









ABOUT INWOOD



The Neighborhood 360° program was created by the NYC Department of Small Business Services to identify, develop, and launch commercial revitalization projects in partnership with local stakeholders. Through proactive planning and targeted investments, Neighborhood 360° supports projects that strengthen and revitalize the streets, small businesses, and community-based organizations that anchor New York City neighborhoods

The Neighborhood 360°
Commercial District Needs
Assessment (CDNA) highlights
a neighborhood's existing
business landscape and
consumer characteristics.

This CDNA features the main commercial corridors in Inwood and was conducted in partnership with the Washington Heights Business Improvement District between February and June 2016.

Key issues and opportunities identified through this assessment will help prioritize SBS-supported local investments, and serve as an informational and marketing resource for the paighborhood

In This Report

Existing conditions, business data, and qualitative depictions of the neighborhood were gathered from more than **220 surveys**, as well as numerous interviews and workshops, with neighborhood merchants, shoppers, workers, community leaders, property owners, and residents.

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Background

Inwood sits at the northern tip of Manhattan, at the confluence of the Harlem River, the Hudson River, the Spuyten Duyvil Creek, and some of Manhattan's most beautiful parks. A plaque in Inwood Hill Park, the only remaining natural forest in Manhattan, marks the spot where Dutch colonists purchased the island from the Lenape tribe in 1626. Today, Inwood is home to a diverse community of residents, small businesses, and cultural and medical institutions. The neighborhood is connected to the rest of Manhattan and the Bronx by the A and 1 subway lines, as well as the University Heights, Broadway, and Henry Hudson bridges.

Dyckman Street forms the southern boundary of the neighborhood, connecting a lower-density, mixed-use area along the Harlem River waterfront with a dense residential neighborhood across to the Hudson. Along Dyckman, longstanding bodegas, restaurants, clothing stores, and salons mix with newer restaurants and lounges to form one of Northern Manhattan's most popular commercial strips. The street is also home to Dyckman Houses, the neighborhood's only NYC Housing Authority development, alongside many quintessential prewar apartment buildings. This diverse mix of residents and storefronts extends north from Dyckman along Broadway, 10th Avenue, and the streets in between.

Along Inwood's western edge, parks and open spaces stretch from Fort Tryon Park around to the northern tip of the island. Just south of Inwood, the Met Cloisters brings visitors from around the world to its exhibits of medieval Europe. Farther north, Inwood Hill Park's rolling hills expose residents and visitors alike to scenic views of the Hudson River Palisades. At the northern tip of Inwood lie institutional anchors such as Columbia University's athletic facilities and NewYork-Presbyterian / The Allen Hospital.

The Harlem River waterfront, meanwhile, includes a mix of commercial, residential, utility, educational, and industrial uses alongside a partially accessible waterfront. In the Sherman Creek area (named for an inlet along the river), retail, wholesale, and auto businesses share the streets with Con Edison facilities, public schools, and a Metropolitan Transportation Authority rail yard. Despite the heavy rail and utility presence along significant frontage of the Harlem River, Inwood community members have worked hard to revitalize the waterfront for parks, recreation, and wildlife preservation.

Neighborhood Demographics

See more on page 13

A diverse population of workers, entrepreneurs, and residents contributes to Inwood's thriving commercial and cultural life. Inwood's population of more than 40,000 residents represents a broad mix of ethnicities, national origins, and socioeconomic positions. Half of the population was born outside of the United States, largely in the Dominican Republic and Mexico, and about 75% identify as Hispanic or Latino.

Future Opportunities

See more on page 5

A growing, culturally-rich population of residents, long-standing businesses, new entrepreneurs, and active community organizations position Inwood for continued vibrancy. Community members continue to invest in their local businesses, open spaces, and natural assets in partnership with institutional anchors and the City. New investments to organize merchants, enhance the neighborhood's retail diversity, and beautify its commercial corridors stand to make Inwood's streets even more attractive places for all residents and visitors to shop, work, live, and play.

