

CITY OF NEW YORK

MINORITY AND WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (M/WBE) PROGRAM

First and Second Quarters of Fiscal Year 2020

Compliance Report covering July 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019

**Daniel Symon
City Chief Procurement Officer
Mayor's Office of Contract Services
253 Broadway, 9th Floor
New York, New York 10007**

**Gregg Bishop
Commissioner
NYC Department of Small Business Services
1 Liberty Plaza, 11th Floor
New York, New York 10006**

Table of Contents

Introduction..... 3

Expanding the Base of Certified Firms..... 3

Emerging Business Enterprise Program..... 4

Locally-based Enterprise Program..... 5

Selling to Government..... 6

Capacity Building..... 6

Program Compliance 8

Qualified Joint Venture Agreements..... 8

Efforts to Reduce or Eliminate Barriers to Competition..... 9

Prime Contracts M/WBE Utilization..... 9

Subcontracts M/WBE Utilization..... 12

Waivers..... 13

Large Scale Procurement Approvals..... 14

Complaints, Modifications and Noncompliance..... 15

Introduction

This report describes the City's efforts to ensure minority and women-owned businesses have greater access to public contracting opportunities. The reporting period covers program accomplishments for the first two quarters of Fiscal Year 2020 (July 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019). As per the New York City Administrative Code §6-129(l)1, the report is jointly submitted by the Director of the Mayor's Office of Contract Services (MOCS), as City Chief Procurement Officer, and by the Commissioner of the Department of Small Business Services (SBS).

This report summarizes program activity, prime contract, and subcontract utilization data for City-certified Minority and Women-Owned Business Enterprises (M/WBEs) and Emerging Business Enterprises (EBEs), as well as additional data specified in Section 6-129 of the New York City Administrative Code. The report covers prime contracts that were registered, and subcontracts approved in the first two quarters of FY 2020, including procurements that were solicited before LL 1 became effective and are subject to LL 129.¹ The City's M/WBE program is led by J. Phillip Thompson, Deputy Mayor for Strategic Initiatives and Citywide M/WBE Director, and administered in partnership with the Mayor's Office of M/WBEs, SBS and MOCS.

SBS has worked aggressively to expand opportunities for minority and women-owned firms by connecting them to a comprehensive range of programs that provide procurement technical assistance and capacity building support, as well as other resources to help them navigate and compete in the public procurement marketplace. During the first two quarters of FY 2020, M/WBEs were awarded nearly \$540 million in prime contracts subject to the M/WBE program and nearly \$244 million in eligible subcontracts. The City achieved a combined prime and subcontract utilization of 30%.

Expanding the Base of Certified Firms

SBS continues to increase the participation of M/WBE firms in City contracting by expanding its base of certified businesses. During the certification process, a company's ownership and management structure is thoroughly reviewed to ensure the applicant performs the key functions of the business. The NYC Online Certification Portal (www.nyc.gov/certifyonline) allows M/WBE firms to certify and recertify online, check

¹ LL 1 amended the law that created the City's M/WBE program, LL 129 of 2005. The new law took effect on July 1, 2013.

the status of applications, and update their business profiles to better promote themselves to buyers. In addition to the regular certification workshops, during the reporting period, SBS continued to hold one-on-one certification assistance sessions. These sessions help ensure that firms submitted complete and quality application packages, reduced back and forth and delays, and increased the chances of obtaining certification. In the first and second quarters of FY 2020, SBS conducted 23 certification workshops and application review sessions for 73 businesses.

Various community partners help extend the reach of SBS certification outreach efforts. Businesses receive assistance in applying for certification from these organizations, including the New York City Council-funded community-based groups that comprise the M/WBE Leadership Association, and the SBS network of Business Solutions Centers located throughout the five boroughs. This helps to ensure a higher quality application, making the submission and the certification review process easier and simpler. Between July and December 2019, SBS certified 786 new M/WBEs and recertified 327 M/WBEs, bringing the total number of City-certified companies to 9,620 as of December 31, 2019. Our community partners help support the business growth of M/WBEs with marketing workshops, networking events, and business development services. During the reporting period, SBS collaborated with local development corporations, trade associations, industry membership organizations, and local chambers of commerce on 68 events to spread the word about the benefits of certification and the range of capacity-building services available citywide to help businesses grow.

