

**83-89 SKILLMAN STREET**  
**BROOKLYN, NEW YORK**

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# **Remedial Action Work Plan**

**NYC VCP Site No.: 13CVCP124K**

**E-Designation Site No.: 13EHAZ265K**

**Prepared for:**

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**APRIL 2013**

# **REMEDIAL ACTION WORK PLAN**

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## LIST OF ACRONYMS

Acronym	Definition
AOC	Area of Concern
AS/SVE	Air Sparging/Soil Vapor Extraction
BOA	Brownfield Opportunity Area
CAMP	Community Air Monitoring Plan
C/D	Construction/Demolition
COC	Certificate of Completion
CQAP	Construction Quality Assurance Plan
CSOP	Contractors Site Operation Plan
DCR	Declaration of Covenants and Restrictions
ECs/ICs	Engineering and Institutional Controls
HASP	Health and Safety Plan
IRM	Interim Remedial Measure
VCA	Voluntary Cleanup Agreement
MNA	Monitored Natural Attenuation
NOC	Notice of Completion
NYC VCP	New York City Volunteer Cleanup Program
NYC DEP	New York City Department of Environmental Protection
NYC DOHMH	New York State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene
NYCRR	New York Codes Rules and Regulations
NYC OER	New York City Office of Environmental Remediation
NYS DEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
NYS DEC DER	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation
NYS DOH	New York State Department of Health
NYS DOT	New York State Department of Transportation
ORC	Oxygen-Release Compound
OSHA	United States Occupational Health and Safety Administration
PE	Professional Engineer

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PID	Photo Ionization Detector
QEP	Qualified Environmental Professional
QHHEA	Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment
RAOs	Remedial Action Objectives
RAR	Remedial Action Report
RAWP	Remedial Action Work Plan or Plan
RCA	Recycled Concrete Aggregate
RD	Remedial Design
RI	Remedial Investigation
RMZ	Residual Management Zone
SCOs	Soil Cleanup Objectives
SCG	Standards, Criteria and Guidance
SMP	Site Management Plan
SPDES	State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
SVOC	Semi-Volatile Organic Compound
USGS	United States Geological Survey
UST	Underground Storage Tank
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound

# CERTIFICATION

I, Ariel Czemerinski, am a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of New York. I have primary direct responsibility for implementation of the remedial action for the Redevelopment Project located at 83-89 Skillman Street, Brooklyn, NY, Site number 13CVCP124K.

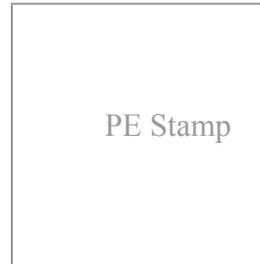
I certify that this Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP) has a plan for handling, transport and disposal of soil, fill, fluids and other materials removed from the property in accordance with applicable City, State and Federal laws and regulations. Importation of all soil, fill and other material from off-Site will be in accordance with all applicable City, State and Federal laws and requirements. This RAWP has provisions to control nuisances during the remediation and all invasive work, including dust and odor suppression.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
NYS PE License Number

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date



## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

East Wing Construction has enrolled in the New York City Volunteer Cleanup Program (NYC VCP) to investigate and remediate a 8,334-ft<sup>2</sup> Site located at 83-89 Skillman Street in Brooklyn, New York. A remedial investigation (RI) was performed to compile and evaluate data and information necessary to develop this Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP). The remedial action described in this document provides for the protection of public health and the environment consistent with the intended property use, complies with applicable environmental standards, criteria and guidance and conforms with applicable laws and regulations.

### **Site Location and Current Usage**

The Site is located at 83 to 89 Skillman Street in the Bedford-Stuyvesant section of Brooklyn, New York, and is identified as Block 1900 and Lots 14, 15, 16, and 17, on the New York City Tax Map. Figure 1 shows the Site location. The Site is 8,334-square feet and is bounded by Lot 18 to the north (a one-story office building currently occupied by a small doctors office), Lots 13 and 12 to the south (undeveloped lots used for parking), several apartment buildings to the east, and Skillman Street to the west. A map of the site boundary is shown in Figure 2. Currently, the Site is undeveloped and is used for parking. The site is covered with a layer of crushed stone/gravel.

### **Summary of Proposed Redevelopment Plan**

The proposed future use of the Site will consist of a new seven-story apartment building with a cellar level. Layout of the proposed site development is presented in Figure 3. The current zoning designation is M1-2/R6A. The proposed use is consistent with existing zoning for the property.

The cellar level and first floor of the new 7-story apartment building will occupy the front 51 ft of the Site, leaving a 49 ft rear parking lot for 16 vehicles behind the building. Access to the rear parking area will be provided by a pathway through the first floor of the building from Skillman Street. Additional parking for 2 more vehicles will be provided within the south side of the first floor portion of the building. The north side of the first floor will consist of one 2-bedroom



apartment, and the residential lobby and elevator. The cellar level will be used for accessory space and mechanical rooms.

The concrete slab of the cellar level will be approximately 10 feet below grade. Therefore, assuming an excavation depth of 11 feet across an 83.34 ft by 54 ft area, a total of approximately 2,000 yd<sup>3</sup> (3,500 tons) will be excavated for construction of the new building. This volume includes the additional soil required to excavate an additional 6 ft below the cellar slab to construct the elevator pit. Additional excavation in the rear yard of approximately 6 inches to 1 ft will be required to construct the rear concrete capped parking area.

The remedial action contemplated under this RAWP may be implemented independently of the proposed redevelopment plan.

### **Summary of the Remedy**

The proposed remedial action achieves protection of public health and the environment for the intended use of the property. The proposed remedial action achieves all of the remedial action objectives established for the project and addresses applicable standards, criterion, and guidance; is effective in both the short-term and long-term and reduces mobility, toxicity and volume of contaminants; is cost effective and implementable; and uses standards methods that are well established in the industry.

The proposed remedial action will consist of:

1. Preparation of a Community Protection Statement and Performance of all required NYC VCP Citizen Participation activities according to an approved Citizen Participation Plan.
2. Perform a Community Air Monitoring Program for particulates and volatile organic carbon compounds.
3. Establishment of Track 4 Site-Specific Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
4. Site mobilization involving Site security setup, equipment mobilization, utility mark outs and marking & staking excavation areas.
5. Excavation and removal of soil/fill exceeding Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs, including excavation of soil/fill to a depth of approximately 11 feet below grade within the footprint of the building, and to a minimum depth of 2 feet below grade in the rear

- parking area.
6. Screening of excavated soil/fill during intrusive work for indications of contamination by visual means, odor, and monitoring with a PID.
  7. Removal of underground storage tanks (if encountered) and closure of petroleum spills (if evidence of a spill/leak is encountered during Site excavation) in compliance with applicable local, State and Federal laws and regulations.
  8. Transportation and off-Site disposal of all soil/fill material at permitted facilities in accordance with applicable laws and regulations for handling, transport, and disposal, and this plan. Sampling and analysis of excavated media as required by disposal facilities. Appropriate segregation of excavated media on-Site.
  9. Collection and analysis of end-point samples in the cellar area and in rear yard hotspot area to determine the performance of the remedy with respect to attainment of SCOs.
  10. Collection of one additional round of groundwater samples for PCB analysis.
  11. Import of materials to be used for backfill and cover in compliance with this plan and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
  12. Installation of a vapor barrier below the concrete slab underneath the building and parking area, as well as behind the foundation walls of the proposed building.
  13. Construction and maintenance of an engineered composite cover consisting of a 4" thick concrete slab across the footprint of the new building, and a 4" thick concrete slab in the rear parking area to prevent human exposure to residual soil/fill remaining under the Site.
  14. Implementation of storm-water pollution prevention measures in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
  15. Performance of all activities required for the remedial action, including permitting requirements and pretreatment requirements, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
  16. Submission of a RAR that describes the remedial activities, certifies that the remedial requirements have been achieved, defines the Site boundaries, and describes all Engineering and Institutional Controls to be implemented at the Site, and lists any changes from this RAWP.
  17. Submission of an approved Site Management Plan (SMP) in the RAR for long-term

management of residual contamination, including plans for operation, maintenance, monitoring, inspection and certification of Engineering and Institutional Controls and reporting at a specified frequency.

18. Continued registration of the property with an E-Designation; establishment of Engineering Controls and Institutional Controls in this RAWP; a requirement that management of these controls must be in compliance with an approved SMP; and Institutional Controls including prohibition of the following: (1) vegetable gardening and farming; (2) use of groundwater without treatment rendering it safe for the intended use; (3) disturbance of residual contaminated material unless it is conducted in accordance with the SMP; and (4) higher level of land usage without OER-approval

## COMMUNITY PROTECTION STATEMENT

The Office of Environmental Remediation created the New York City Volunteer Cleanup Program (NYC VCP) to provide governmental oversight for the cleanup of contaminated property in NYC. This Remedial Action Work Plan (“cleanup plan”) describes the findings of prior environmental studies that show the location of contamination at the Site, and describes the plans to clean up the Site to protect public health and the environment.

This cleanup plan provides a very high level of protection for neighboring communities. This cleanup plan also includes many other elements that address common community concerns, such as community air monitoring, odor, dust and noise controls, hours of operation, good housekeeping and cleanliness, truck management and routing, and opportunities for community participation. The purpose of this Community Protection Statement is to explain these community protection measures in non-technical language to simplify community review.

**Remedial Investigation and Cleanup Plan.** Under the NYC VCP, a thorough cleanup study of this property (called a remedial investigation) has been performed to identify past property usage, to sample and test soils, groundwater and soil vapor, and identify contaminant sources present on the property. The cleanup plan has been designed to address all contaminant sources that have been identified during the study of this property.

**Identification of Sensitive Land Uses.** Prior to selecting a cleanup, the neighborhood was evaluated to identify sensitive land uses nearby, such as schools, day care facilities, hospitals and residential areas. The cleanup program was then tailored to address the special conditions of this community.

**Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment.** An important part of the cleanup planning for the Site is the performance of a study to find all of the ways that people might come in contact with contaminants at the Site now or in the future. This study is called a Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment (QHHEA). A QHHEA was performed for this project. This assessment has considered all known contamination at the Site and evaluated the potential for people to come in contact with this contamination. All identified public exposures will be

addressed under this cleanup plan.

**Health and Safety Plan.** This cleanup plan includes a Health and Safety Plan that is designed to protect community residents and on-Site workers. The elements of this plan are in compliance with safety requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration. This plan includes many protective elements including those discussed below.

**Site Safety Coordinator.** This project has a designated Site Safety Coordinator to implement the Health and Safety Plan. The Site Safety Coordinator maintains an emergency contact sheet and protocol for management of emergencies. The Site Safety Coordinator is Mr. Kevin Waters of Environmental Business Consultants. Mr. Waters can be reached at (631) 504-6000.

**Worker Training.** Workers participating in cleanup of contaminated material on this project are required to be trained in a 40-hour hazardous waste operators training course and to take annual refresher training. This pertains only to workers performing specific tasks including removing hazardous material and installing cleanup systems in contaminated areas.

**Community Air Monitoring Plan.** Community air monitoring will be performed during this cleanup project to ensure that the community is properly protected from contaminants, dust and odors. Air samples will be tested in accordance with a detailed plan called the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Results will be regularly reported to the NYC Office of Environmental Remediation. This cleanup plan also has a plan to address any unforeseen problems that might occur during the cleanup (called a 'Contingency Plan').

**Odor, Dust and Noise Control.** This cleanup plan includes actions for odor and dust control. These actions are designed to prevent off-Site odor and dust nuisances and includes steps to be taken if nuisances are detected. Generally, dust is managed by application of physical covers and by water sprays. Odors are controlled by limiting the area of open excavations, physical covers, spray foams and by a series of other actions (called operational measures). The project is also required to comply with NYC noise control standards. If you observe problems in these areas, please contact the on-Site Project Manager, Kevin Brussee at (631) 504-6000 or NYC Office of Environmental Remediation Project Manager, Cavy Chu at (212) 788-3774.

**Quality Assurance.** This cleanup plan requires that evidence be provided to illustrate that all cleanup work required under the plan has been completed properly. This evidence will be summarized in the final report, called the Remedial Action Report. This report will be submitted to the NYC Office of Environmental Remediation and will be thoroughly reviewed.

**Storm-Water Management.** To limit the potential for soil erosion and discharge, this cleanup plan has provisions for storm-water management. The main elements of the storm water management include physical barriers such as tarp covers and erosion fencing, and a program for frequent inspection.

**Hours of Operation.** The hours for operation of cleanup will comply with the NYC Department of Buildings construction code requirements or according to specific variances issued by that agency. For this cleanup project, the hours of operation are 7:00AM to 6:00PM Monday through Friday.

**Signage.** While the cleanup is in progress, a placard will be prominently posted at the main entrance of the property with a laminated project Fact Sheet that states that the project is in the NYC Volunteer Cleanup Program, provides project contact names and numbers, and locations of project documents can be viewed.

**Complaint Management.** The contractor performing this cleanup is required to address all complaints. If you have any complaints, you can call the facility Project Manager, Mr. Kevin Brussee (EBC) at (631) 504-6000, the NYC Office of Environmental Remediation Project Manager, Cavy Chu at (212) 788-3774, or call 311 and mention the Site is in the NYC Volunteer Cleanup Program.

**Utility Mark-outs.** To promote safety during excavation in this cleanup, the contractor is required to first identify all utilities and must perform all excavation and construction work in compliance with NYC Department of Buildings regulations.

**Soil and Liquid Disposal.** All soil and liquid material removed from the Site as part of the cleanup will be transported and disposed of in accordance with all applicable City, State and Federal regulations and required permits will be obtained.

**Soil Chemical Testing and Screening.** All excavations will be supervised by a trained and properly qualified environmental professional. In addition to extensive sampling and chemical testing of soils on the Site, excavated soil will be screened continuously using hand-held instruments, by sight, and by smell to ensure proper material handling and management, and community protection.

**Stockpile Management.** Soil stockpiles will be kept covered with tarps to prevent dust, odors and erosion. Stockpiles will be frequently inspected. Damaged tarp covers will be promptly replaced. Stockpiles will be protected with silt fences. Hay bales will be used, as needed to protect storm water catch basins and other discharge points.

**Trucks and Covers.** Loaded trucks leaving the Site will be covered in compliance with applicable laws and regulations to prevent dust and odor. Trucks will be properly recorded in logs and records and placarded in compliance with applicable City, State and Federal laws, including those of the New York State Department of Transportation. If loads contain wet material that can leak, truck liners will be used. All transport of materials will be performed by licensed truckers and in compliance with all laws and regulations.

**Imported Material.** All fill materials proposed to be brought onto the Site will comply with rules outlined in this cleanup plan and will be inspected and approved by a qualified worker located on-Site. Waste materials will not be brought onto the Site. Trucks entering the Site with imported clean materials will be covered in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

**Equipment Decontamination.** All equipment used for cleanup work will be inspected and washed, if needed, before it leaves the Site. Trucks will be cleaned at a truck inspection station on the property before leaving the Site.

**Housekeeping.** Locations where trucks enter or leave the Site will be inspected every day and cleaned regularly to ensure that they are free of dirt and other materials from the Site.

**Truck Routing.** Truck routes have been selected to: (a) limit transport through residential areas and past sensitive nearby properties; (b) maximize use of city-mapped truck routes; (c) limit total distance to major highways; (d) promote safety in entry to highways; (e) promote overall safety

in trucking; and (f) minimize off-Site line-ups (queuing) of trucks entering the property. Operators of loaded trucks leaving the Site will be instructed not to stop or idle in the local neighborhood.

**Final Report.** The results of all cleanup work will be fully documented in a final report (called a Remedial Action Report) that will be available for you to review in the public document repositories located at the Brooklyn Library - Marcy Branch (617 Dekalb Avenue)..

**Long-Term Site Management.** To provide long-term protection after the cleanup is complete, if the remedial action does not remove all soil that exceeds unrestricted soil standards, the property owner will be required to comply with an ongoing Site Management Plan that calls for continued inspection of protective controls, such as Site covers. The Site Management Plan is evaluated and approved by the NYC Office of Environmental Remediation. A certification of continued protectiveness of the cleanup will be required from time to time to show that the approved cleanup is still effective.

# REMEDIAL ACTION WORK PLAN

## 1.0 SITE BACKGROUND

East Wing Construction has enrolled in the New York City Volunteer Cleanup Program (NYC VCP) to investigate and remediate a property located at 83 to 89 Skillman Street in the Bedford-Stuyvesant section of Brooklyn, New York (the Site). A Remedial Investigation (RI) was performed to compile and evaluate data and information necessary to develop this Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP) in a manner that will render the Site protective of public health and the environment consistent with the contemplated end use. This RAWP establishes remedial action objectives, provides remedial alternatives analysis that includes consideration of a permanent cleanup, and provides a description of the selected remedial action. The remedial action described in this document provides for the protection of public health and the environment, complies with applicable environmental standards, criteria and guidance and applicable laws and regulations.

### 1.1 Site Location and Current Usage

The Site is located at 83 to 89 Skillman Street in the Bedford-Stuyvesant section of Brooklyn, New York, and is identified as Block 1900 and Lots 14, 15, 16, and 17, on the New York City Tax Map. Figure 1 shows the Site location. The Site is 8,334-square feet and is bounded by Lot 18 to the north (a one-story office building currently occupied by a small doctors office), Lots 13 and 12 to the south (undeveloped lots used for parking), several apartment buildings to the east, and Skillman Street to the west. A map of the site boundary is shown in Figure 2. Currently, the Site is undeveloped and is used for parking. The site is covered with a layer of crushed stone/gravel.

### 1.2 Proposed Redevelopment Plan

The proposed future use of the Site will consist of a new seven-story apartment building with a cellar level. Layout of the proposed site development is presented in Figure 3. The current zoning designation is M1-2/R6A. The proposed use is consistent with existing zoning for the property.

The cellar level and first floor of the new 7-story apartment building will occupy the front 51 ft of the Site, leaving a 49 ft rear parking lot for 16 vehicles behind the building. Access to the rear parking area will be provided by a pathway through the first floor of the building from Skillman Street. Additional parking for 2 more vehicles will be provided within the south side of the first floor portion of the building. The north side of the first floor will consist of one 2-bedroom apartment, and the residential lobby and elevator. The cellar level will be used for accessory space and mechanical rooms.

The concrete slab of the cellar level will be approximately 10 feet below grade. Therefore, assuming an excavation depth of 11 feet across an 83.34ft by 54ft area, a total of approximately 2,000 yd<sup>3</sup> (3,500 tons) will be excavated for construction of the new building. This volume includes the additional soil required to excavate an additional 6ft below the cellar slab to construct the elevator pit. Additional excavation in the rear yard of approximately 6 inches to 1 ft will be required to remove hot spot area and to construct the rear concrete capped parking area.

The remedial action contemplated under this RAWP may be implemented independently of the proposed redevelopment plan.

### 1.3 Description of Surrounding Property

The area surrounding the Site consists primarily of residential properties. Figure 4 shows the surrounding land usage of the adjacent properties listed below as well as additional properties located up to 500 feet away from the Site. No hospitals, daycare facilities or schools are located within a 250 ft radius of the Site.

#### Surrounding Property Usage

Direction	Property Description
<b>North</b> – Adjacent property	<u>Block 1900, Lot 18</u> (81 Skillman Street) – Developed with a 1-story industrial building, currently occupied by a health center.
<b>South</b> – Adjacent property	<u>Block 1900, Lot 13</u> (91 Skillman Street) – A 16.67 ft by 100 ft lot utilized with as a parking lot.
<b>East</b> – Adjacent property	<u>Block 1900, Lots 44, 7506, 47, 48 and 49</u> (838 to 848 Bedford Avenue) – Developed with apartment buildings.
<b>West</b> – Opposite side of Skillman Street	<u>Block 1899, Lots 7503, 7505, and 7508</u> (92 to 100 Skillman Street) – Developed with new apartment buildings.

## **1.4 Remedial Investigation**

A remedial investigation was performed and the results are documented in a companion document called “*Remedial Investigation Report, 83 to 89 Skillman Street, Brooklyn, NY*”, dated April 2013 (RIR).

### **Summary of Past Uses of Site and Areas of Concern**

According to a review of NYC records, Sanborn maps and city directories as well as personal interviews, each of the parcels comprising the Site was improved with a residential home and/or stable by 1887. The 83 Skillman Street lot was redeveloped for commercial use by 1904 and utilized for “junk”, “junk storage” or “storage” until the structure was demolished between 1977 and 1979. The residence at 85 Skillman Street was utilized for retail and residential purposes from 1904 until the structure was demolished between 1950 and 1965. The residential homes at 87 and 89 Skillman Street were demolished between 1980 and 1981.

The AOCs identified for this Site based on the results of the remedial investigation include:

1. Historic fill layer is present at the Site from grade to depths as great as 8 feet below grade.
2. A PCB hotspot is present in the northern portion of the Site.

### **Summary of the Work Performed under the Remedial Investigation**

East Wing Construction performed the following scope of work:

1. Conducted a Site inspection to identify AOCs and physical obstructions (i.e. structures, buildings, etc.);
2. Installed six soil borings across the entire project Site, and collected twelve soil samples and one duplicate soil sample for chemical analysis from the soil borings to evaluate soil quality;
3. Installed three additional soil borings in the PCB hotspot area to delineate the horizontal and vertical extent of the PCB contamination, and collected three soil samples for chemical analysis;
4. Installed four groundwater monitoring wells throughout the Site to establish groundwater flow and collected four groundwater samples and one duplicate groundwater sample for chemical analysis to evaluate groundwater quality; and

5. Installed four soil vapor probes across the Site and collected three soil vapor samples for chemical analysis.

### **Summary of Environmental Findings**

1. Elevation of the property is approximately 34 feet.
2. Depth to groundwater is approximately 30 feet at the Site.
3. Groundwater flow is generally from northwest to southeast beneath the Site.
4. Depth to bedrock is at the Site is greater than 100 feet.
5. The stratigraphy of the Site, from the surface down, consists of 3 to 8 feet of historic fill underlain by a native brown silty sand.
6. Soil/fill samples collected during the RI showed no detectable concentrations of chlorinated or petroleum related VOCs. Seven SVOCs including benzo(a)anthracene (maximum of 12,000 ppb), benzo(a)pyrene (maximum of 13,000 ppb), benzo(b)fluoranthene (maximum of 18,000 ppb), benzo-(k)fluoranthene (maximum of 1,400 ppb), chrysene (maximum of 11,000 ppb), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (480 ppb), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (maximum of 6,000 ppb) were detected above their respective Restricted Residential Use SCOs within four of the six shallow soil samples and one of the deep soil samples. The SVOCs detected above Restricted Residential SCOs are all PAH compounds and their concentrations and distribution indicate that they are associated with historic fill material observed during the sampling. Eight metals including arsenic, barium, cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, and zinc exceeded Unrestricted Use SCOs in all three shallow soil samples and one of the deep soil samples. Of these metals, arsenic (25 ppm), barium (maximum of 3,620 ppm), cadmium (4 ppm), copper (maximum of 383 ppm), lead (maximum of 5,250 ppm), mercury (maximum of 1.75 ppm), and nickel (at 217 ppm) also exceeded Restricted Residential SCOs. A PCB hotspot area has been identified in northern portion of the property. PCB-1254 (maximum of 43,000 ppb) was detected within three of the six shallow soil samples above Restricted Residential SCOs and within all three PCB delineation samples (maximum of 98,000 ppb). No VOCs, SVOCs, metals, PCBs, or pesticides were detected above Unrestricted Use SCOs within five of the six deep soil samples collected at the

Site. With the exception of the PCB hotspot, findings were consistent with observations for historical fill sites in areas throughout NYC.

7. Groundwater samples collected during the RI showed the presence of two chlorinated VOCs above GQSs including trichloroethene (TCE) detected at ND, 29 and 38 ppb), and tetrachloroethylene ((PCE) detected at 1.2, 17 and 26 ppb). No chlorinated VOCs were identified in any of the soil samples collected on Site and are not associated with known historical uses of the property. Ten SVOCs were detected in two of the four monitoring wells, but only six of the SVOCs were detected at a concentration above GQS. No SVOCs were detected in the other two monitoring wells. PCB-1254 (detected at 2.1 and 2.3 ppb) and PCB-1260 (1.5 ppb) was detected in three of the four groundwater samples at a concentration above GQSs. The metals iron, manganese, and sodium were detected above their respective GQS in all three dissolved groundwater samples.

Soil vapor samples collected during the RI showed petroleum and chlorinated VOCs at low concentrations. Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) was identified in two of the three two soil vapor samples at a concentration less than  $1\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  and carbon tetrachloride was detected within two of the three soil vapor samples at a maximum concentration of  $0.377\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ . Trichloroethylene (TCE), and 1,1,1- TCA were not detected in soil vapor. The PCE concentrations are below the monitoring level ranges established within the State DOH soil vapor guidance matrix. Concentrations of petroleum-related VOCs were less than  $10\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ . The highest reported concentrations were for acetone (maximum of  $25.6\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ ) and ethanol (maximum of  $69.5\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ ).

For more detailed results, consult the RIR. Based on an evaluation of the data and information from the RIR and this RAWP, disposal of significant amounts of hazardous waste is not suspected at this Site.

## **2.0 REMEDIAL ACTION OBJECTIVES**

Based on the results of the RI, the following Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs) have been identified for this Site:

### **Groundwater**

- Remove contaminant sources causing impact to groundwater.
- Monitor groundwater improvement in response to contaminant source removal and/or treatment.

### **Soil**

- Prevent direct contact with contaminated soil.
- Prevent migration of contaminants that would result in groundwater or surface water contamination.

### **Soil Vapor**

- Prevent exposure to contaminants in soil vapor.
- Prevent migration of soil vapor into dwelling and other occupied structures.

### 3.0 REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES ANALYSIS

The goal of the remedy selection process under is to select a remedy that is protective of human health and the environment taking into consideration the current, intended and reasonably anticipated future use of the property. The remedy selection process begins by establishing RAOs for media in which chemical constituents were found in exceedence of applicable standards, criteria and guidance values (SCGs). A remedy is then developed based on the following ten criteria:

- Protection of human health and the environment;
- Compliance with SCGs;
- Short-term effectiveness and impacts;
- Long-term effectiveness and permanence;
- Reduction of toxicity, mobility, or volume of contaminated material;
- Implementability;
- Cost effectiveness;
- Community Acceptance;
- Land use; and
- Sustainability.

The following is a detailed description of the alternatives analysis and remedy selection to address impacted media at the Site. As required, a minimum of two remedial alternatives (including a Track 1 scenario) are evaluated, as follows:

- Alternative 1 involves
  - Establishment of Track 1 Unrestricted Use SCOs.
  - Removal of all soil/ fill exceeding Track 1 Unrestricted Use SCOs throughout the Site and confirmation that Track 1 Unrestricted Use SCOs has been achieved with post-excavation endpoint sampling. Based on the results of the remedial investigation, it is expected that this alternative would require excavation to a depth of at least 4 feet across the entire Site, and at least 8 feet in some areas to remove all historic fill at the Site. Excavation for construction of the cellar would take place to a depth of approximately 11 feet for the front 55 feet of the Site, but

the rear 45 feet of the Site's rear parking area would only require minimal excavation to construct. Therefore, if soil/fill containing analytes at concentrations above Track 1 Unrestricted Use SCOs is still present at the base of the excavation after removal of all soil required for construction of the new building's cellar and rear parking area is complete, additional excavation will be performed to ensure complete removal of soil that does not meet Track 1 Unrestricted Use SCOs.

- No Engineering or Institutional controls can be utilized in a Track 1 cleanup, but a vapor barrier would be installed beneath the basement foundation and behind foundation sidewalls of the new building as a part of development to prevent any potential future exposures from off-Site soil vapor.
- Alternative 2 involves
  - Removal of all soil/ fill exceeding Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs and confirmation that Track 4 has been achieved with post-excavation endpoint sampling. Excavation for construction of the cellar would take place to a depth of approximately 11 feet for the front 55 feet of the Site, but the rear 45 feet of the Site's rear parking area would only require minimal excavation to construct. Therefore, if soil/ fill containing SVOCs or metals at concentrations above Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs is still present at the base of the excavation after removal of all soil required for construction of the new building and rear courtyard is complete, additional excavation will be performed to meet Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs.
  - Placement of a final cover over the entire Site to prevent exposure to remaining soil/fill;
  - Placement of a soil vapor barrier beneath the building slab and along foundation side walls to prevent any potential future exposures from off-Site soil vapor;
  - Establishment of use restrictions including prohibitions on the use of groundwater from the Site; prohibitions of sensitive Site uses, such as farming or vegetable gardening, to prevent future exposure pathways; and prohibition of a higher level of land use without OER approval;
  - Establishment of an approved Site Management Plan to ensure long-term

management of these Engineering and Institutional Controls including the performance of periodic inspections and certification that the controls are performing as they were intended; and

- Continued registration as an E-designated property to memorialize the remedial action and the Engineering and Institutional Controls required by this RAWP.

### **3.1 Threshold Criteria**

#### **Protection of Public Health and the Environment**

This criterion is an evaluation of the remedy's ability to protect public health and the environment, and an assessment of how risks posed through each existing or potential pathway of exposure are eliminated, reduced or controlled through removal, treatment, and implementation of Engineering Controls or Institutional Controls. Protection of public health and the environment must be achieved for all approved remedial actions.

**Alternative 1** would be protective of human health and the environment by removing contaminated soil/fill exceeding Track 1 SCOs and groundwater protection standards, thus eliminating potential for direct contact with contaminated soil/fill once construction is complete and eliminating the risk of contamination leaching into groundwater. Potential exposure to contaminated soils or groundwater during construction would be minimized by implementing a Construction Health and Safety Plan, an approved Soil/Materials Management Plan and Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). There would be minimal potential for contact with contaminated groundwater after remediation is complete as it is neither used nor anticipated to be accessible after the remedial action. Potential future migration of soil vapors from off-Site into the new building would be prevented by installing a vapor barrier below the new building's basement slab and continuing the vapor barrier around foundation walls, as part of development.

**Alternative 2** would achieve comparable protections of human health and the environment by excavating the historic fill at the Site and by ensuring that remaining soil/fill on-Site meets Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs, as well as by placement of Institutional and Engineering controls, including a composite cover system. The composite cover system would prevent direct contact with any remaining on-Site soil/fill. Implementing institutional controls including a Site Management Plan would ensure that the composite cover system remains intact and protective.

Establishment of Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs would minimize the risk of contamination leaching into groundwater. Potential exposure to contaminated soils or groundwater during construction would be minimized by implementing a Construction Health and Safety Plan, an approved Soil/Materials Management Plan and Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP). Potential contact with contaminated groundwater would be prevented as its use is prohibited by city laws and regulations. Potential future migration of off-Site soil vapors into the new building would be prevented by installing a vapor barrier below the new building's basement slab and continuing the vapor barrier around foundation walls.

### **3.2. Balancing Criteria**

#### **Compliance with Standards, Criteria and Guidance (SCGs)**

Alternative 1 would achieve compliance with the remedial goals, SCGs and RAOs for soil through removal to Track 1 Unrestricted Use SCOs and groundwater protection standards. Compliance with SCGs for soil vapor would also be achieved by installing a vapor barrier below the new building's basement slab and continuing the vapor barrier around foundation walls, as part of development. Focused attention on means and methods employed during the remedial action would ensure that handling and management of contaminated material would be in compliance with applicable SCGs.

Alternative 2 would achieve compliance with the remedial goals, SCGs and RAOs for soil through removal of soil to meet Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs. Compliance with SCGs for soil vapor would also be achieved by installing a vapor barrier below the new building's basement slab and continuing the vapor barrier around foundation walls. A Site Management Plan would ensure that these controls remained protective for the long term. Similar to the Track 1 alternative, focused attention on means and methods employed during the remedial action would ensure that handling and management of contaminated material would be in compliance with applicable SCGs.

#### **Short-term effectiveness and impacts**

This evaluation criterion assesses the effects of the alternative during the construction and implementation phase until remedial action objectives are met. Under this criterion, alternatives are evaluated with respect to their effects on public health and the environment during

implementation of the remedial action, including protection of the community, environmental impacts, time until remedial response objectives are achieved, and protection of workers during remedial actions.

Both alternatives have similar short-term effectiveness during their respective implementations, as each requires excavation of historic fill material. Short term impacts would likely be higher for Alternative 1 due to excavation of greater amounts of historical fill material. However, focused attention to means and methods during the remedial action during a Track 1 removal action, including community air monitoring and appropriate truck routing, would minimize or negate the overall impact of these activities and any differences between these alternatives. Both alternatives would both employ appropriate measures to prevent short term impacts, including a Construction Health and Safety Plan, a Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) and a Soil/Materials Management Plan (SMMP), during all on-Site soil disturbance activities and would minimize the release of contaminants into the environment. Both alternatives provide short term effectiveness in protecting the surrounding community by decreasing the risk of contact with on-Site contaminants. Construction workers operating under appropriate management procedures and a Construction Health and Safety Plan (CHASP) will be protected from on-Site contaminants (personal protective equipment would be worn consistent with the documented risks within the respective work zones).

### **Long-term effectiveness and permanence**

This evaluation criterion addresses the results of a remedial action in terms of its permanence and quantity/nature of waste or residual contamination remaining at the Site after response objectives have been met, such as permanence of the remedial alternative, magnitude of remaining contamination, adequacy of controls including the adequacy and suitability of ECs/ICs that may be used to manage contaminant residuals that remain at the Site and assessment of containment systems and ICs that are designed to eliminate exposures to contaminants, and long-term reliability of Engineering Controls.

Alternative 1 would achieve long-term effectiveness and permanence related to on-Site contamination by permanently removing all impacted soil/fill and enabling unrestricted usage of the property.

Alternative 2 would provide long-term effectiveness by removing most on-Site contamination and attaining Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs; establishing Engineering Controls including a composite cover system across the Site; establishing Institutional Controls to ensure long-term management including use restrictions, a Site Management Plan and continued registration as an E-designated property to memorialize these controls for the long term. The SMP would ensure long-term effectiveness of all ECs and ICs by requiring periodic inspection and certification that these controls and restrictions continue to be in place and are functioning as they were intended assuring that protections designed into the remedy will provide continued high level of protection in perpetuity.

### **Reduction of toxicity, mobility, or volume of contaminated material**

This evaluation criterion assesses the remedial alternative's use of remedial technologies that permanently and significantly reduce toxicity, mobility, or volume of contaminants as their principal element. The following is the hierarchy of source removal and control measures that are to be used to remediate a Site, ranked from most preferable to least preferable: removal and/or treatment, containment, elimination of exposure and treatment of source at the point of exposure. It is preferred to use treatment or removal to eliminate contaminants at a Site, reduce the total mass of toxic contaminants, cause irreversible reduction in contaminants mobility, or reduce of total volume of contaminated media.

Alternative 1 will permanently eliminate the toxicity, mobility, and volume of contaminants from on-Site soil by removing all soil in excess of Track 1 - Unrestricted Use SCOs.

Alternative 2 will remove most of the impacted soil present on the Site and any remaining soil beneath the new building and within the rear parking area will meet Track 4 - Site-Specific SCOs. Alternative 1 would eliminate a greater total mass of contaminants on Site.

### **Implementability**

This evaluation criterion addresses the technical and administrative feasibility of implementing an alternative and the availability of various services and materials required during its implementation, including technical feasibility of construction and operation, reliability of the selected technology, ease of undertaking remedial action, monitoring considerations,

administrative feasibility (e.g. obtaining permits for remedial activities), and availability of services and materials.

The techniques, materials and equipment to implement Alternatives 1 and 2 are readily available and have been proven effective in remediating the contaminants associated with the Site. They use standard materials and services that are well established technology. The reliability of each remedy is also high. There are no special difficulties associated with any of the activities proposed.

### **Cost effectiveness**

This evaluation criterion addresses the cost of alternatives, including capital costs (such as construction costs, equipment costs, and disposal costs, engineering expenses) and site management costs (costs incurred after remedial construction is complete) necessary to ensure the continued effectiveness of a remedial action.

Costs associated with Alternative 1 would be significantly higher than Alternative 2 due to the additional costs of installing shoring/underpinning in the rear yard, disposal of additional soil, and import of clean soil for backfill. Additionally, long-term costs for Alternative 2 are likely higher than Alternative 1 based on implementation of a Site Management Plan as part of Alternative 2.

### **Community Acceptance**

This evaluation criterion addresses community opinion and support for the remedial action. Observations here will be supplemented by public comment received on the RAWP.

Based on the overall goals of the remedial program and the intended Site use, it is anticipated that Alternatives 1 and 2 for the Site would be acceptable to the community. This RAWP will be subject to a public review under the NYC VCP and will provide the opportunity for detailed public input on the remedial alternatives and the selected remedial action. This public comment will be considered by OER prior to approval of this plan. The Citizen Participation Plan for the project is provided in Attachment B.

## **Land use**

This evaluation criterion addresses the proposed use of the property. This evaluation has considered reasonably anticipated future uses of the Site and takes into account: current use and historical and/or recent development patterns; applicable zoning laws and maps; NYS Department of State's Brownfield Opportunity Areas (BOA) pursuant to section 970-r of the general municipal law; applicable land use plans; proximity to real property currently used for residential use, and to commercial, industrial, agricultural, and/or recreational areas; environmental justice impacts, Federal or State land use designations; population growth patterns and projections; accessibility to existing infrastructure; proximity of the site to important cultural resources and natural resources, potential vulnerability of groundwater to contamination that might emanate from the site, proximity to flood plains, geography and geology; and current Institutional Controls applicable to the site.

The proposed redevelopment of the Site is compatible with its current zoning and is consistent with recent development patterns. Following remediation, the Site will meet either Track 1 Unrestricted Use or Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs, which is appropriate for its planned residential use. Improvements in the current brownfield condition of the property achieved by both alternatives are also consistent with the City's goals for cleanup of contaminated land and bringing such properties into productive reuse. Both alternatives are equally protective of natural resources and cultural resources.

## **Sustainability of the Remedial Action**

This criterion evaluates the overall sustainability of the remedial action alternatives and the degree to which sustainable means are employed to implement the remedial action including those that take into consideration NYC's sustainability goals defined in *PlaNYC: A Greener, Greater New York*. Sustainability goals may include: maximizing the recycling and reuse of non-virgin materials; reducing the consumption of virgin and non-renewable resources; minimizing energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions; improving energy efficiency; and promotion of the use of native vegetation and enhancing biodiversity during landscaping associated with Site development.

While Alternative 2 would potentially result in lower energy usage based on reducing the volume

of material transported off-Site, both remedial alternatives are comparable with respect to the opportunity to achieve sustainable remedial action.

## 4.0 REMEDIAL ACTION

### 4.1 Summary of Preferred Remedial Action

The preferred remedial action alternative is the Track 4 Alternative. The preferred remedial action alternative achieves protection of public health and the environment for the intended use of the property. The preferred remedial action alternative will achieve all of the remedial action objectives established for the project and addresses applicable SCGs. The preferred remedial action alternative is effective in both the short-term and long-term and reduces mobility, toxicity and volume of contaminants. The preferred remedial action alternative is cost effective and implementable and uses standards methods that are well established in the industry.

The proposed remedial action will consist of:

1. Preparation of a Community Protection Statement and Performance of all required NYC VCP Citizen Participation activities according to an approved Citizen Participation Plan.
2. Perform a Community Air Monitoring Program for particulates and volatile organic carbon compounds.
3. Establishment of Track 4 Site-Specific Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
4. Site mobilization involving Site security setup, equipment mobilization, utility mark outs and marking & staking excavation areas.
5. Excavation and removal of soil/fill exceeding Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs, including excavation of soil/fill to a depth of approximately 11 feet below grade within the footprint of the building, and to a minimum depth of 2 feet below grade in the rear parking area.
6. Screening of excavated soil/fill during intrusive work for indications of contamination by visual means, odor, and monitoring with a PID.
7. Removal of underground storage tanks (if encountered) and closure of petroleum spills (if evidence of a spill/leak is encountered during Site excavation) in compliance with applicable local, State and Federal laws and regulations.
8. Transportation and off-Site disposal of all soil/fill material at permitted facilities in accordance with applicable laws and regulations for handling, transport, and disposal, and this plan. Sampling and analysis of excavated media as required by disposal facilities. Appropriate segregation of excavated media on-Site.

9. Collection and analysis of end-point samples in the cellar area and in rear yard hotspot area to determine the performance of the remedy with respect to attainment of SCOs.
10. Collection of one additional round of groundwater samples for PCB analysis.
11. Import of materials to be used for backfill and cover in compliance with this plan and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
12. Installation of a vapor barrier below the concrete slab underneath the building and the parking area, as well as behind the foundation walls of the proposed building.
13. Construction and maintenance of an engineered composite cover consisting of a 4" thick concrete slab across the footprint of the new building, and a 4" thick concrete slab in the rear parking area to prevent human exposure to residual soil/fill remaining under the Site.
14. Implementation of storm-water pollution prevention measures in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
15. Performance of all activities required for the remedial action, including permitting requirements and pretreatment requirements, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
16. Submission of a RAR that describes the remedial activities, certifies that the remedial requirements have been achieved, defines the Site boundaries, and describes all Engineering and Institutional Controls to be implemented at the Site, and lists any changes from this RAWP.
17. Submission of an approved Site Management Plan (SMP) in the RAR for long-term management of residual contamination, including plans for operation, maintenance, monitoring, inspection and certification of Engineering and Institutional Controls and reporting at a specified frequency.
18. Continued registration of the property with an E-Designation; establishment of Engineering Controls and Institutional Controls in this RAWP; a requirement that management of these controls must be in compliance with an approved SMP; and Institutional Controls including prohibition of the following: (1) vegetable gardening and farming; (2) use of groundwater without treatment rendering it safe for the intended use; (3) disturbance of residual contaminated material unless it is conducted in accordance with the SMP; and (4) higher level of land usage without OER-approval.

## 4.2 Soil Cleanup Objectives and Soil/Fill Management

Track 4 Site-Specific Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs) are proposed for this project. The following Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs will be used:

<u>Contaminant</u>	<u>Track 4 SCOs</u>
Total SVOCs	250 ppm
Barium	750 ppm
Lead	1,000 ppm
Mercury	2.5 ppm
PCBs	1 ppm

Soil and materials management on-Site and off-Site, including excavation, handling and disposal, will be conducted in accordance with the Soil/Materials Management Plan in Attachment D. The location of planned excavations is shown in Figure 5.

