0
•	One Bryant Park	2.1	■ Site 26/BPC	1.8
•	20 Times Square	1.3	55 Water St	8.0
•	Hotel Pennsylvania	1.1	15 William St	0.5
•	Roosevelt Hotel	1.0		





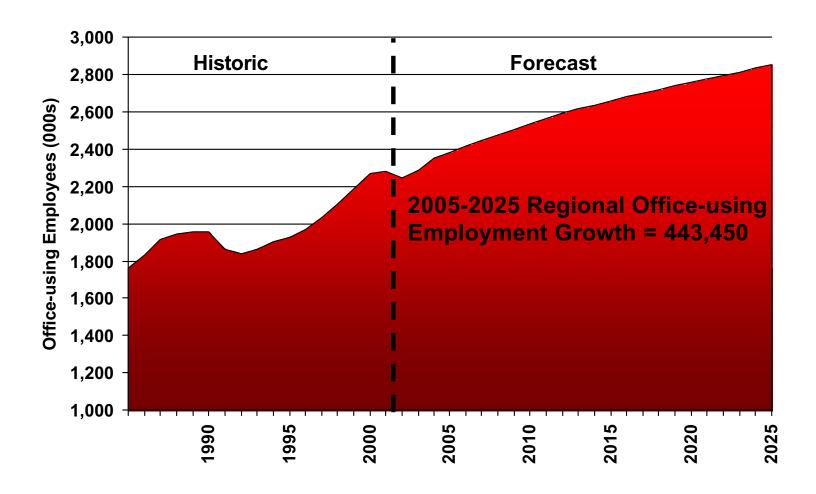
Midtown Office Construction 1900 - 2002







New York Region Office-using Employment by Year 1986 – 2025

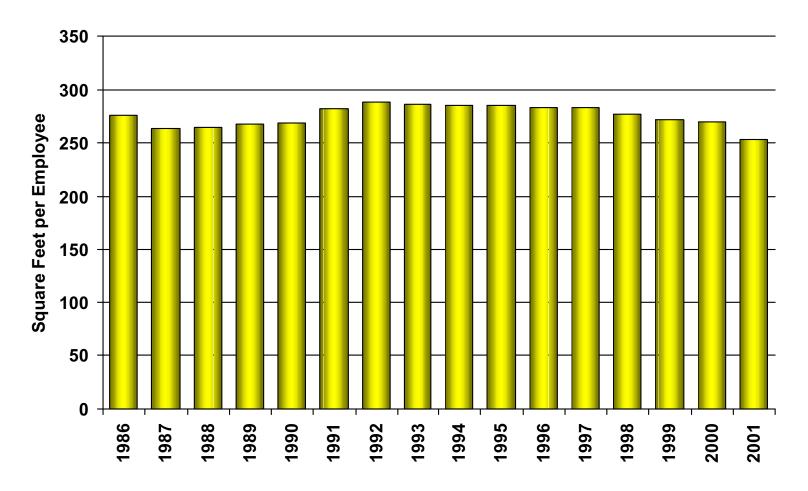


Source: Economy.com, NYC Planning, NYC Office of Management and Budget, Cushman & Wakefield Analytics





New York Region Occupied Office Space per Office-using Employee Historic 1986 – 2001



Sources: Economy.com, Cushman & Wakefield Analytics





New York Region Office-Using Employment and Office Demand Projected 2005 – 2025

Total Change in Office-Using Employment = 443,450

Scenario	Square Feet Per Employee	Total Demand (Square Feet)
Low	200	88,690,000
Base	250	110,862,250
High	300	133,035,000

Source: Economy.com, NYC Office of Management and Budget, NYC Planning, Cushman & Wakefield Analytics



New York Region Change in Occupied Space by Market Projected 2005 – 2025

Forecasted Net Absorption (MSF)

	Capture Rate*	Low	Base	High
Midtown	40.7%	36.1	45.1	54.1
Downtown	8.7%	7.7	9.6	11.6
New Jersey	35.2%	31.2	39.0	46.8
Fairfield/ Westchester	9.2%	8.2	10.2	12.2
Long Island	6.2%	5.5	6.9	8.2
Total	100.0%	88.7	110.9	133.0