Emerging Business Enterprise Program

Local Law 12 of 2006 created the Emerging Business Enterprise (“EBE”) program, directed at expanding procurement opportunities to disadvantaged businesses. Although similar outreach approaches and capacity-building initiatives were and continue to be undertaken by SBS to successfully implement the M/WBE and EBE programs (SBS often targets potential M/WBE and EBE groups simultaneously), the outcomes of such measures are quite different. Similar to the federal DBE program, eligibility for EBE certification under the City’s program requires that applicants satisfy a two-prong test of economic disadvantage and social disadvantage. Where social disadvantage is presumed for M/WBEs and further evaluation of social or economic disadvantage criteria is not required for those individuals, the City’s EBE

program criteria relies on individual and specific determinations of an applicant's disadvantage. As of December 31, 2019, there were 24 certified EBE companies.

Unlike the M/WBE program, limited participation in the EBE program has made it difficult for City agencies to set goals on contracts. During the reporting period, EBEs were awarded a total of \$1,073,128 in all types of prime contracts and subcontracts.

SBS continues to strive towards increasing participation in the EBE program through a wide range of outreach efforts regularly conducted with businesses and community partners. Once increased participation in the EBE program is achieved, City agencies will have sufficient availability of certified EBE firms needed to set feasible contract goals.

Locally-based Enterprise Program

Although the Locally Based Enterprises (LBE) program is not referenced in Administrative Code §6-129, LBE is a certification category administered by SBS, and the applicability of the LBE program in City procurement is impacted by the M/WBE program. As set forth in Administrative Code §6-108.1, the LBE program is designed to promote the growth of small construction firms through greater access to contracting opportunities with the City. Generally, the program requires agencies to utilize LBEs as a prime or subcontractor on specific construction contracts. However, the number of contracts subject to the LBE program has substantially decreased in recent years due to other goal-setting programs established by the City, State and federal governments. Under the LBE program rules, contracts are excluded from the program if they are federally or State funded and subject to their requisite goal programs. Federally funded construction projects are generally subject to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise program, and State funded contracts are subject to other goals requirements as well, including Article 15-A of the New York State Executive Law. As many City construction contracts are federally and State funded and subject to subcontracting goals under those programs, they are not covered by the LBE program. With the creation of the City's M/WBE program, M/WBE subcontracting goals are applied to City funded construction contracts in lieu of LBE goals. Accordingly, this further limits the applicability of the LBE requirements.

During the reporting period, SBS certified four firms as LBEs, bringing the total number of LBE certified firms to 42 as of December 31, 2019. Many of our LBEs are also certified as M/WBEs and can be considered for

subcontracting opportunities on City construction projects with M/WBE goals. During the reporting period, LBEs were awarded \$2,209,123 in all types of prime contracts and subcontracts.

Selling to Government

SBS offers selling to government services that help M/WBEs navigate the City's procurement system. Services are provided through a combination of workshops and one-on-one assistance. To be an effective bidder on City contracts, an M/WBE must understand the City's procurement rules and how to respond to solicitations. M/WBEs must also maintain the most up-to-date information on their profile in the SBS Online Directory of Certified Businesses (www.nyc.gov/buycertified) and other City procurement systems. In the first and second quarters of FY 2020, SBS held a total of 20 workshops attended by a total of 328 participants to help M/WBEs build knowledge and understanding of the City's procurement rules, City's procurement portals, how to effectively respond to solicitations, and best practices in contract management.

Also, during the reporting period, 781 M/WBEs were supported through 1,611 instances of one-on-one technical assistance on submitting the most competitive bids and proposals, navigating government procurement, and successfully performing on contracts with the City.

SBS also works with the New York City Council through the M/WBE Leadership Association to provide certified firms with more capacity-building services, including help applying for loans and surety bonds, preparing bids and proposals, and marketing to both the public and private sector. During the reporting period, member organizations sponsored 46 events, provided 511 one-on-one assistance sessions, assisted with 81 loan applications, and awarded 47 loans to M/WBEs.

Capacity Building

SBS administers a set of capacity-building programs and services for M/WBEs and small businesses that are designed to help firms better bid on, win, and perform on City contracts.

Bond Readiness provides certified construction and trade companies with financial management skills to help them secure or increase surety bonds necessary to compete on City contracts. The program offers a 12-

session cohort conducted over 24 weeks that provides classroom instruction, agency participation, training and one-on-one assistance, as well as introductions to a network of surety agents. Firms are encouraged to bid on City contract opportunities where appropriate, while applying for pre-approval for bonding during the program. During the reporting period, 18 unique firms were accepted into the 2019-20 cohort, which anticipates a graduation in May 2020, having attended 3 class sessions and partaking of 5 individual one-on-one sessions.