Discrete contaminant sources (such as hotspots) identified during the remedial action will be identified by GPS or surveyed. This information will be provided in the Remedial Action Report.

### **Estimated Soil/Fill Removal Quantities**

The total quantity of soil/fill expected to be excavated and disposed off-Site for construction of the new building is 3,500 tons. An additional 350 tons of soil/fill is expected to be excavated and disposed off-Site to remove soil from the PCB hot-spot area and soil/fill exceeding Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs.

Disposal location(s) will be reported promptly to the OER Project Manager prior to the start of the remedial action.

### **End-Point Sampling**

Removal actions under this plan will be performed in conjunction with remedial end-point sampling. Post-excavation end-point sampling and testing will be performed promptly following materials removal and completed prior to Site development activities. To evaluate attainment of Track 4 - Site-Specific SCOs, samples will be collected and analyzed for SVOCs, PCBs and

TAL Metals. The approximate collection location of the endpoint soil samples is shown on Figure 6.

In addition, if hotspots are encountered, hotspot removal end-point sampling frequency will consist of the following:

1. For excavations less than 20 feet in total perimeter, at least one bottom sample and one sidewall sample biased in the direction of surface runoff.
2. For excavations 20 to 300 feet in perimeter:
  - For surface removals, one sample from the top of each sidewall for every 30 linear feet of sidewall and one sample from the excavation bottom for every 900 square feet of bottom area.
  - For subsurface removals, one sample from each sidewall for every 30 linear feet of sidewall and one sample from the excavation bottom for every 900 square feet of bottom area.
3. For sampling of volatile organics, bottom samples should be taken within 24 hours of excavation, and should be taken from the zero to six-inch interval at the excavation floor. Samples taken after 24 hours should be taken at six to twelve inches.
4. For contaminated soil removal, post remediation soil samples for laboratory analysis should be taken immediately after contaminated soil removal. If the excavation is enlarged horizontally, additional soil samples will be taken pursuant to bullets 1-3 above.

Post-remediation sample locations and depth will be biased towards the areas and depths of highest contamination identified during previous sampling episodes unless field indicators such as field instrument measurements or visual contamination identified during the remedial action indicate that other locations and depths may be more heavily contaminated. In all cases, post-remediation samples should be biased toward locations and depths of the highest expected contamination. Additional round of groundwater samples will be obtained prior to the start of construction or post excavation for PCB analysis.

New York State ELAP certified labs will be used for all end-point sample analyses. Labs for end-point sample analyses will be reported in the RAR. The RAR will provide a tabular and map

summary of all end-point sample results and will include all data including non-detects and applicable standards and/or guidance values. End-point samples will be analyzed for trigger analytes (those for which SCO exceedance is identified) utilizing the following methodology:

Soil analytical methods will include:

- Volatile organic compounds by EPA Method 8260;
- Semi-volatile organic compounds by EPA Method 8270;
- Target Analyte List metals; and
- Pesticides/PCBs by EPA Method 8081/8082.

If either LNAPL and/or DNAPL are detected, appropriate samples will be collected for characterization and required regulatory reporting (i.e. spills hotline) will be performed.

### **Quality Assurance/Quality Control**

The fundamental QA objective with respect to accuracy, precision, and sensitivity of analysis for laboratory analytical data is to achieve the QC acceptance of the analytical protocol. The accuracy, precision and completeness requirements will be addressed by the laboratory for all data generated.

Collected samples will be appropriately packaged, placed in coolers and shipped via overnight courier or delivered directly to the analytical laboratory by field personnel. Samples will be containerized in appropriate laboratory provided glassware and shipped in plastic coolers. Samples will be preserved through the use of ice or “cold-paks” to maintain a temperature of 4°C.

Dedicated disposable sampling materials will be used for the collection of endpoint samples, eliminating the need to prepare field equipment (rinsate) blanks. However, if non-disposable equipment is used, (stainless steel scoop, etc.) field rinsate blanks will be prepared at the rate of 1 for every eight samples collected. Decontamination of non-dedicated sampling equipment will consist of the following:

- Gently tap or scrape to remove adhered soil
- Rinse with tap water

- Wash withalconox® detergent solution and scrub
- Rinse with tap water
- Rinse with distilled or deionized water

Prepare field blanks by pouring distilled or deionized water over decontaminated equipment and collecting the water in laboratory provided containers. Trip blanks will be used whenever samples are transported to the laboratory for analysis of VOCs. Trip blanks will not be used for samples to be analyzed for metals, SVOCs or pesticides. One blind duplicate sample will be prepared and submitted for analysis every 20 samples.

### **Import and Reuse of Soils**

Import of soils onto the property and reuse of soils already on-Site will be performed in conformance with the Soil/Materials Management Plan in Attachment D. The estimated quantity of soil to be imported into the Site for backfill and cover soil is 0 tons. The estimated quantity of on-Site soil/fill expected to be reused/relocated on Site is 300 tons. This includes clean soil that is expected to be encountered at a depth greater than 8 ft within the area to be excavated for the new building's cellar. Clean soil will be tested in accordance with the Soil/Materials Management Plan in Attachment D, and reused if necessary in the rear parking lot area following excavation of the PCB hot-spot and soil exceeding Track 4-Site Specific SCOs.

### **4.3 Engineering Controls**

Engineering Controls were employed in the remedial action to address residual contamination remaining at the site. The Site has two primary Engineering Control Systems: (1) composite cover system; and

- (2) vapor barrier system.

#### **Composite Cover System**

Exposure to residual soil/fill will be prevented by an engineered, composite cover system to be built on the Site. This composite cover system is comprised of:

- A 4 inch thick concrete building slab across the footprint of the new building; and
- A 4 inch thick concrete slab across the rear parking area.

Figure 5 shows the typical design and location for each remedial cover type used on this Site.

The composite cover system is a permanent Engineering Control for the Site. The system will be inspected and reported at specified intervals as required by this RAWP and the SMP. A Soil Management Plan will be included in the Site Management Plan and will outline the procedures to be followed in the event that the composite cover system and underlying residual soil/fill is disturbed after the remedial action is complete. Maintenance of this composite cover system will be described in the Site Management Plan in the RAR.

### **Vapor Barrier**

Migration of soil vapor will be mitigated with a combination of building slab and vapor barrier.

The vapor barrier will consist of Raven Industries' VaporBlock 20 Plus, which is a seven layer co-extruded barrier made from state-of-the-art polyethylene and EVOH resins. The vapor barrier will be installed prior to pouring the building's concrete slab. The vapor barrier will extend throughout the area occupied by the footprint of the new building and up the foundation sidewalls in accordance with manufacturer specifications. The specifications for installation will be provided to the construction management company and the foundation contractor or installer of the liner. The specifications state that all vapor barrier seams, penetrations, and repairs will be sealed either by the tape method or weld method, according to the manufacturer's recommendations and instructions.

The extent of the proposed vapor barrier membrane is provided in ENV-001. Installation details (penetrations, joints, etc.) with respect to the proposed building foundation, footings, slab, and sidewalls are provided in ENV-002. Product specification sheets are provided in Attachment E. The Remedial Closure Report will include photographs (maximum of two photos per page) of the installation process, PE/RA certified letter (on company letterhead) from primary contractor responsible for installation oversight and field inspections, and a copy of the manufacturer's certificate of warranty.

### **4.4 Institutional Controls**

Institutional Controls (IC) have been incorporated in this remedial action to manage residual soil/fill and other media and render the Site protective of public health and the environment. Institutional Controls are listed below. Long-term employment of EC/ICs will be implemented under a site-specific Site Management Plan (SMP) that will be included in the RAR. The

property will continue to be registered with an E-Designation by the NYC Buildings Department. Institutional Controls (IC) have been incorporated in this remedial action to manage residual soil/fill and other media and render the Site protective of public health and the environment. Institutional Controls are listed below. Long-term employment of EC/ICs will be implemented under a site-specific Site Management Plan (SMP) that will be included in the RAR.

Institutional Controls for this remedial action are:

- Continued registration of the E-Designation for the property. This RAWP includes a description of all ECs and ICs and summarizes the requirements of the Site Management Plan which will note that the property owner and property owner's successors and assigns must comply with the approved SMP;
- Site Management Plan approved by OER that provides procedures for appropriate operation, maintenance, monitoring, inspection, reporting and certification of ECs. SMP will require that the property owner and property owner's successors and assigns will submit to OER a periodic written statement that certifies that: (1) controls employed at the Site are unchanged from the previous certification or that any changes to the controls were approved by OER; and, (2) nothing has occurred that impairs the ability of the controls to protect public health and environment or that constitute a violation or failure to comply with the SMP. OER retains the right to enter the Site in order to evaluate the continued maintenance of any controls. This certification shall be submitted annually and will comply with RCNY §43-1407(1)(3).
- Vegetable gardens and farming on the Site are prohibited;
- Use of groundwater underlying the Site is prohibited without treatment rendering it safe for its intended use;
- All future activities on the Site that will disturb residual material must be conducted pursuant to the soil management provisions in an approved SMP;
- The Site will be used for residential use and will not be used for a higher level of use without prior approval by OER.

#### **4.5 Site Management Plan**

Site Management is the last phase of remediation and begins with the approval of the Remedial Action Report and issuance of the Notice of Completion (NOC) for the Remedial Action. The

Site Management Plan (SMP) describes appropriate methods and procedures to ensure implementation of all ECs and ICs in this RAWP. The Site Management Plan is submitted as part of the RAR but will be written in a manner that allows its use as an independent document. Site Management continues until terminated in writing by OER. The property owner is responsible to ensure that all Site Management responsibilities defined in the SMP are implemented.

The SMP will provide a detailed description of the procedures required to manage residual soil/fill left in place following completion of the remedial action in accordance with the Voluntary Cleanup Agreement with OER. This includes a plan for: (1) implementation of EC's and ICs; (2) implementation of monitoring programs; (3) operation and maintenance of EC's; (4) inspection and certification of EC's; and (5) reporting.

Site management activities, reporting, and EC/IC certification will be scheduled on an periodic basis to be established in the SMP and will be subject to review and modification by OER. The Site Management Plan will be based on a calendar year and certification reports will be due for submission to OER by March 31 of the year following the reporting period.

#### **4.6 Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment**

The objective of the qualitative exposure assessment is to identify potential receptors to the contaminants of concern (COC) that are present at, or migrating from, the Site. The identification of exposure pathways describes the route that the COC takes to travel from the source to the receptor. An identified pathway indicates that the potential for exposure exists; it does not imply that exposures actually occur.

Investigations reported in the Remedial Investigation Report (RIR) are sufficient to complete a Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment (QHHEA). As part of the VCP process, a QHHEA was performed to determine whether the Site poses an existing or future health hazard to the Site's exposed or potentially exposed population. The sampling data from the RI were evaluated to determine whether there is any health risk by characterizing the exposure setting, identifying exposure pathways, and evaluating contaminant fate and transport. This EA was prepared in accordance with Appendix 3B and Section 3.3 (b) 8 of the NYSDEC Draft DER-10

## Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation.

### **Known and Potential Sources**

- A PCB hot-spot is located in the northeast corner of the Site.
- Historic fill material is present at the Site from grade to approximately 9 feet below grade.

Based on the results of the Remedial Investigation Report, the contaminants of concern found are:

#### Soil

- Metals, including arsenic, barium, cadmium, copper, lead, mercury and nickel exceeding Track 2 Restricted Residential SCOs;
- SVOCs included benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)-fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, Dibenz(a,h)anthracene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene exceeding Track 2 Restricted Residential SCOs; and
- PCB-1254 exceeding Track 2 Restricted Residential SCOs.

#### Groundwater

- Chlorinated VOCs including tetrachloroethylene and trichloroethylene exceeding GQS;
- Metals including sodium, manganese, and iron exceeding GQSs; and
- SVOCs exceeding GQSs.

#### Soil vapor

- Chlorinated VOCs detected at low concentrations and below NYS DOH monitoring thresholds including PCE; and
- Petroleum VOCs detected at low concentrations including benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene.

### **Nature, Extent, Fate and Transport of Contaminants**

SVOCs and metals are present in the historic fill materials throughout the Site. Metal contaminants found in soil were not found in the four groundwater samples at concentrations above their respective GQSs, indicating that this contamination is not mobilizing into

groundwater or migrating off-Site. Although SVOCs found in soil were also detected in two of the four groundwater samples at a concentration above their respective GQSs, they are not likely attributable to an on-site source because significant concentrations were not reported within any of the deeper soil samples collected at the Site. Dissolved metals including iron, manganese, and sodium were detected above GQS. PCBs were detected in several of the surface soil samples but not within any of the deeper soil samples. However, PCBs were detected within three of the four groundwater samples, which may indicate either that PCBs from the Site have contaminated groundwater, or caused by transport to the groundwater table by the sampling rods. The petroleum and chlorinated VOCs identified in the soil vapor were well below guidance issued by New York State DOH and were not found in any of the on-site soil samples collected.

### **Receptor Populations**

On-Site Receptors – The Site is currently vacant, but is used daily by users of the parking lot. Additional potential on-Site receptors are Site representatives and trespassers. During redevelopment of the Site, the on-Site potential receptors will include construction workers, site representatives, and visitors. Once the Site is redeveloped, the on-Site potential sensitive receptors will include adult and child building residents and visitors.

Off-Site Receptors - Potential off-Site receptors within a 0.25-mile radius of the Site include: adult and child residents, and commercial and construction workers, pedestrians, trespassers, and cyclists, based on the following:

1. Commercial Businesses (up to 0.25 mile) – existing and future
2. Residential Buildings (up to 0.25 mile) – existing and future
3. Building Construction/Renovation (up to 0.25 mile) – existing and future
4. Pedestrians, Trespassers, Cyclists (up to .25 mile) – existing and future
5. Schools (up to .25 mile) – existing and future

### **Potential Points of Exposure**

#### Existing

Exposure to historic fill is possible because the Site is uncapped and actively used as a parking lot. Groundwater is not accessible at the Site, and because the Site is served by the public water supply and groundwater use for potable supply is prohibited, groundwater is not used at the Site.

The Site is undeveloped, therefore, is no potential for soil vapor to enter and accumulate within a building.

#### Construction/ Remediation Activities

Once redevelopment activities begin, construction workers will come into direct contact with surface and subsurface soils, as well as groundwater, as a result of on-Site construction and excavation activities. On-Site construction workers potentially could ingest, inhale or have dermal contact with soil, fill, and groundwater. Similarly, off-Site receptors could be exposed to dust and vapors from on-Site activities. During construction, on-Site and off-Site exposures to contaminated dust from on-Site will be addressed through the Soil/Materials Management Plan, dust controls, and through the implementation of the Community Air-Monitoring Program and a Construction Health and Safety Plan.

#### Proposed Future Conditions

Once the remedial actions and redevelopment of the Site has been completed, there will be no potential on-Site or off-Site exposure pathways. Not only will soil/fill exceeding Track 4 - Site-Specific SCOs be removed, but the Site will also be fully capped with a 4 inch thick concrete slab within the footprint of the new building and a 4 inch thick concrete slab in the rear parking area, which will prevent contact with soil. Any exposures to vapors will be prevented by the installation of a vapor barrier as part of development.

#### **Potential Routes of Exposure**

Potential On-Site Exposures: An exposure pathway is the means by which a receptor comes into contact with a contaminant. Three potential primary routes exist by which contaminants can enter the body:

- Ingestion of water, fill or soil;
- Inhalation of vapors and particulates; and
- Dermal contact with water, fill, or soil.

The work performed at the Site will include excavation of soil/fill material, and general construction activities. The construction and remediation work at the Site will expose the contaminants to the on-site workers in a variety of ways listed above. These exposures will be

limited to short durations through the intrusive work. A Construction Health and Safety Plan (CHASP) will be implemented during remediation work for the safety of on-site workers and off-site local population. Upon completion of the remedial activities, the site will achieve Track 4 Site Specific SCOs and the Site will be covered by the engineered composite cover (i.e., building slab and vapor/moisture barrier). This will prevent direct exposure to humans from any residual on-site or off-site contamination.

### **Overall Human Health Exposure Assessment**

Based upon this analysis, complete on-Site exposure pathways appear to be present only during the current unremediated phase and the remedial action phase. Under current conditions, on-Site exposure pathways exist for users of the parking lot, contractors and others that may access the Site. During remedial construction, on-Site and off-Site exposures to contaminated dust from historic fill material will be addressed through dust controls, and through the implementation of the Community Air Monitoring Program, the Soil/Materials Management Plan, and a Construction Health and Safety Plan. After the remedial action is complete, there will be no remaining exposure pathways to on-Site soil/fill, as all soil from the PCB hot spot area and soils above Site-Specific SCOs will have been removed, the composite cover system and use restrictions will prevent contact with residual soil or groundwater, and a vapor barrier system will have been installed. Continued protection after the remedial action will be achieved by the implementation of site management including periodic inspection and certification of the performance of remedial controls.

## **5.0 REMEDIAL ACTION MANAGEMENT**

### **5.1 Project Organization and Oversight**

Principal personnel who will participate in the remedial action include Kevin Brussee, Project Manager-EBC and Kevin Waters, Field Operations Officer-EBC. The Professional Engineer (PE) and Qualified Environmental Professionals (QEP) for this project are Ariel Czemerinski P.E., AMC Engineering and Charles Sosik P.G. EBC.

### **5.2 Site Security**

Site access will be controlled by a chain link or wooden construction fence, which will surround the property.

### **5.3 Work Hours**

The hours for operation of remedial construction will be from 7:00AM to 6:00PM. These hours conform to the New York City Department of Buildings construction code requirements.

### **5.4 Construction Health and Safety Plan**

The Health and Safety Plan is included in Appendix 4. The Site Safety Coordinator will be Kevin Waters - EBC. Remedial work performed under this RAWP will be in full compliance with applicable health and safety laws and regulations, including Site and OSHA worker safety requirements and HAZWOPER requirements. Confined space entry, if any, will comply with OSHA requirements and industry standards and will address potential risks. The parties performing the remedial construction work will ensure that performance of work is in compliance with the HASP and applicable laws and regulations. The HASP pertains to remedial and invasive work performed at the Site until the issuance of the Notice of Completion.

All field personnel involved in remedial activities will participate in training required under 29 CFR 1910.120, including 40-hour hazardous waste operator training and annual 8-hour refresher training. Site Safety Officer will be responsible for maintaining workers training records.

Personnel entering any exclusion zone will be trained in the provisions of the HASP and be required to sign an HASP acknowledgment. Site-specific training will be provided to field personnel. Additional safety training may be added depending on the tasks performed.

Emergency telephone numbers will be posted at the site location before any remedial work begins. A safety meeting will be conducted before each shift begins. Topics to be discussed include task hazards and protective measures (physical, chemical, environmental); emergency procedures; PPE levels and other relevant safety topics. Meetings will be documented in a log book or specific form.

An emergency contact sheet with names and phone numbers is included in the HASP. That document will define the specific project contacts for use in case of emergency.

### **5.5 Community Air Monitoring Plan**

Real-time air monitoring for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and particulate levels at the perimeter of the exclusion zone or work area will be performed. Continuous monitoring will be performed for all ground intrusive activities and during the handling of contaminated or potentially contaminated media. Ground intrusive activities include, but are not limited to, soil/waste excavation and handling, test pit excavation or trenching, and the installation of soil borings or monitoring wells.

Periodic monitoring for VOCs will be performed during non-intrusive activities such as the collection of soil and sediment samples or the collection of groundwater samples from existing monitoring wells. Periodic monitoring during sample collection, for instance, will consist of taking a reading upon arrival at a sample location, monitoring while opening a well cap or overturning soil, monitoring during well baling/purging, and taking a reading prior to leaving a sample location. Depending upon the proximity of potentially exposed individuals, continuous monitoring may be performed during sampling activities. Examples of such situations include groundwater sampling at wells on the curb of a busy urban street, in the midst of a public park, or adjacent to a school or residence. Exceedances of action levels observed during performance of the Community Air Monitoring Plan (CAMP) will be reported to the OER Project Manager and included in the Daily Report.

### **VOC Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions**

Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) will be monitored at the downwind perimeter of the immediate work area (i.e., the exclusion zone) on a continuous basis during invasive work.

Upwind concentrations will be measured at the start of each workday and periodically thereafter to establish background conditions. The monitoring work will be performed using equipment appropriate to measure the types of contaminants known or suspected to be present. The equipment will be calibrated at least daily for the contaminant(s) of concern or for an appropriate surrogate. The equipment will be capable of calculating 15-minute running average concentrations, which will be compared to the levels specified below.

- If the ambient air concentration of total organic vapors at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone exceeds 5 parts per million (ppm) above background for the 15-minute average, work activities will be temporarily halted and monitoring continued. If the total organic vapor level readily decreases (per instantaneous readings) below 5 ppm over background, work activities will resume with continued monitoring.
- If total organic vapor levels at the downwind perimeter of the work area or exclusion zone persist at levels in excess of 5 ppm over background but less than 25 ppm, work activities will be halted, the source of vapors identified, corrective actions taken to abate emissions, and monitoring continued. After these steps, work activities will resume provided that the total organic vapor level 200 feet downwind of the exclusion zone or half the distance to the nearest potential receptor or residential/commercial structure, whichever is less - but in no case less than 20 feet, is below 5 ppm over background for the 15-minute average.
- If the organic vapor level is above 25 ppm at the perimeter of the work area, activities will be shutdown.

All 15-minute readings must be recorded and be available for OER personnel to review. Instantaneous readings, if any, used for decision purposes will also be recorded.

### **Particulate Monitoring, Response Levels, and Actions**

Particulate concentrations will be monitored continuously at the upwind and downwind perimeters of the exclusion zone at temporary particulate monitoring stations. The particulate monitoring will be performed using real-time monitoring equipment capable of measuring particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in size (PM-10) and capable of integrating over a period of 15 minutes (or less) for comparison to the airborne particulate action level. The equipment will be equipped with an audible alarm to indicate exceedance of the action level. In

addition, fugitive dust migration should be visually assessed during all work activities.

- If the downwind PM-10 particulate level is 100 micrograms per cubic meter ( $\text{mcg}/\text{m}^3$ ) greater than background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression techniques will be employed. Work will continue with dust suppression techniques provided that downwind PM-10 particulate levels do not exceed  $150 \text{ mcg}/\text{m}^3$  above the upwind level and provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.
- If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM-10 particulate levels are greater than  $150 \text{ mcg}/\text{m}^3$  above the upwind level, work will be stopped and a re-evaluation of activities initiated. Work will resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM-10 particulate concentration to within  $150 \text{ mcg}/\text{m}^3$  of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.

All readings will be recorded and be available for OER personnel to review.

## **5.6 Agency Approvals**

All permits or government approvals required for remedial construction have been or will be obtained prior to the start of remedial construction. Approval of this RAWP by OER does not constitute satisfaction of these requirements and will not be a substitute for any required permit.

## **5.7 Site Preparation**

### **Pre-Construction Meeting**

OER will be invited to attend the pre-construction meeting at the Site with all parties involved in the remedial process prior to the start of remedial construction activities.

### **Mobilization**

Mobilization will be conducted as necessary for each phase of work at the Site. Mobilization includes field personnel orientation, equipment mobilization (including securing all sampling equipment needed for the field investigation), marking/staking sampling locations and utility mark-outs. Each field team member will attend an orientation meeting to become familiar with the general operation of the Site, health and safety requirements, and field procedures.

### **Utility Marker Layouts, Easement Layouts**

The presence of utilities and easements on the Site will be fully investigated prior to the performance of invasive work such as excavation or drilling under this plan by using, at a minimum, the One-Call System (811). Underground utilities may pose an electrocution, explosion, or other hazard during excavation or drilling activities. All invasive activities will be performed in compliance with applicable laws and regulations to assure safety. Utility companies and other responsible authorities will be contacted to locate and mark the locations, and a copy of the Markout Ticket will be retained by the contractor prior to the start of drilling, excavation or other invasive subsurface operations. Overhead utilities may also be present within the anticipated work zones. Electrical hazards associated with drilling in the vicinity of overhead utilities will be prevented by maintaining a safe distance between overhead power lines and drill rig masts.

Proper safety and protective measures pertaining to utilities and easements, and compliance with all laws and regulations will be employed during invasive and other work contemplated under this RAWP. The integrity and safety of on-Site and off-Site structures will be maintained during all invasive, excavation or other remedial activity performed under the RAWP.

### **Equipment and Material Staging**

Equipment and materials will be stored and staged in a manner that complies with applicable laws and regulations. Staging locations will be reported to OER prior to the start of the remedial action.

### **Stabilized Construction Entrance**

Steps will be taken to ensure that trucks departing the site will not track soil, fill or debris off-Site. Such actions may include use of cleaned asphalt or concrete roads or use of stone or other aggregate-based egress paths between the truck inspection station and the property exit. Measures will be taken to ensure that adjacent roadways will be kept clean of project related soils, fill and debris.

### **Truck Inspection Station**

An outbound-truck inspection station will be set up close to the Site exit. Before exiting the NYC

VCP Site, trucks will be required to stop at the truck inspection station and will be examined for evidence of contaminated soil on the undercarriage, body, and wheels. Soil and debris will be removed. Brooms, shovels and potable water will be utilized for the removal of soil from vehicles and equipment, as necessary.

### **Extreme Storm Preparedness and Response Contingency Plan**

Damage from flooding or storm surge can include dislocation of soil and stockpiled materials, dislocation of site structures and construction materials and equipment, and dislocation of support of excavation structures. Damage from wind during an extreme storm event can create unsafe or unstable structures, damage safety structures and cause downed power lines creating dangerous site conditions and loss of power. In the event of emergency conditions caused by an extreme storm event, the East Wing Construction will undertake the following steps for site preparedness prior to the event and response after the event.

#### **Storm Preparedness**

Preparations in advance of an extreme storm event will include the following: containerized hazardous materials and fuels will be removed from the property; loose materials will be secured to prevent dislocation and blowing by wind or water; heavy equipment such as excavators and generators will be removed from holes, trenches and depressions on the property to high ground or removed from the property; an inventory of the property with photographs will be performed to establish conditions for the site and equipment prior to the event; stockpile covers for soil and fill will be secured by adding weights such as sandbags for added security and worn or ripped stockpile covers will be replaced with competent covers; stockpiled hazardous wastes will be removed from the property; stormwater management systems will be inspected and fortified, including, as necessary: clean and reposition silt fences, haybales; clean storm sewer filters and traps; and secure and protect pumps and hosing.

#### **Storm Response**

At the conclusion of an extreme storm event, as soon as it is safe to access the property, a complete inspection of the property will be performed. A site inspection report will be submitted to OER at the completion of site inspection and after the site security is assessed. Site conditions will be compared to the inventory of site conditions and material performed prior to the storm

event and significant differences will be noted. Damage from storm conditions that result in acute public safety threats, such as downed power lines or imminent collapse of buildings, structures or equipment will be reported to public safety authorities via appropriate means such as calling 911. Petroleum spills will be reported to NYS DEC within 2 hours of identification and consistent with State regulations. Emergency and spill conditions will also be reported to OER. Public safety structures, such as construction security fences will be repaired promptly to eliminate public safety threats. Debris will be collected and removed. Dewatering will be performed in compliance with existing laws and regulations and consistent with emergency notifications, if any, from proper authorities. Eroded areas of soil including unsafe slopes will be stabilized and fortified. Dislocated materials will be collected and appropriately managed. Support of excavation structure will be inspected and fortified as necessary. Impacted stockpiles will be contained and damaged stockpile covers will be replaced. Storm-water control systems and structures will be inspected and maintained as necessary. If soil or fill materials are discharged off-Site to adjacent properties, property owners and OER will be notified and corrective measure plan designed to remove and clean dislocated material will be submitted to OER and implemented following approval by OER and granting of site access by the property owner. Impacted offsite areas may require characterization based on Site conditions, at the discretion of OER. If on-Site petroleum spills are identified, a qualified environmental professional will determine the nature and extent of the spill and report to NYS DEC's spill hotline at DEC 800-457-7362. If the source of the spill is ongoing and can be identified, it should be stopped if this can be done safely. Potential hazards will be addressed immediately, consistent with guidance issued by NYS DEC.

### **Storm Response Reporting**

A site inspection report will be submitted to OER at the completion of site inspection. An inspection report established by OER is available on OER's website ([www.nyc.gov/oer](http://www.nyc.gov/oer)) and will be used for this purpose. Site conditions will be compared to the inventory of site conditions and material performed prior to the storm event and significant differences will be noted. The site inspection report will be sent to the OER project manager and will include the site name, address, tax block and lot, site primary and alternate contact name and phone number. Damage and soil release assessment will include: whether the project had stockpiles; whether stockpiles

were damaged; photographs of damage and notice of plan for repair; report of whether soil from the site was dislocated and whether any of the soil left the site; estimates of the volume of soil that left the site, nature of impact, and photographs; description of erosion damage; description of equipment damage; description of damage to the remedial program or the construction program, such as damage to the support of excavation; presence of onsite or offsite exposure pathways caused by the storm; presence of petroleum or other spills and status of spill reporting to NYS DEC; description of corrective actions; schedule for corrective actions. This report should be completed and submitted to OER project manager with photographs within 24 hours of the time of safe entry to the property after the storm event.

## **5.8 Traffic Control**

Drivers of trucks leaving the NYC VCP Site with soil/fill will be instructed to proceed without stopping in the vicinity of the site to prevent neighborhood impacts. The planned route on local roads for trucks leaving the Site is the following; follow Skillman Street north, turn left at the second intersection onto Flushing Avenue, then follow the signs for I-278 (BQE) east or west.

## **5.9 Demobilization**

Demobilization will include:

- As necessary, restoration of temporary access areas and areas that may have been disturbed to accommodate support areas (e.g., staging areas, decontamination areas, storage areas, temporary water management areas, and access area);
- Removal of sediment from erosion control measures and truck wash and disposal of materials in accordance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Equipment decontamination, and;
- General refuse disposal.

Equipment will be decontaminated and demobilized at the completion of all field activities. Investigation equipment and large equipment (e.g., soil excavators) will be washed at the truck inspection station as necessary. In addition, all investigation and remediation derived waste will be appropriately disposed.

## **5.10 Reporting and Record Keeping**

### **Daily Reports**

Daily reports providing a general summary of activities for each day of *active remedial work* will be emailed to the OER Project Manager by the end of the following day. Those reports will include:

- Project number and statement of the activities and an update of progress made and locations of work performed;
- Quantities of material imported and exported from the Site;
- Status of on-Site soil/fill stockpiles;
- A summary of all citizen complaints, with relevant details (basis of complaint; actions taken; etc.);
- A summary of CAMP excursions, if any;
- Photograph of notable Site conditions and activities.

The frequency of the reporting period may be revised in consultation with OER project manager based on planned project tasks. Daily email reports are not intended to be the primary mode of communication for notification to OER of emergencies (accidents, spills), requests for changes to the RAWP or other sensitive or time critical information. However, such information will be included in the daily reports. Emergency conditions and changes to the RAWP will be communicated directly to the OER project manager by personal communication. Daily reports will be included as an Appendix in the Remedial Action Report.

### **Record Keeping and Photo-Documentation**

Job-site record keeping for all remedial work will be performed. These records will be maintained on-Site during the project and will be available for inspection by OER staff. Representative photographs will be taken of the Site prior to any remedial activities and during major remedial activities to illustrate remedial program elements and contaminant source areas. Photographs will be submitted at the completion of the project in the RAR in digital format (i.e. jpeg files).

## **5.11 Complaint Management**

All complaints from citizens will be promptly reported to OER. Complaints will be addressed

and outcomes will also be reported to OER in daily reports. Notices to OER will include the nature of the complaint, the party providing the complaint, and the actions taken to resolve any problems.

### **5.12 Deviations from the Remedial Action Work Plan**

All changes to the RAWP will be reported to the OER Project Manager and will be documented in daily reports and reported in the Remedial Action Report. The process to be followed if there are any deviations from the RAWP will include a request for approval for the change from OER noting the following:

- Reasons for deviating from the approved RAWP;
- Effect of the deviations on overall remedy; and
- Determination that the remedial action with the deviation(s) is protective of public health and the environment.

## 6.0 REMEDIAL ACTION REPORT

A Remedial Action Report (RAR) will be submitted to OER following implementation of the remedial action defined in this RAWP. The RAR will document that the remedial work required under this RAWP has been completed and has been performed in compliance with this plan. The RAR will include:

- Information required by this RAWP;
- As-built drawings for all constructed remedial elements, required certifications, manifests and other written and photographic documentation of remedial work performed under this remedy;
- Site Management Plan;
- Description of any changes in the remedial action from the elements provided in this RAWP and associated design documents;
- Tabular summary of all end point sampling results and all material characterization results, QA/QC results for end-point sampling, and other sampling and chemical analysis performed as part of the remedial action and DUSR;
- Test results or other evidence demonstrating that remedial systems are functioning properly;
- Account of the source area locations and characteristics of all contaminated material removed from the Site including a map showing source areas;
- Account of the disposal destination of all contaminated material removed from the Site. Documentation associated with disposal of all material will include transportation and disposal records, and letters approving receipt of the material.
- Account of the origin and required chemical quality testing for material imported onto the Site.
- Continue registration of the property with an E-Designation by the NYC Department of Buildings.
- Reports and supporting material will be submitted in digital form.

## **Remedial Action Report Certification**

The following certification will appear in front of the Executive Summary of the Remedial Action Report. The certification will include the following statements:

*I, \_\_\_\_\_, am currently a professional engineer licensed by the State of New York. I had primary direct responsibility for implementation of the remedial program for the Site name Site Site number.*

*I certify that the OER-approved Remedial Action Work Plan dated month day year and Stipulations in a letter dated month day, year; if any were implemented and that all requirements in those documents have been substantively complied with. I certify that contaminated soil, fill, liquids or other material from the property were taken to facilities licensed to accept this material in full compliance with applicable laws and regulations.*

## 7.0 SCHEDULE

The table below presents a schedule for the proposed remedial action and reporting. If the schedule for remediation and development activities changes, it will be updated and submitted to OER. Currently, a 6 month remediation period is anticipated.

Schedule Milestone	Weeks from Remedial Action Start	Duration (weeks)
OER Approval of RAWP	0	-
Fact Sheet 2 announcing start of remedy	0	-
Mobilization	1	1
Remedial Excavation	2	6
Demobilization	10	1
Record Declaration of Covenants and Restrictions	28	3
Submit Remedial Action Report	20	-

# **TABLES**

**TABLE 1**  
**Soil Cleanup Objectives**

Contaminant	CAS Number	Protection of Public Health				Protection of Ecological Resources	Protection of Ground-water
		Residential	Restricted-Residential	Commercial	Industrial		
<b>METALS</b>							
Arsenic	7440-38 -2	16 <sub>f</sub>	16 <sub>f</sub>	16 <sub>f</sub>	16 <sub>f</sub>	13 <sub>f</sub>	16 <sub>f</sub>
Barium	7440-39 -3	350 <sub>f</sub>	400	400	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	433	820
Beryllium	7440-41 -7	14	72	590	2,700	10	47
Cadmium	7440-43 -9	2.5 <sub>f</sub>	4.3	9.3	60	4	7.5
Chromium, hexavalent <sub>h</sub>	18540-29-9	22	110	400	800	1 <sub>e</sub>	19
Chromium, trivalent <sub>h</sub>	16065-83-1	36	180	1,500	6,800	41	NS
Copper	7440-50 -8	270	270	270	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	50	1,720
Total Cyanide <sub>h</sub>		27	27	27	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	NS	40
Lead	7439-92 -1	400	400	1,000	3,900	63 <sub>f</sub>	450
Manganese	7439-96 -5	2,000 <sub>f</sub>	2,000 <sub>f</sub>	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	1600 <sub>f</sub>	2,000 <sub>f</sub>
Total Mercury		0.81 <sub>j</sub>	0.81 <sub>j</sub>	2.8 <sub>j</sub>	5.7 <sub>j</sub>	0.18 <sub>f</sub>	0.73
Nickel	7440-02 -0	140	310	310	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	30	130
Selenium	7782-49 -2	36	180	1,500	6,800	3.9 <sub>f</sub>	4 <sub>f</sub>
Silver	7440-22 -4	36	180	1,500	6,800	2	8.3
Zinc	7440-66 -6	2200	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	10,000 <sub>d</sub>	109 <sub>f</sub>	2,480
<b>PESTICIDES / PCBs</b>							
2,4,5-TP Acid (Silvex)	93-72-1	58	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	3.8
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	1.8	8.9	62	120	0.0033 <sub>e</sub>	17
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	1.7	7.9	47	94	0.0033 <sub>e</sub>	136
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	2.6	13	92	180	0.0033 <sub>e</sub>	14
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.019	0.097	0.68	1.4	0.14	0.19
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.097	0.48	3.4	6.8	0.04 <sub>g</sub>	0.02
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.072	0.36	3	14	0.6	0.09
Chlordane (alpha)	5103-71 -9	0.91	4.2	24	47	1.3	2.9
delta-BHC	319-86-8	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	0.04 <sub>g</sub>	0.25
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	14	59	350	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	210
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.039	0.2	1.4	2.8	0.006	0.1
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	4.8 <sub>i</sub>	24 <sub>i</sub>	200 <sub>i</sub>	920 <sub>i</sub>	NS	102
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	4.8 <sub>i</sub>	24 <sub>i</sub>	200 <sub>i</sub>	920 <sub>i</sub>	NS	102
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07 -8	4.8 <sub>i</sub>	24 <sub>i</sub>	200 <sub>i</sub>	920 <sub>i</sub>	NS	1,000 <sub>c</sub>
Endrin	72-20-8	2.2	11	89	410	0.014	0.06
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.42	2.1	15	29	0.14	0.38
Lindane	58-89-9	0.28	1.3	9.2	23	6	0.1
Polychlorinated biphenyls	1336-36 -3	1	1	1	25	1	3.2
<b>SEMI-VOLATILES</b>							
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	20	98
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	107
Anthracene	120-12-7	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	1,000 <sub>c</sub>
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	1 <sub>f</sub>	1 <sub>f</sub>	5.6	11	NS	1 <sub>f</sub>
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	1 <sub>f</sub>	1 <sub>f</sub>	1 <sub>f</sub>	1.1	2.6	22
Benzo(b) fluoranthene	205-99-2	1 <sub>f</sub>	1 <sub>f</sub>	5.6	11	NS	1.7
Benzo(g,h,i) perylene	191-24-2	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	1,000 <sub>c</sub>
Benzo(k) fluoranthene	207-08-9	1	3.9	56	110	NS	1.7
Chrysene	218-01-9	1 <sub>f</sub>	3.9	56	110	NS	1 <sub>f</sub>
Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	53-70-3	0.33 <sub>e</sub>	0.33 <sub>e</sub>	0.56	1.1	NS	1,000 <sub>c</sub>
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	1,000 <sub>c</sub>
Fluorene	86-73-7	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	30	386
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	193-39-5	0.5 <sub>f</sub>	0.5 <sub>f</sub>	5.6	11	NS	8.2
m-Cresol	108-39-4	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	0.33 <sub>e</sub>
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	12
o-Cresol	95-48-7	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	0.33 <sub>e</sub>
p-Cresol	106-44-5	34	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	0.33 <sub>e</sub>
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	2.4	6.7	6.7	55	0.8 <sub>e</sub>	0.8 <sub>e</sub>
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	1,000 <sub>c</sub>
Phenol	108-95-2	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	30	0.33 <sub>e</sub>
Pyrene	129-00-0	100 <sub>a</sub>	100 <sub>a</sub>	500 <sub>b</sub>	1,000 <sub>c</sub>	NS	1,000 <sub>c</sub>

**TABLE 1**  
**Soil Cleanup Objectives**

Contaminant	CAS Number	Protection of Public Health				Protection of Ecological Resources	Protection of Ground-water
		Residential	Restricted-Residential	Commercial	Industrial		
<b>VOLATILES</b>							
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	0.68
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	19	26	240	480	NS	0.27
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	0.33
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	1.1
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	2.3	3.1	30	60	10	0.02 <sup>d</sup>
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-59-2	59	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	0.25
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	0.19
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	17	49	280	560	NS	2.4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	9.8	13	130	250	20	1.8
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	9.8	13	130	250	0.1 <sup>e</sup>	0.1 <sup>e</sup>
Acetone	67-64-1	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>b</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	2.2	0.05
Benzene	71-43-2	2.9	4.8	44	89	70	0.06
Butylbenzene	104-51-8	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	12
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	1.4	2.4	22	44	NS	0.76
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	40	1.1
Chloroform	67-66-3	10	49	350	700	12	0.37
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	30	41	390	780	NS	1
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.33 <sup>e</sup>	1.2	6	12	NS	3.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	0.12
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1634-04 -4	62	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	0.93
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	51	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	12	0.05
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	3.9
sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	11
tert-Butylbenzene	98-06-6	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	NS	5.9
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	5.5	19	150	300	2	1.3
Toluene	108-88-3	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	36	0.7
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	10	21	200	400	2	0.47
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	47	52	190	380	NS	3.6
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	47	52	190	380	NS	8.4
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.21	0.9	13	27	NS	0.02
Xylene (mixed)	1330-20 -7	100 <sup>a</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	500 <sup>b</sup>	1,000 <sup>c</sup>	0.26	1.6

All soil cleanup objectives (SCOs) are in parts per million (ppm). NS=Not specified. See Technical Support Document (TSD). Footnotes

a The SCOs for residential, restricted-residential and ecological resources use were capped at a maximum value of 100 ppm. See TSD section 9.3.