NEIGHBORHOOD CONTEXT

Inwood



▲ Current and Planned Developments

Inwood Commercial Corridors

Arts & Culture
Destinations

Public Facilities

Co-Working Spaces

Neighborhood Events

#WHIN and Dine Uptown Retaurant Week

Dyckman Basketball Tournament

Inwood Film Festival

Medieval Festival at Fort Tryon Park

Uptown Arts Stroll

Merchant & Business Groups

Washington Heights Business Improvement District

Northern Manhattan Improvement Corporation

Sherman Creek Business Owners

National Supermarket Association

Northern Manhattan Restaurant and Lounge Association

Community League of the Heights

Washington Heights and Inwood Development Corporation

Chamber of Commerce of Washington Heights and Inwood

▼ Notable Places













KEY FINDINGS & OPPORTUNITIES

Strengths

- Abundant parks and open spaces surrounding the neighborhood
- Beautiful rivers and waterfronts surrounding the residential and commercial area, with large untapped potential for activity
- Busy, well-known commercial corridors that attract residents as well as visitors from Manhattan, the Bronx, and beyond

Challenges

- Public safety and noise concerns along commercial corridors, especially at night
- Graffiti and sidewalk issues reduce the walkability and appeal of the corridors for shoppers and residents
- Traffic congestion, limited parking, and safety concerns negatively affect both the pedestrian and driving experience along the corridors

- Premier cultural attractions, including the Met Cloisters and Dyckman Farmhouse, in or immediately around the neighborhood
- ► Large number of entrepreneurs and small businesses, including a significant number of long-standing businesses
- Vibrant and growing artist community invested in the neighborhood and looking for opportunities to contribute and grow in place
- Diverse collection of neighbors actively involved in community organizations and causes
- Lack of retail diversity, especially in arts, entertainment, healthy food options, and recreation
- Limited affordable commercial space for local small businesses to start and grow in
- Lack of recreational and cultural activities for youth and families
- Social and spatial boundaries that limit full use of the neighborhood by all residents

















Opportunities

- ► Activate Inwood's parks, sidewalks, and vacant storefronts with diverse cultural and arts attractions
- ➤ Attract new businesses to vacant storefronts that meet the neighborhood's demand for healthy food, family-friendly restaurants, arts, and entertainment
- Bring the natural beauty of Inwood's parklands into its commercial district by beautifying the streets and expanding family-friendly outdoor activities in open spaces
- ► Invest in sanitation services to address litter and graffiti and make Inwood's commercial corridors more inviting to residents and visitors alike
- ➤ Connect more local business owners to business support services that help them attract customers and thrive in place

- Leverage Inwood's growing artist community to support local business through public art initiatives
- Support local small business owners' efforts to organize, promote, and advocate collectively, including exploring the feasibility of a Business Improvement District (BID)
- ► Enhance lighting on key commercial streets to address safety concerns
- Market Inwood's diverse array of restaurants and retailers with a unified, bilingual website, advertising, and social media strategy

What's Next?

To address these key findings and opportunities, Neighborhood 360° Grants will be made available by SBS to not-for-profit organizations.

For more information, visit: <u>nyc.gov/neighborhood360</u>

BUSINESS LANDSCAPE: INWOOD

Business Inventory

382

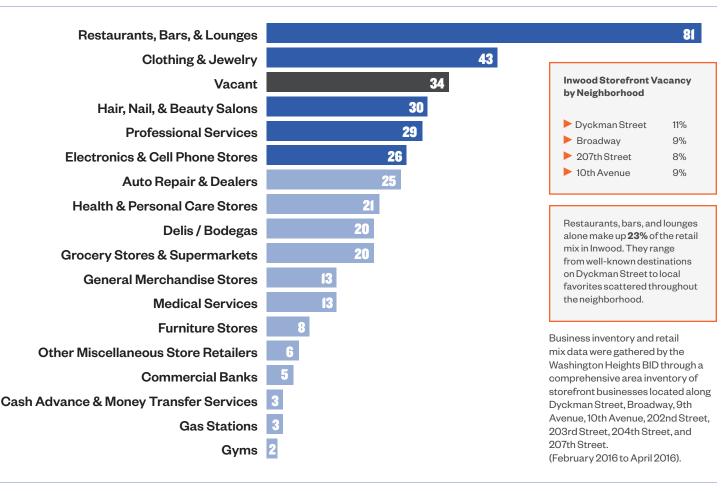
Total Number of Storefronts

8.9%

Storefront Vacancy*

*Note: In 2015, New York City's 69 Business Improvement Districts reported an average ground floor vacancy rate of 8.3% and median ground floor vacancy of 5.6% (SBS BIDs Trends Report, 2015).