Bonding Services provides certified construction and trade companies with access to six-hour QuickBooks for Construction clinics and one-hour one-on-one bonding assistance sessions to assist firms with, respectively, organizing their bookkeeping and accounting practices and preparing applications for bonding, in order to compete for larger City contract opportunities. During the reporting period, 27 firms participated in 4 QuickBooks clinics, and 6 firms partook of individual one-on-one bonding assistance sessions.

The **Corporate Alliance Program's (CAP) NYCEO M/WBE Mentorship Program** helps City-certified M/WBE goods and services firms build capacity through one-on-one and group mentoring and learning seminars. During an eight-month mentoring period, the Mentees work on specific growth goals for their businesses under the counseling of their Mentor and peer mentoring from their fellow group Mentees. Cohort firms also attend two to three learning seminars, one of which is a procurement panel of corporate partners. During the reporting period, 13 mentees were participating in the Program's fifth cohort, engaged with 6 mentors and attended a *Hiring and Retaining Talent* learning seminar, which was also open to program alumni.

Strategic Steps for Growth is an eight-month executive education program designed for M/WBEs, offered in partnership with the NYU Stern School of Business' W.R. Berkley Innovation Lab and NYU Division of Operations. The program provides participants with a new professional network, including business experts, university professors, and other business owners, and offers guidance for every aspects of business operations as well as a focus on capacity building for City and government contract opportunities for the enrolled M/WBEs. Participants learn the strategic skills needed to run a growing company and create a custom, three-year growth plan for their businesses. In July of the reporting period, eight M/WBE firms graduated as part of the 2019-2020 cohort.

New York City Economic Development Corporation and SBS launched the **Contract Financing Loan Fund** in FY 2017. The Loan Fund enhances the ability of business owners to access the capital they need to win, take on and perform successfully on NYC contracts, and reduces the cost of capital to a 3% annual interest rate. During the reporting period, \$2,529,589 had been awarded through the Loan Fund.

Program Compliance

To ensure that all agency staff responsible for purchasing activities are knowledgeable about the M/WBE program and their agency’s goals, SBS and MOCS conduct agency training sessions at the Citywide Training Center and specific trainings at agency offices. During the first and second quarters of FY 2020, 229 procurement professionals from 41 agencies attended two training sessions. The topics included Local Law 1 implementation, strategies and best practices used to identify M/WBEs for contract opportunities, Online Directory training, and enhancing M/WBE procedures in all contract areas.

In the reporting period, the Director of the City’s M/WBE program, Deputy Mayor for Strategic Policy Initiatives J. Phillip Thompson and M/WBE Senior Advisor and Director of Mayor’s Office of M/WBE Jonnel Doris held the second quarterly compliance meeting with agency commissioners and M/WBE officers to discuss utilization and agency initiatives to increase M/WBE performance. The meeting was held on December 16, 2019 and was attended by 77 attendees representing 38 agencies.

Qualified Joint Venture Agreements

There was one contract subject to the M/WBE program awarded to a qualified joint venture during the reporting period of July to December of FY 2020.

Industry	Total Contract Value	# of contracts	Ethnicity	Value to MWBE	%
Construction Services	\$6,280,000	1	Male- Owned MBE- Hispanic	\$2,826,000.00	45

Efforts to Reduce or Eliminate Barriers to Competition

Since the implementation of the M/WBE program, the City continues to undertake a number of efforts to reduce barriers for M/WBEs and small businesses that are competing for contracts and currently doing business with the City. As mentioned above, SBS is operating a bond readiness program to help firms secure surety bonds for larger City construction projects. SBS launched the Bond Collateral Assistance Fund, funded with \$10 million, to help small businesses and M/WBEs secure surety bonds to perform on City Contracts. Since program launch, two collateral assistance awards have been made for a total of \$800,000.

To make it easier to do business with the City, agencies are required to post all competitive solicitation materials through the City Record Online, allowing vendors to identify opportunities and download relevant materials from one online location. SBS also continues to assist companies with expediting their payment requests from prime contractors and City agencies.

Prime Contract M/WBE Utilization

Table 1 below summarizes prime contracts awarded by City agencies during the first two quarters of FY 2020. M/WBEs were awarded nearly \$540 million in prime contracts amounting to 24% of all such awards during this reporting period. The prime contracts in this table include industries and awards pursuant to methods subject to the M/WBE program.