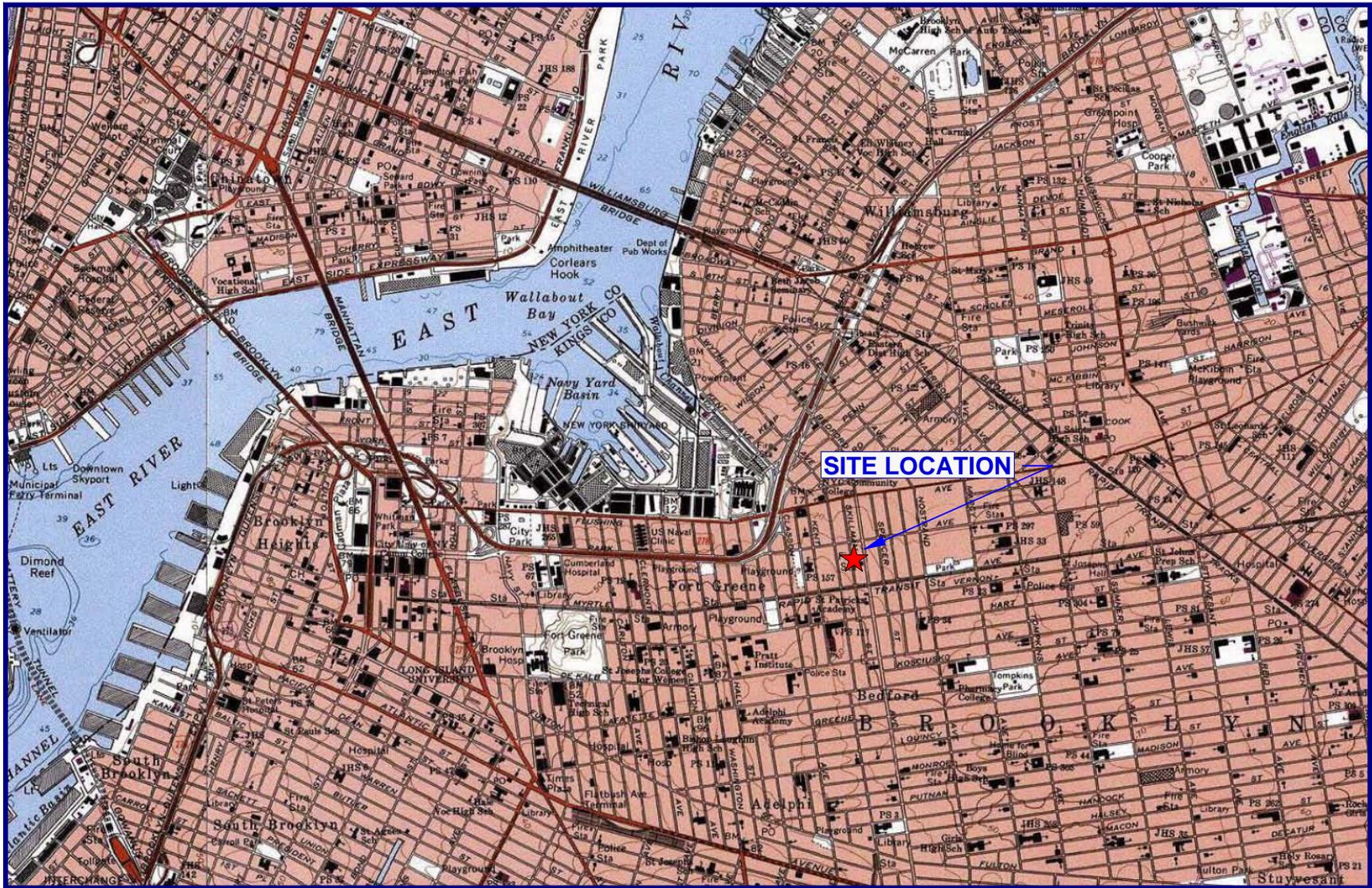
b The SCOs for commercial use were capped at a maximum value of 500 ppm. See TSD section 9.3.

c The SCOs for industrial use and the protection of groundwater were capped at a maximum value of 1000 ppm. See TSD section 9.3.

d The SCOs for metals were capped at a maximum value of 10,000 ppm. See TSD section 9.3.

e For constituents where the calculated SCO was lower than the contract required quantitation limit (CRQL), the CRQL is used as the SCO value.

# **FIGURES**



40°43.000' N

40°42.000' N

40°41.000' N

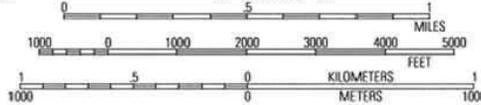
74°00.000' W

73°59.000' W

73°58.000' W

73°57.000' W

WGS84 73°56.000' W



USGS Brooklyn Quadrangle 1995, Contour Interval = 10 feet



**ENVIRONMENTAL BUSINESS CONSULTANTS**  
1808 MIDDLE COUNTRY ROAD, RIDGE, NY 11961

Phone 631.504.6000  
Fax 631.924.2780

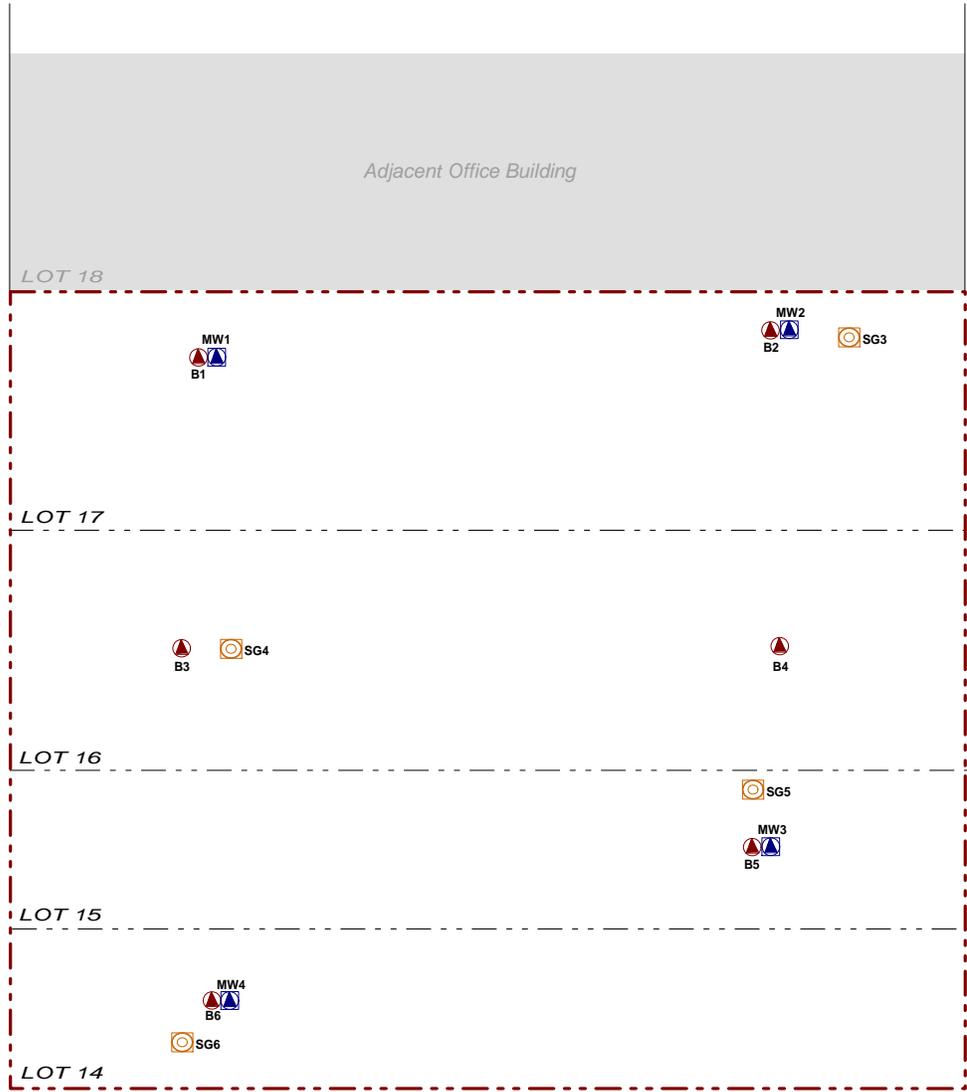
**81 - 89 SKILLMAN AVENUE  
BROOKLYN, NY**

**FIGURE 1 SITE LOCATION MAP**



SKILLMAN STREET

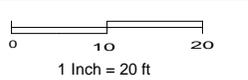
SIDEWALK



**Key:**

-  Site Boundary
-  Groundwater Sampling Location
-  Soil Boring Location
-  Soil Gas Location

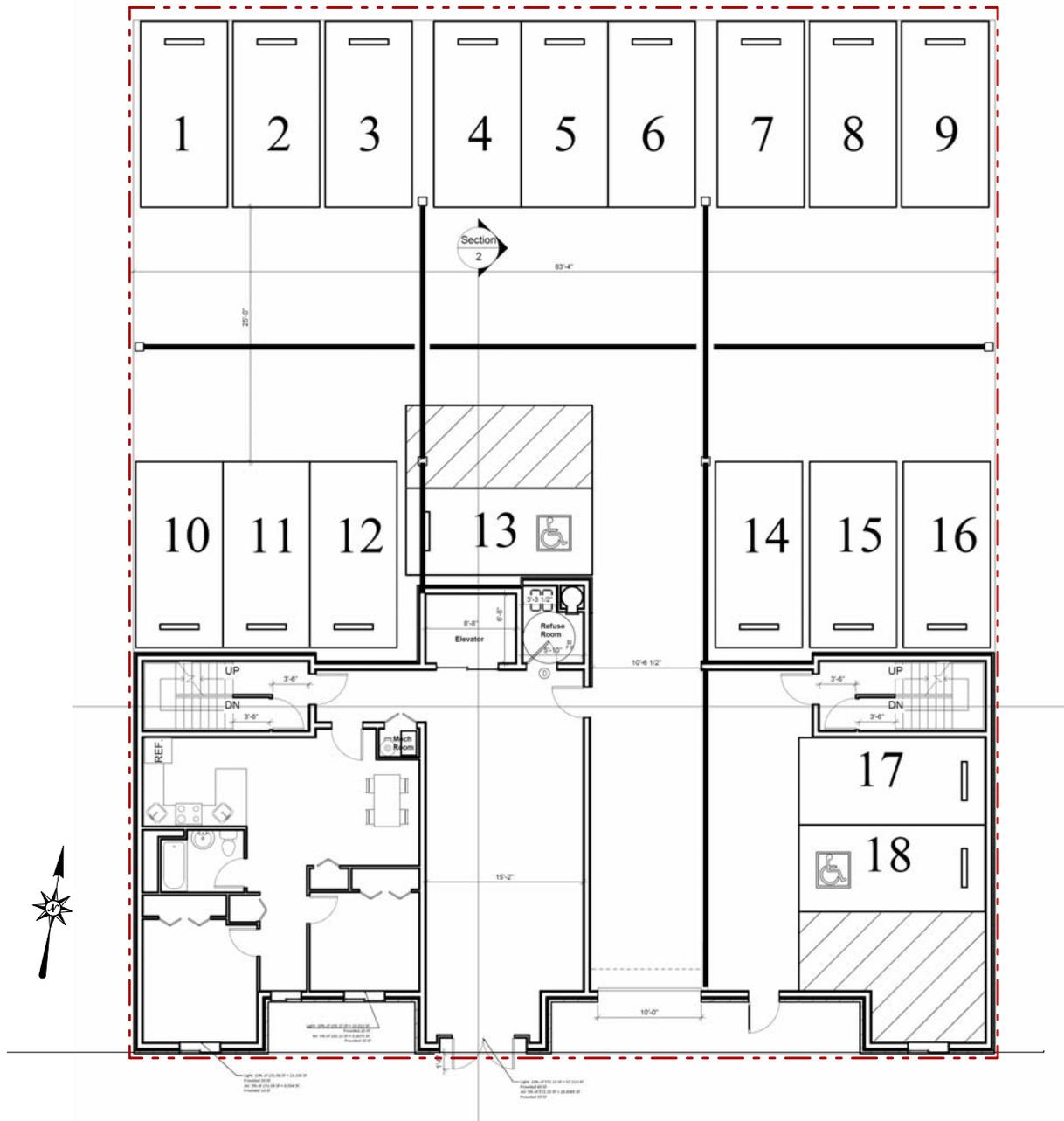
**Scale:**



**EBC**  
ENVIRONMENTAL BUSINESS CONSULTANTS  
Phone 631.504.6000  
Fax 631.924.2870

83-89 SKILLMAN STREET  
BROOKLYN, NY

**FIGURE 2** SITE PLAN

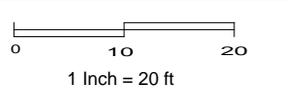


# SKILLMAN STREET

**Key:**

--- Site Boundary

**Scale:**



**ENVIRONMENTAL BUSINESS CONSULTANTS**

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 Fax 631.924.2870

83-89 SKILLMAN STREET  
 BROOKLYN, NY

**FIGURE 3 REDEVELOPMENT PLAN**

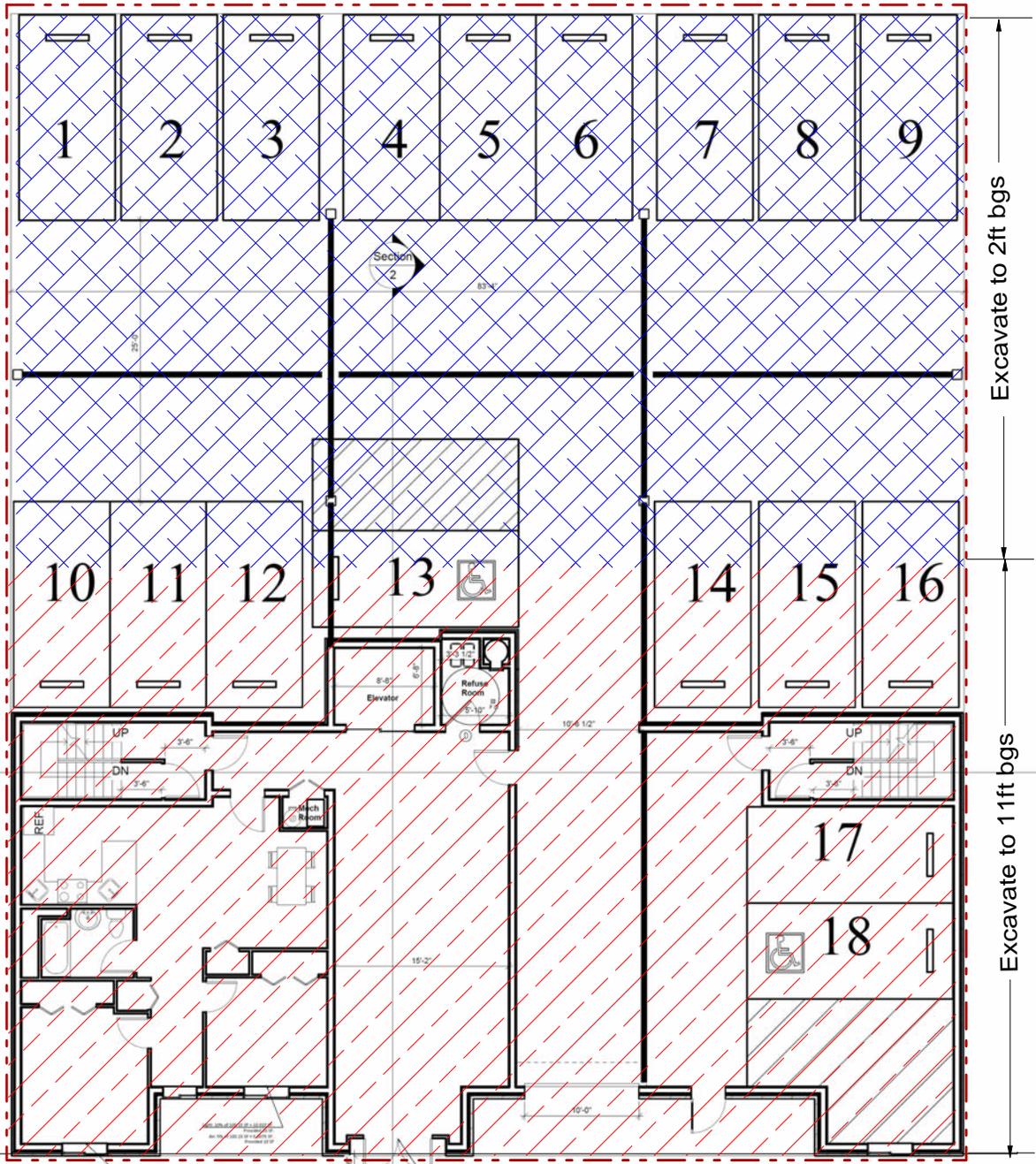


**FIGURE 4**  
**SURROUNDING LAND USE MAP**

83-89 SKILLMAN STREET  
 BROOKLYN, NY 11206

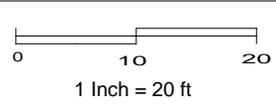


**ENVIRONMENTAL BUSINESS CONSULTANTS**  
 1808 MIDDLE COUNTRY ROAD, RIDGE, NEW YORK 11961  
 PHONE: (631) 504-6000 FAX: (631) 924-2870



**Key:**

-  Cap with 4" Thick Concrete Cellar Slab
-  Cap with 4" Thick Concrete Across Entire Rear Parking Area



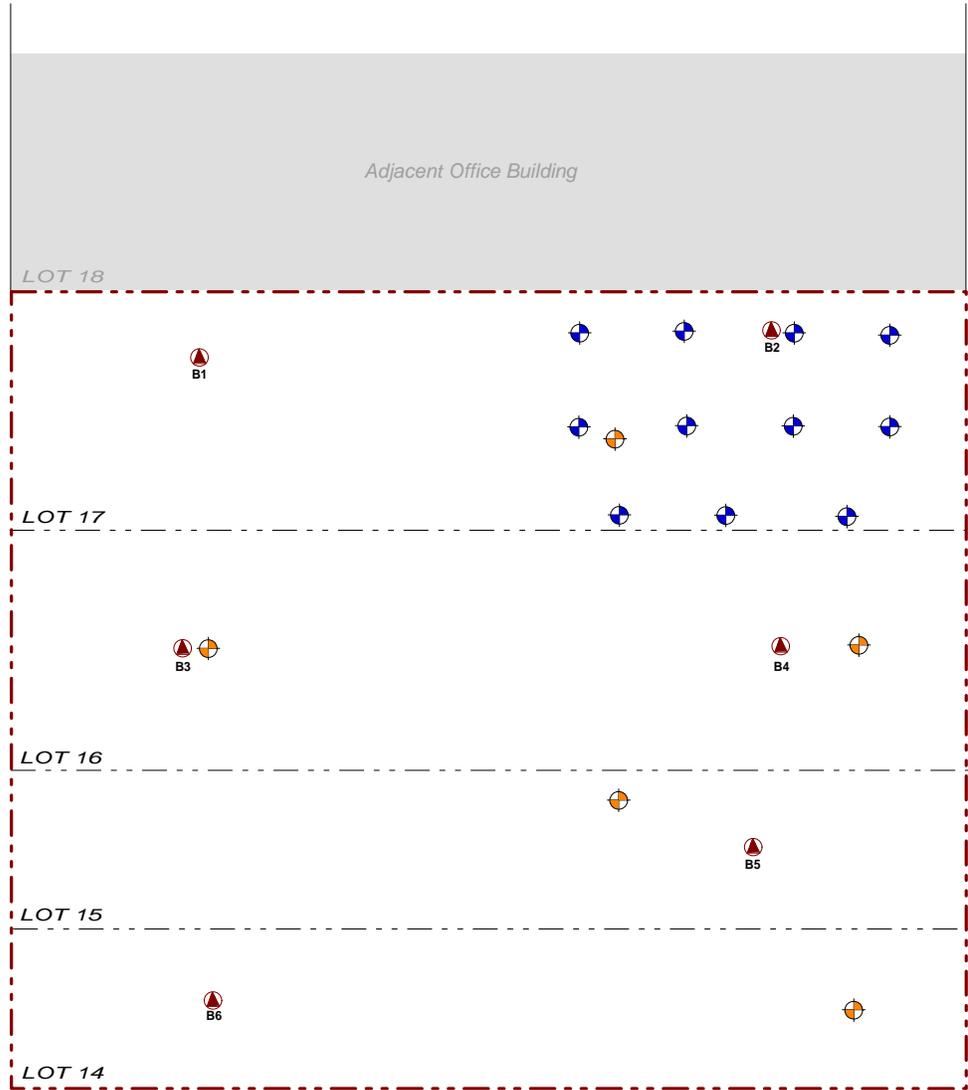
# SKILLMAN STREET

 <b>BBC</b> ENVIRONMENTAL BUSINESS CONSULTANTS	Phone 631.504.6000 Fax 631.924.2870	<b>83-89 SKILLMAN STREET</b> <b>BROOKLYN, NY</b>
	<b>FIGURE 5</b> EXCAVATION AND CAPPING PLAN	



SKILLMAN STREET

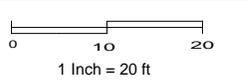
SIDEWALK



**Key:**

-  Site Boundary
-  RI Soil Boring Location
-  Endpoint Sample Location
-  PCB Endpoint Sample Location

**Scale:**

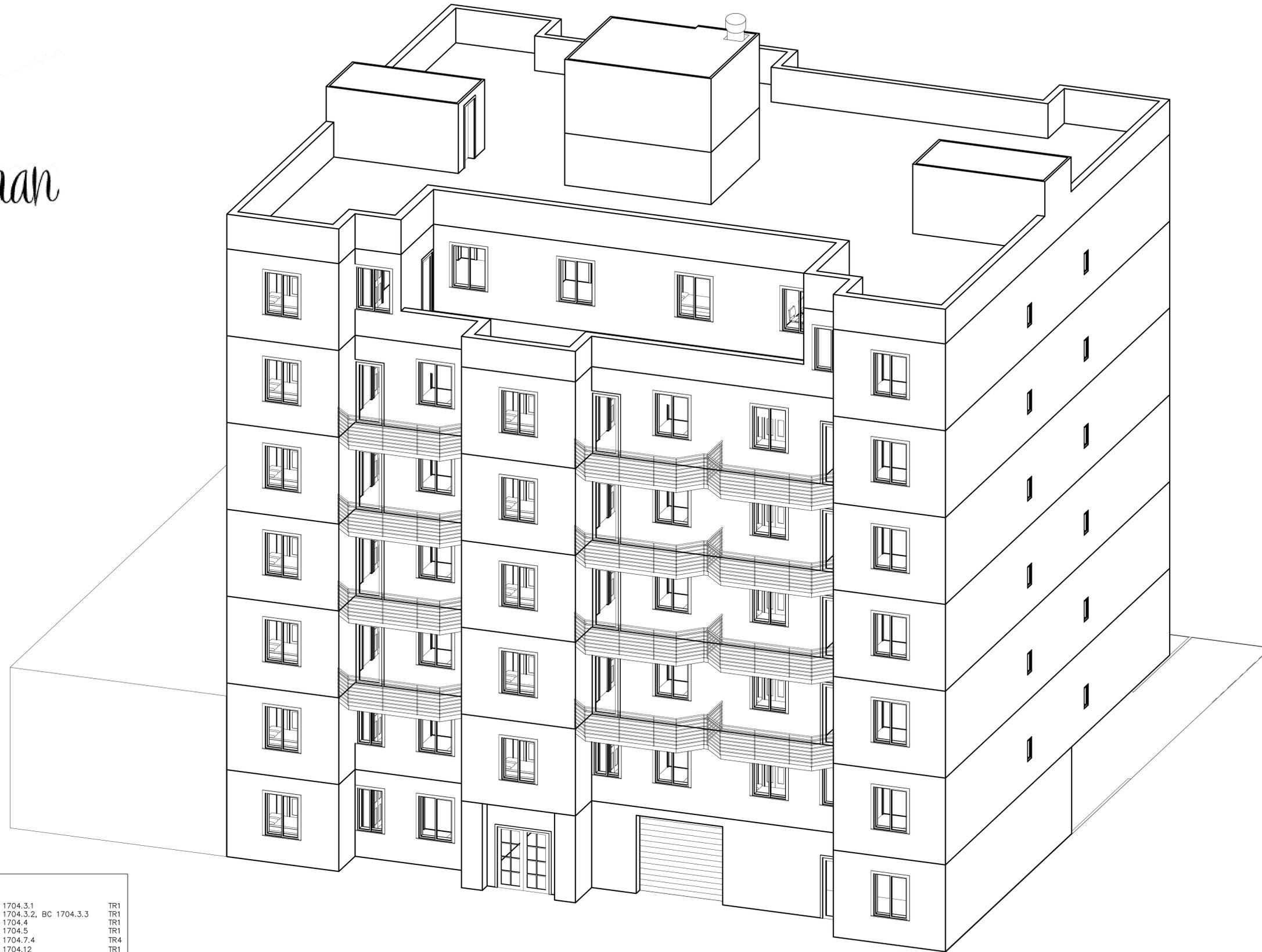


Phone 631.504.6000  
Fax 631.924.2870

83-89 SKILLMAN STREET  
BROOKLYN, NY

**FIGURE 6** ENDPOINT SAMPLING PLAN

**ATTACHMENT A**  
**PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLANS**



① Front 3D

CONTROLLED INSPECTIONS:

1. STRUCTURAL STEEL-WELDING	BC 1704.3.1	TR1
2. STRUCTURAL STEEL-ERECTION & BOLTING	BC 1704.3.2, BC 1704.3.3	TR1
3. CONCRETE-CAST-IN-PLACE	BC 1704.4	TR1
4. MASONRY	BC 1704.5	TR1
5. SOILS - INVESTIGATIONS(BORING/TEST PITS)	BC 1704.7.4	TR4
6. EXTERIOR INSULATION FINISH SYSTEMS (EIFS)	BC 1704.12	TR1
7. EXCAVATION-SHEETING, SHORING AND BRACING	BC 1704.19, BC 3304.4.1	TR1
8. FIRESTOP,DRAFTSTOP, AND FIREBLOCK SYSTEMS	BC 1704.25	TR1
9. CONCRETE TEST CYLINDERS	BC 1905.6	TR2
10. CONCRETE DESIGN MIX	BC 1905.3	TR3
11. PRELIMINARY	28-116.2.1, BC 109.2	TR1
12. FOOTING AND FOUNDATION	BC 109.3.1	TR1
13. FIRE RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION	BC 109.3.4	TR1
14. EXTERIOR INSULATION FINISH SYSTEM (EIFS)	BC 1704.12	TR1
15. PROTECTION OF FOUNDATION INSULATION	BC 109.3.5	TR8
16. INSULATION PLACEMENT AND R VALUES	BC 109.3.5	TR8
17. PENETRATION THERMAL VALUES AND RATINGS	BC 109.3.5	TR8
18. HVAC AND SERVICE WATER HEATING EQUIPMENT	BC 109.3.5	TR8
19. HVAC AND SERVICE WATER HEATING CONTROLS	BC 109.3.5	TR8
20. LIGHTING IN DWELLING UNIT	BC 109.3.5	TR8
21. INTERIOR LIGHTING POWER	BC 109.3.5	TR8
22. EXTERIOR LIGHTING POWER	BC 109.3.5	TR8
23. LIGHTING CONTROLS	BC 109.3.5	TR8
24. EXIT SIGNS	BC 109.3.5	TR8

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
**Skillman Suites LLC**  
  
316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
**The BAC Group, LTD.**  
  
366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY 11211  
Tel: 1-(718)-599-1559  
Fax: 1-(718)-599-1865

Architect:  
  
**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
**New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY**

**Front 3D**

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

**T-100.00**

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 3/16" = 1'-0"

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1 Rear 3D

85

*Skillman*

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.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

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Architect:  
  
Jeffrey Kamen, RA  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
  
New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

Rear 3D

Project Number:	5009
Date:	1 April 2013
Drawn By:	S.H.T.
Checked By:	N.T.

T-101.00

Sheet:	1 of 30
Scale:	3/16" = 1'-0"

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Architect:  
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New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

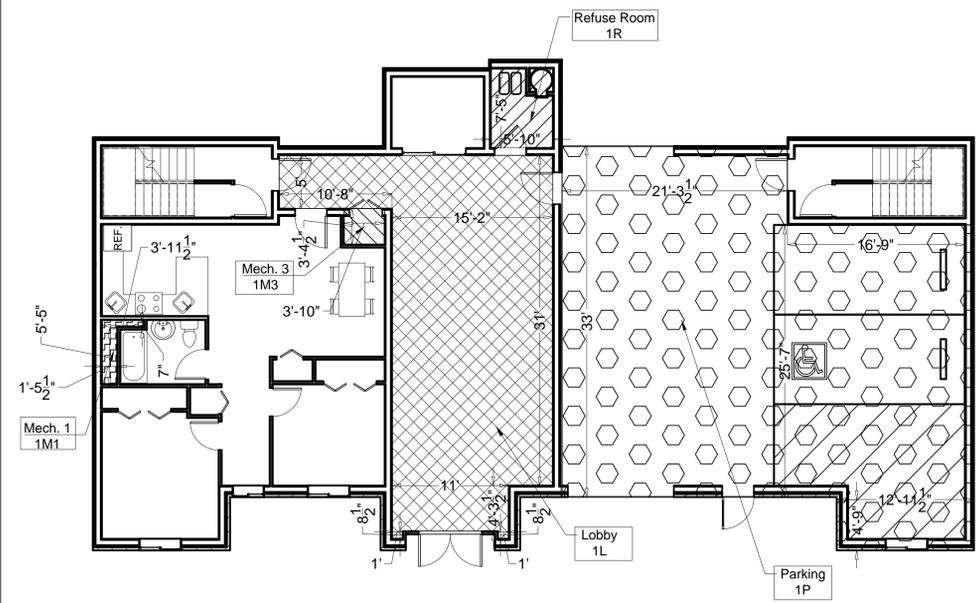
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New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
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Deductions

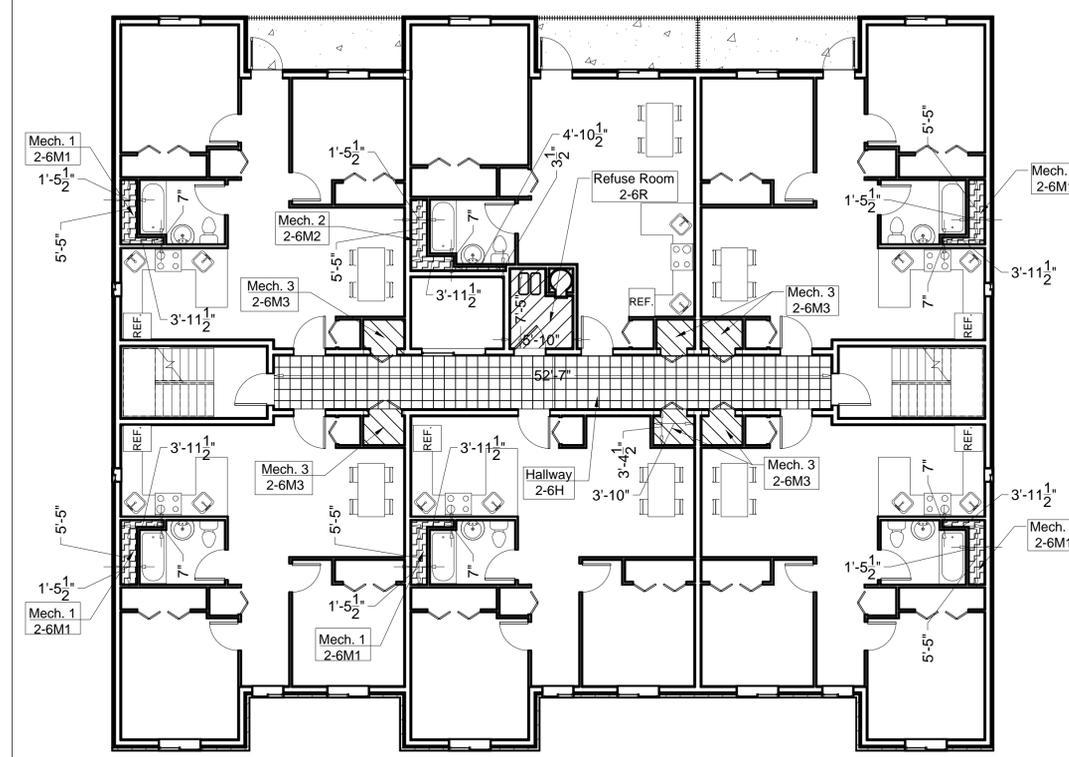
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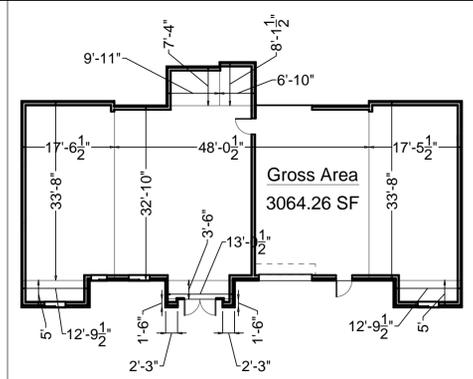
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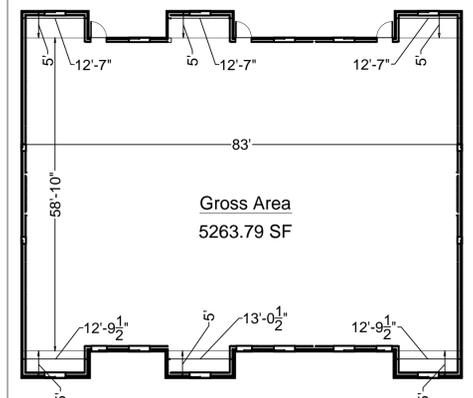
1 1st Floor  
1/8" = 1'-0"



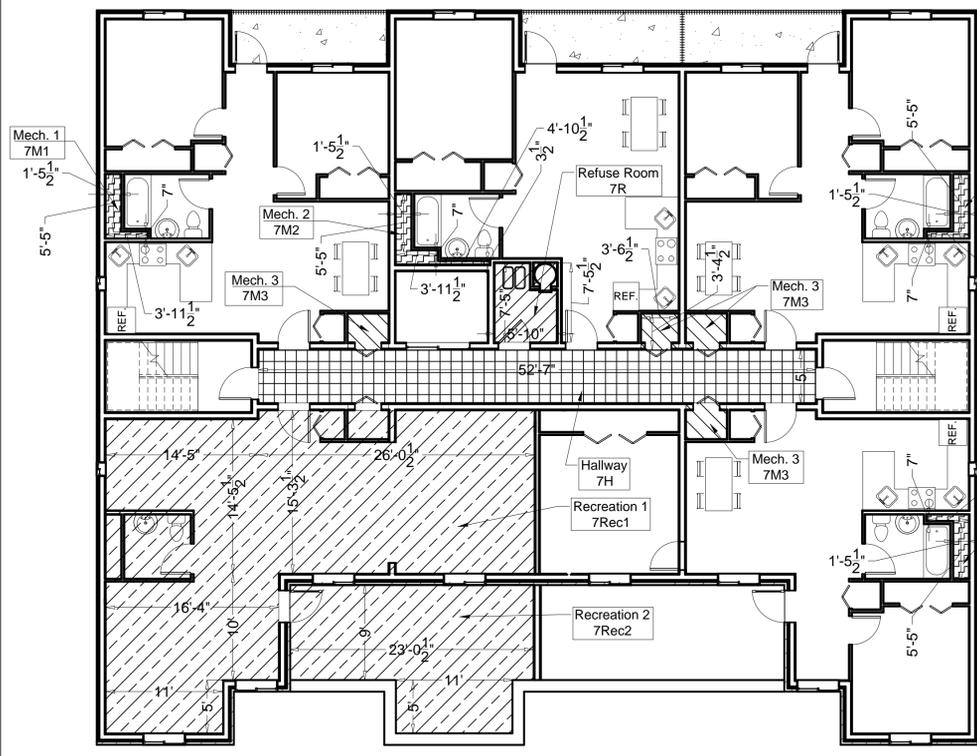
2 2nd - 6th Floor  
1/8" = 1'-0"



5 1st Floor  
1/16" = 1'-0"



6 2nd-6th Floor  
1/16" = 1'-0"



3 7th Floor  
1/8" = 1'-0"

Name	Number	Area Calculation	Allowed Max Deduction	Deduction
Lobby	1L	$(31'-0" \times 15'-2") + (11'-0" \times 4'-3.5") + (1'-0" \times 0'-8.5") + (10'-8" \times 5'-0") = 572.13 \text{ SF}$	50% + 50%	572.13 SF
Refuse Room	1R	$(5'-10" \times 7'-5") = 43.26 \text{ SF}$	12 SF	12.00 SF
Mech. 3	1M3	$(3'-10" \times 3'-4.5") = 12.94 \text{ SF}$	100%	12.94 SF
Parking	1P	$(21'-3.5" \times 33'-0") + (25'-7" \times 16'-9") + (12'-11.5" \times 4'-9") = 1192.75 \text{ SF}$	100%	1192.70 SF
Total Deduction:				1789.77 SF

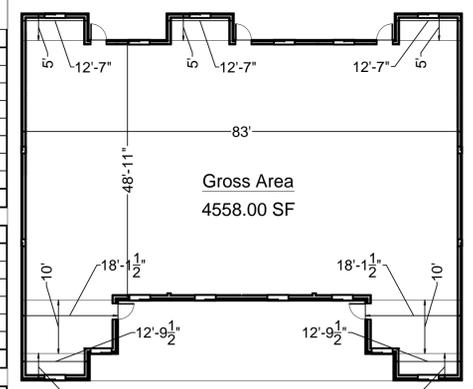
Name	Number	Area Calculation	Allowed Max Deduction	Deduction
Hallway	2-6H	$(52'-7" \times 5'-0") = 262.92 \text{ SF}$	50%	131.46 SF
Refuse Room	2-6R	$(5'-10" \times 7'-5") = 43.26 \text{ SF}$	12 SF	12.00 SF
Mech. 1	2-6M1	$(5'-5" \times 1'-5.5") + (3'-11.5" \times 0'-7") = 10.21 \text{ SF} \times \text{Qty } 5 = 51.05$	100%	51.05 SF
Mech. 2	2-6M2	$(5'-5" \times 1'-5.5") + (3'-11.5" \times 0'-7") + (4'-10.5" \times 0'-3.5") = 11.63 \text{ SF}$	100%	11.63 SF
Mech. 3	2-6M3	$(3'-10" \times 3'-4.5") = 12.94 \text{ SF} \times \text{Qty. } 6 = 77.64$	100%	77.64 SF
Total Deduction:				283.78 SF

Name	Number	Area Calculation	Allowed Max Deduction	Deduction
Hallway	7H	$(52'-7" \times 5'-0") = 262.92 \text{ SF}$	50%	131.46 SF
Refuse Room	7R	$(5'-10" \times 7'-5") = 43.26 \text{ SF}$	12 SF	12.00 SF
Mech. 1	7M1	$(5'-5" \times 1'-5.5") + (3'-11.5" \times 0'-7") = 10.21 \text{ SF} \times \text{Qty } 3 = 30.63$	100%	30.63 SF
Mech. 2	7M2	$(5'-5" \times 1'-5.5") + (3'-11.5" \times 0'-7") + (4'-10.5" \times 0'-3.5") = 11.63 \text{ SF}$	100%	11.63 SF
Mech. 3	7M3	$(3'-10" \times 3'-4.5") = 12.94 \text{ SF} \times \text{Qty. } 4 = 51.76 \text{ SF}$	100%	51.76 SF
Recreation 1	7Rec1	$(14'-5.5" \times 14'-5") + (15'-3.5" \times 26'-0.5") + (16'-4" \times 10'-0") + (11'-0" \times 5'-0") = 824.99 \text{ SF}$	100%	824.99 SF
Recreation 2	7Rec2	$(23'-0.5" \times 9'-0") + (11'-0" \times 5'-0") = 262.38 \text{ SF}$	100%	262.38 SF
Total Deduction:				1324.85 SF

Gross Area	Level	Gross SF	Deduction SF	Net SF
Floor 1 Gross	1	$(48'-0.5" \times 32'-10") + (33'-8" \times 17'-6.5") + (33'-8" \times 17'-5.5") + [(12'-9.5" \times 5'-0") \times 2] + (13'-0.5" \times 3'-6") + (9'-11" \times 7'-4") + (8'-1.5" \times 6'-10") + [(2'-3" \times 1'-6") \times 2] = 3064.26 \text{ SF}$		
Floor 2-6 Gross	2-6	$(83'-0" \times 58'-10") + [(12'-7" \times 5'-0") \times 3] + [(12'-9.5" \times 5'-0") \times 3] = 5263.79 \text{ SF}$		
Floor 7 Gross	7	$(83'-0" \times 48'-11") + [(18'-1.5" \times 10'-0") \times 2] + [(12'-9.5" \times 5'-0") \times 2] + [(12'-7" \times 5'-0") \times 3] = 4793.25 \text{ SF}$		

Level	Gross SF	Deduction SF	Net SF
1	3064.26 SF	1789.77 SF	1274.49 SF
2	5263.79 SF	283.78 SF	4980.01 SF
3	5263.79 SF	283.78 SF	4980.01 SF
4	5263.79 SF	283.78 SF	4980.01 SF
5	5263.79 SF	283.78 SF	4980.01 SF
6	5263.79 SF	283.78 SF	4980.01 SF
7	4793.25 SF	1324.85 SF	3468.40 SF
Total Area			29642.94 SF