Storefront & Retail Mix



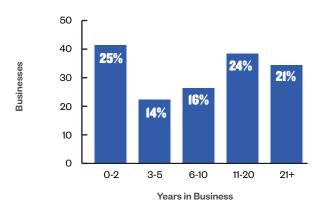






What We've Heard from Inwood Merchants

How many years have you been in business here?



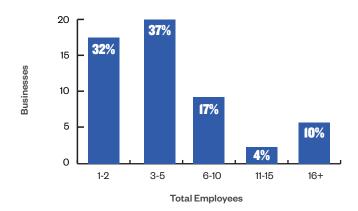


8Median

Mode

34 businesses, about a fifth of total respondents, have been in Inwood for 20 or more years

How many employees do you have?



Do you own or rent your property?

94%

Rent

3%

5%

No Response

How affordable is your commercial rent?

	% Werenants
Affordable	11%
Moderately affordable	12%
Barely affordable	53%
No response	24%

Over the past year, has your business improved, stayed the same, or decreased?

27%

Improved

44%

Same

22%

7%

Stayed the Decreased

N/A or No Response

What kinds of resources would help you grow your business?

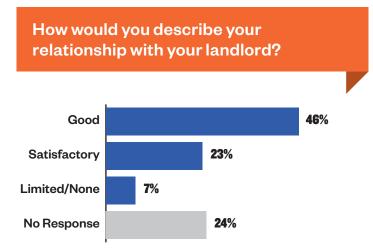
	% Merchants
► Marketing support	51%
► Financing	31%
► Space / storefront improvements	24%
► New equipment	18%
► Legal / lease support	14%

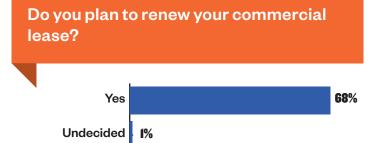
What changes need to occur in the Inwood commercial district to help your business grow?

	76 WEI CHAILS
More parking enforcement and availability	78%
► Increased sanitation services	42%
 Additional landscaping to beautify the corridors 	42%
► Improve storefront conditions	29%
 Public safety enhancements, especially lighting 	26%