Table 1 - FY 2020 Q1-Q2 - Prime Contracts Utilization by Industry

Industry/Size Group	M/WBE			Total	
	Count	Contract Value	%	Count	Contract Value
Construction Services	2,713	\$202,349,592	21%	4,211	\$975,963,411
Micro Purchase ²	2,634	\$3,570,396	68%	4,034	\$5,287,822
Small Purchase ³	29	\$1,819,286	88%	33	\$2,068,945
>\$100K, <=\$1M	12	\$7,474,759	64%	18	\$11,714,869
>\$1M, <=\$5M	30	\$67,999,715	34%	79	\$201,418,924
>\$5M, <=\$25M	7	\$96,065,028	18%	42	\$522,529,851
>\$25M	1	\$25,420,408	11%	5	\$232,943,001
Goods	2,904	\$35,745,083	57%	6,329	\$62,583,862
Micro Purchase	2,591	\$17,064,137	48%	5,897	\$35,445,022
Small Purchase	313	\$18,680,946	69%	432	\$27,138,840
Professional Services	165	\$231,973,439	26%	539	\$881,709,577
Micro Purchase	89	\$821,466	30%	328	\$2,741,689
Small Purchase	34	\$2,548,496	52%	74	\$4,918,996
>\$100K, <=\$1M	21	\$4,115,691	29%	43	\$14,424,898
>\$1M, <=\$5M	11	\$39,007,292	26%	49	\$147,999,492
>\$5M, <=\$25M	9	\$103,886,441	24%	42	\$426,990,446
>\$25M	1	\$81,594,055	29%	3	\$284,634,055
Standardized Services	392	\$69,782,111	19%	1,814	\$372,554,687
Micro Purchase	241	\$1,990,421	20%	1,530	\$9,989,096
Small Purchase	107	\$7,156,023	65%	165	\$10,926,545
>\$100K, <=\$1M	32	\$6,531,251	29%	66	\$22,915,372
>\$1M, <=\$5M	8	\$18,489,895	22%	35	\$83,509,948
>\$5M, <=\$25M	4	\$35,614,521	20%	16	\$182,091,699
>\$25M	0	\$0	0%	2	\$63,122,026
Total	6,174	\$539,850,226	24%	12,893	\$2,292,811,536
Micro Purchase	5,555	\$23,446,420	44%	11,789	\$53,463,628
Small Purchase	483	\$30,204,750	67%	704	\$45,053,327
>\$100K, <=\$1M	65	\$18,121,700	37%	127	\$49,055,140
>\$1M, <=\$5M	49	\$125,496,902	29%	163	\$432,928,364
>\$5M, <=\$25M	20	\$235,565,990	21%	100	\$1,131,611,995
>\$25M	2	\$107,014,463	18%	10	\$580,699,082

² Micropurchase is a purchase with a value of \$20,000 or less for goods and most services or \$35,000 or less for construction services.

³ Small purchase is a purchase with a value between the micropurchase limits up to \$100,000. Purchases for goods and most services over \$20,000 up to \$150,000 made utilizing the M/WBE Noncompetitive Small Purchase Method, codified under Section 3-08 of the PPB Rules in November 2018, are also reflected within this table.

Agencies are not required to apply participation requirements to certain types of contracts. See, NYC Administrative Code § 6-129(q) (1)-(7). Table 1 above and the subsequent discussion of M/WBE performance include those contracts that have been counted towards the City's M/WBE program.

As required by §6-129 of the Administrative Code, the M/WBE performance data (see Appendices – Tables A - F)⁴ is summarized separately for each of the following categories: MBE, WBE, minority women (certified as both MBE and WBE), and total M/WBE. MBEs include all minority-owned businesses, regardless of gender. WBEs include all women-owned businesses regardless of race.

In those areas of procurement where agencies have greater discretion to target procurements to M/WBEs (i.e., micro purchases and small purchases), M/WBE utilization remains strong. In the first two quarters of FY 2020, M/WBEs were awarded over \$23 million worth of micro purchases, or 44% of the dollar value of all such awards. Additionally, for small purchases the M/WBE utilization rate was 67% of the dollar value of all such awards (approximately \$30 million awarded).

A total of 12,893 prime contracts were awarded during the first two quarters of FY 2020. M/WBE utilization on prime contracts during the reporting period is detailed below. Highlights include M/WBEs being awarded:

- 37% of the value of contract awards valued between \$100,000 and at or below \$1 million (over \$18 million);
- 29% of the value of contract awards valued between \$1 million and at or below \$5 million (over \$125 million);
- 21% of the value of contract awards valued between \$5 million and at or below \$25 million (nearly \$236 million); and
- 18% of the value of contracts awards valued over \$25 million (over \$107 million).