4 Deduction Calculation



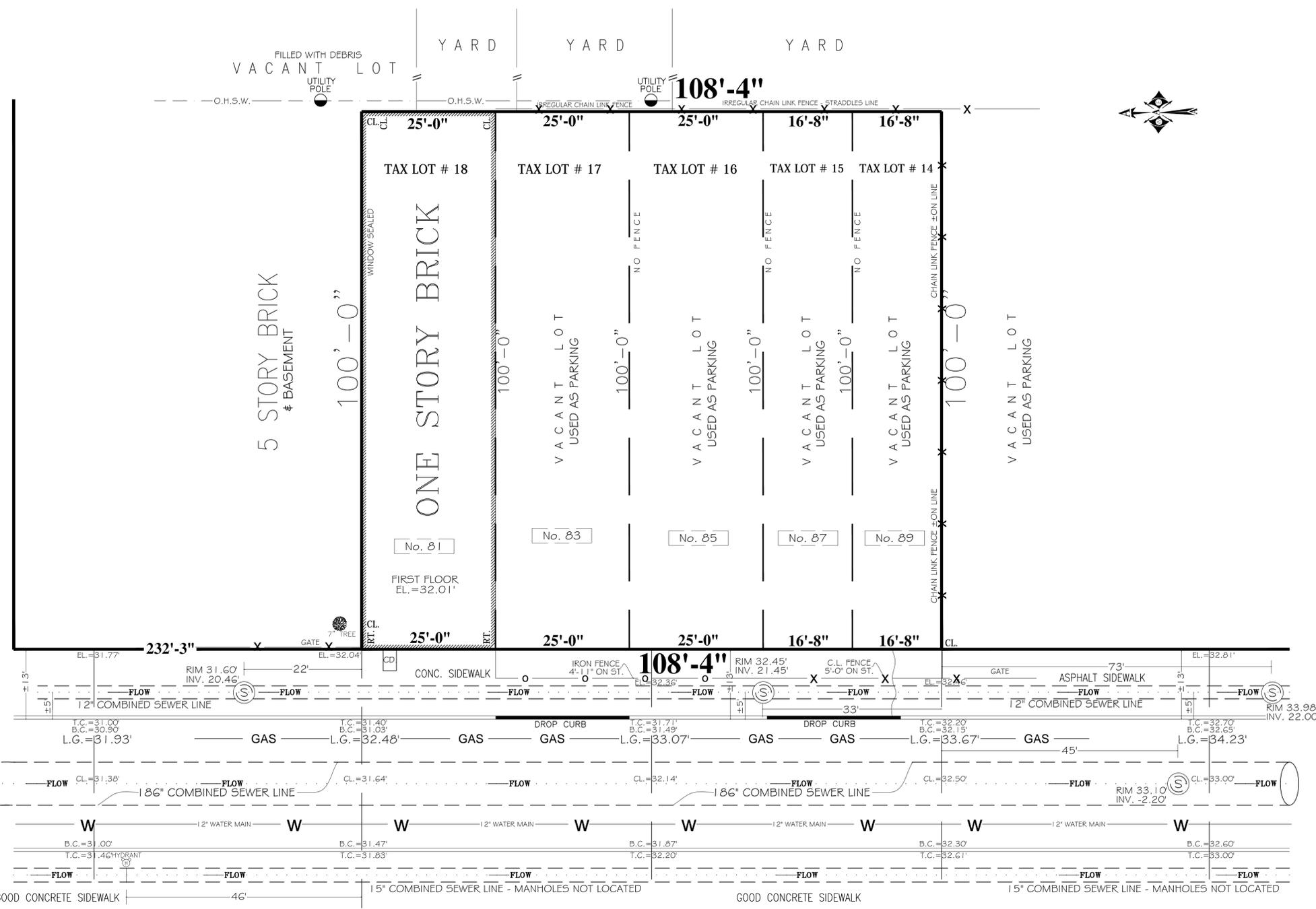
7 7th Floor  
1/16" = 1'-0"

### Room Legend

- Hallway
- Lobby
- Refuse Room
- Mechanical 1&2&3
- Recreation Room
- Parking

8 Legend

PARK (70' WIDE) AVENUE



SKILLMAN (50' WIDE) STREET

SURVEYED :  
DECEMBER 3, 2012  
UPDATED :  
UPDATED :  
SCALE: 1"=20'  
BLOCK: 1900  
LOT(S): 14,15,16,17&18  
SECTION: 7  
COUNTY: KINGS  
DWG BY: AAA-J

Revisions		
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Architectural Survey

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

Z-103.00

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 3/32" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker

85

Skillman

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85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

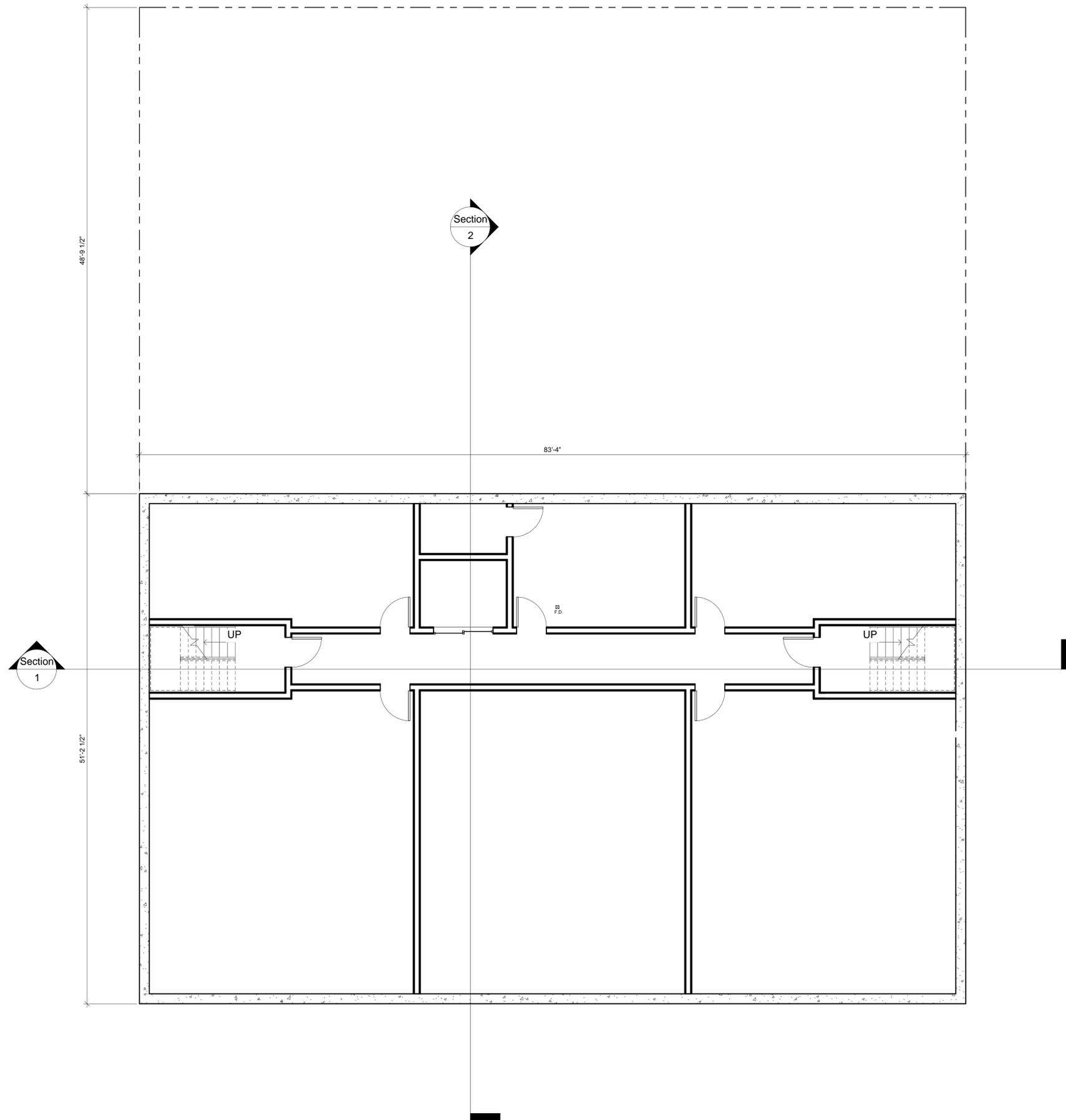
Floor Plan: Cellar

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

A-100.00

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker



85

Skillman

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
**Skillman Suites LLC**  
 316A Himrod St.  
 Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
**The BAC Group, LTD.**  
 366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY 11211  
 Tel: 1-(718)-599-1559  
 Fax: 1-(718)-599-1865

Architect:  
**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**  
 320 Bond Street  
 New York, NY 10012  
 Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
 License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
**New Development @  
 85 Skillman Street  
 Brooklyn, NY**

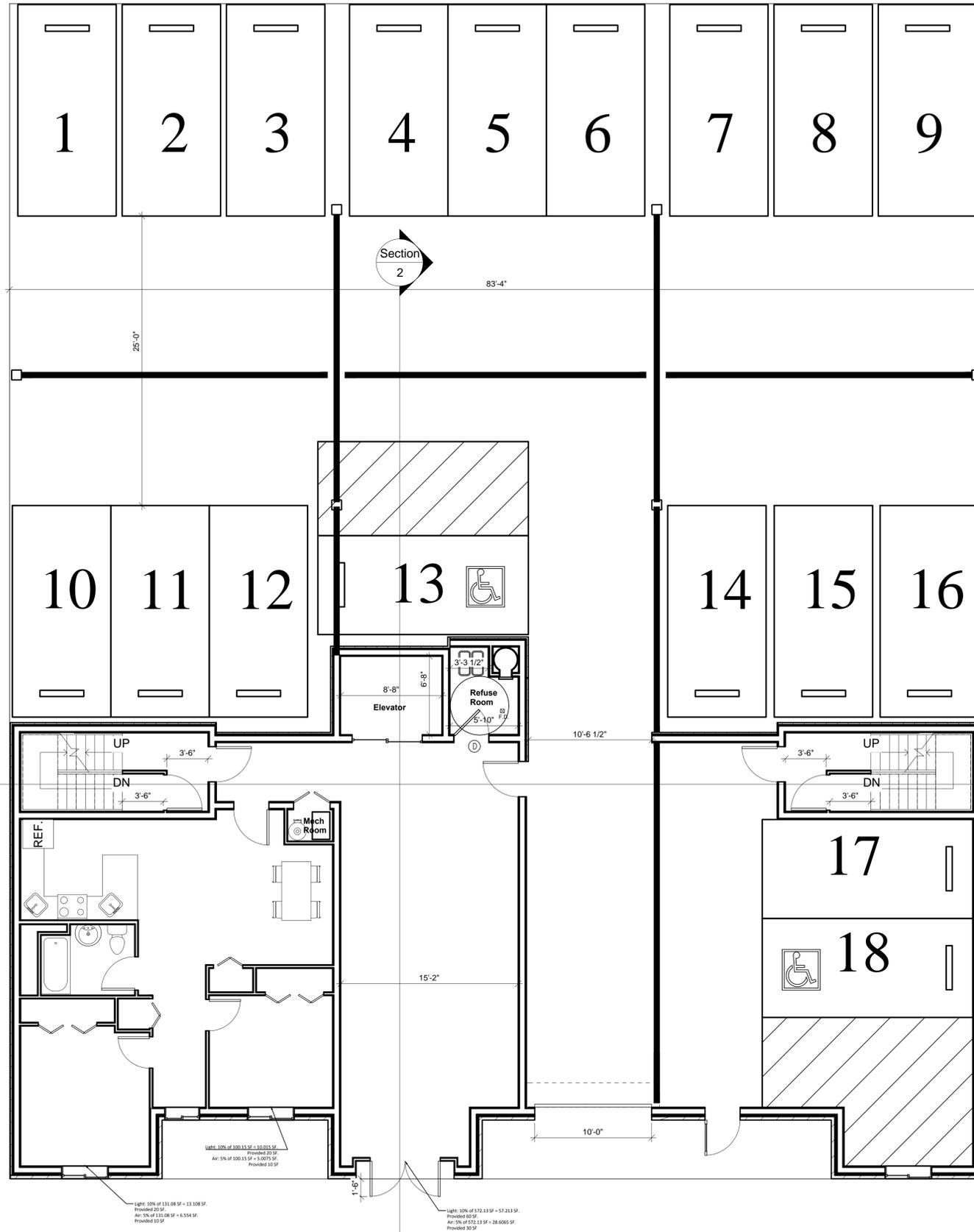
**Floor Plan: 1st Floor**

Project Number: 5009  
 Date: 1 April 2013  
 Drawn By: S.H.T.  
 Checked By: N.T.

**A-101.00**

Sheet: 1 of 30  
 Scale: 3/16" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker



Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
**Skillman Suites LLC**  
  
316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
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Tel: 1-(718)-599-1559  
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Architect:  
  
**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
**New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY**

**Floor Plan: 2nd Floor**

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

**A-102.00**  
  
Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"  
DOB Scan Sticker



Section  
2

Section  
1

Section 2

Section 1



Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
**Skillman Suites LLC**  
 316A Himrod St.  
 Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
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 366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY 11211  
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Architect:  
**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**  
 320 Bond Street  
 New York, NY 10012  
 Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
 License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
**New Development @  
 85 Skillman Street  
 Brooklyn, NY**

Floor Plan:  
**3rd - 6th Floor**

Project Number: 5009  
 Date: 1 April 2013  
 Drawn By: S.H.T.  
 Checked By: N.T.

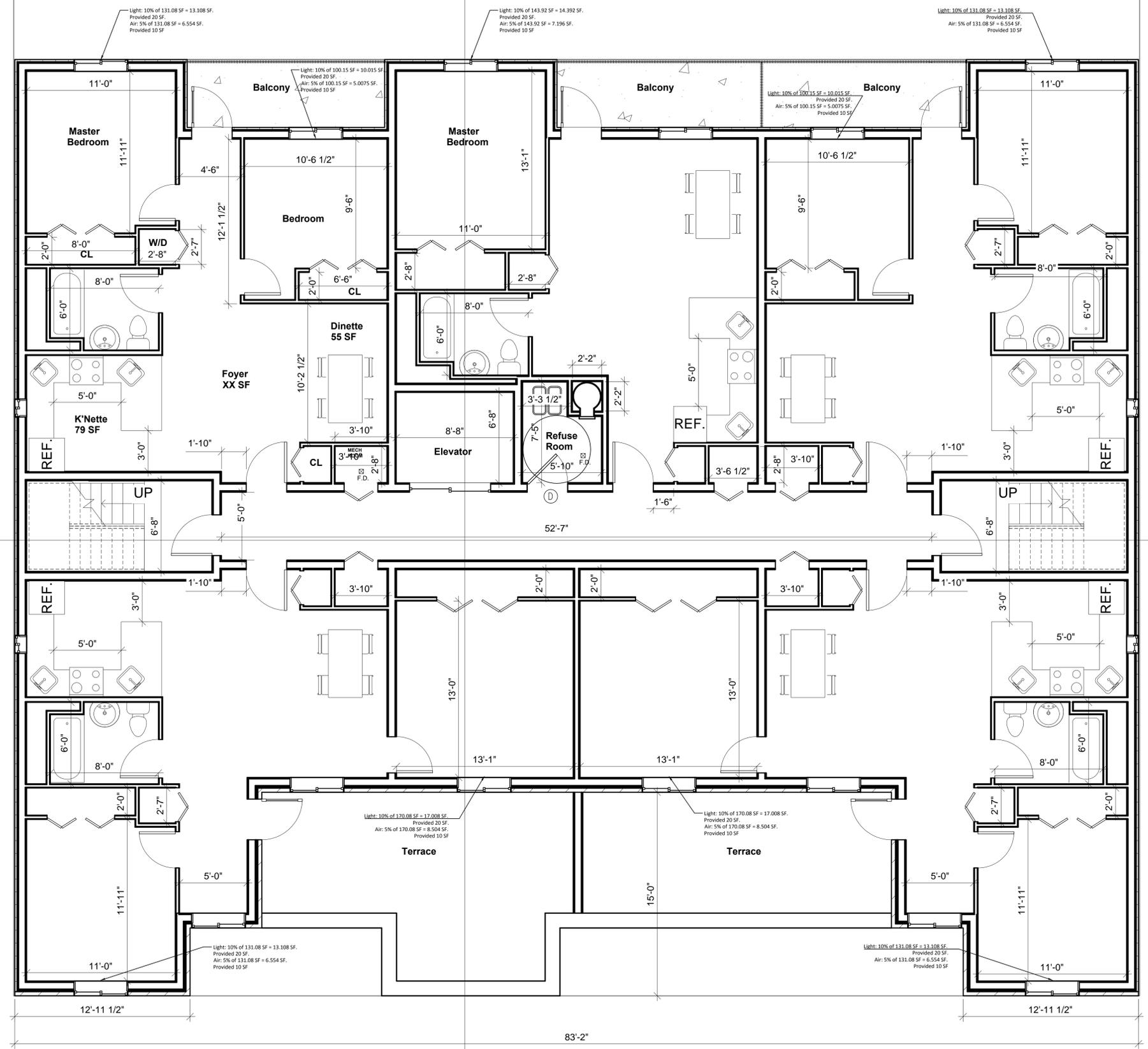
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Sheet: 1 of 30  
 Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker

Section 2

Section 1



Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
**Skillman Suites LLC**  
 316A Himrod St.  
 Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
**The BAC Group, LTD.**  
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Architect:  
**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**  
 320 Bond Street  
 New York, NY 10012  
 Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
 License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
**New Development @  
 85 Skillman Street  
 Brooklyn, NY**

**Floor Plan: 7th Floor**

Project Number: 5009  
 Date: 1 April 2013  
 Drawn By: S.H.T.  
 Checked By: N.T.

**A-104.00**

Sheet: 1 of 30  
 Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker

85

*Skillman*

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
  
Skillman Suites LLC  
  
316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
  
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366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY  
11211  
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Fax: 1-(718)-599-1865

Architect:  
  
Jeffrey Kamen, RA  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
  
New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

Floor Plan: Roof

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

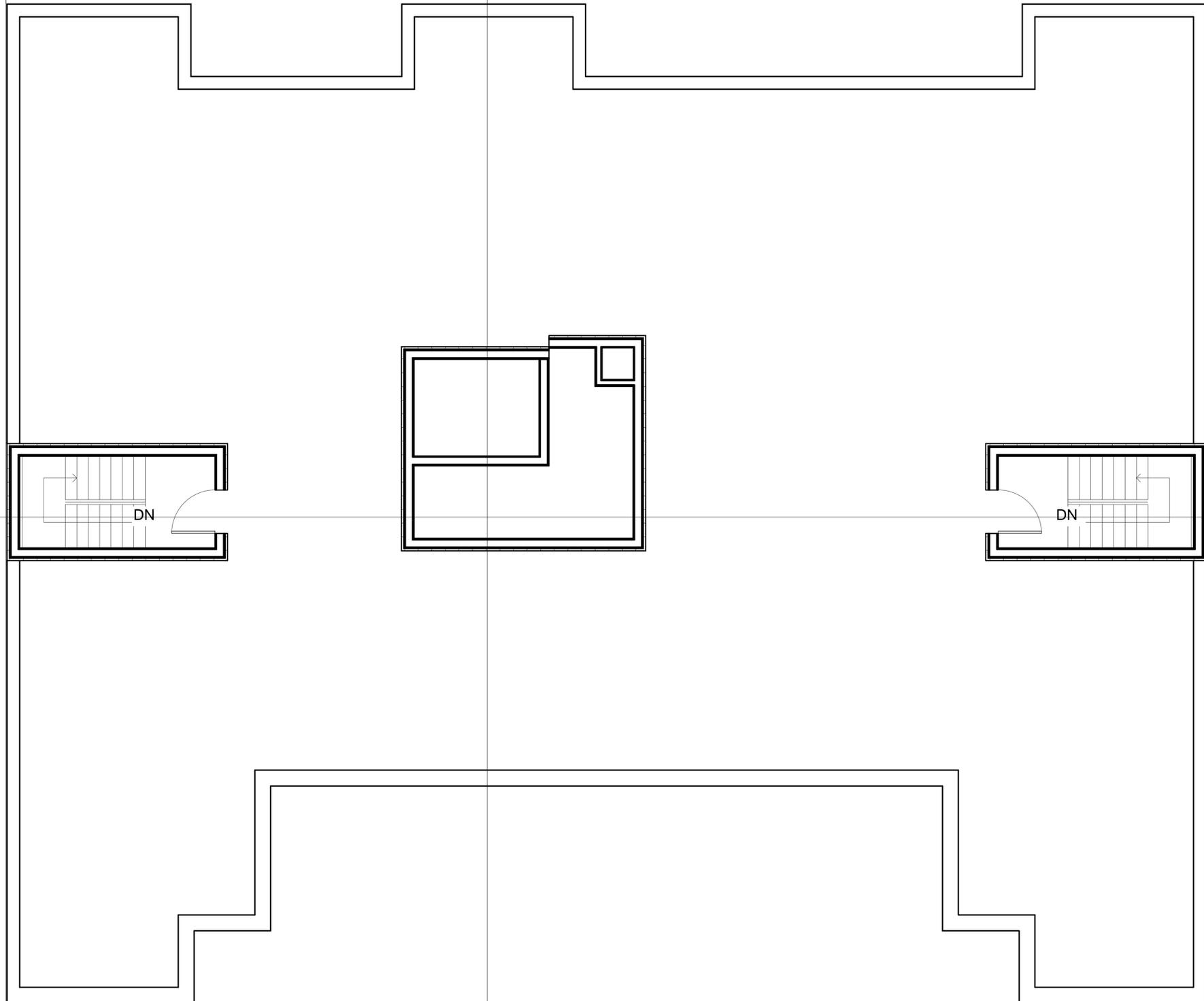
A-105.00

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker

Section  
2

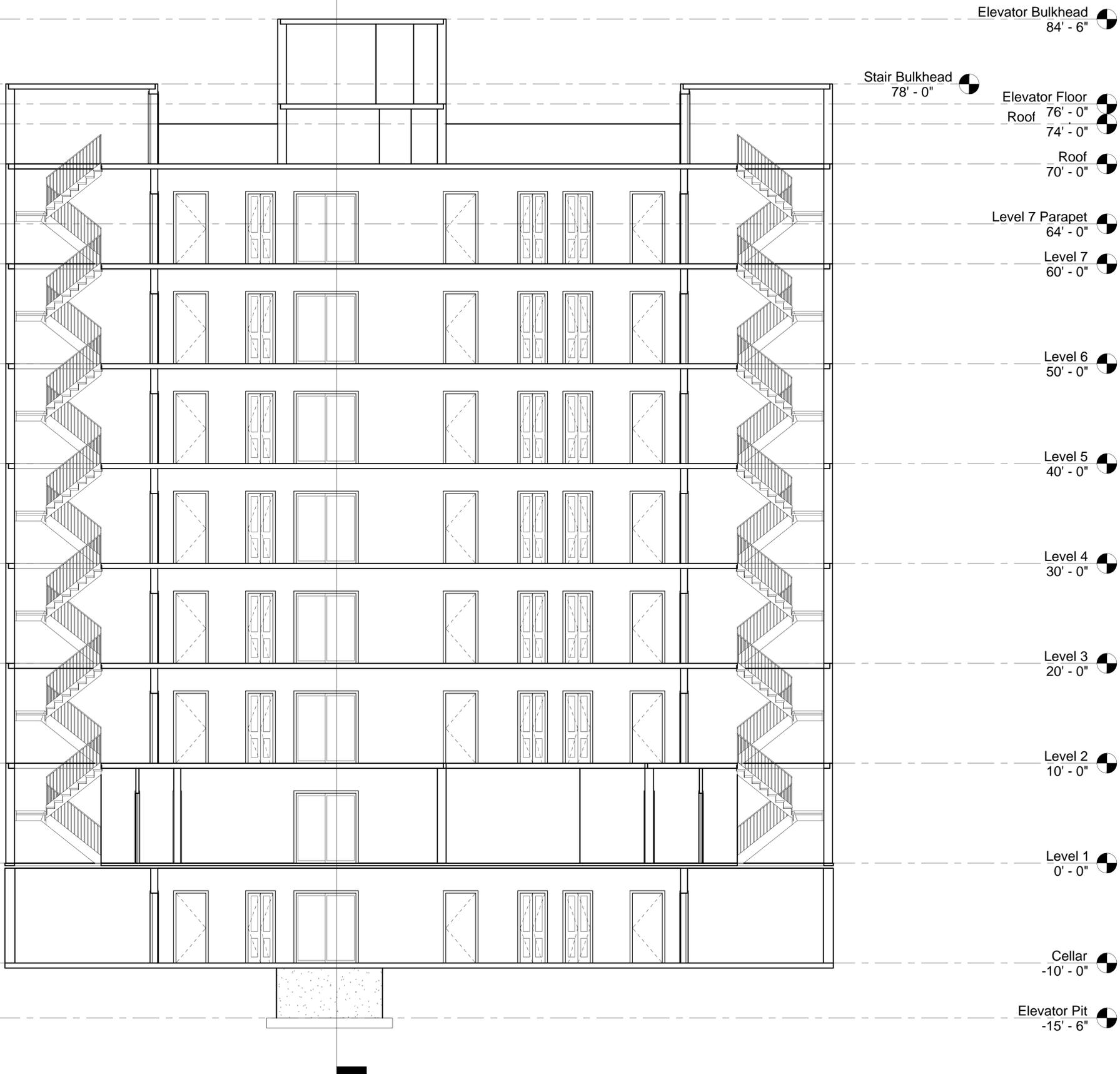
Section  
1



85

*Skillman*

Section  
2



B.P.E.: 32.43'

Elevator Bulkhead  
84' - 6"

Stair Bulkhead  
78' - 0"

Elevator Floor  
Roof 76' - 0"  
74' - 0"

Roof  
70' - 0"

Level 7 Parapet  
64' - 0"

Level 7  
60' - 0"

Level 6  
50' - 0"

Level 5  
40' - 0"

Level 4  
30' - 0"

Level 3  
20' - 0"

Level 2  
10' - 0"

Level 1  
0' - 0"

Cellar  
-10' - 0"

Elevator Pit  
-15' - 6"

Revisions

No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:

Skillman Suites LLC

316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:

The BAC Group, LTD.

366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY  
11211  
Tel: 1-(718)-599-1559  
Fax: 1-(718)-599-1865

Architect:

Jeffrey Kamen, RA

320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112

License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:

New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

Section: 1

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

A-106.00

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 3/16" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker

85

*Skillman*

Section  
1

Elevator Bulkhead  
84' - 6"

Stair Bulkhead  
78' - 0"

Elevator Floor  
Roof 76' - 0"  
Roof 74' - 0"

Roof  
70' - 0"

Level 7 Parapet  
64' - 0"

Level 7  
60' - 0"

Level 6  
50' - 0"

Level 5  
40' - 0"

Level 4  
30' - 0"

Level 3  
20' - 0"

Level 2  
10' - 0"

Level 1  
0' - 0"

Cellar  
-10' - 0"

Elevator Pit  
-15' - 6"

B.P.E.: 32.43'

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
  
Skillman Suites LLC  
  
316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
  
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366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY  
11211  
Tel: 1-(718)-599-1559  
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Architect:  
  
Jeffrey Kamen, RA  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
  
New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

Section: 2

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

A-107.00

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 3/16" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker

Section  
2



Elevator Bulkhead  
84' - 6"

Stair Bulkhead  
78' - 0"

Elevator Floor  
Roof 76' - 0"  
74' - 0"

Roof  
70' - 0"

Level 7 Parapet  
64' - 0"

Level 7  
60' - 0"

Level 6  
50' - 0"

Level 5  
40' - 0"

Level 4  
30' - 0"

Level 3  
20' - 0"

Level 2  
10' - 0"

Level 1  
0' - 0"

Cellar  
-10' - 0"

Elevator Pit  
-15' - 6"

B.P.E.: 32.43'

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
  
Skillman Suites LLC  
  
316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
  
The BAC Group, LTD.  
  
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Fax: 1-(718)-599-1865

Architect:  
  
Jeffrey Kamen, RA  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
  
New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

Elevation: Skillman St.

Project Number:	5009
Date:	1 April 2013
Drawn By:	S.H.T.
Checked By:	N.T.

A-108.00

Sheet:	1 of 30
Scale:	3/16" = 1'-0"
DOB Scan Sticker	

85

Skillman

Section  
1

Elevator Bulkhead  
84' - 6"

Stair Bulkhead  
78' - 0"

Elevator Floor  
Roof 76' - 0"  
74' - 0"

Roof  
70' - 0"

Level 7 Parapet  
64' - 0"

Level 7  
60' - 0"

Level 6  
50' - 0"

Level 5  
40' - 0"

Level 4  
30' - 0"

Level 3  
20' - 0"

Level 2  
10' - 0"

Level 1  
0' - 0"

Cellar  
-10' - 0"

Elevator Pit  
-15' - 6"

B.P.E.: 32.43'

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
  
Skillman Suites LLC  
  
316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
  
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366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY  
11211  
Tel: 1-(718)-599-1559  
Fax: 1-(718)-599-1865

Architect:  
  
Jeffrey Kamen, RA  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
  
New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

Elevation: Park Ave.

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

A-109.00

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 3/16" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker

85

Skillman

Section  
1

Elevator Bulkhead  
84' - 6"

Stair Bulkhead  
78' - 0"

Elevator Floor  
76' - 0"  
Roof  
74' - 0"

Roof  
70' - 0"

Level 7 Parapet  
64' - 0"

Level 7  
60' - 0"

Level 6  
50' - 0"

Level 5  
40' - 0"

Level 4  
30' - 0"

Level 3  
20' - 0"

Level 2  
10' - 0"

Level 1  
0' - 0"

Cellar  
-10' - 0"

Elevator Pit  
-15' - 6"

B.P.E.: 32.43'

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
  
Skillman Suites LLC  
  
316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

Consultants:  
  
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11211  
Tel: 1-(718)-599-1559  
Fax: 1-(718)-599-1865

Architect:  
  
Jeffrey Kamen, RA  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
  
New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

Elevation: Myrtle Ave.

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

A-110.00

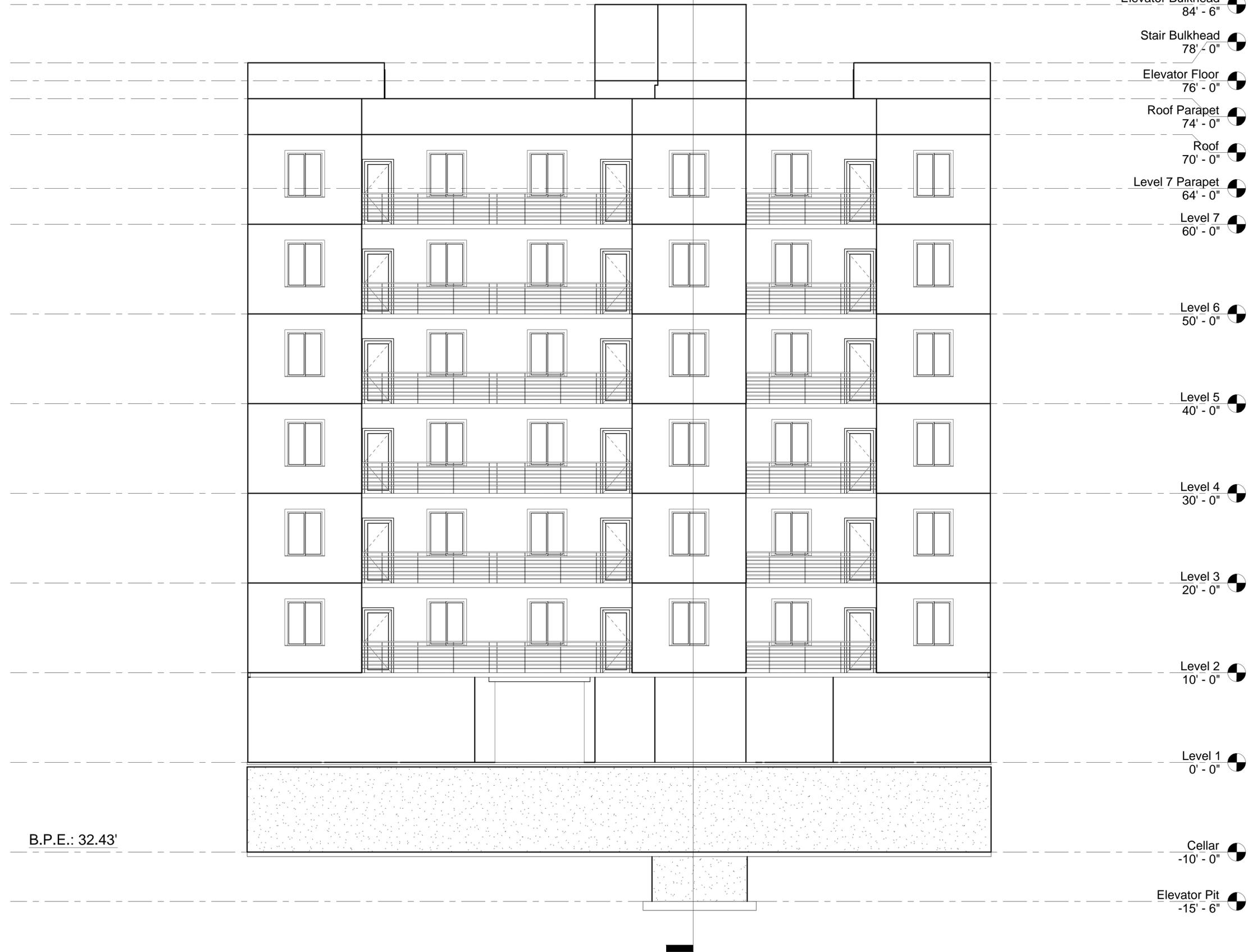
Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: 3/16" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker

85

*Skillman*

Section  
2



Elevator Bulkhead  
84' - 6"

Stair Bulkhead  
78' - 0"

Elevator Floor  
76' - 0"

Roof Parapet  
74' - 0"

Roof  
70' - 0"

Level 7 Parapet  
64' - 0"

Level 7  
60' - 0"

Level 6  
50' - 0"

Level 5  
40' - 0"

Level 4  
30' - 0"

Level 3  
20' - 0"

Level 2  
10' - 0"

Level 1  
0' - 0"

Cellar  
-10' - 0"

Elevator Pit  
-15' - 6"

B.P.E.: 32.43'

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
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316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237

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366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY  
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Architect:  
  
**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
**New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY**

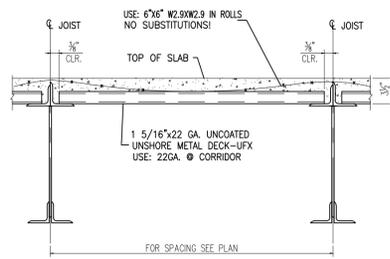
Elevation: Bedford Ave.

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

A-111.00

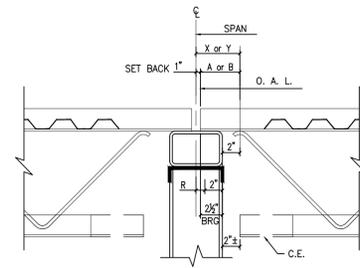
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Scale: 3/16" = 1'-0"

DOB Scan Sticker



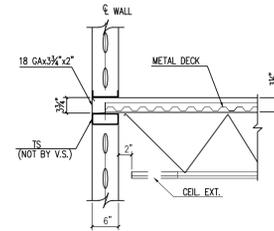
TYPICAL SLAB CONSTRUCTION DETAIL

DETAIL 1

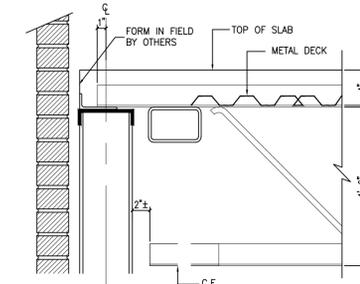


TYP. COMP. JOIST TO WALL CONN. DETAIL

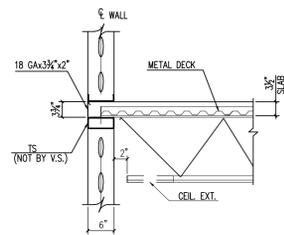
DETAIL 2



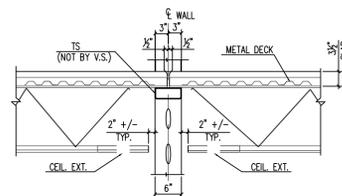
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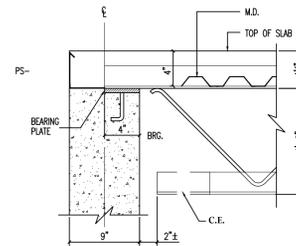
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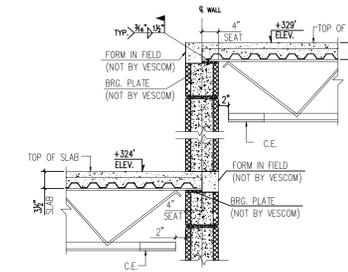
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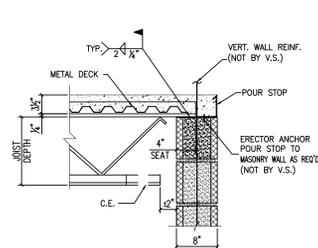
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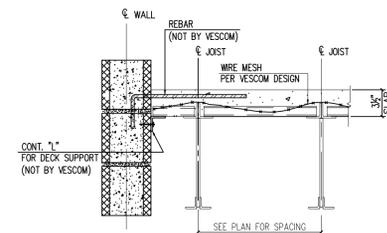
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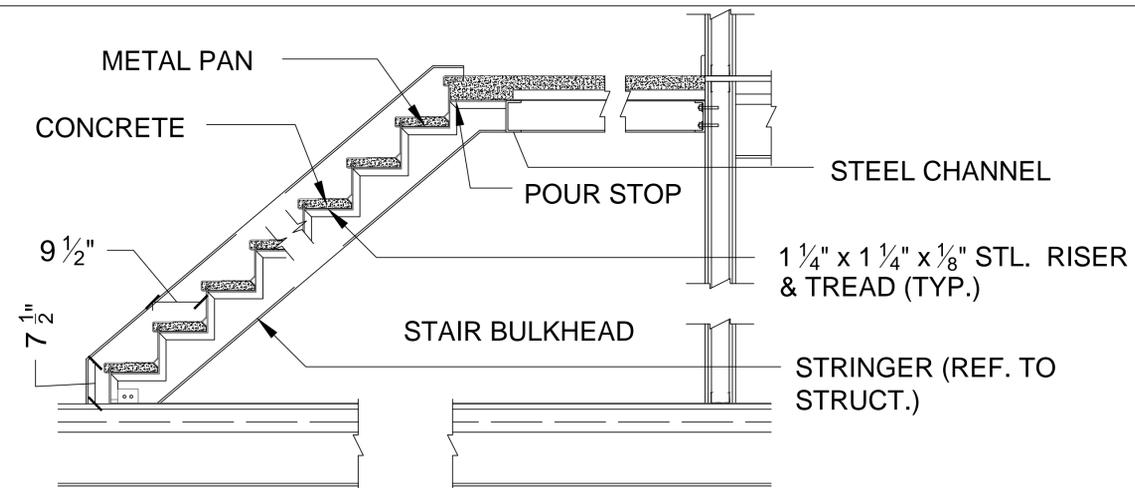
DETAIL 8



DETAIL 9



DETAIL 10



STEEL PAN STAIR DETAIL  
Scale: NTS

NOTE: STAIR TO BE BUILT OF  
NON-COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS AS  
PER BC 1009.5

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
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Architect:  
**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:  
**New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY**

Details: General

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

A-113.00

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: NTS

DOB Scan Sticker

Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:  
**Skillman Suites LLC**  
 316A Himrod St.  
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Architect:  
**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**  
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 New York, NY 10012  
 Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
 License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

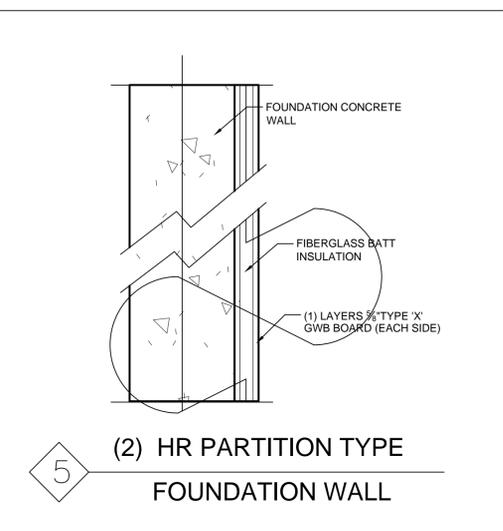
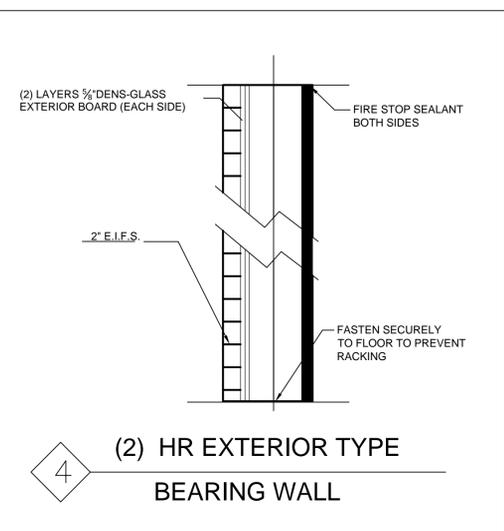
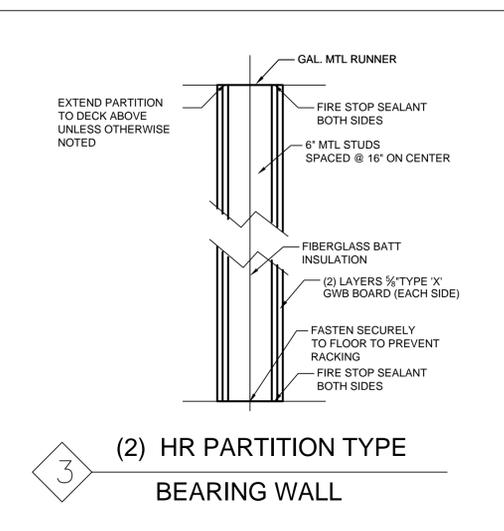
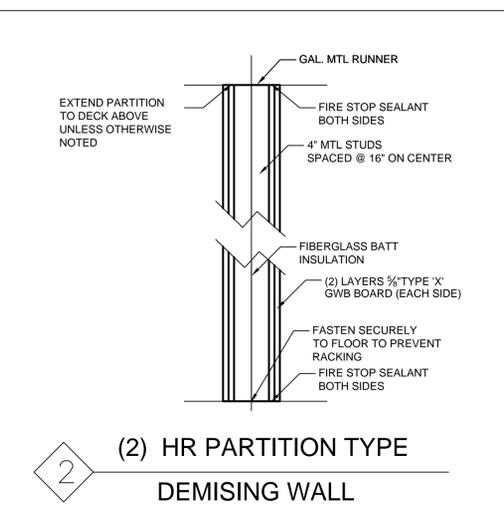
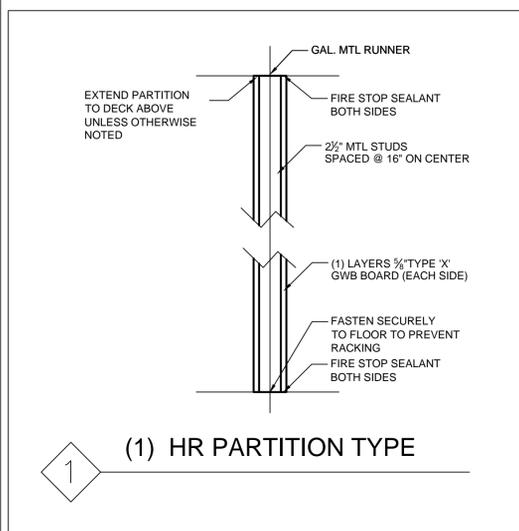
Project:  
**New Development @  
 85 Skillman Street  
 Brooklyn, NY**

Details: Wall Types

Project Number:	5009
Date:	1 April 2013
Drawn By:	S.H.T.
Checked By:	N.T.