^{*}Capture Rate based on recent trends







Midtown Office Market 2005 - 2025 Demand Forecast Assumptions

- Regional office-using employment growth of 443,450 results in demand for 89 msf, 111 msf or 133 msf
- Midtown absorption represents 40.7% of regional demand
- Even with declining market share, Midtown's office demand will be 36 msf, 45 msf or 54 msf through 2025
- Potential Midtown development sites are insufficient to meet future demand (current estimate of 20 msf)
- Hudson Yards is forecast to capture 35% to 40% of Midtown's demand based upon recent Class A development activity





Hudson Yards Capture Rate of Midtown's Office Demand Projected Total 2005 – 2025

_	Forecasted Net Absorption (MSF)				
Capture Rate	Low	Base	High		
40%	14.4	18.0	21.7		
35%	12.6	15.8	19.0		



Residential





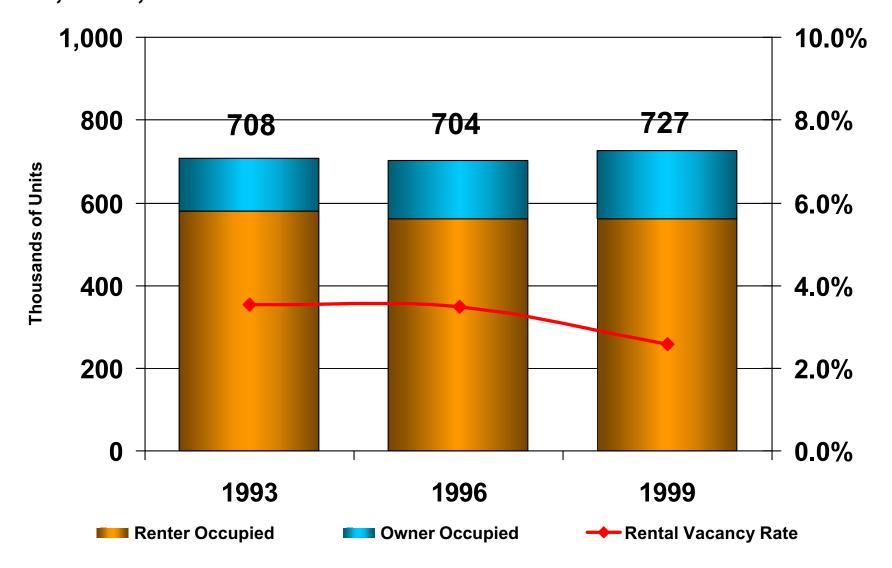
Residential Development

- New York City is largest housing market in the nation
 - Manhattan comprises 727,000 occupied units
 - Manhattan is one of the nation's tightest housing markets with an estimated vacancy rate of 3.2%
- Hudson Yards residential development
 - Natural extension of West Side residential neighborhoods
 - Complements Office expansion
 - Enhances 24 hour-7 day use

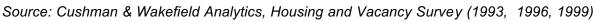




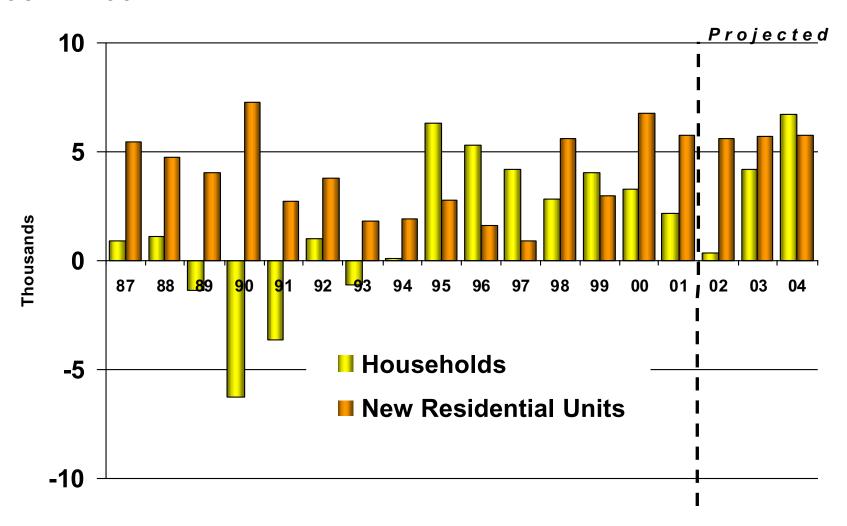
Manhattan Total Occupied Units Rental Occupied Units vs. Vacancy Rate 1993, 1996, 1999