Agency-by-agency and certification category details corresponding to Table 1 above are included in the Appendices to this report (Tables A - B).

Most prime contracts reflected in the data (except the professional services contracts, for example) are required by New York State law to be procured via competitive sealed bid. Under General Municipal Law (GML) § 103, agencies must, for the majority of the contracts covered by the program, accept the lowest

⁴ Appendices - Tables A – I can be found on the MOCS website at <https://www1.nyc.gov/site/mocs/partners/m-wbe-appendices.page>

responsible bid and may not give a bidder preference because of its M/WBE status. City agencies' efforts to achieve their M/WBE participation goals through prime contract awards are thus limited to such means as increased outreach and training aimed at encouraging M/WBEs to bid successfully on various procurements. Even for procurements not covered by GML § 103, such as professional services contracts, GML § 104-b precludes agencies from pursuing social policy goals unrelated to the procurement of goods and services, including M/WBE status. Thus, the citywide goals for prime contract awards must be viewed as aspirational, and agencies' performance may only be evaluated in terms of their efforts to make progress toward achieving the goals in light of the limited tools available to them for that purpose.

Prime Contracts with M/WBE Participation Goals

Under the M/WBE program, larger prime contracts with anticipated subcontracting are subject to participation goals and must be reported on pursuant to §6-129(l)(b)(i). During the reporting period, agencies awarded 225 new prime contracts subject to M/WBE participation requirements with 23% of the value of those awards made to certified M/WBE firms.

Subcontract M/WBE Utilization

M/WBE utilization with respect to approved subcontracts during the reporting period is demonstrated in Table 2 below. As shown, of the 1,070 approved subcontracts related to contracts subject to the program, 575 were awarded to M/WBE firms. The approved subcontracts awarded to M/WBEs amounted to approximately \$244 million and represent 61% of the value of all qualifying subcontracts. For more details, see Appendices – Tables E - F.

Table 2 - FY 2020 Q1-Q2 - Subcontracts Utilization by Industry

Industry/Size Group	M/WBE			Total	
	Count	Value	%	Count	Value
Construction	336	\$182,326,990	59%	663	\$308,877,986
Micro Purchase	63	\$657,036	40%	166	\$1,646,386
Small Purchase	114	\$5,922,295	51%	230	\$11,593,732
>\$100K, <=\$1M	134	\$46,298,561	62%	218	\$74,649,152
>\$1M, <=\$5M	17	\$40,716,471	50%	36	\$81,265,118
>\$5M, <=\$25M	8	\$88,732,626	64%	13	\$139,723,599
>\$25M	0	\$0	0%	0	\$0
Professional Services	184	\$49,066,752	69%	315	\$71,494,056
Micro Purchase	35	\$378,898	50%	81	\$754,916
Small Purchase	62	\$3,216,578	55%	113	\$5,881,968
>\$100K, <=\$1M	74	\$23,500,722	68%	103	\$34,673,507
>\$1M, <=\$5M	13	\$21,970,554	73%	18	\$30,183,665
>\$5M, <=\$25M	0	\$0	0%	0	\$0
>\$25M	0	\$0	0%	0	\$0
Standard Services	55	\$12,348,281	73%	92	\$17,028,020
Micro Purchase	10	\$135,800	50%	27	\$273,740
Small Purchase	23	\$1,341,456	70%	34	\$1,903,255
>\$100K, <=\$1M	22	\$10,871,025	85%	30	\$12,851,025
>\$1M, <=\$5M	0	\$0	0%	1	\$2,000,000
>\$5M, <=\$25M	0	\$0	0%	0	\$0
>\$25M	0	\$0	0%	0	\$0
Total	575	\$243,742,024	61%	1,070	\$397,400,062

Waivers

A vendor that plans to submit a bid or proposal in response to a solicitation for a contract that is subject to M/WBE participation goals may seek to request a reduction in the goals by filing a waiver request with the contracting agency during the pre-bid or pre-proposal stage. The agency and MOCS then evaluate the extent to which the vendor’s business model and subcontracting history is consistent with this request. In order to qualify for a waiver, a vendor must show both the capacity to execute the contract with less subcontracting than projected and legitimate business reasons to do so. A vendor that receives a full waiver has demonstrated that they would be able to fully self-perform the contract without using subcontractors if

awarded the contract. A vendor that obtains a partial waiver has demonstrated that they will subcontract at a lower amount than the participation goal established by the agency.