**A-114.00**

Sheet:	1 of 30
Scale:	NTS
DOB Scan Sticker	



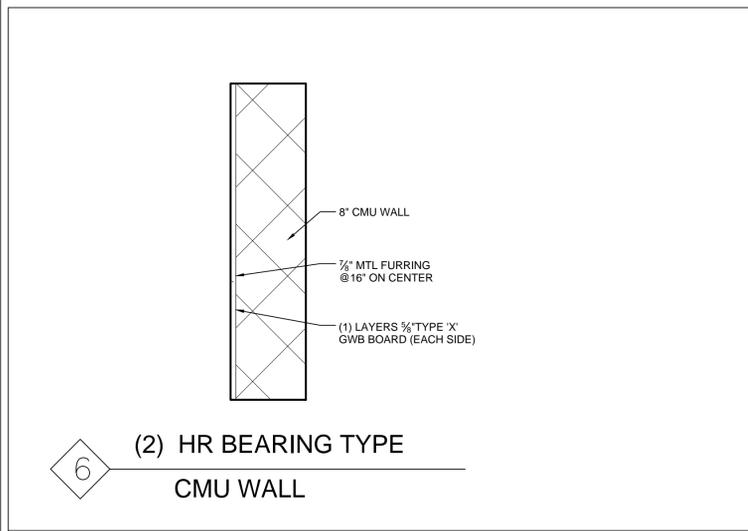
WALL TYPE 1

WALL TYPE 2 & 2M

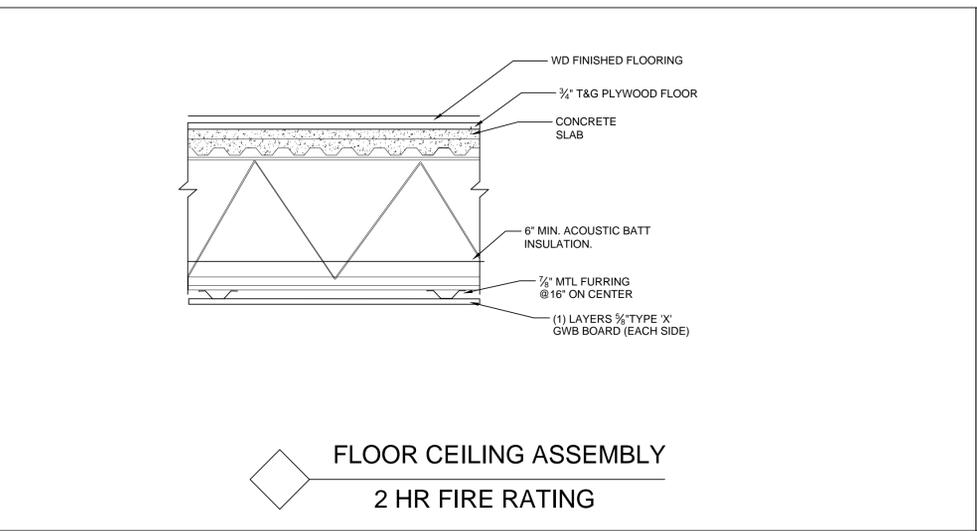
WALL TYPE 3 & 3M

WALL TYPE 4 & 4M

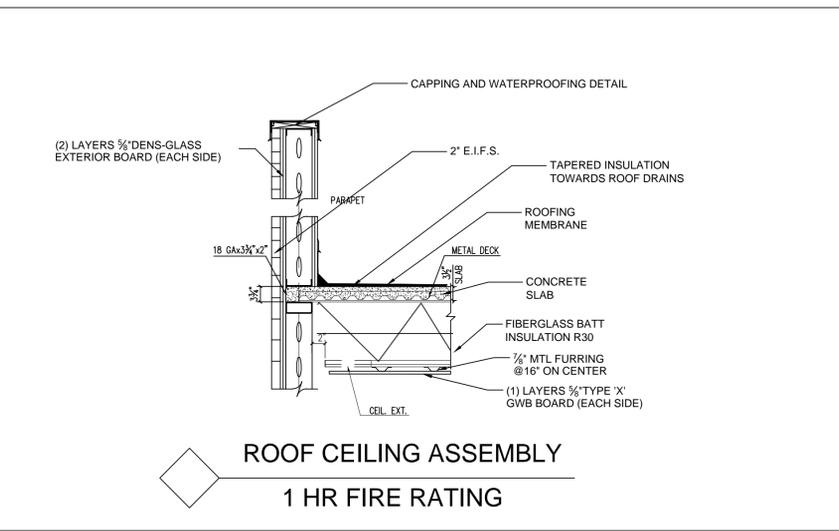
WALL TYPE 5



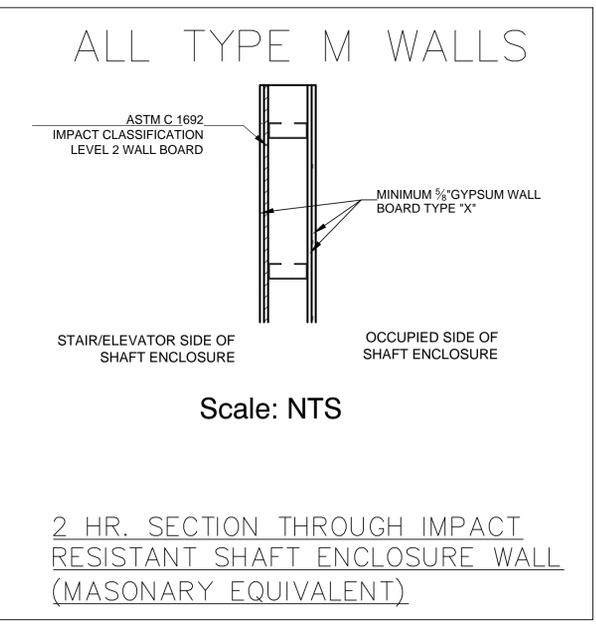
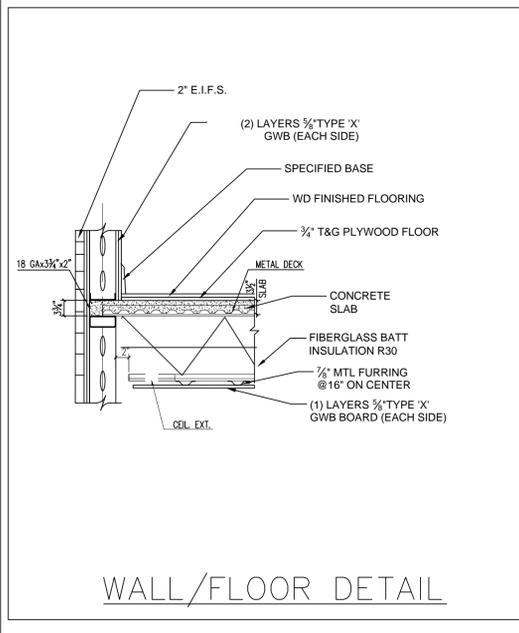
WALL TYPE 6



FLOOR CEILING DETAIL



ROOF/CEILING DETAIL



- WALL TYPE 1 DENOTES ONE HR RATED INTERIOR PARTITION CONSTRUCTED OF 22 GA. 2-5/8" MTL. STUDS @ 16" O.C. WITH ONE LAYER 5/8" G.W.B TYPE 'X' EACH SIDE. IN WET AREAS USE M.R. G.W.B. (GA FILE#: WP 1200) BSA# 171-52SM
- WALL TYPE 2 DENOTES TWO HR RATED - DEMISING WALL CONSTRUCTED OF 20 GA. 4" MTL. STUDS @ 16" O.C. WITH TWO LAYERS 5/8" G.W.B TYPE 'X' EACH SIDE. 3 1/2" GLASS FIBER FRICTION FIT INSULATION IN STUD SPACE. IN WET AREAS USE M.R. G.W.B. (GA FILE#: WP 1522) BSA# 301-60SM - STC RATING =55-59 AS PER ASTM E90
- WALL TYPE 2M DENOTES TWO HR RATED - MASONRY EQUIVALENT AS PER RCNY 1014-01 EXIT SHAFT ENCLOSURE CONSTRUCTED OF 20 GA. 4" MTL. STUDS @ 16" O.C. WITH TWO LAYERS 5/8" G.W.B TYPE 'X' ON THE OCCUPIED SIDE, AND ONE LAYER OF 5/8" G.W.B TYPE 'X' WITH ONE LAYER OF ASTM C 1629 IMPACT CLASSIFICATION LEVEL 2 WALL BOARD ON THE INTERIOR SIDE OF A SHAFT ENCLOSURE. 3 1/2" GLASS FIBER FRICTION FIT INSULATION IN STUD SPACE. IN WET AREAS USE M.R. G.W.B. (GA FILE#: WP 1522) BSA# 301-60SM - STC RATING =55-59 AS PER ASTM E90
- WALL TYPE 3 DENOTES TWO HR RATED - DEMISING WALL CONSTRUCTED OF 20 GA. 6" MTL. STUDS @ 16" O.C. WITH TWO LAYERS 5/8" G.W.B TYPE 'X' EACH SIDE. 3 1/2" GLASS FIBER FRICTION FIT INSULATION IN STUD SPACE. IN WET AREAS USE M.R. G.W.B. (GA FILE#: WP 1522) BSA# 301-60SM - STC RATING =55-59 AS PER ASTM E90
- WALL TYPE 3M DENOTES TWO HR RATED - MASONRY EQUIVALENT AS PER RCNY 1014-01 EXIT SHAFT ENCLOSURE CONSTRUCTED OF MINIMUM 18 GA. 6" MTL. STUDS @ 16" O.C. WITH TWO LAYERS 5/8" G.W.B TYPE 'X' ON THE OCCUPIED SIDE, AND ONE LAYER OF 5/8" G.W.B TYPE 'X' WITH ONE LAYER OF ASTM C 1629 IMPACT CLASSIFICATION LEVEL 2 WALL BOARD ON THE INTERIOR SIDE OF A SHAFT ENCLOSURE.. 3 1/2" GLASS FIBER FRICTION FIT INSULATION IN STUD SPACE. IN WET AREAS USE M.R. G.W.B. (GA FILE#: WP 1522) BSA# 301-60SM - STC RATING =55-59 AS PER ASTM E90
- WALL TYPE 4 DENOTES TWO HR RATED - EXTERIOR BEARING WALL CONSTRUCTED OF MINIMUM 18 GA. 6" MTL. STUDS @ 16" O.C. WITH 2 LAYER 5/8" G.W.B EACH SIDE. FOR THE EXTERIOR WALL USE TYPE 'X' EXTERIOR GYPSUM SHEATHING FOR WATERPROOFING.THE EXTERIOR WALL WILL BE COVERED WITH 2" EIFS FINISH. - STC RATING =62-65 AS PER ASTM E90. WALL FURRED WITH 3 1/2" FOIL FACED FIBERGLASS BATT INSULATION R21.
- WALL TYPE 4M DENOTES TWO HR RATED - MASONRY EQUIVALENT EXTERIOR AS PER RCNY 1014-01 EXIT SHAFT ENCLOSURE BEARING WALL CONSTRUCTED OF MINIMUM 18 GA. 6" MTL. STUDS @ 16" O.C. WITH 2 LAYER 5/8" G.W.B ON THE OCCUPIED SIDE, AND ONE LAYER OF 5/8" G.W.B TYPE 'X' WITH ONE LAYER OF ASTM C 1629 IMPACT CLASSIFICATION LEVEL 2 WALL BOARD ON THE INTERIOR SIDE OF A SHAFT ENCLOSURE. FOR THE EXTERIOR WALL USE TYPE 'X' EXTERIOR GYPSUM SHEATHING FOR WATERPROOFING.THE EXTERIOR WALL WILL BE COVERED WITH 2" EIFS FINISH. - STC RATING =62-65 AS PER ASTM E90. WALL FURRED WITH 3 1/2" FOIL FACED FIBERGLASS BATT INSULATION R21.
- WALL TYPE 5 DENOTES FURRED OUT CONCRETE FOUNDATION WALL (THICKNESS AS PER STRUCTURAL PLAN) WITH 3-5/8" MTL. STUDS @ 16" O.C. WITH ONE LAYER 5/8" G.W.B OVER & 3 1/2" BATT INSULATION THROUGH-OUT STUD CAVITY
- WALL TYPE 6 DENOTES 8" (AS PER STRUCT. DWG'S) 75% SOLID C.M.U WALL, PROVIDED WITH TRUSS TYPE GALV. REINFORCING @ 16" O.C. LAMINATED WITH ONE LAYER 5/8" G.W.B.- STC RATING =70+ AS PER ASTM E90

2 HR. SECTION THROUGH IMPACT RESISTANT SHAFT ENCLOSURE WALL (MASONRY EQUIVALENT)

## GENERAL

1. THE PROPOSED WORK ON THIS PLAN SHALL COMPLY WITH NEW YORK CITY BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS.
2. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND PAY ALL REQUIRED FEES TO THE D.O.B. BASED ON THE PROPOSED WORK OF THIS DRAWING FROM NEW YORK CITY BUILDING DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO START OF WORK.
3. ALL ELECTRICAL WORK BEING PERFORMED SHALL BE BY A LICENSED ELECTRICIAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEW YORK CITY ELECTRICAL CODE., AND SHALL BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED SIGN-OFFS AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION FROM THE B.E.C.
4. ALL PLUMBING WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED BY A LICENSED PLUMBER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEW YORK CITY BUILDING CODE AND INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS. HE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PLUMBING SIGN-OFFS AND INSPECTIONS FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING'S PLUMBING DIVISION.
5. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS ON THE SITE PRIOR TO START OF WORK. HE SHALL NOTIFY THE ARCHITECT /ENGINEER OF RECORD ANY DISCREPANCIES AND/OR CHANGE OF LAYOUT BETWEEN THE FIELD CONDITIONS AND THIS DRAWING(S) IMMEDIATELY. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL INDICATE THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S ACCEPTANCE OF THIS DRAWING(S) AND WILL TAKE FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAID WORK BEING PERFORMED.
6. THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER OF RECORD HAS NOT BEEN RETAINED TO SUPERVISE THE CONSTRUCTION.
7. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL RETAIN THE SERVICES OF A LICENSED ARCHITECT/ENGINEER FOR ALL REQUIRED CONTROLLED INSPECTIONS.
8. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN SIGN-OFF FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AFTER COMPLETION OF WORK.
9. TOP OF ARCHITECTURAL FINISH OF FIRST FLOOR SEATING ELEVATION=0'-0" FOR THE PURPOSES OF THESE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VISIT THE SITE AND SHALL BE KNOWLEDGEABLE OF CONDITIONS THEREON. HE SHALL INVESTIGATE, VERIFY AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL CONDITIONS OF THE PROJECT AND SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNER OF ANY CONDITIONS REQUIRING MODIFICATIONS BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.
11. REFER TO STRUCTURAL, MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING DRAWINGS FOR ADDITIONAL GENERAL NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS. ALL NOTES ARE TO BE REVISED AND APPLIED TO RELATED BUILDING COMPONENTS. 12. NOTES APPEAR ON VARIOUS SHEETS FOR DIFFERENT SYSTEMS AND MATERIALS. SHEETS ARE TO BE REVIEWED AND NOTES ON ANY ONE SHEET ARE TO BE APPLIED ON RELATED DRAWINGS AND DETAILS.
13. DETAILS NOT SHOWN ARE SIMILAR IN CHARACTER TO THOSE DETAILED. WHERE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS, DETAILS OR DESIGN INTENT CANNOT BE DETERMINED, CONSULT THE ARCHITECT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.
14. ALL ELEVATOR AND STAIR OPENINGS SHALL BE CERTIFIED BY THE ELEVATOR SUBCONTRACTOR PRIOR TO FORMING. REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ARCHITECT FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO FORMING.
15. REFER TO CERTIFIED MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR'S DRAWINGS AND MANUFACTURER'S TEMPLATE DRAWINGS FOR ALL MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS, BOLT SETTING TEMPLATES, ISOLATIONS, SPRING ISOLATION, ETC., NOT SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
16. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE ALL EQUIPMENT BASE AND HOUSEKEEPING PADS WITH MECHANICAL, PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS. EQUIPMENT BASES AND HOUSEKEEPING PADS TO BE A MINIMUM OF 4" HIGH UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. PROVIDE ONE LAYER OF WWF 6X6XW4 WELDED WIRE FABRIC MINIMUM, TO BE INSTALLED BENEATH THE FULL PROJECTED AREA OF EQUIPMENT.
17. CONCRETE PADS AND MOUNTINGS IN MECHANICAL SPACES SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING CONTRACTORS.
18. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE ALL MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL FLOOR AND WALL SLEEVES AND ALL MECHANICAL SHAFTS WITH MECHANICAL, PLUMBING, FIRE-PROTECTION, ELECTRICAL, STRUCTURAL AND ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS.
19. PROVIDE ACCESS PANELS AS APPLICABLE AND AS REQUIRED FOR MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT. ALL ACCESS PANELS SHALL BE CONCEALED, AND LOCATIONS SHALL BE REVIEWED WITH THE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO PROCEEDING. 20. PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS LOCATED ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL RECEIVE APPROVAL OF FIRE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
21. ALL SPRINKLER HEADS IN ACOUSTICAL TILE SHALL BE INSTALLED CENTERED IN THE ACOUSTICAL TILE. (N/A) 22. ALL STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS WHICH DO NOT REQUIRE FIREPROOFING SHALL BE FIELD PAINTED.
23. ALL EXTERIOR HANDRAILS AND EXTERIOR EXPOSED METAL SHALL BE GALVANIZED AND PAINTED UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
24. ALL EXTERIOR DOORS SHALL PREVENT AIR LEAKAGE/INFILTRATION AROUND THEIR PERIMETER WHEN IN A CLOSED POSITION.
25. ALL EXTERIOR JOINTS AROUND WINDOW AND DOOR FRAMES, BETWEEN WALLS AND FOUNDATIONS, BETWEEN WALLS AND ROOFS, AND BETWEEN WALLS AND PANELS AT PENETRATION OF UTILITIES THROUGH THE ENVELOPE SHALL BE SEALED, CAULKED OR WEATHER STRIPPED TO PREVENT AIR LEAKAGE/INFILTRATION.
26. ALL EXTERIOR SOFFITS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH RIGID GALVANIZED METAL FRAME MEMBERS AND SHALL RESIST UPLIFTING WIND LOADS OF 1.5 TIMES THE WIND PRESSURE DIAGRAM.
27. ALL EXTERIOR SOFFITS SHALL BE INSTALLED TO PROVIDE A 'U' VALUE OF 0.09 SHALL HAVE A VAPOR BARRIER AND SHALL BE PROPERLY SEALED AGAINST AIR INFILTRATION.
28. ALL DISSIMILAR METALS SHALL BE EFFECTIVELY ISOLATED FROM EACH OTHER TO AVOID MOLECULAR BREAKDOWN. 29. FUTURE TENANT DEVELOPMENT TO BE COVERED UNDER SEPARATE PERMITS. (N/A)
30. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL CONDITIONS AND MATERIALS WITHIN THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION AREA. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESIGN AND INSTALL ADEQUATE SHORING AND BRACING FOR ALL STRUCTURAL AND REMOVAL TASKS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY DAMAGE OR INJURIES CAUSED BY OR DURING THE EXECUTION OF WORK.
31. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPLACE AND REPAIR MISSING, BROKEN SIDEWALK, CURB, OR ROADWAY DAMAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION AS DIRECTED BY THE BOROUGH.

## OCCUPANCY RESISTANCE RATINGS:

1. CONSTRUCTION: TYPE II-A NON-COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION-SPRINKLERED.
2. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ALL COLUMNS, BEAMS AND OTHER STRUCTURAL MEMBERS SHALL HAVE SPRAYED ON FIREPROOFING INSTALLED AT THE REQUIRED THICKNESS AND DENSITY TO ACHIEVE THE HOURLY RATINGS AS SET FORTH HEREAFER. ALL SPRAYED-ON FIREPROOFING SHALL COMPLY WITH SECTION 27-132, INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS OF THE BUILDING CODE OF NEW YORK CITY.
3. ALL RATED PARTITIONS SHALL RUN PAST STRUCTURAL BEAMS, TO THE UNDERSIDE OF STRUCTURAL SLAB. WHERE THE PARTITIONS TERMINATE TO THE UNDERSIDE OF STRUCTURAL BEAMS, THE STRUCTURAL BEAMS SHALL HAVE ADDITIONAL SPRAYED-ON FIREPROOFING TO ACHIEVE AN AREA SEPARATION RATING EQUAL TO THAT OF THE PARTITION RATING, IF REQUIRED.
4. SPACE BETWEEN SLAB AND EXTERIOR WALL AND ALL OPENINGS IN THE FLOOR SLABS INCLUDING SPACES BETWEEN DUCTS, CONDUIT, PIPING, ETC., (EXCEPT WHEN COMPLETELY ENCLOSED BY FIRE RATED CONSTRUCTION), SHALL BE SAFFED-OFF(FILLED) WITH APPROVED SAFING MATERIAL TO MAINTAIN FIRE RATING CONTINUITY OF THE FLOOR CONSTRUCTION. ALL JOINTS OF ANY ELEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE TIGHT AND PREVENT THE PASSAGE OF SMOKE OR FLAME.
5. WHERE MASONRY WALLS AT INTERIOR LOT LINES ARE BROKEN TO ACCOMMODATE STRUCTURE THEREBY REDUCING THE FIRE RATING OF THE WALL AT THE STRUCTURE, THEN THE STRUCTURE SHALL BE FIREPROOFED AT THE REQUIRED WALL RATING.
6. ALL FIRE RESISTIVE (LABELED) FIRE DOORS SHALL HAVE THE APPROPRIATE LABELS AFFIXED TO BOTH DOOR AND FRAME.
7. A FINISH OR FIRE RATING INDICATION ON A WALL SHALL MEAN THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF WALL IS TO BE FINISHED OR FIRE RATED AS INDICATED.
8. ALL PIPING, DUCTS, ETC., THAT PENETRATE FLOOR SLABS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN A MANNER THAT WILL PRESERVE THE FIRE RESISTIVE AND STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE BUILDING.
9. WHERE INTERIOR FINISH MATERIALS ARE SPACED (FURRED) FROM THEIR SUPPORTING MEMBERS, THE CONCEALED SPACES CREATED SHALL BE FIRE STOPPED AS REQUIRED BY CODE.
10. ALL RATINGS ARE TO COMPLY WITH THE FIRE RESISTANCE DESIGN MANUAL, ELEVENTH EDITION, AS MODIFIED BY RS 5-18 OF THE BUILDING CODE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
11. OCCUPANCY: RESIDENTIAL R-2
12. FIRE RESISTIVE RATINGS (AS PER FIRE INDEX I TABLE 602 OF NYC BUILDING CODE):
  - A. EXTERIOR NONBEARING WALLS:
    1. OUTSIDE EXPOSURE 2 HRS  
3'-0" OR LESS BEARING 2 HRS  
NON-BEARING 2 HRS
    - MORE THAN 3'-0", BUT LESS THAN 15'-0" BEARING 2 HRS  
NON-BEARING 2 HRS
    - 15'-0" OR MORE, BUT LESS THAN 30'-0" BEARING 1 HR  
NON-BEARING 1 HR
    - 30'-0" OR MORE BEARING 1 HR  
NON-BEARING 0 HRS
  - B. COLUMNS, GIRDERS AND TRUSSES:
    1. SUPPORTING MORE THAN ONE FLOOR 1 HR
    2. SUPPORTING ONE FLOOR ONLY 1 HR
  - C. FLOOR CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING BEAMS 1 HR
  - D. ROOF CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING BEAMS, TRUSSES AND FRAMING, INCLUDING ARCHES, DOMES, SHELLS, CABLE SUPPORTED ROOF AND ROOF DECKS.
    1. 15'-0' OR LESS IN HEIGHT ABOVE FLOOR TO LOWEST MEMBER 1 HR
    2. 15'-0' TO 20'-0' IN HEIGHT ABOVE FLOOR TO LOWEST MEMBER 1 HR
    3. 20'-0' OR MORE IN HEIGHT ABOVE FLOOR TO LOWEST MEMBER 0 HR
  - E. INTERIOR NONBEARING WALLS:
    1. EXIT WAYS AND STAIR ENCLOSURES 2 HRS
    2. ELEVATOR HOIST WAY ENCLOSURES 2 HRS
    3. PIPE SHAFTS AND DUCT ENCLOSURES 2 HRS
    4. GAS, WATER AND EJECTOR ROOM 2 HRS
    5. ELECTRIC ROOM 2 HRS
    6. ELEVATOR MACHINE ROOMS 2 HRS
    7. BOILER ROOM 2 HRS
  - F. INTERIOR BEARING WALLS AND BEARING PARTITIONS 1 HR
13. FIRE SEPARATIONS (AS PER TABLE 5-1 OF NYC BLDG CODE) J-2 NEXT TO J-2 : 1 HOUR FIRE RATED (27-341-a)

## FINISHES AND DETAILS:

1. INTERIOR FINISHES SHALL BE CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SURFACE FLAME SPREAD RATINGS (PER RS 5-5) AND SHALL BE USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 504, AND 27-348. % OF THE AGGREGATE
2. NO INTERIOR FINISH MATERIAL COVERING MORE THAN 20 WALL AND CEILING AREA, SHALL BE USED IF IT DEVELOPS SMOKE IN GREATER DENSITY THAN THE RATING SHOWN IN TABLE 27-348(d).
3. ATTACHMENTS AND ADHESIVES FOR INTERIOR FINISH TO HAVE THE SAME FLAME-SPREAD, AND SMOKE DEVELOPED RATING OF THE INTERIOR FINISHES, AS PER 27-348(f).
4. NO MATERIAL SHALL BE USED IN ANY INTERIOR LOCATION WHICH WILL PRODUCE PRODUCTS MORE TOXIC THAN THOSE GIVEN OFF BY WOOD OR PAPER WHEN DECOMPOSING OR BURNING AS PER 27-348(e).
5. COATINGS APPLIED BY BRUSH OR SPRAY SHALL NOT BE USED AS FLAME-SPREAD RETARDANTS EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN 27-349.
6. FOR CONSTRUCTION GROUP 1, COMBUSTIBLE FLOORING MAY BE USED WHEN IN COMPLIANCE WITH 27-351(b).
7. FLOORS IN REQUIRED EXITS SHALL NOT HAVE ANY CARPET. ONLY WOOL CARPETING MAY BE INSTALLED IN LOBBY AREAS, EXIT PASSAGEWAYS, AND CONVENIENCE STAIRS, AS PER 27-351(d)(1).
8. CARPET, WHEN USED AS A FLOOR COVERING, SHALL HAVE FLAMMABILITY REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH RS 5-20. IF USED AS AN INTERIOR FINISH, IT SHALL COMPLY WITH PROVISIONS REGARDING INTERIOR FINISH, IT SHALL COMPLY WITH PROVISIONS REGARDING INTERIOR FINISHES AS PER 27-348.
9. ALL GLASS PANELS, USED IN WINDOWS, IN DOORS, AS INTERIOR PARTITIONS, ETC., SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH SUBCHAPTER 10, ARTICLE 12, AND RS 10-68. THICKNESS, MAXIMUM GLASS PANEL AREA, STRENGTH, ETC., OF GLASS PANEL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLES 10-6, 10-7, 10-8 OF SUBCHAPTER 10 ARTICLE 12.
10. EXCEPT FOR MISCELLANEOUS TRIMS, MOLDINGS, ETC., ALL WOOD USED SHALL BE FIRE-RETARDANT, I.E. COUNTER TOPS, CABINETS, DOORS, ETC.

## PARTITION NOTES:

1. DEFLECTION FOR ALL PARTITIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 1/240TH OF THE SPAN MAXIMUM FOR TYPICAL GYPSUM PARTITIONS, OR 1/360 FOR WOOD-CLAD PARTITIONS, OR STONE-CLAD PARTITION SYSTEMS.
2. WATER RESISTANT DRYWALL (FOR THE FULL HEIGHT OF THE PARTITION CONSTRUCTION) SHALL BE USED IN TOILETS, SHOWERS, SERVICE ROOMS, ETC. USE STANDARD GYPSUM BOARD FOR CEILING CONSTRUCTION.
3. PENETRATIONS: COORDINATE WITH MECHANICAL CONTRACTOR FOR OPENINGS REQUIRED FOR RETURN AIR IN FULL HEIGHT PARTITIONS.
4. PROVIDE LATERAL BRACING TO STRUCTURE ABOVE FINISHED CEILINGS FOR PARTITIONS EXCEEDING UNSUPPORTED HEIGHTS INDICATED ON DRAWINGS.
5. PROVIDE HORIZONTAL CONTROL JOINTS AT 12'-0" O.C. IN THE VERTICAL DIRECTION UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
6. PROVIDE CONTROL JOINTS IN GYPSUM WALLBOARD CONSTRUCTION SUCH THAT PARTITION OR FURRING RUNS DO NOT EXCEED 30', AND CEILING DIMENSIONS DO NOT EXCEED 50' IN EITHER DIRECTION WITH PERIMETER RELIEF OR 30' WITHOUT PERIMETER RELIEF.
7. PROVIDE VERTICAL CONTROL JOINTS WITH SEALANT IN MASONRY WALLS AS SHOWN IN DRAWINGS WITH MAXIMUM SPACING OF 25'-0'.
8. COMPLETELY SEAL WITH ACOUSTICAL SEALANT HEADS, BASES, AND ENDS, PLUS ALL PENETRATIONS(INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, AND PLUMBING WORK).
9. PROVIDE SOUND BLANKETS AS INDICATED.

## AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT AND LOCAL LAW#58/87 NOTES:

1. PROPOSED WORK TO COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF LOCAL LAW #58/87 FOR HANDICAPPED ACCESS AND THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT.
2. NEW BATHROOM TO PROVIDE GRAB BARS AND HANDRAILS MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF RS 4-6, 4.25.3.
3. CONTROLS AND OPERATING MECHANISMS SHALL BE OPERABLE WITH ONE HAND AND SHALL NOT REQUIRE TIGHT GRASPING, PINCHING OR TWISTING OF THE WRIST, AS PER RS 4-6, 4.25.4.
4. FOR DOORS WHICH HAVE CLOSERS, THE SWEEP PERIOD OF THE CLOSER SHALL BE ADJUSTABLE SUCH THAT FROM AN OPEN OF 90 DEGREES, THE DOOR WILL TAKE AT LEAST 3 SECONDS TO MOVE TO A POSITION OF APPROXIMATELY 12 DEGREES, AS PER RS 4-6, 4.13.10.
5. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE BUILDING CODE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK INCLUDING ALL AMENDMENTS AND THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT INCLUDING LOCAL LAW #58/87.

## EGRESS NOTES:

1. CORRIDORS ARE TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF 27-369, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING CORRIDORS ARE TO HAVE A CLEAR HEIGHT OF 7"-6" FOR AT LEAST 75 % OF FLOOR AREA, WITH NO POINT LESS THAN 7'-0" IN HEIGHT. NO PROJECTION BELOW THE CEILING IS TO BE LOCATED SO AS TO OBSTRUCT FULL VIEW OF EXIT SIGNS.
2. DOORS ARE TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF 27-371, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:
  - A. DOORS FOR REQUIRED EXITS ARE TO BE SELF CLOSING WITH A 1 1/2 HOUR FIRE PROTECTION RATING, EXCEPT THAT EXTERIOR STREET FLOOR EXIT DOORS HAVING AN EXTERIOR SEPARATION OF MORE THAN 15' NEED NOT BE FIRE PROTECTED.
  - B. DOOR JAMBS OR STOPS AND THE DOOR THICKNESS WHEN OPEN IS NOT TO REDUCE THE REQUIRED WIDTH BY MORE THAN 3" FOR EACH 22" OF WIDTH DOOR OPENINGS TO ALL HABITABLE AND OCCUPIABLE ROOMS IS TO BE A MINIMUM NOMINAL WIDTH OF 32".
  - C. ALL EXIT DOORS ARE TO BE OPEN IN THE DIRECTION OF THE EGRESS.
  - D. FLOOR LEVELS ON BOTH SIDES OF ALL EXIT AND CORRIDOR DOORS ARE TO BE ESSENTIALLY LEVEL AND AT THE SAME ELEVATIONS FOR A DISTANCE, PERPENDICULAR TO THE DOOR OPENING, AT LEAST EQUAL TO THE WIDTH OF THE DOOR LEAF, EXCEPT THAT WHERE DOORS LEAD OUT OF A BUILDING THE FLOOR LEVEL INSIDE MAY BE 7 1/2" HIGHER THAN THE LEVEL OUTSIDE.
3. INTERIOR STAIRS ARE TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF 27-375 AND TABLE 6-4, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:
  - A. THE CLEAR HEADROOM IS TO BE 7' MINIMUM.
  - B. LANDINGS AND PLATFORMS PROVIDED AT THE HEAD AND FOOT OF EACH FLIGHT OF STAIRS ARE TO HAVE A MINIMUM WIDTH, PERPENDICULAR TO THE DIRECTIONS OF TRAVEL, OF AT LEAST THE WIDTH OF THE STAIR, IN AN INTERMEDIATE LANDING IN STRAIGHT-RUN STAIRS, THE DISTANCE BETWEEN RISERS OF THE UPPER AND LOWER FLIGHTS NEED NOT BE MORE THAN 44". LANDINGS AND PLATFORMS ARE TO BE ENCLOSED BY WALLS, GRILLS, OR GUARDS AT LEAST 3' HIGH.
  - C. THE MAXIMUM VERTICAL RISE OF A SINGLE FLIGHT OF STAIRS BETWEEN FLOORS IS NOT TO EXCEED 12' IN ALL OCCUPANCY GROUPS, EXCEPT F AND H WHERE THE VERTICAL RISE IS NOT TO EXCEED 8'. NO FLIGHT OF STAIRS IS TO HAVE LESS THAN TWO RISERS.
  - D. THE SUM OF TWO RISERS PLUS ONE THREAD IS NOT TO BE LESS THAN 24" NOR MORE THAN 25 1/2". RISER HEIGHT AND THREAD WIDTH SHALL BE CONSISTENT IN ANY FLIGHT OF STAIRS FROM STORY TO STORY.
4. AS PER 27-381, ILLUMINATION OF AT LEAST TWO FOOT CANDLES MEASURED AT THE FLOOR LEVEL SHALL BE MAINTAINED CONTINUOUSLY, DURING OCCUPANCY IN EXISTS AND THEIR ACCESS FACILITIES FOR THEIR FULL LENGTH, AT CHANGES IN DIRECTION IN AND INTERSECTIONS OF CORRIDORS, BALCONIES, EXIT PASSAGEWAYS, STAIRS, RAMPS, ESCALATORS, BRIDGES, TUNNELS, LANDINGS, AND PLATFORMS, AND AS PROVIDED IN SUBCHAPTER 5 OF THIS CHAPTER FOR PLACES OF ASSEMBLY, EXCEPT THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL NOT APPLY TO DWELLING UNITS.
5. BS&A APPROVED TYPE EXIT SIGNS ARE TO BE PROVIDED AS REQUIRED, PER SUBCHAPTER 6, ARTICLE 7.

## SMOKE/CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTING DEVICES:

1. SMOKE/CM DETECTING DEVICES SHALL CONFORM TO SUBCHAPTER 17, ARTICLE 6 OF THE BUILDING CODE.
2. SMOKE/CM DETECTING DEVICES SHALL RECEIVE THEIR PRIMARY POWER FROM BUILDING WIRING. THERE SHALL BE NO SWITCHES IN THE CIRCUIT OTHER THAN THE OVERCURRENT DEVICE PROTECTING THE BRANCH CIRCUIT.
3. ALL SMOKE/CM DETECTING DEVICES SHALL BY ACCEPTED PURSUANT TO RULES AND REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE COMMISSIONER, APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF STANDARDS AND APPEALS LISTED BY A NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED INDEPENDENT LABORATORY. NO DEVICE SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS PROVISION UNLESS IT IS EITHER THE IONIZATION OR PHOTOELECTRIC TYPE.
4. SMOKE/CM DETECTORS TO BE INSTALLED WHICH MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF RS 4-6, 4.26.3, ADAPTABLE TO PROVIDE FLASHING LIGHTS ARRANGED TO FLASH IN CONJUNCTION WITH AUDIBLE SMOKE DETECTOR ALARM.
5. ACCESSIBLE ROUTES TO BE PROVIDED BETWEEN FACILITIES, PROVIDING A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES OF WIDTH ALONG THE ACCESSIBLE ROUTE AS PER RS 4-6, 4.3.1, AND A MINIMUM OF 32 INCHES OF WIDTH AT DOORWAYS, AS PER RS 4-6.4.13.5.

## CONTROLLED INSPECTIONS:

1. STRUCTURAL STEEL-WELDING	BC 1704.3.1	TR1
2. STRUCTURAL STEEL-ERECTION & BOLTING	BC 1704.3.2, BC 1704.3.3	TR1
3. CONCRETE-CAST-IN-PLACE	BC 1704.4	TR1
4. MASONRY	BC 1704.5	TR1
5. SOILS - INVESTIGATIONS(BORING/TEST PITS)	BC 1704.7.4	TR4
6. EXTERIOR INSULATION FINISH SYSTEMS (EIFS)	BC 1704.12	TR1
7. EXCAVATION-SHEETING, SHORING AND BRACING	BC 1704.19, BC 3304.4.1	TR1
8. FIRESTOP DRAFTSTOP AND FIREBLOCK SYSTEMS	BC 1704.25	TR1
9. CONCRETE TEST CYLINDERS	BC 1905.6	TR2
10. CONCRETE DESIGN MIX	BC 1905.3	TR3
11. PRELIMINARY	28-116.2.1, BC 109.2	TR1
12. FOOTING AND FOUNDATION	BC 109.3.1	TR1
13. FIRE RESISTANCE RATED CONSTRUCTION	BC 109.3.4	TR1
14. EXTERIOR INSULATION FINISH SYSTEM (EIFS)	BC 1704.12	TR1
15. PROTECTION OF FOUNDATION INSULATION	BC 109.3.5	TR8
16. INSULATION PLACEMENT AND R VALUES	BC 109.3.5	TR8
17. PENETRATION THERMAL VALUES AND RATINGS	BC 109.3.5	TR8
18. HVAC AND SERVICE WATER HEATING EQUIPMENT	BC 109.3.5	TR8
19. HVAC AND SERVICE WATER HEATING CONTROLS	BC 109.3.5	TR8
20. LIGHTING IN DWELLING UNIT	BC 109.3.5	TR8
21. INTERIOR LIGHTING POWER	BC 109.3.5	TR8
22. EXTERIOR LIGHTING POWER	BC 109.3.5	TR8
23. LIGHTING CONTROLS	BC 109.3.5	TR8
24. EXIT SIGNS	BC 109.3.5	TR8

## PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE NOTES:

1. ALL PLUMBING AND GAS PIPING WORK SHALL BE INSTALLED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SUBCHAPTER 16 AND REFERENCE STANDARD RS-16 OF THE NEW YORK CITY BUILDING CODE.
2. ALL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT INSTALLED SHALL BE OF MANUFACTURE AND MODEL APPROVED FOR USE IN NEW YORK CITY, COMPLETE WITH M.E.A. APPROVAL NO'S.
3. ALL GAS-FIRED EQUIPMENT TO BE A.G.A OR M.E.A. APPROVED.
4. PLUMBING CONTRACTOR TO EXAMINE PROPOSED LAYOUT WITH REGARD TO EXISTING FIELD CONDITIONS, AND SHALL NOTIFY THE ARCHITECT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN ASSUMED FIELD CONDITIONS AND THOSE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION. PLUMBING CONTRACTOR SHALL INFORM ARCHITECT OF ANY REVISIONS TO PLAN WHICH SHALL BE NECESSARY, BASED ON CONDITIONS UNCOVERED IN THE FIELD, IN ORDER TO INSTALL ALL FIXTURES, EQUIPMENT AND PIPING IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEW YORK CITY BUILDING CODE AND/OR AS PER DESIGNS SHOWN IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
5. PLUMBING CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE AND OBTAIN INSPECTIONS AND REQUIRED SIGN-OFFS.
6. WATER SUPPLY BRANCHES AND RISERS SHALL BE SIZED TO PRODUCE VELOCITIES NOT IN EXCESS OF 8 FPS FOR THE PROBABLE DEMAND FLOW.
7. A SHUT-OFF VALVE AND DRAIN VALVE SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE FOOT OF EACH WATER SUPPLY RISER, AS PER RS-16,P107.69(B).

## MECHANICAL VENTILATION NOTES:

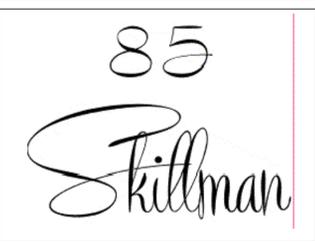
1. ALL BATHROOM AND TOILET ROOMS TO HAVE MECHANICAL VENTILATION PROVIDING MINIMUM 50 CFM EXHAUST. BATHROOM DUCT RISERS TO BE 8X8, MINIMUM 18 GA SHEET METAL.
2. ALL KITCHENETTES TO BE PROVIDED WITH MECHANICAL VENTILATION PROVIDING MIN 125 CFM EXHAUST KITCHEN DUCT RISERS TO 8X10, MINIMUM 18 GA SHEET METAL.
3. DUCT RISERS TO BE FIRE RETARDED WITH TWO (2)LAYERS TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BOARD ON ALL SIDES, ATTACHED WITH CONSTRUCTION ADHESIVE AND 18 GA WIRE TIES @ 4'-0" O.C. (NO SCREWS TO BE USED).
4. WHERE DUCTS PASS THROUGH FLOOR, FLOOR OPENINGS TO BE CUT TIGHT TO DUCT, AND REMAINING GAP BETWEEN DUCT AND FLOOR CONSTRUCTION TO BE FILLED WITH MINERAL WOOL.
5. EACH BATHROOM AND KITCHEN TO BE EQUIPPED WITH ITS OWN INDEPENDENT EXHAUST BLOWER WITH BACKDRAFT DAMPER.
6. EACH BATHROOM AND KITCHEN OUTLET TO BE EQUIPPED WITH A BS&A APPROVED FIRE DAMPER.
7. ALL DUCT WORK SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS PER RS-13-1 (301), DUCT HANGERS SHALL BE AS PER RS-13-1 (319).
8. MINIMUM 8'X8' OUTDOOR AIR INTAKE (F.A.I.) WITH BS&A APPROVED FIRE DAMPER TO BE PROVIDED FOR BOILER ROOM.