BUSINESS LANDSCAPE: INWOOD

What We've Heard from Inwood Merchants



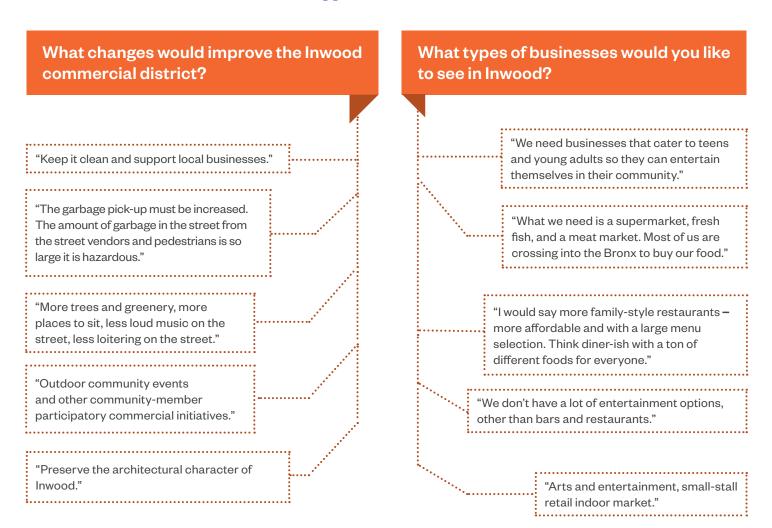


28%

No

N/A or No Response

What We've Heard from Inwood Shoppers



BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Inwood Retail Opportunity

Residents spend

\$679.0M

each year in goods and services

Local businesses make

\$457.5M

each year in retail sales

Every year,

\$221.5M

is spent outside the neighborhood

\$23.6M \$22.0M

\$21.6M

\$14.5M \$14.2M

\$10.4M

\$7.2M

\$7.0M

\$5.5M

\$4.8M

\$3.5M

\$2.6M \$2.3M

\$2.1M

\$2.0M

\$800,000

\$600,000

\$200,000

-\$1.9M

-\$2.0M

-\$5.4M

-\$6.9M

-\$9.3M

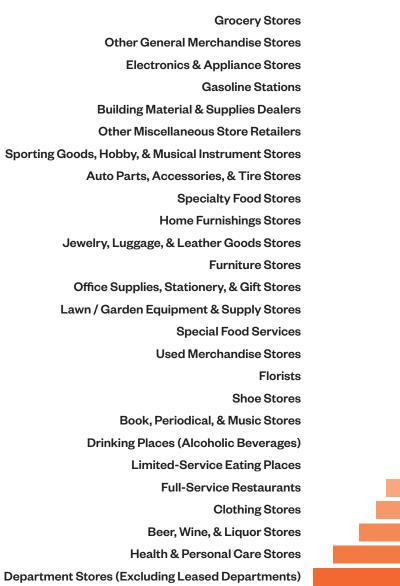
-\$13.IM

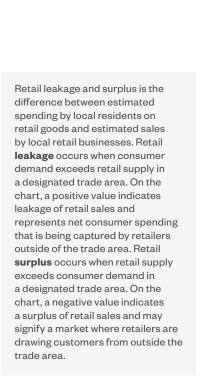
-\$16.0M

\$34.7M

Retail Leakage & Surplus

← Surplus \$0 Leakage





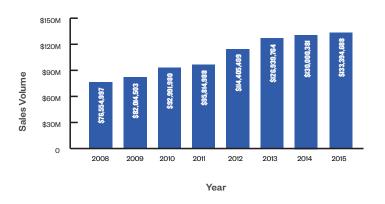
BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Business Trends

Change in Total Business Sales, 2008-2015



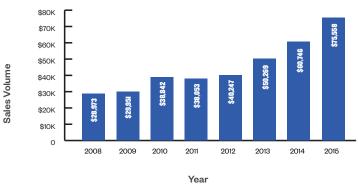
Inwood Total Business Sales



Change in Median Sales by Business, 2008-2015



Inwood Median Sales by Business



What We've Heard from Shoppers

What additional types of businesses would you like to see in Inwood? **Shoppers**

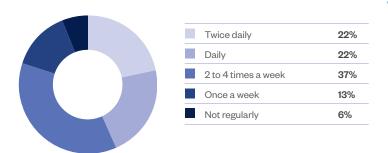
► Full-service restaurants	37%
► Supermarkets, grocery stores	҈ 33%
► Arts and entertainment	5 29%
▶ Bookstores	14%
► Greater variety of clothing, accessories	14 %
► Children's activities, recreation	12%
► Hardware stores	12 %
Cafes, coffee shops, bakeries	10%

Source: Division of Tax Policy, NYC Department of Finance.

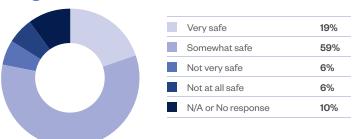
What types of businesses do you typically visit in Inwood? %Shoppers

► Restaurants, bars	٣1	71%
► Supermarkets, grocery stores		67%
► Pharmacies	Ú	29%
► Bodegas, delis		18%
► Coffee shops, cafes	111	12%
▶ Pet shops	#	12%

How often do you go shopping in Inwood?

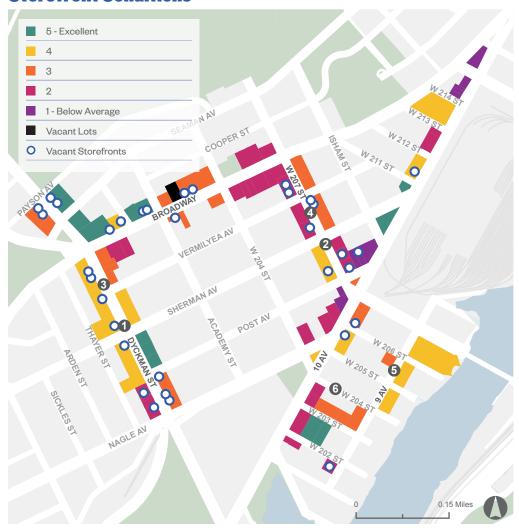


How safe do you feel shopping in Inwood at night?



PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

Storefront Conditions











Streetscape Observations

- ➤ The 8.9% storefront vacancy rate disrupts the continuity of Inwood's corridors and reduces lighting and perceptions of safety.
- ➤ An analysis of all 348 occupied storefronts along Inwood's commercial corridors found that 19% are in poor condition, 39% are in average condition, and 42% are in good or excellent condition.
- ► The elevated 1 train along 10th Avenue and the adjacent MTA rail yard create challenges for lighting, pedestrian and traffic safety, and street beautification.
- With some exceptions, Inwood's corridors lack amenities like street furniture, public art, and signage.
- Dyckman Street has the highest concentration of good or excellent storefront conditions, which include both new and long-standing small businesses.

- 2 207th Street contains some of the poorest storefront conditions in the neighborhood, an issue among older and newer businesses alike.
- 3 An inventory of sidewalk conditions on the corridors found 223 incidents of cracking, missing pavement, and other hazardous conditions, including 38 incidents on one block of Dyckman between Sherman and Broadway.
- 66 incidents of graffiti were also identified, including 30 incidents on the two blocks of 207th between Broadway and Sherman.
- An inventory of crosswalk conditions found 67 instances of potholes or missing / hard-to-see crosswalk lines, including 16 incidents on 9th Avenue between 204th and 207th.
- **1**17 incidents of missing or broken tree pit guards were identified on the corridors, including 10 on 204th Street between 9th and 10th Avenues.

DATA APPENDIX

Study Area Boundaries

Assessed Commercial Corridors

Primary data on Inwood storefront businesses presented on pg. 6-7 was gathered along the following corridors:

- Dyckman St.: Payson Ave. to Nagle Ave.
- ➤ 207th St.: Broadway to 10th Ave.
- ▶ Broadway: Dyckman St. to 207th St.
- ► 10th Ave.: 204th St. to 216th St.
- > 9th Ave.: 204th St. to 207th St.
- ▶ 202nd St. to 204th St.: 9th Ave. to 10th Ave.

Inwood Context Area

Demographic and employment data from pg. 12-13 corresponds with the Inwood neighborhood context area.

· · · Trade Area

Retail leakage, surplus, and retail opportunity data on pg. 9 corresponds with the 0.25-mile trade area surrounding Inwood's commercial district.

Inwood Hill Highbridge

Area Demographics

Total Population

Inwood
Manhattan
New York City

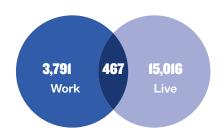
Population Density (per square mile)

46,493	Inwood
69,803	Manhattan
27,027	New York City

Average Household Size

nwood
Vlanhattan
New York City

Commuting Patterns



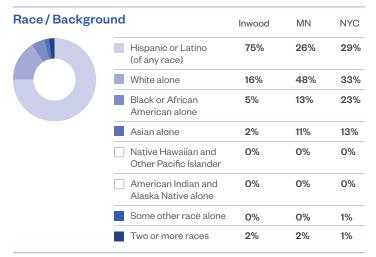
3,791	Work in Inwood, live elsewhere
467	Live & Work in Inwood
15,016	Live in Inwood, work elsewhere

Car Ownership

25%	Inwood
22%	Manhattan
45%	New York City

DATA APPENDIX

Area Demographics



Educational At	tainment	Inwood	MN	NYC
	12th Grade or Less, No Diploma	29%	14%	20%
	High School Graduate	20%	13%	25%
	Some College, No Degree	e 14%	11%	15%
	Associate's Degree	5%	3%	6%
	Bachelor's Degree	19%	31%	20%
	Graduate or Professional Degree	13%	28%	14%

Population Age

	Inwood	MN	NYC
Under 5 Years	6%	5%	7%
5-14 Years	11%	7%	11%
15-24 Years	13%	13%	14%
25-44 Years	34%	37%	31%
45-64 Years	26%	24%	25%
65+ Years	10%	14%	12%

Median Age	
36.5	Inwood
36.5	Manhattan
35.6	New York City

Foreign-Born Population	
50%	Inwood
29%	Manhattan
37%	New York City

Income

Median Household Income

\$40,395	Inwood
\$69,659	Manhattan
\$52,259	New York City

Pop. Below Poverty Line

26%	Inwood
18%	Manhattan
20%	New York City

Employment

Population in I	Labor Force
-----------------	-------------

70 %	Inwood
67%	Manhattan
63%	New York City

Unemployn	Unemployment*	
16.1%	Inwood	
8.8%	Manhattan	

New York City

*Note: The unemployment rate for Manhattan is at 4.4% and for New York City is at 5.1%, as of June 2016 (NYSDOL); updated neighborhood-level data for Inwood is not available.