During the reporting period, vendors sought a total of 92 requests for waivers of the M/WBE participation requirements. Of those requests, 31 were denied, while 20 were approved as full waivers and 41 were approved as partial waivers, see Appendices – Table G. Since waivers may be granted only to vendors that demonstrate both the capacity to perform the prime contract without subcontracting and a prior contracting history of doing similar work without subcontracting, some of the waivers that were granted involved repeated requests from the same firms, as they sought multiple bidding opportunities. Thus, the 61 full and partial waivers were granted to a total of 39 individual firms. Waivers are determined during the pre-bid stage of the procurement.

During the reporting period, a total of 19 contracts were registered where a winning vendor obtained either a full or partial waiver of the total participation goal. For more details, see Appendices – Table H.

Large-Scale Procurement Approvals

Prior to soliciting procurements with an anticipated value of over \$10 million, City agencies are required to seek MOCS approval to determine whether it is practicable to divide the proposed contract into smaller contracts and whether doing so would enhance competition among M/WBEs. During the reporting period, there were 36 registered contracts for which MOCS conducted large-scale procurement reviews. A full list is shown in Appendices Table I. The value of the 36 approved contracts shown in Appendices Table I is approximately \$748 million.

Approximately 82% of the value of the large-scale approvals in the first two quarters of FY 2020 was either single indivisible projects or multiple sites. These approvals were for projects in which separate and smaller contracts would not enhance M/WBE opportunities. For more details, see Appendices – Table I.

Complaints, Modifications and Noncompliance

There was one request for post-award modification during the reporting period. The prime contractor requested a modification of the M/WBE participation goals on a DOC asphalt restoration and rehabilitation contract. They claimed that they could not guarantee M/WBE subcontractor utilization due to the on-call nature of the services, and that the contract may not be utilized for its full value. DOC anticipates that the contract would be utilized for its full registered value, and that there will be sufficient subcontracting opportunities that the vendor could utilize to meet their goal. MOCS denied the request for modification due to the lack of evidence of the vendor's good faith efforts, the time left on the contract, and the anticipated availability of M/WBE subcontracting opportunities.

There were four findings of noncompliance during the reporting period. The first of these involved a DDC contract for the construction of storm and sanitary sewers. The prime contractor agreed to meet the goal and retained an M/WBE firm to provide inspection services. However, DDC found that the resumes of inspectors lacked the appropriate training, educational, or job experience. The contractor retained another M/WBE firm and continued submitting inspector candidates to DDC. These were also denied due to insufficient qualifications, and DDC utilized in-house inspectors to cover the work. Additionally, the work was expedited and completed a year ahead of schedule. Due to the expedited time frame, and DDC's denial of the majority of inspector resumes submitted throughout the contract term, the prime contractor was unable to meet the participation goals. Due to the vendor's failure to submit a timely modification request and meet the overall M/WBE goal on the contract, DDC subsequently issued a letter of noncompliance to the contractor.

The second involved a DDC contract for the construction of storm sewers and appurtenances in Queens. The prime contractor fell short of the M/WBE goal requirements due to a scope change, the addition of hazardous soil removal. The prime contractor discovered the presence of hazardous soil during routine tests and was unable to locate a qualified M/WBE subcontractor to take on this work. DDC confirmed that hazardous soil removal is an area with low M/WBE availability. While the prime contractor attempted to utilize M/WBE vendors in other work areas, it was not enough to meet the overall goal. Due to the vendor's failure to submit a timely modification request and meet the overall M/WBE goal on the contract, DDC subsequently issued a letter of noncompliance to the contractor.

A third prime contractor fell short of their M/WBE subcontracting requirements on a DDC contract for the construction of storm and sanitary sewers and appurtenances in Staten Island. In this instance, the contractor nearly met their original M/WBE participation goal but fell approximately one percent short of the goal, in part due to a change in scope by DDC. Due to the vendor's failure to submit a timely modification request and meet the overall M/WBE goal on the contract, DDC issued a letter of noncompliance to the contractor.

Finally, a prime contractor working on a DDC contract for professional land surveying services did not meet their M/WBE subcontracting requirements. The prime contractor utilized M/WBE subcontractors for aerial mapping and land surveying services, but at a much lower amount compared to their original estimates. After the addition of a large change order, the contractor fell further behind in their M/WBE participation requirements. Due to the vendor's failure to submit a timely modification request and meet the overall M/WBE goal on the contract, DDC issued a letter of noncompliance to the contractor.