## NOISE CONTROL IN MULTIPLE DWELLING BUILDINGS:

1. NOISE CONTROL IN MULTIPLE DWELLING BUILDINGS TO MEET N.Y.C. BUILDING CODE 27-768, 27-769 AND 27-770.

## MULTIPLE DWELLING LAW NOTES:

1. LIGHTING AND VENTILATION OF ROOMS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 31 OF MDL.
2. SIZE OF ROOMS AS PER SECTION 31 OF MDL.
3. ALCOVES SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 32 OF MDL.
4. COOKING SPACES SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 33 OF MDL.
5. ROOMS IN BASEMENTS AND CELLARS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 34 OF MDL.
6. BUILDING ENTRANCE DOORS AND LIGHTS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 35 OF MDL.
7. WINDOWS AND SKYLIGHTS FOR PUBLIC HALLS AND STAIRS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 36 OF MDL.
8. ARTIFICIAL HALL LIGHTING SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 37 OF MDL.
9. ENTRANCE HALLS TO BE AS PER SECTION 50 OF MDL.
10. BUILDING ENTRANCE DOORS, LOCKS AND INTERCOM SYSTEM SHALL BE SECTION 50-A OF MDL.
11. ALL SHAFTS, ELEVATORS AND DUMBWAITERS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 51 OF MDL.
12. APARTMENT PEEPHOLES SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 51-A OF MDL.
13. MIRRORS IN SELF-SERVICE ELEVATORS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 51-B OF MDL.
14. STAIRS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 52 OF MDL.
15. FIRE ESCAPES SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 53 OF MDL.
16. WAINSCOTING SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 55 OF MDL.
17. ENTRANCE BOLTS AND MAIL BOXES SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 57 OF MDL.
18. ALL INCOMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 58 OF MDL.
19. PARAPETS AND GUARD RAILINGS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 62 OF MDL.
20. BELOW GRADE FLOORS SHALL COMPLY AS PER SECTION 63 OF MDL.
21. LIGHTING, GAS METERS, GAS AND OIL APPLIANCES, SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 64 OF MDL.
22. BOILER ROOMS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 65 OF MDL.
23. WATER SUPPLY SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 75 OF MDL.
24. WATER CLOSET AND BATH ACCOMMODATIONS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 76 OF MDL.
25. PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 77 OF MDL.
26. REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE AS PER SECTION 78 OF MDL.
27. HEAT SHALL BE PROVIDED AS PER SECTION 79 OF MDL.
28. CLEANLINESS SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 80 OF MDL.
29. RECEPTACLES FOR WASTE MATTER SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 81 OF MDL.
30. PRIVACY SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 82 OF MDL.
31. JANITORIAL SERVICES SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 83 OF MDL.
32. CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS FOR THE CONTROL OF NOISE SHALL BE AS PER SECTION 84 OF MDL.



Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

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Architect's Seal:

Project:

**New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY**

**Notes: 1**

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

**N-100.00**

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: NTS

DOB Scan Sticker

## BUILDING CODE NOTES:

- ALL MATERIALS, ASSEMBLIES, FORMS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION AND SERVICE EQUIPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECTION C27-130.
- ALL ELEVATIONS INDICATED ARE ACTUAL ELEVATIONS AND REFER TO DATUM USED BY TOPOGRAPHICAL BUREAU, BOROUGH PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, MANHATTAN, WHICH IS 2.75' ABOVE THE U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY MEAN SEA LEVEL DATUM AT SANDY HOOK.
- AT LEAST 24 HOUR WRITTEN NOTICE SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE COMMISSIONER BEFORE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK (C27-195).
- FIVE DAYS PRIOR NOTICE SHALL BE GIVEN TO ADJOINING LOT OWNERS AFFECTED BY FOUNDATION, EARTHWORK OR DEMOLITION (C27-165 & C27-169).
- ALL PAVED WALKS, SURFACES AND AREAWAYS WILL BE DRAINED ADEQUATELY WITHIN THE SITE.
- WHERE PIPES, WIRES, CONDUITS, DUCTS, ETC. PIERCE FIRE PROTECTION OF % INDIVIDUALLY ENCASED STRUCTURAL MEMBERS, SUCH PENETRATION SHALL NOT EXCEED 2 OF ANY ONE FACE OF SUCH PROTECTION, AND SHALL BE CLOSED OFF WITH CLOSE FITTING METAL ESCUTCHEONS OR PLATES. (C27-324A).
- CEILINGS THAT CONTRIBUTE TO THE REQUIRED FIRE-RESISTANCE RATING OF A FLOOR OR ROOF ASSEMBLY SHALL BE CONTINUOUS BETWEEN FIRE DIVISION, FIRE SEPARATIONS OR VERTICAL PARTITIONS HAVING THE SAME FIRE RESISTANCE RATING AS THE CEILING. CONCEALED SPACE NOT EXCEEDING ABOVE SUCH CEILING, UNLESS SPRINKLERED, SHALL BE FIRE STOPPED INTO AREAS 3,000 SQUARE FEET, PROTECTED BY SELF-CLOSING OPENING PROTECTIVES (C27-327).
- DUCTS, PIPES, AND CONDUITS PASSING THROUGH RATED CONSTRUCTION SHALL HAVE SPACES NOT EXCEEDING 1/2 INCH PACKED WITH ROPE ASBESTOS OR MINERAL WOOL AND CLOSED OFF WITH CLOSE FITTING METAL ESCUTCHEONS. AGGREGATE AREA OF SUCH OPENING SHALL NOT EXCEED 25 SQUARE INCHES IN ANY 100 SQUARE FEET OF WALL OR FLOOR AREAS UNLESS PROTECTED BY RATED SELF-CLOSING DEVICES (C27-343).
- FIRE DIVISIONS SHALL COMPLY WITH PROVISIONS OF SECTION C27-340 AND SHALL BE CONTINUOUS THROUGH ANY CONCEALED SPACE IN FLOOR OR ROOF CONSTRUCTION.
- TENANTS NOT SEPARATED BY FIRE DIVISIONS, SHALL BE SEPARATED BY FIRE SEPARATIONS, BUT NOT LESS THAN ONE HOUR SEPARATIONS SHALL CONTINUE SHALL CONTINUE THROUGH CONCEALED SPACES ABOVE (C27-341).
- OPENING IN FIRE DIVISIONS AND SEPARATIONS TO COMPLY WITH SECTION C27-342.
- CONCEALED SPACES WITHIN PARTITIONS, WALLS, FLOORS, STAIR, FURRING, PIPE SPACES, COLUMN ENCLOSURES, ETC., SHALL BE FIRE STOPPED (EXCEPT WHERE CONCEALED SPACE IS SPRINKLERED) WITH NON-COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL. (C27-351)
- FINISHED FLOORING IN ALL EXITS SHALL BE OF NON-COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL (C27-351).
- ALL EXITS SHALL BE KEPT READILY ACCESSIBLE AND UNOBSTRUCTED AT ALL TIMES.
- STAIRS SHALL HAVE HANDRAILS ON EACH SIDE (EXCEPT THAT STAIRS LESS THAN 44 INCHES WIDE SHALL HAVE A HANDRAIL ON ONE SIDE ONLY). HANDRAILS SHALL PROVIDE A FINGER CLEARANCE OF 1 1/2 INCHES AND SHALL PROJECT NOT MORE THAN 3 1/2 INCHES INTO REQUIRED STAIR WIDTH. STAIRS MORE THAN 88 INCHES WIDE SHALL HAVE INTERMEDIATE HANDRAILS. HEIGHT OF HANDRAIL SHALL BE BETWEEN 30 AND 34 INCHES ABOVE THE TREAD NOSING. MATERIALS OF HANDRAILS SHALL HAVE A FLAME SPREAD RATING NOT EXCEEDING 150. HANDRAILS SHALL BE DESIGNED TO RESIST A SIMULTANEOUS APPLICATION OF A LATERAL FORCE OF 40#/L.F. AND VERTICAL LOAD OF 50#/L.F. LANDINGS AND PLATFORMS SHALL BE ENCLOSED ON SIDES BY WALL OR RAILINGS, AT LEAST 3-0" HIGH. RISERS SHALL BE MAXIMUM 7 3/4" HIGH, TREADS MINIMUM 9 1/2" WIDE, EXCLUSIVE OF NOSING AND THE SUM OF 2 RISERS PLUS ONE TREAD EXCLUSIVE OF NOSING SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN 24 NOR MORE THAN 25 1/2.
- TREADS AND LANDING SHALL BE BUILT OF/OR SURFACED WITH NONSKID MATERIALS.
- ILLUMINATION OF AT LEAST 5 FOOT CANDLES MEASURED AT THE FLOOR LEVEL SHALL BE MAINTAINED CONTINUOUSLY DURING OCCUPANCY, IN EXITS AND THEIR ACCESS FACILITIES (C27-381).
- EXIT LIGHTING SHALL BE ON CIRCUITS, TAKEN OFF AHEAD OF MAIN SWITCH.
- LOCATION OF EVERY EXIT ON FLOOR SHALL BE CLEARLY INDICATED BY EXIT SIGNS PLACED IF REQUIRED AT ANGLE WITH EXIT OPENINGS. INSTALL DIRECTIONAL SIGNS TO SERVE AS GUIDES FROM ALL PORTIONS OF THE CORRIDOR OPENING ON FLOOR (C27-383).
- EXIT SIGNS SHALL BE INTERNALLY LIGHTED, HAVING AN INITIAL BRIGHTNESS OR LETTER OF AT LEAST 25 FOOT LAMBERTS. LETTERS SHALL BE RED, THE BACKGROUND SHALL BE WHITE. LETTERS SHALL BE BLOCK LETTERING AT LEAST 4 1/2" HIGH, WITH 9/16" STROKES BACKGROUND. %
- CORRIDORS AND EXIT PASSAGEWAYS SHALL HAVE A CLEAR HEIGHT OF 7'-6" FOR AT LEAST 75 OF THE FLOOR AREA WITH NO POINT LESS THAN 7 FEET IN HEIGHT. PROJECTION BELOW THE CEILING SHALL NOT OBSTRUCT FULL VIEW OF EXIT SIGNS (C27-369B).
- CONDUITS IN FIRE-RATED PARTITIONS WILL NOT EXCEED 3/4 INCH DIAMETER. OUTLETS IN SUCH PARTITIONS WILL BE BACKED UP WITH APPROVED MATERIALS.
- NO CONDUITS, PIPES, MEDICINE CABINETS, ETC., SHALL ENCR OACH UPON FIRE RATED PARTITIONS ENCLOSING PUBLIC CORRIDORS, STAIRS, ELEVATOR SHAFTS OR VENT SHAFTS.
- EXIT DOORS SHALL BE READILY OPERABLE AT ALL TIMES FROM THE SIDE FROM WHICH EGRESS IS TO BE MADE. DOORS OPENING INTO INTERIOR ENCLOSED STAIRS SHALL NOT BE LOCKED FROM TENANT SIDE, EXCEPT THEY MAY BE LOCKED TO PREVENT ACCESS TO THE STAIR FROM THE OUTDOORS AT STREET LEVEL.
- ALL WIRE GLASS IN RATED DOORS AND WINDOWS WILL BE OF A TYPE APPROVED BY THE B.S.A.
- ALL CLEANING OF WINDOWS WILL BE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE WINDOW CLEANING CODE.
- PENETRATION OF OPENINGS IN WALLS, PARTITIONS, OR FLOORS FOR PIPE SLEEVES, MEDICINE CABINETS, HAMPERS, ELECTRIC DEVICES, ETC., SHALL BE PACKED, SEALED, LINED, OR OTHERWISE ISOLATED TO MAINTAIN THE REQUIRED S.T.C. RATING.
- ALL OPENINGS TO ELEVATOR SHAFTS WILL BE PROVIDED WITH DOORS HAVING A 1 1/2 HOUR RATING. ALL DOORS TO BE SELF-CLOSING AND AT OPTION OF THE OWNER PROVIDED WITH VISION PANEL OF APPROVED TYPE CLEAR WIRE PLATE GLASS.
- MASONRY MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF RS 10-1, SECTION 3. MORTAR TO BE TYPE "N".
- THE DESIGN OF MASONRY WALLS IS PREDICATED UPON ANALYSIS OF STRESSES AS PER RS 10-1, SEC. 4.
- ALL MASONRY LOAD BEARING AND NON-LOAD BEARING WALLS SHALL BE BONDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 7, RS 10-1.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK ALL CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS AT SITE BEFORE COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. ARCHITECT SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF ANY ERROR OR OMISSIONS BEFORE WORK IN QUESTION IS STARTED.
- CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL PERMITS REQUIRED PRIOR TO STARTING THE WORK AND ALSO OBTAIN THE CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY.
- REMOVE ALL EXISTING WALLS, PARTITIONS, DOORS, FLOORING, CEILINGS, FIXTURES, ETC. AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS OR AS REQUIRED TO INSTALL NEW WORK.

- WHERE EXISTING BEARING WALLS, BEAMS OR ANY OTHER STRUCTURAL SUPPORT OF THE EXISTING BUILDING IS BEING REMOVED, CONTRACTOR SHALL DO ALL NECESSARY SHORING, NEEDLING, UNDERPINNING, ETC. AS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN THE SAFETY OF THE STRUCTURE, THE WORKERS, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC. THE STRUCTURE, THE WORKERS, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC.
- PATCH AND REPAIR EXISTING CONSTRUCTION WHERE DISTURBED BY NEW WORK AND AS CALLED FOR ON DRAWINGS.
- ALL SUCH MATERIALS DESIGNATED FOR "CONTROLLED INSPECTION" SHALL BE INSPECTED BY AN ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER RETAINED BY THE OWNER.
- ORNAMENTAL PROJECTIONS AND DOR SWINGS SHALL NOT PROJECT MORE THAN 18" BEYOND THE BUILDING LINE.
- INTERIOR FINISHES, EXCEPT FINISHED FLOORING, FLOOR COVERINGS, WALL COVERINGS AND COATING LESS THAN .036 IN TOTAL THICKNESS, SHALL HAVE A FLAME SPREAD RATING NOT GREATER THAN THAT OF THE FOLLOWING INTERIOR FINISH CLASSES:

LOCATION	CLASS
EXITS AND SHAFTS	A (0-25)
ROOMS GREATER THAN 1500 SQ. FEET	B (26-75)
ROOMS LESS THAN 1500 SQ. FEET	B (26-75)

- ALL NEW STEEL RESTING ON MASONRY SHALL HAVE THREE COURSES OF BRICK UNDER SAME AND BEARING PLATES UNDER STEEL.
- ALL REINFORCED CONCRETE MATERIALS, DESIGNS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE AS PER ACT 318, 1963 EDITION WITH MODIFICATIONS PER RS 10-3.
- PLAIN CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM FACTOR OF FIVE BAGS PER CUBIC YARD AND SHALL DEVELOP A STRENGTH OF 2,500 P.S.I. AS PER TABLE 10.3, AND A WATER-CEMENT RATIO SLUMP OF 5:1. OTHER CONCRETE REQUIREMENTS ARE LISTED ON THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS.
- THREE TEST CYLINDERS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR EACH FIFTY CUBIC YARDS OF CONCRETE PLACED IN ONE DAY, AS PER RS 10.
- ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL FABRICATION AND ERECTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST ASTM SPECIFICATIONS FOR A-36 AND A-50 STEEL.]
- CONTRACTOR SHALL FILE THE AFFIDAVIT OF THE PRODUCER OF STEEL, CERTIFYING THAT THE PROVISIONS OF THE LOCAL CODE ARE MET.
- ALL CONNECTIONS SHALL BE 3/4" BOLTS OR GREATER, AS REQUIRED.
- ALL STEEL SURFACES NOT IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE, SHALL RECEIVE ONE SHOP COAT OF APPROVED PAINT.
- ALL WELDING TO BE PERFORMED BY N.Y.C. LICENSED WELDERS.
- LINTELS OVER OPENINGS WIDER THAN FOUR FEET IN MASONRY WALLS SHALL BE FIRE-PROTECTED WITH MATERIALS HAVING THE REQUIRED FIRE RESISTANCE RATING OF THE WALL SUPPORTED.
- NEW MASONRY SHALL BE LAID UP IN TYPE M OR S PORTLAND CEMENT MORTAR, 1:3 MIX WITH % LIME BY VOLUME, AS PER RS 10-46, ASTM C270, 1964. NOT MORE THAN 10.
- BRICK SHALL BE ANCHORED TO BLOCK WITH TRUSS-TYPE GALVANIZED METAL ANCHORS EVERY 160 SQUARE INCHES.
- BLOCK WALLS SHALL HAVE "DOUR-0-WALL" METAL WALL TIES EVERY OTHER BLOCK COURSE.
- A MINIMUM OF THREE COURSES OF BRICK SHALL BE PROVIDED UNDER ALL JOISTS RESTING ON MASONRY.
- ALL PLUMBING WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED BY A LICENSED PLUMBER AND SHALL CONFORM TO ALL CODE REQUIREMENTS.
- ALL FIXTURES SHALL BE PROPERLY VENTED AND SHALL HAVE SHUT-OFF VALVES AT EACH FIXTURE WITH WATER SUPPLY IN COPPER PIPES.
- ALL SOIL, WASTE AND VENT LINES IN FLOOR 2" AND LARGER, SHALL BE E.H.C.I., AND SHALL HAVE CLEAN OUTS AT THE BASE OF ALL LINES. VENTS SHALL PROJECT THROUGH THE ROOF, 4"-0".
- TEMPERATURE REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE A 70 DEGREE INSIDE TEMPERATURE WHEN 0 DEGREES OUTSIDE, FOR ALL OCCUPIED AREAS.
- VENTILATION OF TOILETS SHALL COMPLY WITH CODE.
- ALL DUCTWORK AND FIRE DAMPERS SHALL COMPLY WITH CODE.
- ALL SERVICE EQUIPMENT SHALL MEA APPROVED AND AN EQUIPMENT USE PERMIT SHALL BE OBTAINED BY THE INSTALLATION CONTRACTOR FOR ALL SUCH EQUIPMENT.
- ALL ELECTRICAL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED BY A LICENSED ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR.
- THE ENTIRE ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION SHALL CONFORM WITH ALL LOCAL LAWS, THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE AND LOCAL UTILITY'S REQUIREMENTS.
- ALL PARTITIONS TO BE WEDGED TIGHTLY TO CEILING.
- PLATE GLASS TO COMPLY WITH SECTION C26-550.2.
- GLASS DOORS TO COMPLY WITH 501-68 SR AS APPROVED BY THE B.S.A. 69. HUNG CEILING TO COMPLY WITH SECTION C27-350 & RS 5-16.
- HUNG CEILING TO BE OF INCOMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL.
- PROVIDE B.S.A. APPROVED TYPE PHOSPHORESCENT EXIT LIGHTS AND SIGNS AS PER SECTION C26-607.1.
- PROVIDE SIGNS AT ELEVATOR LANDINGS AS PER SECTION C27-388.
- PROVIDE FLOOR NUMBERING SIGNS AS PER SECTION C27-394.
- PROVIDE STAIR AND ELEVATOR IDENTIFICATION SIGNS AS PER SECTION C27-393.
- COMPLY WITH LOCAL LAW 76 FOR ASBESTOS.
- COMPLY WITH LOCAL LAW 58 FOR HANDICAPPED ACCESSIBILITY.
- UPON COMPLETION OF WORK, OWNER SHALL OBTAIN A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY FROM THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

## TENANT SAFETY NOTES:

- BUILDING TO BE VACANT DURING CONSTRUCTION.

## LOCAL LAW 58/87 NOTES:

- All units shall be adaptable as required by Local Law 58/87.
- Adaptable units shall have door widths and clear floor spaces per RS 4-6.
- Interior access, floor surfaces, adaptable kitchens, adaptable kitchenettes and adaptable bathrooms shall be per RS 4-6.
- Adaptability shall apply to water closet and toilet paper dispenser, lavatory and removable base cabinet, mirrors, medicine cabinet, bathtub and controls, bathtub and shower enclosure, reinforced areas for grab bars, clearance between opposing base cabinets, counter tops, appliances and walls, adjustable or replaceable sink and removable base cabinet, as well as storage cabinets, drawers and shelves.

## GENERAL NOTES: HOUSING MAINTENANCE CODE:

- THE OWNER OF THE MULTIPLE DWELLINGS SHALL KEEP THE PREMISES IN GOOD REPAIR.
- THE OWNER SHALL KEEP THE ROOF, YARDS, COURTS & OTHER OPEN SPACES CLEAN & FREE FROM DIRT, FILTH, GARBAGE OR OTHER OFFENSIVE MATERIALS.
- PAINTING OF PUBLIC PARTS & WITHIN DWELLINGS TO COMPLY WITH SECTION D26-12.01 H.M.C. 4. PAINTING OF WINDOW FRAMES TO COMPLY WITH SECTION D26-12.03 H.M.C.
- PREMISES TO BE MAINTAINED & KEPT FREE OF RODENT & INSECT INFESTATION AS PER SECTION D26-13.03 & D26-13.05 H.M.C.
- RECEPTACLES FOR COLLECTION OF WASTE MATTER TO BE PROVIDED AS PER SECTION D26-13.03 & D26-14.05 H.M.C.
- PROVIDE & MAINTAIN A SUPPLY OF PURE & WHOLESOME WATER SUFFICIENT IN QUANTITY & AT SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO KEEP ALL PLUMBING FIXTURES ADEQUATELY SUPPLIED FOR THEIR SANITARY MAINTENANCE.
- MAINTAIN & KEEP IN GOOD REPAIR THE PLUMBING & DRAINAGE SYSTEM INCLUDING WATER CLOSETS, TOILETS, SINKS & OTHER FIXTURES.
- THE DRAINAGE OF ROOFS, COURTS & YARDS SHALL COMPLY WITH D26-16.03 H.M.C.
- HEAT & HOT WATER REQUIREMENTS AS PER ARTICLE 17 OF H.M.C. CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEM AS PER BUILDING CODES; MINIMUM TEMPERATURES TO BE MAINTAINED AS PER SECT. D26-17.03. CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEM TO BE INSPECTED YEARLY BY QUALIFIED PERSON IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION D26-17.05 OF H.M.C. SUPPLY OF HOT WATER AS PER SECTION D26-17.07.
- YEARLY INSPECTIONS OF CENTRAL HEATING PLANT BY QUALIFIED PERSON TO BE MADE AS PER SECTION D26-17.05 H.M.C.
- PROVIDE ELECTRIC LIGHTING EQUIPMENT IN ALL DWELLINGS AS PER SECTION D26-19.01.
- PROVIDE & MAINTAIN ELECTRIC LIGHTING FIXTURES IN EVERY PUBLIC HALL, STAIR OR FIRESTAIR IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION D26-19.03 & 19.05.
- PROPER ELECTRIC LIGHTS TO BE PROVIDED NEAR ENTRANCE WAYS, YARDS & COURTS AS PER SECTION D26-19.07 H.M.C., ON SEPARATE CIRCUIT OR CONNECTED TO HOUSE LINE SERVICING PUBLIC HALLS, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS & APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS & ELECTRICITY.
- BOARD OF STANDARDS & APPEALS APPROVED TYPE PEEPHOLES APPROXIMATELY 5 FEET ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR TO BE PROVIDED IN ENTRANCE DOORS OF DWELLING UNITS AS PER SECTION D26.01 H.M.C. & DEPARTMENT RULES & REGULATIONS.
- ENTRANCE DOORS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH HEAVY DUTY LATCH SET & A HEAVY DUTY DEAD BOLT OPERABLE WITH A KEY FROM THE OUTSIDE & A THUMB-TURN FROM THE INSIDE. EQUIP DOORS WITH A CHAIN DOOR GUARD SO AS TO PERMIT PARTIAL OPENING. 17. PROPERLY MOUNTED & SECURED POLISHED METAL VIEWING MIRRORS TO BE PROVIDED WITHIN SELF-SERVICE ELEVATORS AS PER SECTION D26-20.03 H.M.C. & DEPARTMENT RULES & REGULATIONS.
- KEY LOCK IN THE ENTRANCE DOOR TO EACH DWELLING UNIT WITH AT LEAST ONE KEY TO BE PROVIDED BY OWNER AS PER SECTION D26-20.05 H.M.C.
- APPROVED TYPE MAIL RECEPTACLES & DIRECTORY OF PERSONS LIVING IN DWELLING TO BE PROVIDED AS PER SECTION D26-21.01 H.M.C. & REGULATIONS OF POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.
- PROPER FLOOR SIGNS TO BE PROVIDED IN PUBLIC HALL NEAR STAIRS & ELEVATORS & WITHIN STAIR ENCLOSURE AS PER SECTION D26-21.03 H.M.C. & DEPARTMENT RULES & REGULATIONS.
- PROPER STREET NUMBERS TO BE PROVIDED IN PUBLIC HALL OF THE DWELLING AS PER SECTION 82 (3)-1.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, SECTION D26-21.03 H.M.C. AND RULES & REGULATIONS OF BOROUGH PRESIDENT.
- A RESIDENT MANAGER RESPONSIBLE FOR OPERATION & MAINTENANCE OF ROOMING UNITS TO BE PROVIDED AS PER SECTION D26-21.09 H.M.C.
- PROPER JANITORIAL SERVICES TO BE PROVIDED AS PER SECTION D26-22.05 H.M.C.
- ALL COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS WITHIN ONE FOOT OF COOKING APPARATUS TO BE PROPERLY FIRE RETARDED & MINIMUM 2-FOOT CLEARANCE MAINTAINED ABOVE EXPOSED COOKING SURFACE. COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL BETWEEN 2 FEET & 3 FEET ABOVE EXPOSED COOKING SURFACE TO BE FIRE RETARDED. SECTION D26-32.05 H.M.C. & DEPARTMENT REULES & REGULATIONS.
- NO KITCHEN SHALL BE OCCUPIED FOR SLEEPING PURPOSES. SECTION D26-33.05 H.M.C.
- MAXIMUM TWO BOARDERS, ROOMERS OR LODGERS PERMITTED TO EACH FAMILY EXCEPT THAT MAXIMUM ONE BOARDER, ROOMER OR LODGER PERMITTED IF LOCATED IN ZONING TO ONE & TWO FAMILY DWELLINGS.
- REGISTRATION STATEMENT TO BE FILED AS PER SECTION D26-41.01 & D26-41.03 H.M.C.
- REGISTRATION IDENTIFICATION SIGN CONTACT AND DWELLING SERIAL NUMBER TO BE POSTED AS PER SECTION D26-41.15 H.M.C.
- IDENTIFICATION OF MANAGING AGENT OR OWNER TO BE INDICATED ON TENANT'S RENT RECEIPT AS PER SECTION D26-41.17 H.M.C.

## RECREATION ROOM NOTES:

- SAID RECREATION ROOMS ARE BEING PROVIDED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE APARTMENTS DIRECTLY ABOVE.
- SAID RECREATION ROOMS WILL BE SMALLER THAN THE APARTMENTS THAT THEY ARE ACCESSORY TO.
- SAID RECREATION ROOMS ARE CONNECTED WITH APARTMENTS DIRECTLY ABOVE VIA INTERNAL PRIVATE STAIR.
- SAID RECREATION ROOMS ARE PROVIDED WITH EGRESS VIA FPSC DORS AT THE LOWER LEVEL DIRECTLY INTO THE PUBLIC HALL.
- SAID RECREATION ROOMS WILL NOT BE USED AS "LIVING ROOMS" OR FOR SLEEPING PURPOSES.
- SAID RECREATION ROOMS WILL NOT BE RENTED INDEPENDENTLY.
- SAID RECREATION ROOMS WILL BE PROVIDED WITH A MINIMUM SIZED POWDER ROOM BARELY LARGE ENOUGH TO ACCOMODATE A WATER CLOSET AND LAVATORY. SAID MINIMAL TOILET IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY.

## REFUSE CHUTES AND REFUSE ROOMS:

§24-01 CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF REFUSE CHUTES AND REFUSE ROOMS.

§24-01 (A) REFUSE CHUTE ENCLOSURES. REFUSE CHUTES USED FOR CONVEYANCE OF GARBAGE AND RUBBISH FROM UPPER FLOORS OF A BUILDING TO A CELLAR OR OTHER LOCATION SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH AN ENCLOSURE OF BRICK MASONRY AT LEAST EIGHT INCHES IN THICKNESS OR OF REINFORCED CONCRETE AT LEAST SIX INCHES IN THICKNESS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.

§24-01 (B) HEIGHT AND SERVICE OPENINGS. REFUSE CHUTES SHALL EXTEND FROM THE REFUSE COLLECTION ROOM TO A HEIGHT OF AT LEAST SIX FEET ABOVE THE ROOF. A SPARK ARRESTOR SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE TOP OF THE CHUTE ABOVE THE ROOF. SERVICE OPENINGS INTO THE CHUTE SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH APPROVED SELF-CLOSING HOPPERS SO CONSTRUCTED THAT THE CHUTE IS CLOSED OFF WHILE THE HOPPER IS BEING LOADED AND SO THAT NO PART WILL PROJECT INTO THE CHUTE. THE AREA OF SERVICE OPENING SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE THIRD THE AREA OF THE CHUTE. HOPPER DOORS SHALL HAVE A FIRE RESISTIVE RATING OF AT LEAST ONE HOUR, UNLESS SEPARATED FROM THE CORRIDOR BY A FIREPROOF, SELF-CLOSING DOOR IN WHICH CASE THEY SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF INCOMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL.

§24-01 (D) REFUSE CHUTES IN NEW CONSTRUCTION. WHERE REFUSE COMPACTING SYSTEMS ARE REQUIRED HEREFTER IN NEW CONSTRUCTION, REFUSE CHUTES SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR CONVEYANCE OF GARBAGE AND RUBBISH TO REFUSE COLLECTION ROOMS, EXCEPT THAT REFUSE CHUTES WILL NOT BE REQUIRED IN CLASS A MULTIPLE DWELLINGS WHICH ARE FOUR STORIES OR LESS IN HEIGHT. REFUSE CHUTES ERECTED HEREFTER IN NEW CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE OF A TYPE APPROVED BY THE BOARD OR SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISIONS (A) AND (B) OF THIS SECTION. CHUTES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED STRAIGHT AND PLUMB, WITHOUT PROJECTIONS OF ANY KIND WITHIN THE CHUTE. REFUSE CHUTES SHALL HAVE AN INSIDE DIMENSION OF AT LEAST TWENTY-FOUR INCHES FOR THE FULL HEIGHT OF THE CHUTE. ALL CHUTES SHALL BE SUPPORTED ON FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION HAVING AT LEAST A THREE HOUR RESISTIVE RATING.

§24-01 (E) REFUSE COLLECTION ROOMS. A REFUSE COLLECTION ROOM SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE BOTTOM OF ALL CHUTES AT THE CELLAR OR LOWEST STORY LEVEL TO RECEIVE THE REFUSE. SUCH ROOMS SHALL BE ENCLOSED WITH WALLS AND ROOFS CONSTRUCTED OF MATERIAL HAVING A MINIMUM FIRE RESISTIVE RATING OF THREE HOURS, EXCEPT THAT GYPSUM MASONRY MAY NOT BE USED FOR SUCH ENCLOSURE WALLS. OPENINGS TO SUCH ROOMS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH FIREPROOF, SELF-CLOSING DOORS HAVING A MINIMUM FIRE RESISTIVE RATING OF ONE AND ONE-HALF HOURS. IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL TO KEEP SUCH DOORS OPEN. REFUSE CHUTES SHALL EXTEND TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE ROOF OF THE REFUSE ROOM OR LOWER. ROOFS SHALL BE AT LEAST SIX INCHES AWAY FROM COMBUSTIBLE FLOOR OR WALL CONSTRUCTION. REFUSE ROOMS SHALL BE USED ONLY FOR RECEIPT OF REFUSE AND FOR REFUSE COMPACTING EQUIPMENT. REFUSE ROOMS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH SUFFICIENT SPRINKLERS TO SPRINKLE ALL PARTS OF THE ROOM, WITH AT LEAST TWO SPRINKLER HEADS PROVIDED AND WITH SPRINKLERS SO SEPARATED AS TO SPRINKLE A MAXIMUM AREA OF THE ROOM WHEN ONE OF THE SPRINKLERS IS BLOCKED OR NOT OPERATING. A HOSE CONNECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED WITHIN THE REFUSE ROOM. EXISTING REFUSE ROOMS AND INCINERATOR ROOMS THAT HAVE BEEN APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR SUCH USE MAY BE RETAINED AS APPROVED.

§24-01 (F) COLLECTION ROOM FLOORS. THE FLOOR WITHIN THE ROOM FOR THE COLLECTION OF REFUSE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF CONCRETE AND SHALL BE SLOPED TO A FLOOR DRAIN WITHIN THE ROOM CONNECTED TO THE HOUSE DRAIN. THE DRAIN SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH A PROTECTIVE SCREEN TO RETAIN SOLID MATERIAL. FLOOR DRAIN TRAPS SHALL BE READILY ACCESSIBLE FOR CLEANING.

§24-01 (G) USE OF EXISTING COMBUSTION CHAMBERS. EXISTING INCINERATOR COMBUSTION CHAMBERS MAY BE USED IN WHOLE OR IN PART AS REFUSE COLLECTING ROOMS FOR COLLECTION OF REFUSE AND FOR COMPACTING EQUIPMENT PROVIDED THE GRATES ARE REMOVED AND PROVIDED THEY COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISION (E) OF THIS SECTION.

§24-01 (H) SPRINKLER OPERATION AND WATER SUPPLY. SPRINKLERS SHALL BE DESIGNED TO OPERATE AUTOMATICALLY AT A TEMPERATURE NOT EXCEEDING ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DEGREES FAHRENHEIT. THEY MAY BE ELECTRICALLY CONTROLLED PROVIDED SUCH SPRINKLERS ARE APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF STANDARDS AND APPEALS. SPRINKLERS MAY BE CONNECTED TO THE COLD WATER SUPPLY OF THE BUILDING AT THE POINT WHERE SUCH SERVICE ENTERS THE BUILDING OR AT THE BASE OF A WATER SUPPLY RISER PROVIDED THE PIPING OF SUCH SERVICE OR RISER IS OF ADEQUATE SIZE. NO CONNECTIONS, EXCEPT THOSE FOR SPRINKLERS, SHALL BE MADE TO THE SPRINKLER PIPING.

§24-01 (I) HOPPERS, CUT OFF DOORS AND COMPACTORS. A HOPPER AND CUT OFF DOOR SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE BOTTOM OF THE REFUSE CHUTE TO REGULATE AND GUIDE THE FLOW OF REFUSE INTO CONTAINERS. WHERE COMPACTORS ARE INSTALLED SO THAT THE REFUSE FLOWS DIRECTLY INTO THE COMPACTING EQUIPMENT, THE EQUIPMENT MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF THE HOPPER AND CUT OFF DOOR. COMPACTING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE ARRANGED TO OPERATE AUTOMATICALLY WHEN THE LEVEL OF RUBBISH IS NOT HIGHER THAN THREE FEET BELOW THE LOWEST DOOR.COMPACTORS SHALL BE LOCATED ENTIRELY WITHIN THE ENCLOSURE OF THE REFUSE ROOM AND FORMER COMBUSTION CHAMBER WHERE THE LATTER IS RETAINED, EXCEPT THAT MOTORS, PUMPS AND CONTROLS MAY BE INSTALLED IN ADJACENT ROOMS.WHERE REFUSE IS REMOVED MANUALLY, THE REFUSE SHALL BE REMOVED WITH SUFFICIENT FREQUENCY SO THAT IT WILL AT NO TIME EXTEND LESS THAN THREE FEET BELOW THE LEVEL OF THE LOWEST HOPPER DOOR OPENING INTO THE CHUTE.

§24-01 (J) NUMBER OF SPRINKLER HEADS. SUFFICIENT SPRINKLERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN THE REFUSE ROOM AND FORMER COMBUSTION CHAMBER TO PROVIDE SPRINKLER COVERAGE FOR THE ENTIRE AREA OF EACH UNIT.

§24-01 (J) (1) ADEQUATE LIGHTING SHALL BE PROVIDED IN REFUSE ROOMS.

§24-01 (J) (2) REFUSE CHUTES, REFUSE ROOMS, HOPPERS AND ALL PARTS OF THE REFUSE COLLECTING SYSTEM SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CLEAN AND SANITARY CONDITION AT ALL TIMES, FREE OF VERMIN, ODORS AND DEFECTS, AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD OPERATING CONDITION. FUSED SPRINKLER HEADS SHALL BE REPLACED PROMPTLY.

§24-01 (J) (3) THE OWNER SHALL ESTABLISH A PROGRAM TO ENSURE THAT THE REFUSE CHUTE AND THE REFUSE ROOM AND APPURTENANCES WILL BE TREATED AS OFTEN AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO PREVENT INFESTATION WITH INSECTS OR RODENTS. THE OWNER SHALL MAINTAIN A RECORD OF SUCH TREATMENTS WHICH SHALL BE AVAILABLE AT ALL TIMES FOR INSPECTION BY THE DEPARTMENT.

§24-01 (K) THESE RULES SHALL APPLY ONLY TO REFUSE CHUTES IN NEW CONSTRUCTION AND TO REFUSE CHUTES RESULTING FROM THE CONVERSION OF EXISTING INCINERATOR FLUES AND TO EXISTING REFUSE CHUTES.

§24-01 (L) COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFUSE WITHIN PREMISES. THE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFUSE WITHIN ANY BUILDING OR ON ANY PREMISES SHALL BE PERFORMED AS DEEMED NECESSARY TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFETY, HEALTH AND WELL BEING OF THE OCCUPANTS OF BUILDINGS AND OF THE PUBLIC. THE CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, CLEANLINESS AND SANITATION OF REFUSE CHUTES AND REFUSE ROOMS AND EXTERMINATION TREATMENT FOR INSECTS AND RODENTS, AND THE KEEPING OF RECORDS OF SUCH TREATMENTS FOR REFUSE CHUTES AND REFUSE ROOMS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATIONS ESTABLISHED BY THIS DEPARTMENT IN CONSULTATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.



Revisions		
No.	Description	Date
.00	Initial Submittal	1 April 2013

Owner:

**Skillman Suites LLC**

**316A Himrod St.  
Brooklyn, NY 11237**

Consultants:

**The BAC Group, LTD.**

**366 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY  
11211  
Tel: 1-(718)-599-1559  
Fax: 1-(718)-599-1865**

Architect:

**Jeffrey Kamen, RA**

**320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112**

License Number: 023279

Architect's Seal:

Project:

**New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY**

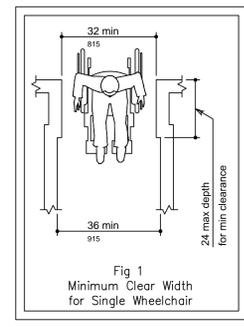
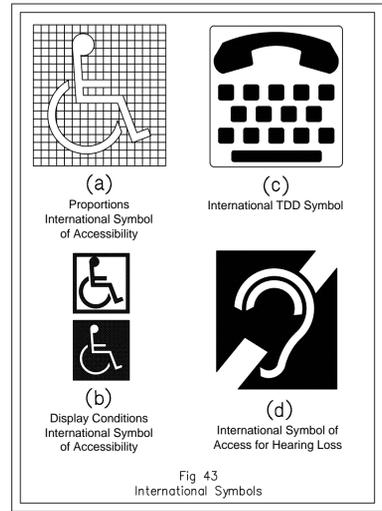
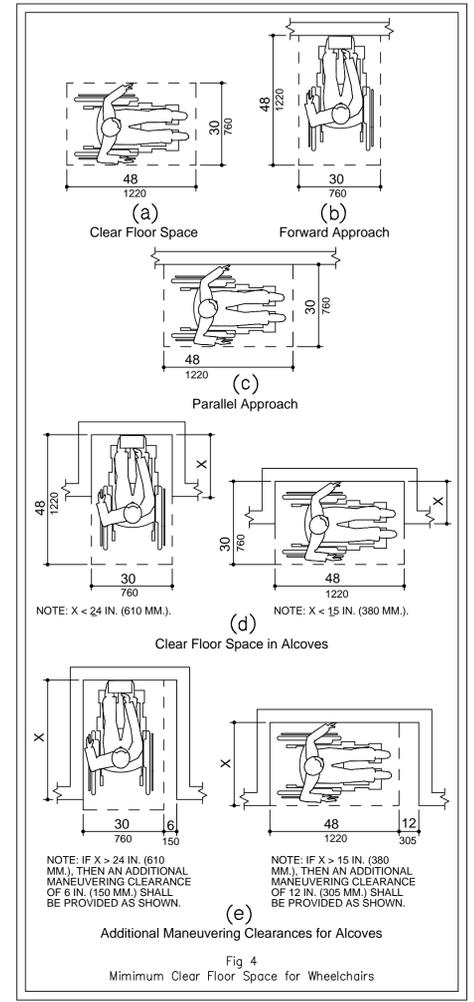
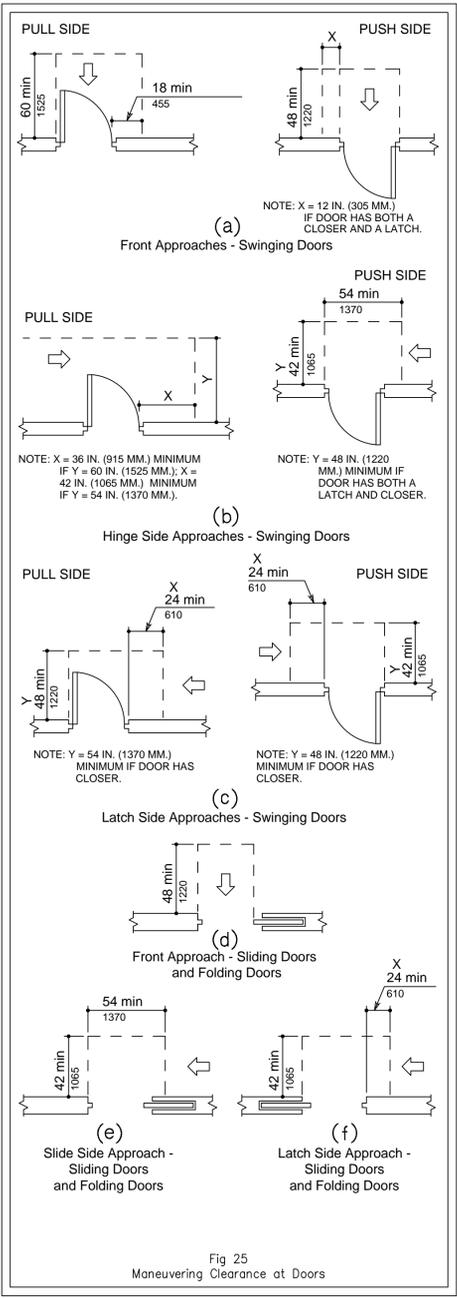
**Notes: 2**

Project Number:	5009
Date:	1 April 2013
Drawn By:	S.H.T.
Checked By:	N.T.