Manhattan Household Growth vs. Residential Construction 1987 – 2004

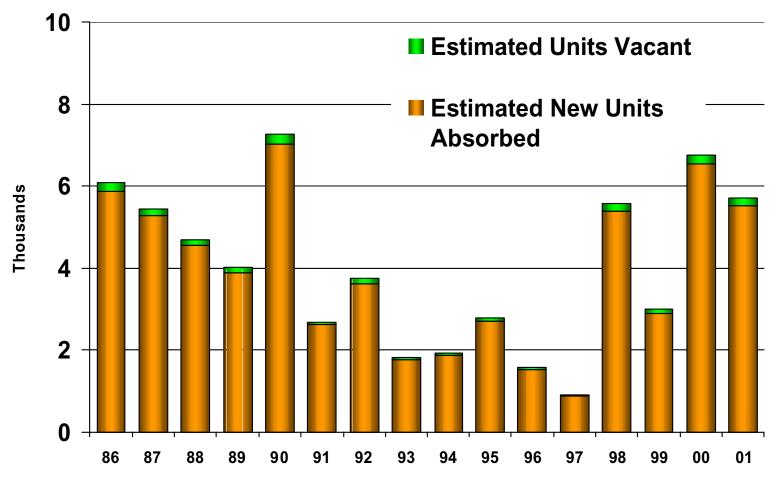


Source: Cushman & Wakefield Analytics, Economy.com, Corcoran Group, NYC Planning

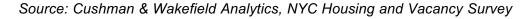




Manhattan Estimated Absorption of New Units Historic 1986 – 2001*



^{*} Applied average vacancy rate of 3.2 percent to number of total new residential units.







Large-Scale Housing Development on the West Side

Battery Park City

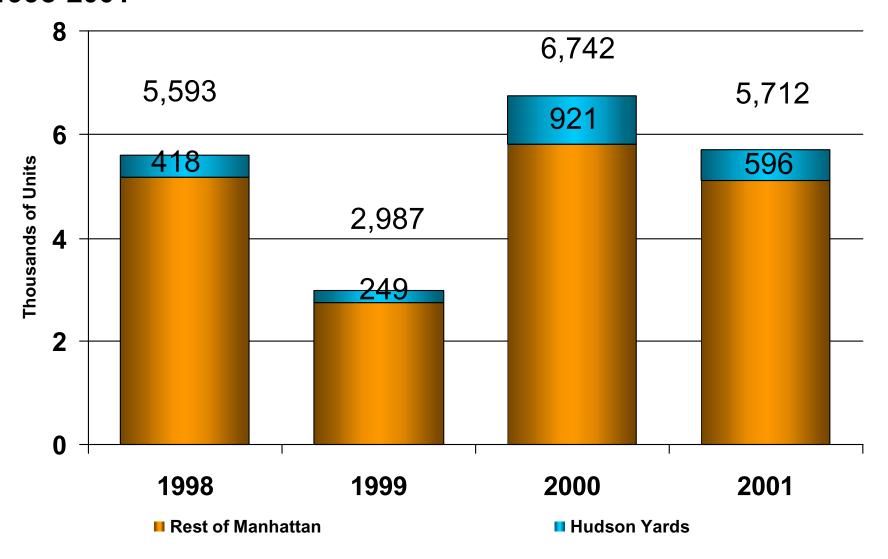
- 6,509 units completed between 1982 and 2001
- Average of 361 units per year roughly one building
- An additional 2,931 units are planned

Trump's Riverside South

- 1,919 units completed between 1997 and 2001
- Average of 384 units per year roughly one building
- An additional 3,781 units are planned