10.6%

Local Jobs and Employment

Local Residents' Employment





DATA APPENDIX

Inwood Transportation



4	Total MTA Bus Routes	
1	Select Bus Service (SBS) Route Bx12	
	re Weekday y Ridership (2015)	
9,317	A Inwood - 207 St. Station	
7,233	1 Dyckman St. Station	
6,831	A Dyckman St. Station	
6,541	1 207 St. Station	
2,012	1 215 St. Station	
MTA Aı	nnual Bus Ridership (2015)	
16M	Bx12 SBS	
5M	M100	
4M	Bx7	
204,17	73 Bx20	
Vehicu	lar Traffic	
94,28	Average daily vehicles at Henry Hudson Parkway	
36,917	Average daily vehicles at the University Heights Bridge	
31,139	Average daily vehicles on Broadway between W 218th Street and Dyckman Street	
24,92	Average daily vehicles on 10th Avenue between Dyckman Street and Broadway	
11,709	Average daily vehicles on W 207th Street between Broadway and 10th Avenue	

Average daily vehicles on Dyckman Street between Nagle Avenue and 10th Avenue

10.853

Bus Routes

Recent SBS Investments in the Neighborhood

Exploral, Neighborhood Challenge marketing grant of \$50,000 awarded to the Washington Heights BID, 2013.

Existing Plans & Studies

Washington Heights-Inwood Planning & Land Use Study, Manhattan Community Board 12 and City College, 2008.

Sherman Creek Planning Study, NYC Department of City Planning, 2007.

Sources

ESRI and Infogroup, Inc. August 2016 ESRI Retail MarketPlace Profile.

Infogroup, Inc. 2016. From Reference USA database.

Metropolitan Transportation Authority. 2015. Average Weekday Subway Ridership and Annual Bus Ridership.

NYC Department of Finance, Division of Tax Policy, using sales tax data from NYS Department of Taxation and Finance. Business sales are reported by tax year, which runs from March 1st to February 28th. Sales data are compiled from sales tax returns, which are rolled up by tax filer within a year, excluding returns with negative sales amounts. For each year, each tax filer is reported according to the address listed on their latest return. Large outliers were removed.

NYS Department of Labor. June 2016. Unemployment Rate Rankings by County.

NYS Department of Transportation. 2014. Annual Average Daily Traffic, using Traffic Data Viewer.

U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 American Community Survey. Manhattan Census Tracts 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 303, 307.

U.S. Census Bureau. 2014. OnTheMap Application. Longitudinal-Employer Household Dynamics Program (LEHD). Commuting Pattern data is representative of LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics for the second quarter of 2014. LEHD data is based on different administrative sources, primarily Unemployment Insurance (UI) earnings data and the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW), and other censuses/surveys. In this context, only the highest paying job that is held over two consecutive quarters by an individual worker is counted toward worker flows into, out of, and within the context area.

Photo Credits: © Flickr: Charley Lhasa / CC BY, Alejandro A Castro / CC BY; NYC Economic Development Corporation; NYC & Company: Christopher Postlewaite, Julienne Schaer, Marley White; NYC Department of Parks & Recreation; New York Restoration Project: Anna Yatskevich.

Inwood



ABOUT SBS

The NYC Department of Small Business Services helps unlock economic potential and create economic security for all New Yorkers by connecting New Yorkers to good jobs, creating stronger businesses, and building a fairer economy in neighborhoods across the five boroughs.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Friends of Sherman Creek Conservancy
Community League of the Heights (CLOTH)
Northern Manhattan Improvement Corporation (NMIC)
Sherman Creek Business Owners
Washington Heights and Inwood Development Corporation
New York Restoration Project
Friends of Inwood Hill Park
Local Initiatives Support Corporation (LISC)
Inwood Merchants
Inwood Shoppers and Residents