**N-101.00**

Sheet:	1 of 30
Scale:	NTS

DOB Scan Sticker



**GENERAL NOTES:**

**ACCESSIBLE ROUTE:**  
A CONTINUOUS UNOBSTRUCTED PATH CONNECTING ALL ACCESSIBLE SPACES AND ROOMS IN A BUILDING THAT CAN BE NEGOTIATED BY ALL CATEGORIES OF PEOPLE HAVING PHYSICAL DISABILITIES.

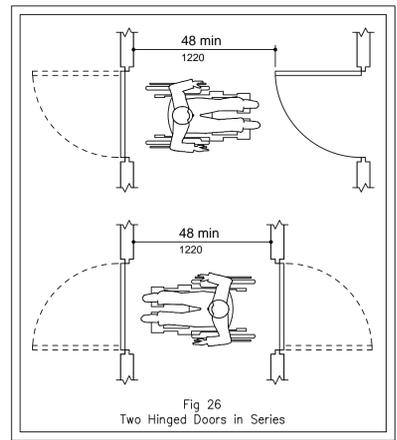
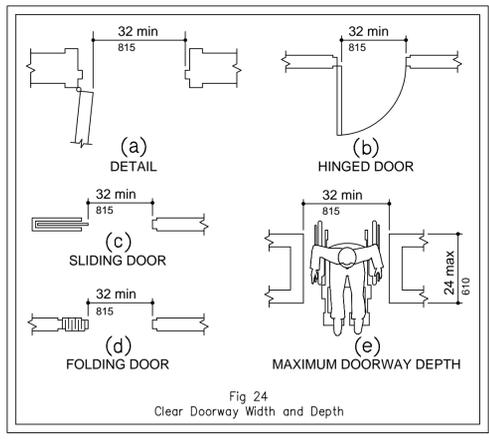
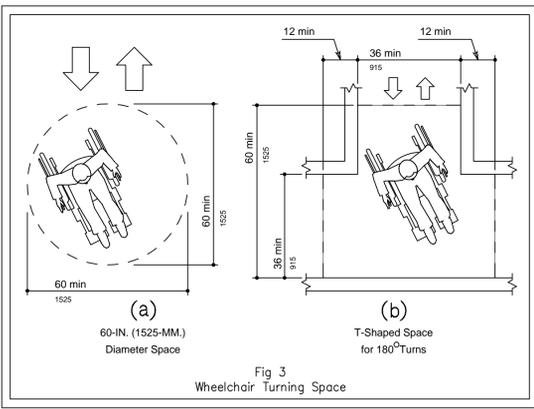
PORTIONS OF ACCESSIBLE ROUTES WITH SLOPES OF MORE THAN 1:20 ARE RAMPS AND SHALL COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS FOR RAMPS.

AN INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE ROUTE SHALL BE PROVIDED FROM THE ENTRANCE OF THE BUILDING TO ALL DWELLING UNITS IN THE BUILDING. ALL DWELLING UNITS ARE TO BE ADAPTABLE.

**ADAPTABLE DWELLING UNITS:**  
DWELLING UNITS WHICH ARE CONSTRUCTED ON AN ACCESSIBLE ROUTE AND EQUIPPED AS SET FORTH IN REFERENCE STANDARD RS 4-6 OF THE NYC BUILDING CODE SO THAT THEY CAN BE CONVERTED TO BE USED, WITH A MINIMUM OF STRUCTURAL CHANGE, BY ALL CATEGORIES OF PERSONS HAVING PHYSICAL DISABILITIES.

ADAPTABLE DWELLING UNITS SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH DOOR WIDTHS AND CLEAR FLOOR SPACES FOR POSSIBLE OCCUPANTS WITH PHYSICAL DISABILITIES. ADAPTABLE SPACES WITHIN DWELLING UNITS SHALL INCLUDE KITCHENS AND BATHROOMS AND THEIR RESPECTIVE DOORWAYS.

THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING IS FOR GUIDANCE PURPOSES ONLY AND OUTLINE THE MOST COMMON ACCESSIBILITY CRITERIA APPLICABLE TO THIS JOB. THEY DO NOT CONSTITUTE A COMPREHENSIVE DESCRIPTION OF ALL POSSIBLE CRITERIA WHICH ARE GIVEN IN THE NYC BLDG. CODE AND ANSI A 117.1 - 2003 AS MODIFIED BY THE NYC BLDG. CODE. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR MUST DO ALL WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE REGULATIONS.



Revisions		
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**Owner:**  
  
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**Consultants:**  
  
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**Architect:**  
  
Jeffrey Kamen, RA  
  
320 Bond Street  
New York, NY 10012  
Tel: 1-(212)-982-5112  
  
License Number: 023279

**Architect's Seal:**

**Project:**  
  
New Development @  
85 Skillman Street  
Brooklyn, NY

**Notes: Handicap  
Details 1**

Project Number:	5009
Date:	1 April 2013
Drawn By:	S.H.T.
Checked By:	N.T.

**A-114.00**

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: NTS  
DOB Scan Sticker



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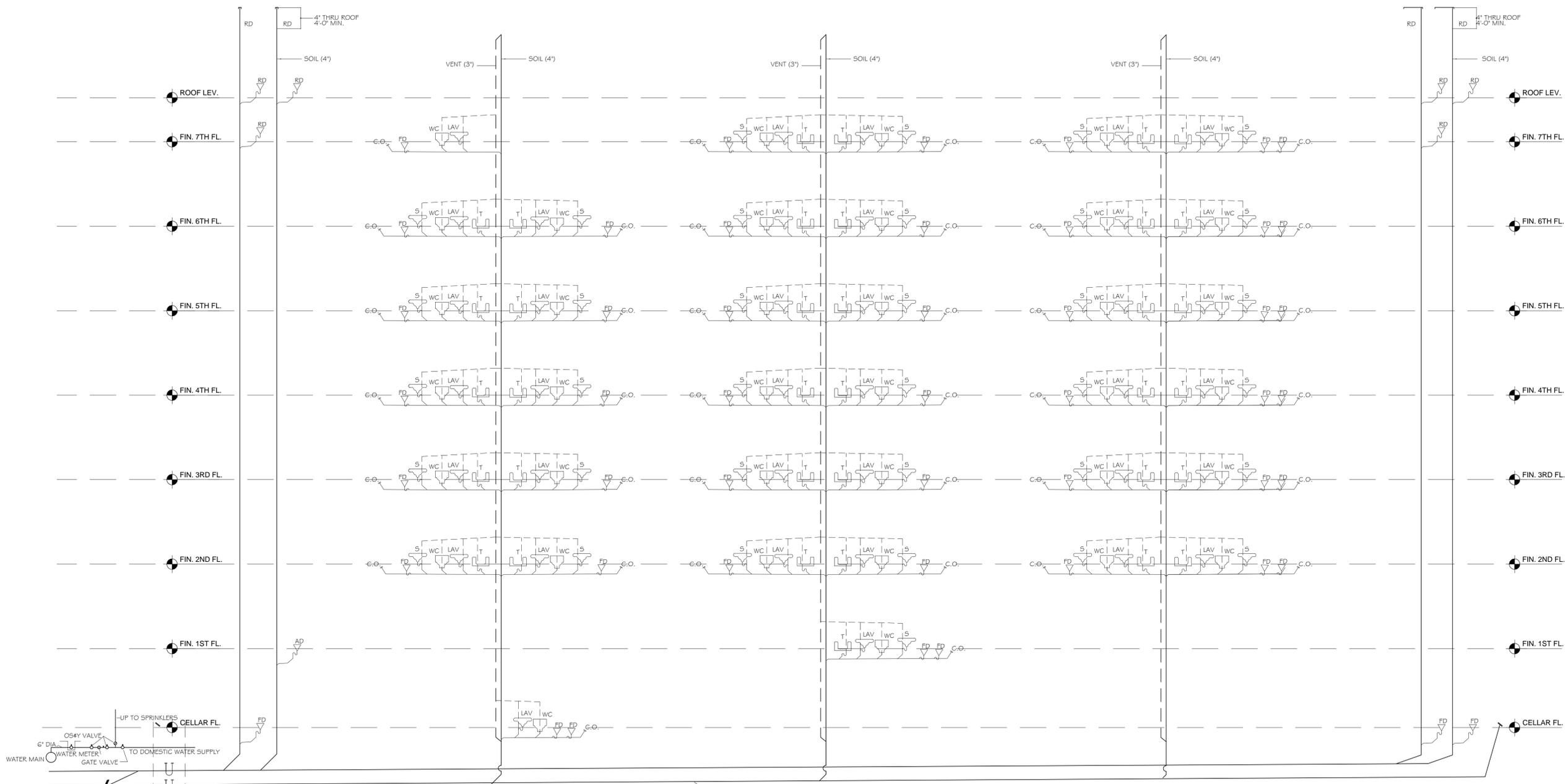
**Plumbing Riser  
Diagram**

Project Number: 5009  
Date: 1 April 2013  
Drawn By: S.H.T.  
Checked By: N.T.

**P-100.00**

Sheet: 1 of 30  
Scale: NTS

DOB Scan Sticker



PLUMBING FIXTURE SCHEDULE						
SYMBOL	ABBR	DESCRIPTION	S' W	V	HW	CW
	LAV	WALL HUNG LAVATORY - WITH CENTER SET - POP - UP DRAIN 24 x 20	1 1/2"	1 1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
	LAV	LAVATORY - SELF - PRIMING SET IN COUNTER TOP WITH CENTER SET & OPEN DRAIN	1 1/2"	1 1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
	WC	WATER CLOSET FLUSH TANK FLOOR MOUNTED - WHITE, WITH OPEN FRONT SOLID PLASTIC SEAT - VITREOUS CHINA	4"	2"		3/4"
	S	KITCHEN SINK - 1 OR 2 COMPARTMENTS, 16 GA. STAINLESS STEEL	2"	1 1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
	T	BATH TUB - ENAMEL CAST IRON	1 1/2"	1 1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
	WM	WASHER, DRYER				
	HW	HOT WATER HEATER				
	B	GAS BOILER (<350 K>)				
	FD	FLOOR DRAIN				
	RD	ROOF DRAIN				
	AD	AREA DRAIN				

NOTES:  
1. BATHROOMS AND TOILETS TO HAVE TILE ON THE WALLS, MIN. 4'-6" HIGH AND A TILE FLOOR.  
2. WALL ABOVE FIXTURE SHALL HAVE MOISTURE RESISTANT GSA APPROVED WALL BOARDS.  
3. ALL BATHROOM DUCTS TO BE 6" x 6" INDIVIDUAL DUCTS.

- PLUMBING NOTES:
- COMPLETE PLUMBING SYSTEM AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM INSTALLATION SHALL COMPLY WITH SUB-CHAPTER 16 & RS 16-1.
  - PROVIDE CLEARANCES AT BASE OF ALL STACKS.
  - PROVIDE SHUT OFF VALVES ON ALL WATER SUPPLY LINES AT FIXTURES.
  - PURGE ALL WATER AND GAS LINES BEFORE FINAL CONNECTIONS.
  - PROVIDE AIR CHAMBERS AT TOP OF WATER RISERS MINIMUM 18" HIGH, 12" DIA.
  - STANDARD WEIGHT BLACK STEEL PIPE FOR GAS SYSTEM WITH GALVANIZED STEEL FITTINGS.
  - FLOOR DRAINS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH REMOVABLE STRAINER AS PER RS 16.
  - TRAPS FOR FLOOR DRAINS SHALL BE DEEP SEAL TYPE.
  - APPROVED TYPE WATER METER TO BE INSTALLED TO CONFORM WITH LEGISLATION SIGNED INTO LAW ON JULY 31, 1985.
  - ALL PIPING INSTALLED TO SERVICE BUILDING AND WITHIN BUILDING SHALL BE THERMALLY INSULATED AS PER NEW YORK STATE ENERGY CONSERVATION CONSTRUCTION CODE.
  - WATER METERS LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE BUILDING AND WITHIN THE PROPERTY LINE, SHALL BE INSTALLED IN AN ACCESSIBLE, WATER TIGHT AND FROST PROOF FIT OR METER BOX AS PER SEC. P107.3 (B).
  - PLUMBING VENT LINE TO EXTEND 2'-0" MINIMUM ABOVE FINISHED ROOF.
  - INSTALLATION OF WATER SUPPLY SERVICE LINES SHALL COMPLY WITH SEC. P107.2.
  - SEPARATION OF WATER SUPPLY SERVICE AND BUILDING SEWER SHALL COMPLY WITH SEC. P107.2 (B) (5).
  - PROTECTIVE COVER FOR SERVICE PIPE SHALL COMPLY WITH SEC. P107.2 (B) (6).
  - WATER METER LOCATION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS AND ELECTRICITY, AND SHALL COMPLY WITH SEC. P107.3 (B).
  - PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF HOUSE DRAIN, PLUMBING CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY DEPTH OF SEWER SEWERS IN STREET, TO ASCERTAIN THE COMPLIANCE OF PROVIDING THE MINIMUM REQUIRED PITCH OF HOUSE SEWER, AS PER BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED TO ARCHITECT IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO START OF ANY WORK.
  - ROOF GUTTERS SHALL BE AS PER RS 16-19.
  - PLUMBING CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL INVERTS AND EXISTING CONDITIONS PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF NEW WORK.
  - ALL HOT AND COLD WATER LINES TO BE INSULATED WITH FIBERGLASS-FOL BACKED INSULATION JACKETS.
  - WASHING MACHINES TO BE PROVIDED WITH VACUUM BREAKERS. ALL WASHING MACHINES SHALL BE M.E.A. APPROVED TYPE, VACUUM BREAKER BY SINGER CORP., M.E.A. 398-87E.
  - LAUNDRY ROOM / BOILER ROOM FLOOR DRAINS, TRAPS FOR FLOOR DRAINS, SHALL BE DEEP SEAL TYPE AND SHALL HAVE A WATER SUPPLY AVAILABLE FROM A PLUMBING FIXTURE LOCATED IN THE SAME ROOM OR FROM A FAUCET OR VALVED OUTLET LOCATED NOT MORE THAN 3'-0" ABOVE THE FLOOR DRAIN. AUTOMATIC PRIMING DEVICES WILL BE PERMITTED ONLY WHEN AN AIR GAP IS PROVIDED BETWEEN THE PORTABLE WATER SUPPLY AND THE WATER SUPPLY FOR THE DRAIN AS PER SEC. P107.17.
  - PLUMBING FIXTURES TO COMPLY WITH NATIONAL STANDARD OF REFERENCE STANDARDS RS-16.
  - ALL NEW WATER CLOSETS AND ASSOCIATED FLUSH VALVES INSTALLED MUST MEET WATER SAVING PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AS WELL AS PROPER LABELING AS SET FORTH IN LOCAL LAW 2989. WATER CLOSETS AND ASSOCIATED FLUSH VALVES SHALL BE ON THE APPROVED LIST OF WATER SAVING DEVICES COMPILED BY THE NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION.

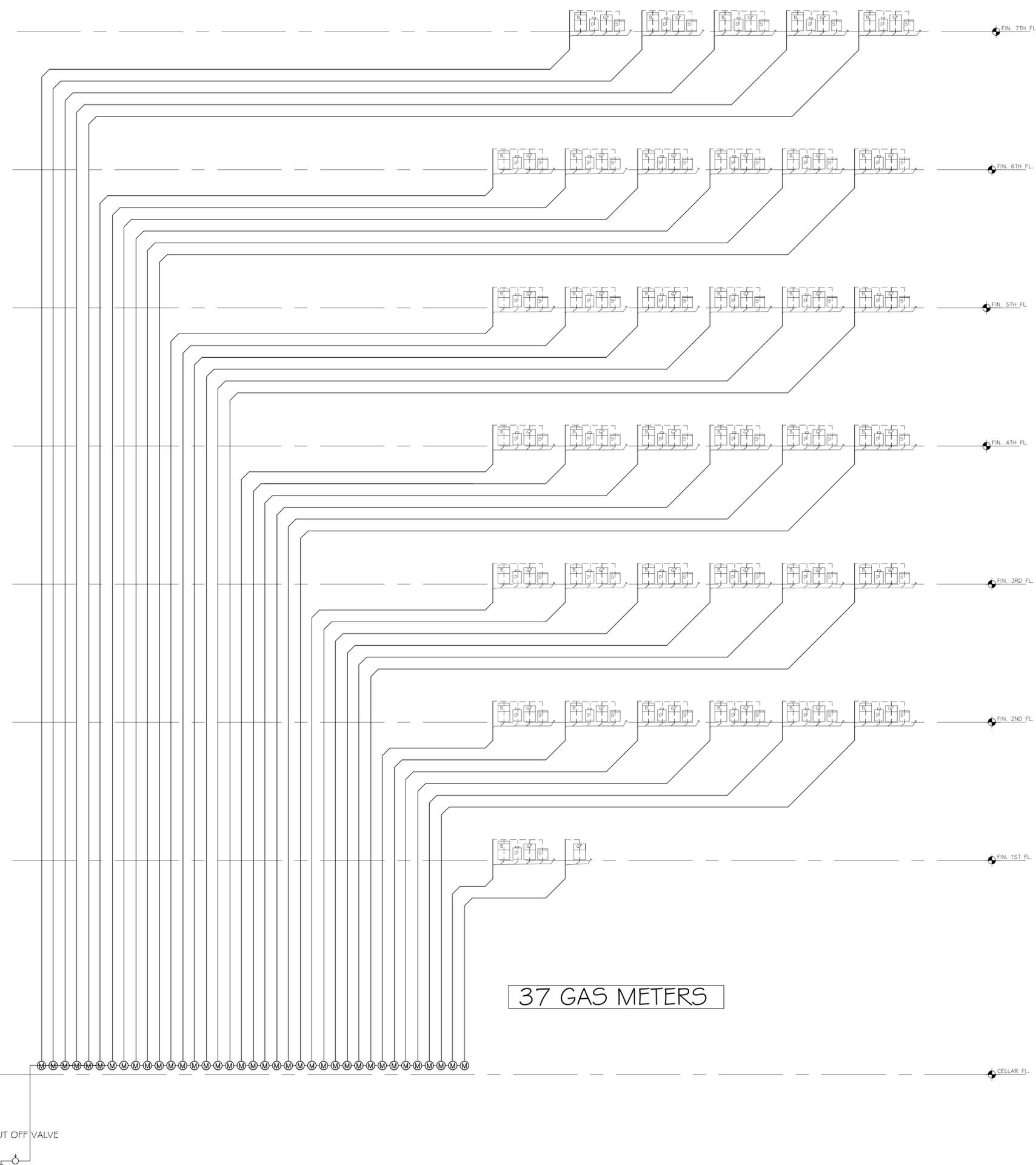
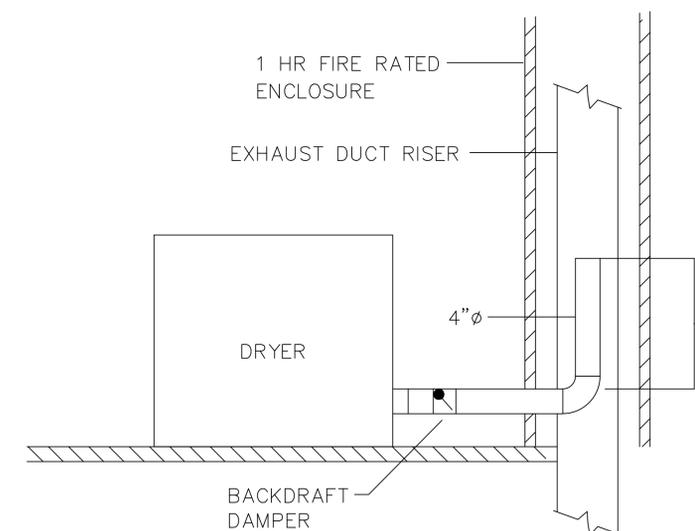
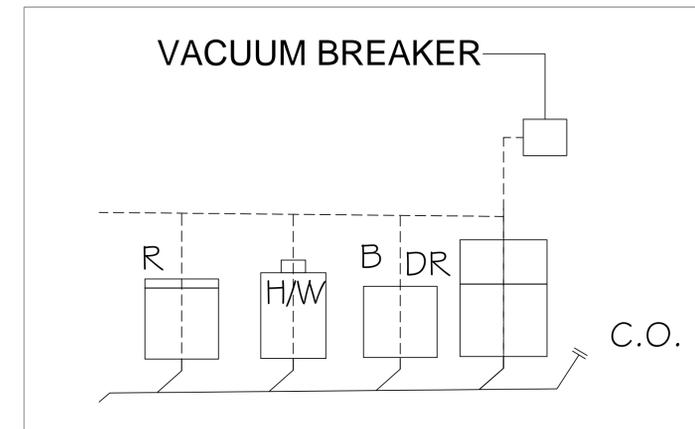
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*Skillman*

GAS LINE FIXTURE SCHEDULE

Symbol	Letter	Description	2"	1-1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
	D	DRYER				
	GF	GAS FURNACE				
	B	WATER BOILER				
	S	STOVE				

VACUUM BREAKER OR AIR GAP



37 GAS METERS

SHUT OFF VALVE

Revisions		
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Architect's Seal:

Project:  
**New Development @  
 85 Skillman Street  
 Brooklyn, NY**

**Gas Riser Diagram**

Project Number: 5009  
 Date: 1 April 2013  
 Drawn By: S.H.T.  
 Checked By: N.T.

**P-101.00**

Sheet: 1 of 30  
 Scale: NTS  
 DOB Scan Sticker

**ATTACHMENT B**  
**CITIZEN PARTICIPATION PLAN**

## **ATTACHMENT B**

### **CITIZEN PARTICIPATION PLAN**

The NYC Office of Environmental Remediation and East Wing Construction have established this Citizen Participation Plan because the opportunity for citizen participation is an important component of the NYC Volunteer Cleanup Program. This Citizen Participation Plan describes how information about the project will be disseminated to the Community during the remedial process. As part of its obligations under the NYC VCP, East Wing Construction will maintain a repository for project documents and provide public notice at specified times throughout the remedial program. This Plan also takes into account potential environmental justice concerns in the community that surrounds the project Site. Under this Citizen Participation Plan, project documents and work plans are made available to the public in a timely manner. Public comment on work plans is strongly encouraged during public comment periods. Work plans are not approved by the NYC Office of Environmental Remediation (OER) until public comment periods have expired and all comments are formally reviewed. An explanation of cleanup plans in the form of a public meeting or informational session is available upon request to OER's project manager assigned to this Site, Cavy Chu, who can be contacted about these issues or any others questions, comments or concerns that arise during the remedial process at (212) 788-3774.

**Project Contact List.** OER has established a Site Contact List for this project to provide public notices in the form of fact sheets to interested members of the Community. Communications will include updates on important information relating to the progress of the cleanup program at the Site as well as to request public comments on the cleanup plan. The Project Contact List includes owners and occupants of adjacent buildings and homes, principal administrators of nearby schools, hospitals and day care centers, the public water supplier that serves the area, established document repositories, the representative Community Board, City Council members, other elected representatives and any local Brownfield Opportunity Area (BOA) grantee organizations. Any member of the public or organization will be added to the Site Contact List on request. A copy of the Site Contact List is maintained by OER's project manager. If you would like to be added to the Project Contact List, contact NYC OER at (212) 788-8841 or by email at [brownfields@cityhall.nyc.gov](mailto:brownfields@cityhall.nyc.gov).



**Repositories.** A document repository is maintained in the nearest public library that maintains evening and weekend hours. This document repository is intended to house, for community review, all principal documents generated during the cleanup program including Remedial Investigation plans and reports, Remedial Action work plans and reports, and all public notices and fact sheets produced during the lifetime of the remedial project. East Wing Construction will inspect the repositories to ensure that they are fully populated with project information. The repository for this project is:

Repository Name: Brooklyn Library - Marcy Branch

Repository Address: 617 Dekalb Avenue, Brooklyn, NY 11216

Repository Telephone Number: 718-935-0032

Repository Hours of Operation:

Mon	10:00 AM - 6:00 PM
Tue	1:00 PM - 8:00 PM
Wed	10:00 AM - 6:00 PM
Thu	10:00 AM - 6:00 PM
Fri	10:00 AM - 6:00 PM
Sat	closed
Sun	closed

**Digital Documentation.** NYC OER strongly encourages the use of digital documents in repositories as a means of minimizing paper use while also increasing convenience in access and ease of use.

**Identify Issues of Public Concern.** The major issues of concern to the public will be potential impacts of nuisance odors and dust during the disturbance of historic fill soils at the Site. This work will be performed in accordance with procedures which will be specified under a detailed Remedial Program which considers and takes preventive measures for exposures to future residents of the property and those on adjacent properties during construction. Detailed plans to monitor the potential for exposure including a Construction Health and Safety Plan and a

Community Air Monitoring Plan are required components of the remedial program. Implementation of these plans will be under the direct oversight of the New York City Department of Environmental Remediation (NYCOER).

These plans will specify the following worker and community health and safety activities during remedial activity at the Site:

- On-Site air monitoring for worker protection,
- Perimeter air monitoring for community protection.

The Health and Safety Plan and the Community Air Monitoring Plan prepared as part of the Remedial Action Work Plan will be available for public review at the document repository.

**Public Notice and Public Comment.** Public notice to all members of the Project Contact List is required at three major steps during the performance of the cleanup program (listed below) and at other points that may be required by OER. Notices will include Fact Sheets with descriptive project summaries, updates on recent and upcoming project activities, repository information, and important phone and email contact information. All notices will be prepared by East Wing Construction, reviewed and approved by OER prior to distribution and mailed by East Wing Construction. Public comment is solicited in public notices for all work plans developed under the NYC Volunteer Cleanup Program. Final review of all work plans by OER will consider all public comments. Approval will not be granted until the public comment period has been completed.

**Citizen Participation Milestones.** Public notice and public comment activities occur at several steps during a typical NYC VCP project. See flow chart on the following page, which identifies when during the NYC VCP public notices are issued: These steps include:

- **Public Notice of the availability of the Remedial Investigation Report and Remedial Action Work Plan and a 30-day public comment period on the Remedial Action Work Plan.**

Public notice in the form of a Fact Sheet is sent to all parties listed on the Site Contact List announcing the availability of the Remedial Investigation Report and Remedial

Action Work Plan and the initiation of a 30-day public comment period on the Remedial Action Work Plan. The Fact Sheet summarizes the findings of the RIR and provides details of the RAWP. The public comment period will be extended an additional 15 days upon public request. A public meeting or informational session will be conducted by OER upon request.

- **Public Notice announcing the approval of the RAWP and the start of remediation**

Public notice in the form of a Fact Sheet is sent to all parties listed on the Site Contact List announcing the approval of the RAWP and the start of remediation.

- **Public Notice announcing the completion of remediation, designation of Institutional and Engineering Controls and issuance of the Notice of Completion**

Public notice in the form of a Fact Sheet is sent to all parties listed on the Site Contact List announcing the completion of remediation, providing a list of all Institutional and Engineering Controls implemented for to the Site and announcing the issuance of the Notice of Completion

**ATTACHMENT C**  
**SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT**

## **ATTACHMENT C SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT**

This Sustainability Statement documents sustainable activities and green remediation efforts planned under this remedial action.

**Reuse of Clean, Recyclable Materials.** Reuse of clean, locally-derived recyclable materials reduces consumption of non-renewable virgin resources and can provide energy savings and greenhouse gas reduction.

This project intends to use recycled concrete aggregate wherever possible in grading and backfilling the Site. An estimate of the quantity (in tons) of clean, non-virgin materials (reported by type of material) reused under this plan will be quantified and reported in the RAR.

**Reduce Consumption of Virgin and Non-Renewable Resources.** Reduced consumption of virgin and non-renewable resources lowers the overall environmental impact of the project on the region by conserving these resources.

The project will reduce the consumption of virgin materials by substituting recycled concrete aggregate for mined gravel and/or sand backfill whenever possible. An estimate of the quantity (in tons) of virgin and non-renewable resources, the use of which will be avoided under this plan, will be quantified and reported in the RAR.

**Reduced Energy Consumption and Promotion of Greater Energy Efficiency.** Reduced energy consumption lowers greenhouse gas emissions, improves local air quality, lessens in-city power generation requirements, can lower traffic congestion, and provides substantial cost savings.

Recycled concrete materials and other backfill materials will be locally sourced reducing the energy consumption associated with transporting these materials to the Site. Best efforts will be made to quantify energy efficiencies achieved during the remediation and will be reported in the Remedial Action Report (RAR). Where energy savings cannot be easily quantified, a gross indicator of the amount of energy saved or the means by which energy savings was achieved will

be reported.

**Paperless Volunteer Cleanup Program.** East Wing Construction is participating in OER's Paperless Volunteer Cleanup Program. Under this program, submission of electronic documents will replace submission of hard copies for the review of project documents, communications and milestone reports.

**Low-Energy Project Management Program.** East Wing Construction is participating in OER's low-energy project management program. Under this program, whenever possible, meetings are held using remote communication technologies, such as videoconferencing and teleconferencing to reduce energy consumption and traffic congestion associated with personal transportation.

**ATTACHMENT D**  
**SOIL/MATERIALS MANAGEMENT PLAN**

## **ATTACHMENT D**

### **SOIL/MATERIALS MANAGEMENT PLAN**

#### **1.1 SOIL SCREENING METHODS**

Visual, olfactory and PID soil screening and assessment will be performed under the supervision of a Qualified Environmental Professional and will be reported in the RAR. Soil screening will be performed during invasive work performed during the remedy and development phases prior to issuance of the Notice of Completion.

#### **1.2 STOCKPILE METHODS**

Excavated soil from suspected areas of contamination (e.g., hot spots, USTs, drains, etc.) will be stockpiled separately and will be segregated from clean soil and construction materials. Stockpiles will be used only when necessary and will be removed as soon as practicable. While stockpiles are in place, they will be inspected daily, and before and after every storm event. Results of inspections will be recorded in a logbook and maintained at the Site and available for inspection by OER. Excavated soils will be stockpiled on, at minimum, double layers of 8-mil minimum sheeting, will be kept covered at all times with appropriately anchored plastic tarps, and will be routinely inspected. Broken or ripped tarps will be promptly replaced.

All stockpile activities will be compliant with applicable laws and regulations. Soil stockpile areas will be appropriately graded to control run-off in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Stockpiles of excavated soils and other materials shall be located at least of 50 feet from the property boundaries, where possible. Hay bales or equivalent will surround soil stockpiles except for areas where access by equipment is required. Silt fencing and hay bales will be used as needed near catch basins, surface waters and other discharge points.

#### **1.3 CHARACTERIZATION OF EXCAVATED MATERIALS**

Soil/fill or other excavated media that is transported off-Site for disposal will be sampled in a manner required by the receiving facility, and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Soils proposed for reuse on-Site will be managed as defined in this plan.

#### **1.4 MATERIALS EXCAVATION, LOAD-OUT AND DEPARTURE**

The PE/QEP overseeing the remedial action will:

- oversee remedial work and the excavation and load-out of excavated material;
- ensure that there is a party responsible for the safe execution of invasive and other work performed under this work plan;
- ensure that Site development activities and development-related grading cuts will not interfere with, or otherwise impair or compromise the remedial activities proposed in this RAWP;
- ensure that the presence of utilities and easements on the Site has been investigated and that any identified risks from work proposed under this plan are properly addressed by appropriate parties;
- ensure that all loaded outbound trucks are inspected and cleaned if necessary before leaving the Site; and
- ensure that all egress points for truck and equipment transport from the Site will be kept clean of Site-derived materials during Site remediation.

Locations where vehicles exit the Site shall be inspected daily for evidence of soil tracking off premises. Cleaning of the adjacent streets will be performed as needed to maintain a clean condition with respect to Site-derived materials.

Open and uncontrolled mechanical processing of historical fill and contaminated soil on-Site will not be performed without prior OER approval.

#### **1.5 OFF-SITE MATERIALS TRANSPORT**

Loaded vehicles leaving the Site will comply with all applicable materials transportation requirements (including appropriate covering, manifests, and placards) in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, including use of licensed haulers in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 364. If loads contain wet material capable of causing leakage from trucks, truck liners will be used. Queuing of trucks will be performed on-Site, when possible in order to minimize off Site disturbance. Off-Site queuing will be minimized.

Outbound truck transport routes are the following: follow Skillman Street north, turn left at the

second intersection onto Flushing Avenue, then follow the signs for I-278 (BQE) east or west.

This routing takes into account the following factors: (a) limiting transport through residential areas and past sensitive sites; (b) use of mapped truck routes; (c) minimizing off-Site queuing of trucks entering the facility; (d) limiting total distance to major highways; (e) promoting safety in access to highways; and (f) overall safety in transport. To the extent possible, all trucks loaded with Site materials will travel from the Site using these truck routes. Trucks will not stop or idle in the neighborhood after leaving the project Site.

## **1.6 MATERIALS DISPOSAL OFF-SITE**

The following documentation will be established and reported by the PE/QEP for each disposal destination used in this project to document that the disposal of regulated material exported from the Site conforms with applicable laws and regulations: (1) a letter from the PE/QEP or East Wing Construction to each disposal facility describing the material to be disposed and requesting written acceptance of the material. This letter will state that material to be disposed is regulated material generated at an environmental remediation Site in Brooklyn, New York under a governmental remediation program. The letter will provide the project identity and the name and phone number of the PE/QEP or East Wing Construction. The letter will include as an attachment a summary of all chemical data for the material being transported; and (2) a letter from each disposal facility stating it is in receipt of the correspondence (1, above) and is approved to accept the material. These documents will be included in the RAR.

The Remedial Action Report will include an itemized account of the destination of all material removed from the Site during this remedial action. Documentation associated with disposal of all material will include records and approvals for receipt of the material. This information will be presented in the RAR.

All impacted soil/fill or other waste excavated and removed from the Site will be managed as regulated material and will be disposed in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Historic fill and contaminated soils taken off-Site will be handled as solid waste and will not be disposed at a Part 360-16 Registration Facility (also known as a Soil Recycling Facility).

Waste characterization will be performed for off-Site disposal in a manner required by the

receiving facility and in conformance with its applicable permits. Waste characterization sampling and analytical methods, sampling frequency, analytical results and QA/QC will be reported in the RAR. A manifest system for off-Site transportation of exported materials will be employed. Manifest information will be reported in the RAR. Hazardous wastes derived from on-Site will be stored, transported, and disposed of in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

If disposal of soil/fill from this Site is proposed for unregulated disposal (i.e., clean soil removed for development purposes), including transport to a Part 360-16 Registration Facility, a formal request will be made for approval by OER with an associated plan compliant with 6NYCRR Part 360-16. This request and plan will include the location, volume and a description of the material to be recycled, including verification that the material is not impacted by site uses and that the material complies with receipt requirements for recycling under 6NYCRR Part 360. This material will be appropriately handled on-Site to prevent mixing with impacted material.

### **1.7 MATERIALS REUSE ON-SITE**

Soil and fill that is derived from the property that meets the soil cleanup objectives established in this plan may be reused on-Site. The soil cleanup objectives for on-Site reuse are listed in Table 1. 'Reuse on-Site' means material that is excavated during the remedy or development, does not leave the property, and is relocated within the same property and on comparable soil/fill material, and addressed pursuant to the NYC VCP agreement subject to Engineering and Institutional Controls. The PE/QEP will ensure that reused materials are segregated from other materials to be exported from the Site and that procedures defined for material reuse in this RAWP are followed.

Organic matter (wood, roots, stumps, etc.) or other waste derived from clearing and grubbing of the Site will not be buried on-Site. Soil or fill excavated from the site for grading or other purposes will not be reused within a cover soil layer or within landscaping berms.

### **1.8 DEMARCATION**

After completion of hotspot removal and any other invasive remedial activities, and prior to backfilling, the top of the residual soil/fill will be defined by one of three methods: (1) placement of a demarcation layer. The demarcation layer will consist of geosynthetic fencing or equivalent

material to be placed on the surface of residual soil/fill to provide an observable reference layer. A description or map of the approximate depth of the demarcation layer will be provided in the SMP; or (2) a land survey of the top elevation of residual soil/fill before the placement of cover soils, pavement and associated sub-soils, or other materials or structures or, (3) all materials beneath the approved cover will be considered impacted and subject to site management after the remedy is complete. Demarcation may be established by one or any combination of these three methods. As appropriate, a map showing the method of demarcation for the Site and all associated documentation will be presented in the RAR.

This demarcation will constitute the top of the site management horizon. Materials within this horizon require adherence to special conditions during future invasive activities as defined in the Site Management Plan.

## **1.9 IMPORT OF BACKFILL SOIL FROM OFF-SITE SOURCES**

This Section presents the requirements for imported fill materials to be used below the cover layer and within the clean soil cover layer. All imported soils will meet OER-approved backfill and cover soil quality objectives for this Site. The backfill and cover soil quality objectives are listed in Table 1.

A process will be established to evaluate sources of backfill and cover soil to be imported to the Site, and will include an examination of source location, current and historical use(s), and any applicable documentation. Material from industrial sites, spill sites, environmental remediation sites or other potentially contaminated sites will not be imported to the Site.

The following potential sources may be used pending attainment of backfill and cover soil quality objectives:

- Clean soil from construction projects at non-industrial sites in compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Clean soil from roadway or other transportation-related projects in compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Clean recycled concrete aggregate (RCA) from facilities permitted or registered by the regulations of NYS DEC.

All materials received for import to the Site will be approved by a PE/QEP and will be in compliance with provisions in this RAWP. The RAR will report the source of the fill, evidence that an inspection was performed on the source, chemical sampling results, frequency of testing, and a Site map indicating the locations where backfill or soil cover was placed.

### **Source Screening and Testing**

Inspection of imported fill material will include visual, olfactory and PID screening for evidence of contamination. Materials imported to the Site will be subject to inspection, as follows:

- Trucks with imported fill material will be in compliance with applicable laws and regulations and will enter the Site at designated locations;
- The PE/QEP is responsible to ensure that every truck load of imported material is inspected for evidence of contamination; and
- Fill material will be free of solid waste including pavement materials, debris, stumps, roots, and other organic matter, as well as ashes, oil, perishables or foreign matter.

Composite samples of imported material will be taken at a minimum frequency of one sample for every 500 cubic yards of material. Once it is determined that the fill material meets imported backfill or cover soil chemical requirements and is non-hazardous, and lacks petroleum contamination, the material will be loaded onto trucks for delivery to the Site.

Recycled concrete aggregate (RCA) will be imported from facilities permitted or registered by NYSDEC. Facilities will be identified in the RAR. A PE/QEP is responsible to ensure that the facility is compliant with 6NYCRR Part 360 registration and permitting requirements for the period of acquisition of RCA. RCA imported from compliant facilities will not require additional testing, unless required by NYSDEC under its terms for operation of the facility. RCA imported to the Site must be derived from recognizable and uncontaminated concrete. RCA material is not acceptable for, and will not be used as cover material.

### **1.10 FLUIDS MANAGEMENT**

All liquids to be removed from the Site, including dewatering fluids, will be handled, transported and disposed in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Liquids discharged into the New York City sewer system will receive prior approval by New York City Department of

Environmental Protection (NYC DEP). The NYC DEP regulates discharges to the New York City sewers under Title 15, Rules of the City of New York Chapter 19. Discharge to the New York City sewer system will require an authorization and sampling data demonstrating that the groundwater meets the City's discharge criteria. The dewatering fluid will be pretreated as necessary to meet the NYC DEP discharge criteria. If discharge to the City sewer system is not appropriate, the dewatering fluids will be managed by transportation and disposal at an off-Site treatment facility.

Discharge of water generated during remedial construction to surface waters (i.e. a stream or river) is prohibited without a SPDES permit issued by New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

### **1.11 STORM-WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION**

Applicable laws and regulations pertaining to storm-water pollution prevention will be addressed during the remedial program. Erosion and sediment control measures identified in this RAWP (silt fences and barriers, and hay bale checks) will be installed around the entire perimeter of the remedial construction area and inspected once a week and after every storm event to ensure that they are operating appropriately. Discharge locations will be inspected to determine whether erosion control measures are effective in preventing significant impacts to receptors. Results of inspections will be recorded in a logbook and maintained at the Site and available for inspection by OER. All necessary repairs shall be made immediately. Accumulated sediments will be removed as required to keep the barrier and hay bale check functional. Undercutting or erosion of the silt fence toe anchor will be repaired immediately with appropriate backfill materials. Manufacturer's recommendations will be followed for replacing silt fencing damaged due to weathering.

### **1.12 CONTINGENCY PLAN**

This contingency plan is developed for the remedial construction to address the discovery of unknown structures or contaminated media during excavation. Identification of unknown contamination source areas during invasive Site work will be promptly communicated to OER's Project Manager. Petroleum spills will be reported to the NYS DEC Spill Hotline. These findings will be included in the daily report. If previously unidentified contaminant sources are found

during on-Site remedial excavation or development-related excavation, sampling will be performed on contaminated source material and surrounding soils and reported to OER. Chemical analytical testing will be performed for TAL metals, TCL volatiles and semi-volatiles, TCL pesticides and PCBs, as appropriate.