Manhattan Total New Units vs Hudson Yards Share 1998-2001

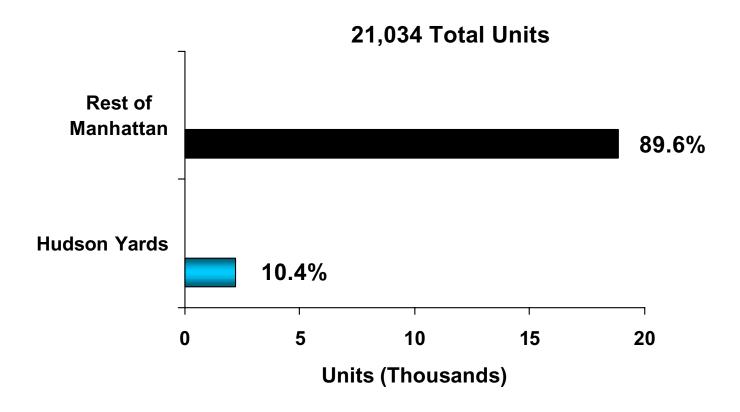




Source: Cushman & Wakefield Analytics, NYC Planning



Manhattan Hudson Yards Share of Total Manhattan New Units 1998-2001



Source: Cushman & Wakefield Analytics, NYC Planning



Manhattan Residential Market 2005 - 2025 Demand Forecast Assumptions

- Projected new households total 40,480 or 2,024 annually
- Replacement housing typically represents 0.5% of existing inventory (727,000 units), or 3,000 to 5,000 units annually
- Annual new demand ranges from 5,024 to 7,024 units
- Capture rate for Hudson Yards is based on recent strong absorption of 10.4%





Hudson Yards Capture Rate of Manhattan's Housing Demand Projected 2005 – 2025

Scenario	Total Annual New Units	10.4% Share of Units	Total * Annual Square Feet	Total MSF (2005-2025)
Low	5,024	522	522,000	10.4
Base	6,024	626	626,000	12.5
High	7,024	730	730,000	14.6

Source: NYC Housing and Vacancy Survey, NYC Planning, Cushman & Wakefield Analytics





^{*} Average unit equals 1,000 square feet

Hotel





Hotel Development

- Important amenity to support commercial and convention center activity
- Provides for large convention type hotels proximate to Jacob Javits Convention Center
- Complements 24 hour-7day use of Hudson Yards

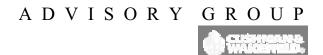




Hotel Market

- Comprises 56,000 hotel rooms in Manhattan
- Approximately 23,000 are convention style hotel rooms in Midtown
- Midtown is the prime hotel location in Manhattan
- New development in Hudson Yards will generate demand for hotels within the area





Hotel Room Demand

Hotel Room Demand and Segmentation

	Year 2025	
	Supportable	Year 2025
	Rooms	Segmentation
Hudson Yards Corporate	638	22%
Other Midtown Corporate	643	22%
Javits Convention Center	936	32 %
Non-Javits Group	257	9%
Leisure	477	16%
Total	2952	100%

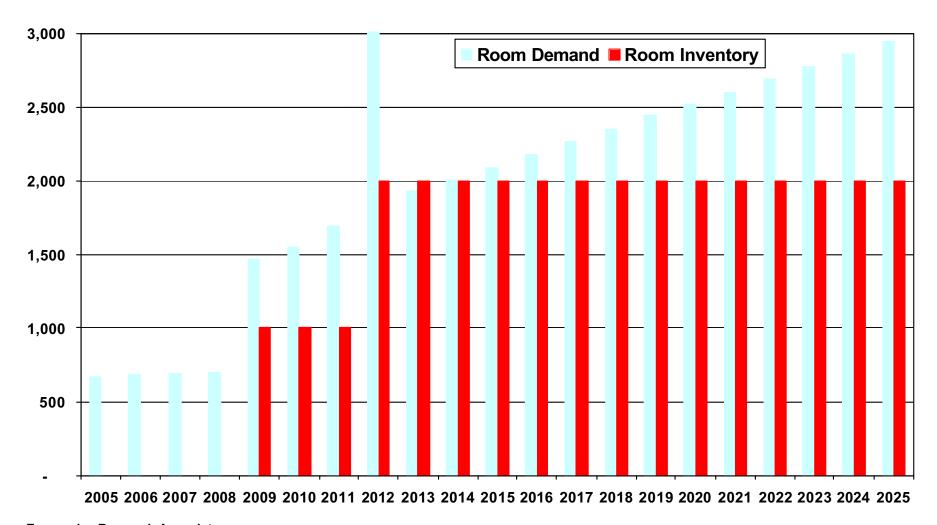
Source: Economics Research Associates

- Capture rate of Javits room demand and corporate demand from within Hudson Yards remains constant - with roomnights increasing as demand generators grow
- Capture of non-Javits group, leisure, and corporate demand from beyond Hudson Yards slowly increases over time





Hotel Room Demand Projected Room Demand and Inventory 2005-2025



Source: Economics Research Associates





Retail



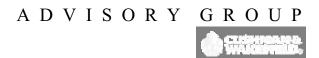


Retail Development

Retail is a key component to a vital urban neighborhood

- Provides extended use and activity both during the day, at night and on weekends
- Necessary to support Residential development, as well as Office and Hotel uses





Retail Market

- Retail exists on the West Side along key corridors like West 34th and West 42nd Streets
- New employees, residents and visitors will need convenient stores, restaurants and services





Hudson Yards Supportable Retail Square Feet

Supportable Square Feet by Demand Source

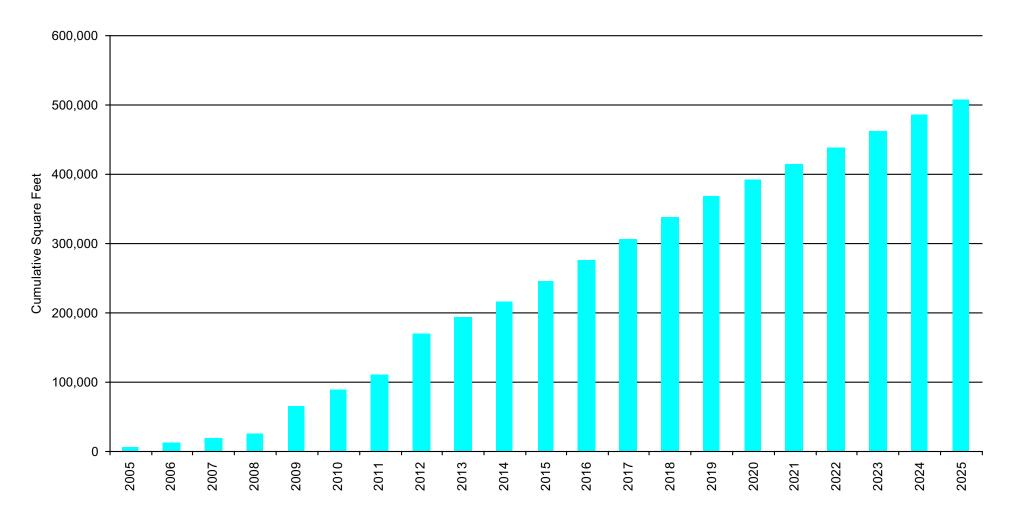
	Supportable	Percent of	
	Square Feet	Total	
Office Workers	284,000	56%	
Local Residents	116,000	23%	
Hotel Guests	68,000	13%	
Inflow/Visitors	40,000	8%	
	508,000	100%	

Source: Economics Research Associates





Hudson YardsSupportable Retail Square Feet Projected 2005-2025



Source: Economics Research ssociates





The Time Frame of the Market Forecast and the Revenue Projection

- Real estate development is highly cyclical
- Market forecasts reflect 20-year employment outlook
- Potential financing approaches likely to require a longer-term revenue projection of 30 - 40 years
- For this analysis, we have assumed continued demand growth at same pace from 2025 - 2035





Hudson Yards Base Case Scenario Development Forecast

 Housing and Hotel development reaches the planning target--and is "built out"--earlier than other uses

	2005 - 2025 Demand Forecast			2005 - 2035 Financial Forecast Model	
	Property Type MSF		Property Type N		<u>MSF</u>
•	Office	18.0	•	Office	28.0
•	Residential	12.5	•	Residential	12.5
•	Hotel	1.0	•	Hotel	1.5
•	Retail	0.5	•	Retail	0.7



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Hudson Yards Demand Forecast Summary

"Without taking action to create more space, New York City will miss out on hundreds of thousands of new jobs and increased economic activity in the next 20 years."

-Group of 35, Preparing for the Future, 2001

- Hudson Yards Redevelopment area is the natural extension of Midtown
- The only large land area in Midtown that is underutilized
- Proven demand for office, housing, hotel and retail uses
- Public policy initiatives are necessary now to enable the long term growth of this strategic Manhattan location