### **1.13 ODOR, DUST AND NUISANCE CONTROL**

#### **Odor Control**

All necessary means will be employed to prevent on- and off-Site odor nuisances. At a minimum, procedures will include: (a) limiting the area of open excavations; (b) shrouding open excavations with tarps and other covers; and (c) use of foams to cover exposed odorous soils. If odors develop and cannot otherwise be controlled, additional means to eliminate odor nuisances will include: (d) direct load-out of soils to trucks for off-Site disposal; and (e) use of chemical odorants in spray or misting systems.

This odor control plan is capable of controlling emissions of nuisance odors. If nuisance odors are identified, work will be halted and the source of odors will be identified and corrected. Work will not resume until all nuisance odors have been abated. OER will be notified of all odor complaint events. Implementation of all odor controls, including halt of work, will be the responsibility of the PE/QEP's certifying the Remedial Action Report.

#### **Dust Control**

Dust management during invasive on-Site work will include, at a minimum:

- Use of a dedicated water spray methodology for roads, excavation areas and stockpiles.
- Use of properly anchored tarps to cover stockpiles.
- Exercise extra care during dry and high-wind periods.
- Use of gravel or recycled concrete aggregate on egress and other roadways to provide a clean and dust-free road surface.

This dust control plan is capable of controlling emissions of dust. If nuisance dust emissions are identified, work will be halted and the source of dusts will be identified and corrected. Work will not resume until all nuisance dust emissions have been abated. OER will be notified of all dust complaint events. Implementation of all dust controls, including halt of work, will be the

responsibility of the PE/QEP's responsible for certifying the Remedial Action Report.

**Other Nuisances**

Noise control will be exercised during the remedial program. All remedial work will conform, at a minimum, to NYC noise control standards.

Rodent control will be provided, during Site clearing and grubbing, and during the remedial program, as necessary, to prevent nuisances.

**ATTACHMENT E**  
**SITE SPECIFIC CONSTRUCTION**  
**HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN**

**83 to 80 SKILLMAN STREET**  
**BROOKLYN, NEW YORK**  
**Block 1900, Lots 14, 15, 16 and 17**

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**CONSTRUCTION**  
**HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN**

APRIL 2013

*Prepared By:*

***EBC***

***ENVIRONMENTAL BUSINESS***

1808 Middle Country Road  
Ridge, NY 11961

## HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Site: **Redevelopment Project**

Location: **83 to 89 Skillman Street, Brooklyn, NY 11205**

Prepared By: **ENVIRONMENTAL BUSINESS CONSULTANTS**

Date Prepared: **April- 2013**

Version: **1**

Revision: **0**

Project Description:

Waste types: Solid

Characteristics: Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds, metals, and PCBs in historic fill (From grade to depths as great as 8 feet)

Overall Hazard: Low

ENVIRONMENTAL BUSINESS CONSULTANTS (EBC) AND EBC'S SUBCONTRACTORS DO NOT GUARANTEE THE HEALTH OR SAFETY OF ANY PERSON ENTERING THIS SITE. DUE TO THE NATURE OF THIS SITE AND THE ACTIVITY OCCURRING THEREON, IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO DISCOVER, EVALUATE, AND PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR ALL POSSIBLE HAZARDS WHICH MAY BE ENCOUNTERED. STRICT ADHERENCE TO THE HEALTH AND SAFETY GUIDELINES SET FORTH HEREIN WILL REDUCE, BUT NOT ELIMINATE, THE POTENTIAL FOR INJURY AT THIS SITE. THE HEALTH AND SAFETY GUIDELINES IN THIS PLAN WERE PREPARED SPECIFICALLY FOR THIS SITE AND SHOULD NOT BE USED ON ANY OTHER SITE WITHOUT PRIOR RESEARCH AND EVALUATION.

**CONSTRUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN  
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## STATEMENT OF COMMITMENT

This Construction Health and Safety Plan (CHASP) has been prepared to ensure that workers are not exposed to risks from hazardous materials during the Remedial Activities planned for 83 to 89 Skillman Street, Brooklyn, New York.

This CHASP, which applies to persons present at the site actually or potentially exposed to hazardous materials, describes emergency response procedures for actual and potential chemical hazards. This CHASP is also intended to inform and guide personnel entering the work area or exclusion zone. Persons are to acknowledge that they understand the potential hazards and the contents of this Health and Safety policy by signing off on receipt of their individual copy of the document. The General Contractor and their subcontractors and suppliers are retained as independent contractors and are responsible for ensuring the health and safety of their own employees. The General contractor has the option of adopting this CHASP or providing its own for the planned scope of work under the Remedial Action Plan.



## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This document describes the health and safety guidelines developed by Environmental Business Consultants (EBC) for implementation of a Remedial Action Plan at Redevelopment Project located at 83 to 89 Skillman Street, Brooklyn, New York, to protect on-site personnel, visitors, and the public from physical harm and exposure to hazardous materials or wastes during the removal of underground storage tanks and the excavation and loading of contaminated soil. In accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR Part 1910.120 Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response Final rule, this CHASP, including the attachments, addresses safety and health hazards related to subsurface sample collection activities and is based on the best information available. The CHASP may be revised by EBC at the request of the Owner or the New York City Office of Environmental Remediation (NYCOER) upon receipt of new information regarding site conditions. Changes will be documented by written amendments signed by EBC's Project Manager, site safety officer and/or the EBC Health and Safety Consultant.

### 1.1 Scope

This CHASP addresses the potential hazards related to the site Remedial Action Plan (RAP). The RAP activities are as described below:

- 1) Site mobilization of General Contractor (GC) and Subcontractors to install the buildings' foundations.
  - a) Excavate historic fill to a depth of approximately 9 feet for the first 65 ft of the lot for construction of a cellar level for the new building.
  - b) Excavate historic fill from the rear yard to allow for installation of two drywells and installation of a demarcation barrier and 2 ft of certified clean soil.

### 1.2 Application

The CHASP applies to all personnel involved in the above tasks who wish to gain access to active work areas, including but not limited to:

- General Contractor
- EBC employees and subcontractors;
- Client representatives; and
- Federal, state or local representatives.

### 1.3 Site Safety Plan Acceptance, Acknowledgment and Amendments

The project superintendent and the site safety officer are responsible for informing personnel (EBC employees and/or owner or owners representatives) entering the work area of the contents of this plan and ensuring that each person signs the safety plan acknowledging the on-site hazards and procedures required to minimize exposure to adverse effects of these hazards. A copy of the Acknowledgement Form is included in **Appendix A**.

Site conditions may warrant an amendment to the CHASP. Amendments to the CHASP are acknowledged by completing forms included in **Appendix B**.

### 1.4 Key Personnel - Roles and Responsibilities

Personnel responsible for implementing this Construction Health and Safety Plan are:

Name	Title	Address	Contact Numbers
Mr. Kevin Brussee	EBC Project Manager	1808 Middle Country Road Ridge, NY 11961	(631) 504-6000 Cell (631) 338-1749
Mr. Kevin Waters	EBC Site Safety Officer	1808 Middle Country Road Ridge, NY 11961	(631) 504-6000

The project manager is responsible for overall project administration and, with guidance from the site safety officer, for supervising the implementation of this CHASP. The site safety officer will conduct daily (tail gate or tool box) safety meetings at the project site and oversee daily safety issues. Each subcontractor and supplier (defined as an OSHA employer) is also responsible for the health and safety of its employees. If there is any dispute about health and safety or project activities, on-site personnel will attempt to resolve the issue. If the issue cannot be resolved at the site, then the project manager will be consulted.

The site safety officer is also responsible for coordinating health and safety activities related to hazardous material exposure on-site. The site safety officer is responsible for the following:

1. Educating personnel about information in this CHASP and other safety requirements to be observed during site operations, including, but not limited to, decontamination procedures, designation of work zones and levels of protection, air monitoring, fit testing, and emergency procedures dealing with fire and first aid.
2. Coordinating site safety decisions with the project manager.
3. Designating exclusion, decontamination and support zones on a daily basis.
4. Monitoring the condition and status of known on-site hazards and maintaining and implementing the air quality monitoring program specified in this CHASP.
5. Maintaining the work zone entry/exit log and site entry/exit log.
6. Maintaining records of safety problems, corrective measures and documentation of chemical exposures or physical injuries (the site safety officer will document these conditions in a bound notebook and maintain a copy of the notebook on-site).

The person who observes safety concerns and potential hazards that have not been addressed in the daily safety meetings should immediately report their observations/concerns to the site safety officer or appropriate key personnel.

## 2.0 SITE BACKGROUND AND SCOPE OF WORK

The Site is located at 83 to 89 Skillman Street in the Bedford-Stuyvesant section of Brooklyn, New York, and is identified as Block 1900 and Lots 14, 15, 16, and 17, on the New York City Tax Map. Figure 1 shows the Site location. The Site is 8,334-square feet and is bounded by Lot 15 to the north (a one-story office building currently occupied by a small doctors office), Lots 13 and 12 to the south (undeveloped lots used for parking), several apartment buildings to the east, and Skillman Street to the west. A map of the site boundary is shown in Figure 2. Currently, the Site is undeveloped and is used for parking. The site is covered with a layer of crushed stone/gravel.

The proposed future use of the Site will consist of a new seven story apartment building with a cellar level. The current zoning designation is M1-2/R6A. The cellar level and first floor of the new 7-story apartment building will occupy the front 51ft of the Site, leaving a 49 ft rear parking lot for 16 vehicles behind the building. Access to the rear parking area will be provided by a pathway through the first floor of the building from Skillman Street. Additional parking for 2 more vehicles will be provided within the south side of the first floor portion of the building. The north side of the first floor will consist of one 2-bedroom apartment, and the residential lobby and elevator. The cellar level will be used for accessory space and mechanical rooms.

The concrete slab of the cellar level will be approximately 10 feet below grade. Therefore, assuming an excavation depth of 11 feet across an 83.34ft by 54ft area, a total of approximately 2,000 yd<sup>3</sup> (3,500 tons) will be excavated for construction of the new building. This volume includes the additional soil required to excavate an additional 6ft below the cellar slab to construct the elevator pit. Additional excavation in the rear yard of approximately 6 inches to 1 ft will be required to construct the rear concrete capped parking area.

### 2.1 Prior Investigations

#### 2.1.1 Remedial Investigation Report

EBC performed a subsurface investigation at the Site consisting of the following;

1. Conducted a Site inspection to identify AOCs and physical obstructions (i.e. structures, buildings, etc.);
2. Installed six soil borings across the entire project Site, and collected twelve soil samples and one duplicate soil sample for chemical analysis from the soil borings to evaluate soil quality;
3. Installed three additional soil borings in the PCB hotspot area to delineate the horizontal and vertical extent of the PCB contamination, and collected three soil samples for chemical analysis;
4. Installed four groundwater monitoring wells throughout the Site to establish groundwater flow and collected four groundwater samples and one duplicate groundwater sample for chemical analysis to evaluate groundwater quality; and
5. Installed four soil vapor probes across the Site and collected three soil vapor samples for chemical analysis.

#### Soil Sampling Results

Soil/fill samples collected during the RI showed no detectable concentrations of pesticides or

either chlorinated or petroleum related VOCs. Seven SVOCs including benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo-(k)fluoranthene, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene were detected above their respective Restricted Residential Use SCOs within four of the six shallow soil samples and one of the deep soil samples. The SVOCs detected above Restricted Residential SCOs are all PAH compounds and their concentrations and distribution indicate that they are associated with historic fill material observed during the sampling. Eight metals including arsenic, barium, cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, and zinc exceeded Unrestricted Use SCOs in all three shallow soil samples and one of the deep soil samples. Of these metals, arsenic (25.1 ppm), barium (maximum of 3,620 ppm), cadmium (maximum of 4.09 ppm), copper (maximum of 383 ppm), lead (maximum of 5,250 ppm), mercury (maximum of 1.75 ppm), nickel (maximum of 2.17 ppm) also exceeded Restricted Residential SCOs. PCB-1254 was detected within three of the six of the shallow soil samples, above Restricted Residential SCOs at within each of the three PCB delineation samples at a maximum concentration 98,000 ppb. No VOCs, SVOCs, metals, PCBs, or pesticides were detected above Unrestricted Use SCOs within 5 of the six deep soil samples collected at the Site. With the exception of the PCB hotspot, findings were consistent with observations for historical fill sites in areas throughout NYC.

### Groundwater Sampling Results

Groundwater samples collected during the RI showed the presence of two chlorinated VOCs above GQSs within two of the monitoring wells (MW2 and MW3), including trichloroethene (maximum of 38 ppb), and tetrachloroethylene (maximum of 26 ppb). Tetrachloroethylene was also detected in MW1, but a concentration below GQSs. No chlorinated VOCs were identified in any of the soil samples collected on Site and are not associated with known historical uses of the property.

Ten SVOCs were detected in two of the four monitoring wells, but only six of the SVOCs were detected at a concentration above GQS. No SVOCs were detected in the other two monitoring wells. PCB-1254 (maximum of 2.3 ppb) was detected within the two of the monitoring wells (MW1 and MW4) at a concentration above GQSs, and PCB-1260 (1.5 ppb) was detected above GQSs in MW2. PCB-1254 was detected within several of the shallow soil borings at an elevated concentration, indicating the PCBs in groundwater may be a result of the surface contamination.

The metals iron, manganese, and sodium were detected above their respective NYSDEC Groundwater Quality Standards (GQS) in all three dissolved groundwater samples.

### Soil Vapor Sampling Results

Soil vapor samples collected during the RI showed petroleum and chlorinated VOCs at low concentrations. Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) was identified in two of the three two soil vapor samples at a maximum concentration of 0.949  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  and carbon tetrachloride was detected within two of the three soil vapor samples at a maximum concentration of 0.377  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ . Trichloroethylene (TCE), and 1,1,1- TCA were not detected in soil vapor. The PCE concentrations are below the monitoring level ranges established within the State DOH soil vapor guidance matrix. Concentrations of petroleum-related VOCs were are less than 10  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ . Overall the highest reported concentrations were for acetone (maximum of 25.6  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ ) and ethanol (maximum of 69.5  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ ).

## 2.2 Description of Remedial Action Plan

Site activities included within the Remedial Action Plan that are included within the scope of this HASP include the following:

The proposed remedial action will consist of:

1. Preparation of a Community Protection Statement and Performance of all required NYC VCP Citizen Participation activities according to an approved Citizen Participation Plan.
2. Perform a Community Air Monitoring Program for particulates and volatile organic carbon compounds.
3. Establishment of Track 4 Site-Specific Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs).
4. Site mobilization involving Site security setup, equipment mobilization, utility mark outs and marking & staking excavation areas.
5. Excavation and removal of soil/fill exceeding Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs, including excavation of soil/fill to a depth of approximately 11 feet below grade within the footprint of the building, and to a minimum depth of 2 feet below grade in the rear parking area.
6. Screening of excavated soil/fill during intrusive work for indications of contamination by visual means, odor, and monitoring with a PID.
7. Removal of underground storage tanks (if encountered) and closure of petroleum spills (if evidence of a spill/leak is encountered during Site excavation) in compliance with applicable local, State and Federal laws and regulations.
8. Transportation and off-Site disposal of all soil/fill material at permitted facilities in accordance with applicable laws and regulations for handling, transport, and disposal, and this plan. Sampling and analysis of excavated media as required by disposal facilities. Appropriate segregation of excavated media on-Site.
9. Collection and analysis of end-point samples to determine the performance of the remedy with respect to attainment of SCOs.
10. Import of materials to be used for backfill and cover in compliance with this plan and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
11. Installation of a vapor barrier below the concrete slab and behind the foundation walls of the proposed building.
12. Construction and maintenance of an engineered composite cover consisting of a 4" thick concrete slab across the footprint of the new building, and a 4" thick concrete slab in the rear parking area to prevent human exposure to residual soil/fill remaining under the Site.
13. Implementation of storm-water pollution prevention measures in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
14. Performance of all activities required for the remedial action, including permitting requirements and pretreatment requirements, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
15. Submission of a RAR that describes the remedial activities, certifies that the remedial requirements have been achieved, defines the Site boundaries, and describes all Engineering and Institutional Controls to be implemented at the Site, and lists any changes from this RAWP.
16. Submission of an approved Site Management Plan (SMP) in the RAR for long-term management of residual contamination, including plans for operation, maintenance, monitoring, inspection and certification of Engineering and Institutional Controls and reporting at a specified frequency.

17. Continued registration of the property with an E-Designation; establishment of Engineering Controls and Institutional Controls in this RAWP; a requirement that management of these controls must be in compliance with an approved SMP; and Institutional Controls including prohibition of the following: (1) vegetable gardening and farming; (2) use of groundwater without treatment rendering it safe for the intended use; (3) disturbance of residual contaminated material unless it is conducted in accordance with the SMP; and (4) higher level of land usage without OER-approval.

### **3.0 HAZARD ASSESSMENT**

This section identifies the hazards associated with the proposed scope of work, general physical hazards that can be expected at most sites; and presents a summary of documented or potential chemical hazards at the site. Every effort must be made to reduce or eliminate these hazards. Those that cannot be eliminated must be guarded against using engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment.

#### **3.1 Physical Hazards**

##### *3.1.1 Tripping Hazards*

An area of risk associated with on-site activities are presented by uneven ground, concrete, curbstones or equipment which may be present at the site thereby creating a potential tripping hazard. During intrusive work, care should be taken to mark or remove any obstacles within the exclusion zone.

##### *3.1.2 Climbing Hazards*

During site activities, workers may have to work on excavating equipment by climbing. The excavating contractor will conform with any applicable NIOSH and OSHA requirements or climbing activities.

##### *3.1.3 Cuts and Lacerations*

Field activities that involve excavating activities usually involve contact with various types of machinery. A first aid kit approved by the American Red Cross will be available during all intrusive activities.

##### *3.1.4 Lifting Hazards*

Improper lifting by workers is one of the leading causes of industrial injuries. Field workers in the excavation program may be required to lift heavy objects. Therefore, all members of the field crew should be trained in the proper methods of lifting heavy objects. All workers should be cautioned against lifting objects too heavy for one person.

##### *3.1.5 Utility Hazards*

Before conducting any excavation, the excavation contractor will be responsible for locating and verifying all existing utilities at each excavation.

##### *3.1.6 Traffic Hazards*

All traffic, vehicular and pedestrian, shall be maintained and protected at all times consistent with local, state and federal agency regulations regarding such traffic and in accordance with NYCDOT guidelines. The excavation contractor shall carry on his operations without undue interference or delays to traffic. The excavation contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, guards, barricades, signs, lights, and anything else necessary to maintain traffic and to protect his work and the public, during operations.

#### **3.2 Work in Extreme Temperatures**

Work under extremely hot or cold weather conditions requires special protocols to minimize the chance that employees will be affected by heat or cold stress.

### 3.2.1 Heat Stress

The combination of high ambient temperature, high humidity, physical exertion, and personal protective apparel, which limits the dissipation of body heat and moisture, can cause heat stress.

The following prevention, recognition and treatment strategies will be implemented to protect personnel from heat stress. Personnel will be trained to recognize the symptoms of heat stress and to apply the appropriate treatment.

#### 1. Prevention

- a. Provide plenty of fluids. Available in the support zone will be a 50% solution of fruit punch and water or plain water.
- b. Work in Pairs. Individuals should avoid undertaking any activity alone.
- c. Provide cooling devices. A spray hose and a source of water will be provided to reduce body temperature, cool protective clothing and/or act as a quick-drench shower in case of an exposure incident.
- d. Adjustment of the work schedule. As is practical, the most labor-intensive tasks should be carried out during the coolest part of the day.

#### 2. Recognition and Treatment

##### a. Heat Rash (or prickly heat):

Cause: Continuous exposure to hot and humid air, aggravated by chafing clothing.

Symptoms: Eruption of red pimples around sweat ducts accompanied by intense itching and tingling.

Treatment: Remove source or irritation and cool skin with water or wet cloths.

##### b. Heat Cramps (or heat prostration)

Cause: Profuse perspiration accompanied by inadequate replenishment of body water and electrolytes.

Symptoms: Muscular weakness, staggering gait, nausea, dizziness, shallow breathing, pale and clammy skin, approximately normal body temperature.

Treatment: Perform the following while making arrangement for transport to a medical facility. Remove the worker to a contamination reduction zone. Remove protective clothing. Lie worker down on back in a cool place and raise feet 6 to 12 inches. Keep warm, but loosen all clothing. If conscious, provide sips of salt-water solution, using one teaspoon of salt in 12 ounces of water. Transport to a medical facility.

##### c. Heat Stroke

Cause: Same as heat exhaustion. This is also an extremely serious condition.

Symptoms: Dry hot skin, dry mouth, dizziness, nausea, headache, rapid pulse.

Treatment: Cool worker immediately by immersing or spraying with cool water or sponge bare skin after removing protective clothing. Transport to hospital.

**3.2.2 Cold Exposure**

Exposure to cold weather, wet conditions and extreme wind-chill factors may result in excessive loss of body heat (hypothermia) and /or frostbite. To guard against cold exposure and to prevent cold injuries, appropriate warm clothing should be worn, warm shelter must be readily available, rest periods should be adjusted as needed, and the physical conditions of on-site field personnel should be closely monitored. Personnel and supervisors working on-site will be made aware of the signs and symptoms of frost bite and hypothermia such as shivering, reduced blood pressure, reduced coordination, drowsiness, impaired judgment, fatigue, pupils dilated but reactive to light and numbing of the toes and fingers.

**3.3 Chemical Hazards**

Soil collected from the site as part of several subsurface investigations performed at the site have revealed elevated levels of SVOCs, metals and pesticides in historic fill at the Site.

Semi-Volatile organic compounds reported to be present at elevated concentrations in historic fill materials at the Site include the following:

Benzo(a)anthracene	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Benzo(a)pyrene	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Chrysene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Metals reported to be present at elevated concentrations in historic fill materials at the Site include the following:

Arsenic	Barium	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Zinc
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Pesticides reported to be present at elevated concentrations in historic fill materials at the Site include the following:

Chlordane
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The primary routes of exposure to identified contaminants in soil to on-site construction workers are through inhalation, ingestion and absorption.

**Appendix C** includes information sheets for all detected chemicals that may be encountered at the site.

**3.3.1 Respirable Dust**

Dust may be generated from vehicular traffic and/or excavation activities. If visible observation detects elevated levels of dust, a program of wetting will be employed by the site safety officer. If elevated dust levels persist, the site safety office will employ dust monitoring using a particulate monitor (Miniram or equivalent). If monitoring detects concentrations greater than 5,000 µg/m<sup>3</sup> over daily background, the site safety officer will take corrective actions as defined herein, including the use of water for dust suppression and if this is not effective, requiring workers to wear APRs with efficiency particulate air (HEPA) cartridges.

Absorption pathways for dust and direct contact with soils or groundwater will be mitigated with the implementation of latex gloves, hand washing and decontamination exercises when necessary.

### 3.3.2 *Dust Control and Monitoring During Earthwork*

Dust generated during excavation activities or other earthwork may contain contaminants identified in soils at the site. Dust will be controlled by wetting the working surface with water. Calcium chloride may be used if the problem cannot be controlled with water. Air monitoring and dust control techniques are specified in a site specific Dust Control Plan (if applicable). Site workers will not be required to wear APR's unless dust concentrations are consistently over 5,000  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  over site-specific background in the breathing zone as measured by a dust monitor unless the site safety officer directs workers to wear APRs. The site safety officer will use visible dust as an indicator to implement the dust control plan.

### 3.3.3 *Organic Vapors*

Although no VOCs were detected within any of the soil samples collected at the Site, the site safety officer will periodically monitor organic vapors with a Photo-ionization Detector (PID) during excavation activities to determine whether organic vapor concentrations exceed action levels shown in Section 5 and/or the Community Air Monitoring Plan.

## 4.0 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal protective equipment (PPE) shall be selected in accordance with the site air monitoring program, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120(c), (g), and 1910.132. Protective equipment shall be NIOSH approved and respiratory protection shall conform to OSHA 29 CFR Part 1910.133 and 1910.134 specifications; head protection shall conform to 1910.135; eye and face protection shall conform to 1910.133; and foot protection shall conform to 1910.136. The only true difference among the levels of protection from D thru B is the addition of the type of respiratory protection. **It is anticipated that work will be performed in Level D PPE.**

### 4.1 Level D

Level D PPE shall be donned when the atmosphere contains no known hazards and work functions preclude splashes, immersion, or the potential for inhalation of, or contact with, hazardous concentrations of harmful chemicals. Level D PPE consists of:

- standard work clothes, coveralls, or tyvek, as needed;
- steel toe and steel shank work boots;
- hard hat;
- gloves, as needed;
- safety glasses;
- hearing protection;
- equipment replacements are available as needed.

### 4.2 Level C

Level C PPE shall be donned when sustained concentrations of measured total organic vapors in the breathing zone exceed background concentrations (using a portable OVA, or equivalent), by more than 5 ppm. The specifications on the APR filters used must be appropriate for contaminants identified or expected to be encountered. Level C PPE shall be donned when the identified contaminants have adequate warning properties and criteria for using APR have been met. Level C PPE consists of:

- chemical resistant or coated tyvek coveralls;
- steel-toe and steel-shank workboots;
- chemical resistant overboots or disposable boot covers;
- disposable inner gloves (surgical gloves);
- disposable outer gloves;
- full face APR fitted with organic vapor/dust and mist filters or filters appropriate for the identified or expected contaminants;
- hard hat;
- splash shield, as needed; and,
- ankles/wrists taped with duct tape.

The site safety officer will verify if Level C is appropriate by checking organic vapor concentrations using compound and/or class-specific detector tubes.

The exact PPE ensemble is decided on a site-by-site basis by the Site Safety Officer with the intent to provide the most protective and efficient worker PPE.

### 4.3 Activity-Specific Levels of Personal Protection

The required level of PPE is activity-specific and is based on air monitoring results (Section 4.0) and properties of identified or expected contaminants. **It is expected that site work will be performed in Level D.** If air monitoring results indicate the necessity to upgrade the level of protection, engineering controls (i.e. Facing equipment away from the wind and placing site personnel upwind of excavations, active venting, etc.) will be implemented before requiring the use of respiratory protection.

**5.0 AIR MONITORING AND ACTION LEVELS**

29 CFR 1910.120(h) specifies that monitoring shall be performed where there may be a question of employee exposure to hazardous concentrations of hazardous substances in order to assure proper selection of engineering controls, work practices and personal protective equipment so that employees are not exposed to levels which exceed permissible exposure limits, or published exposure levels if there are no permissible exposure limits, for hazardous substances.

**5.1 Air Monitoring Requirements**

If excavation work is performed, air will be monitored for VOCs with a portable ION Science 3000EX photoionization detector, or the equivalent. If necessary, Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) and oxygen will be monitored with a Combustible Gas Indicator (CGI). If appropriate, fugitive dust will be monitored using a MiniRam Model PDM-3 aerosol monitor. Air will be monitored when any of the following conditions apply:

- initial site entry;
- during any work where a potential IDLH condition or flammable atmosphere could develop;
- excavation work begins on another portion of the site;
- contaminants, other than those previously identified, have been discovered;
- each time a different task or activity is initiated;
- during trenching and/or excavation work.

The designated site safety officer will record air monitoring data and ensure that air monitoring instruments are calibrated and maintained in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. Instruments will be zeroed daily and checked for accuracy. Monitoring results will be recorded in a field notebook and will be transferred to instrument reading logs.

**5.2 Work Stoppage Responses**

The following responses will be initiated whenever one or more of the action levels necessitating a work stoppage are exceeded:

- 1 The SSO will be consulted immediately
- 2 All personnel (except as necessary for continued monitoring and contaminant migration, if applicable) will be cleared from the work area (eg from the exclusion zone).
- 3 Monitoring will be continued until intrusive work resumes.

**5.3 Action Levels During Excavation Activities**

Instrument readings will be taken in the breathing zone above the excavation pit unless otherwise noted. Each action level is independent of all other action levels in determining responses.

Organic Vapors (PID)	LEL %	Responses
0-1 ppm above background	0%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continue excavating</li> <li>• Level D protection</li> <li>• Continue monitoring every 10 minutes</li> </ul>
1-5 ppm Above Background, Sustained Reading	1-10%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continue excavating</li> <li>• Go to Level C protection or employ</li> </ul>

		<p>engineering controls</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continue monitoring every 10 minutes</li> </ul>
5-25 ppm Above Background, Sustained Reading	10-20%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discontinue excavating, unless PID is only action level exceeded.</li> <li>• Level C protection or employ engineering controls</li> <li>• Continue monitoring for organic vapors 200 ft downwind</li> <li>• Continuous monitoring for LEL at excavation pit</li> </ul>
>25 ppm Above Background, Sustained Reading	>20%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discontinue excavating</li> <li>• Withdraw from area, shut off all engine ignition sources.</li> <li>• Allow pit to vent</li> <li>• Continuous monitoring for organic vapors 200 ft downwind.</li> </ul>

Notes: Air monitoring will occur in the breathing zone 30 inches above the excavation pit. Readings may also be taken in the excavation pit but will not be used for action levels.

If action levels for any one of the monitoring parameters are exceeded, the appropriate responses listed in the right hand column should be taken. If instrument readings do not return to acceptable levels after the excavation pit has been vented for a period of greater than one-half hour, a decision will then be made whether or not to seal the pit with suppressant foam.

If, during excavation activities, downwind monitoring PID readings are greater than 5 ppm above background for more than one-half hour, excavation will stop until sustained levels are less than 5 ppm (see Community Air Monitoring Plan).

## 6.0 SITE CONTROL

### 6.1 Work Zones

The primary purpose of site controls is to establish the perimeter of a hazardous area, to reduce the migration of contaminants into clean areas, and to prevent access or exposure to hazardous materials by unauthorized persons. When operations are to take place involving hazardous materials, the site safety officer will establish an exclusion zone, a decontamination zone, and a support zone. These zones "float" (move around the site) depending on the tasks being performed on any given day. The site safety officer will outline these locations before work begins and when zones change. The site safety officer records this information in the site log book.

**Due to the dimensions of the Site and the work area, it is expected that an exclusion zone will include the entire fenced area with the exception of the construction entrance area, which will serve as the decontamination zone. A support zone if needed will be located outside of the fenced area.** All onsite workers engaged in the excavation of hazardous or contaminated materials must provide evidence of OSHA 24 or 40-hour Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response Operations training to conduct work within the exclusion zone established by the site safety officer. The exclusion zone is defined by the site safety officer but will typically be a 50-foot area around work activities. Gross decontamination (as determined by the site Health and Safety Officer) is conducted in the exclusion zone; all other decontamination is performed in the decontamination zone or trailer, if provided.

Protective equipment is removed in the decontamination zone. Disposable protective equipment is stored in receptacles staged in the decontamination zone, and non-disposable equipment is decontaminated. All personnel and equipment exit the exclusion zone through the decontamination zone. If a decontamination trailer is provided the first aid equipment, an eye wash unit, and drinking water are kept in the decontamination trailer.

The support zone is used for vehicle parking, daily safety meetings, and supply storage. Eating, drinking, and smoking are permitted only in the support zone. When a decontamination trailer is not provided, the eye wash unit, first aid equipment, and drinking water are kept at a central location designated by the site safety officer.

**7.0 CONTINGENCY PLAN/EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN**

Site personnel must be prepared in the event of an emergency. Emergencies can take many forms: illnesses, injuries, chemical exposure, fires, explosions, spills, leaks, releases of harmful contaminants, or sudden changes in the weather.

Emergency telephone numbers and a map to the hospital will be posted in the command post. Site personnel should be familiar with the emergency procedures, and the locations of site safety, first aid, and communication equipment.

**7.1 Emergency Equipment On-site**

- Private telephones: Site personnel.
- Two-way radios: Site personnel where necessary.
- Emergency Alarms: On-site vehicle horns\*.
- First aid kits: On-site, in vehicles or office.
- Fire extinguisher: On-site, in office or on equipment.

\* Horns: Air horns will be supplied to personnel at the discretion of the project superintendent or site safety officer.

**7.2 Emergency Telephone Numbers**

General Emergencies	911
Suffolk County Police	911
NYC Fire Department	911
Woodhull Medical Center	(718) 963-8000
NYSDEC Spills Hotline	1-800-457-7362
NYSDEC Project Manager	(718) 482-4010
NYC Department of Health	(212) 676-2400
National Response Center	1-800-424-8802
Poison Control	1-800-222-1222
Project Manager	1-631-504-6000
Site Safety Officer	1-631-504-6000

**7.3 Personnel Responsibilities During an Emergency**

The project manager is primarily responsible for responding to and correcting any emergency situations. However, in the absence of the project manager, the site safety officer shall act as the project manager’s on-site designee and perform the following tasks:

- Take appropriate measures to protect personnel including: withdrawal from the exclusion zone, evacuate and secure the site, or upgrade/downgrade the level of protective clothing and respiratory protection;
- Ensure that appropriate federal, state, and local agencies are informed and emergency response plans are coordinated. In the event of fire or explosion, the local fire department should be summoned immediately. If toxic materials are released to the air, the local authorities should be informed in order to assess the need for evacuation;



- The site safety officer will conduct a head count to ensure that all personnel have been evacuated safely. The head count will be correlated to the site and/or exclusion zone entry/exit log.
- If emergency site evacuation is necessary, all personnel are to escape the emergency situation and decontaminate to the maximum extent practical.

### **7.7 Spill Control Procedures**

Spills associated with site activities may be attributed to project equipment and include gasoline, diesel and hydraulic oil. In the event of a leak or a release, site personnel will inform their supervisor immediately, locate the source of spillage and stop the flow if it can be done safely. A spill containment kit including absorbent pads, booms and/or granulated speedy dry absorbent material will be available to site personnel to facilitate the immediate recovery of the spilled material. Daily inspections of site equipment components including hydraulic lines, fuel tanks, etc. will be performed by their respective operators as a preventative measure for equipment leaks and to ensure equipment soundness. In the event of a spill, site personnel will immediately notify the NYSDEC (1-800-457-7362), and a spill number will be generated.

### **7.8 Vapor Release Plan**

If work zone organic vapor (excluding methane) exceeds 5 ppm, then a downwind reading will be made either 200 feet from the work zone or at the property line, whichever is closer. If readings at this location exceed 5 ppm over background, the work will be stopped.

If 5 ppm of VOCs are recorded over background on a PID at the property line, then an off-site reading will be taken within 20 feet of the nearest residential or commercial property, whichever is closer. If efforts to mitigate the emission source are unsuccessful for 30 minutes, then the designated site safety officer will:

- contact the local police;
- continue to monitor air every 30 minutes, 20 feet from the closest off-site property. If two successive readings are below 5 ppm (non-methane), off-site air monitoring will be halted.
- All property line and off site air monitoring locations and results associated with vapor releases will be recorded in the site safety log book.

***APPENDIX A***  
***SITE SAFETY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM***

## DAILY BRIEFING SIGN-IN SHEET

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Person Conducting Briefing: \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name and Location: \_\_\_\_\_

1. AWARENESS (topics discussed, special safety concerns, recent incidents, etc...):

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2. OTHER ISSUES (HASP changes, attendee comments, etc...):

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3. ATTENDEES (Print Name):

1.	11.
2.	12.
3.	13.
4.	14.
5.	15.
6.	16.
7.	17.
8.	18.
9.	19.
10.	20.

***APPENDIX B***  
***SITE SAFETY PLAN AMENDMENTS***

**SITE SAFETY PLAN AMENDMENT FORM**

**Site Safety Plan Amendment #:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Site Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Reason for Amendment:** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Alternative Procedures:** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Required Changes in PPE:** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Project Superintendent (signature)**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Date**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Health and Safety Consultant (signature)**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Date**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Site Safety Officer (signature)**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Date**

***APPENDIX C***  
***CHEMICAL HAZARDS***

**CHEMICAL HAZARDS**

The attached International Chemical Safety Cards are provided for contaminants of concern that have been identified in soils and/or groundwater at the site.

***APPENDIX D***  
***HOSPITAL INFORMATION AND MAP***  
***FIELD ACCIDENT REPORT***

FIELD ACCIDENT REPORT

This report is to be filled out by the designated Site Safety Officer after EVERY accident.

PROJECT NAME \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT. NO. \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Accident \_\_\_\_\_ Time \_\_\_\_\_ Report By \_\_\_\_\_

Type of Accident (Check One):

Vehicular             Personal             Property

Name of Injured \_\_\_\_\_ DOB or Age \_\_\_\_\_

How Long Employed \_\_\_\_\_

Names of Witnesses \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Description of Accident \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Action Taken \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Did the Injured Lose Any Time? \_\_\_\_\_ How Much (Days/Hrs.)? \_\_\_\_\_

Was Safety Equipment in Use at the Time of the Accident (Hard Hat, Safety Glasses, Gloves, Safety Shoes, etc.)? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

(If not, it is the EMPLOYEE'S sole responsibility to process his/her claim through his/her Health and Welfare Fund.)

INDICATE STREET NAMES, DESCRIPTION OF VEHICLES, AND NORTH ARROW

## HOSPITAL INFORMATION AND MAP

The hospital nearest the site is:

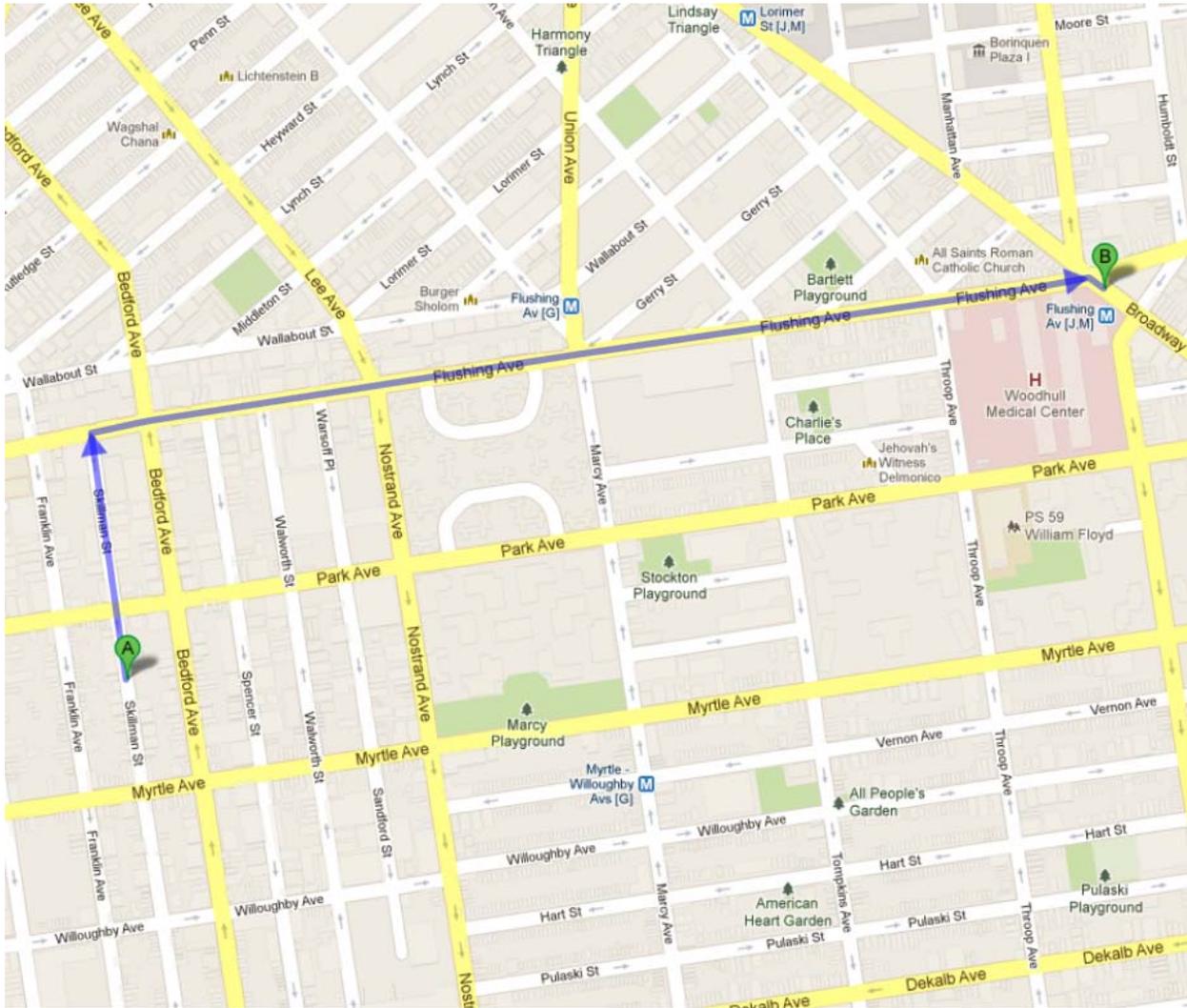
### WOODHULL MEDICAL CENTER

760 Broadway, Brooklyn, NY 11206-5317

(718) 963-8000

1.1 Miles – About 10 Minutes

1. Head north on Skillman Street toward Flushing Avenue
2. Turn RIGHT onto Flushing Avenue
3. Continue on Flushing Avenue for approximately 0.8 miles
3. The Woodhull Medical Center will be on the Right at the intersection of Broadway.



**ATTACHMENT F**  
**VAPOR BARRIER SPECIFICATIONS**

# VAPORBLOCK® PLUS™ VBP20

Under-Slab Vapor / Gas Barrier



## Product Description

VaporBlock® Plus™ 20 is a seven-layer co-extruded barrier made from state-of-the-art polyethylene and EVOH resins to provide unmatched impact strength as well as superior resistance to gas and moisture transmission. VaporBlock® Plus™ 20 is a highly resilient underslab / vertical wall barrier designed to restrict naturally occurring gases such as radon and/or methane from migrating through the ground and concrete slab. VaporBlock® Plus™ 20 is more than 100 times less permeable than typical high-performance polyethylene vapor retarders against Methane, Radon and other harmful VOCs.

VaporBlock® Plus™ 20 is one of the most effective underslab gas barriers in the building industry today far exceeding ASTM E-1745 (Plastic Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Soil or Granular Fill Under Concrete Slabs) Class A, B and C requirements. Available in a 20 (Class A) mil thicknesses designed to meet the most stringent requirements. VaporBlock® Plus™ 20 is produced within the strict guidelines of our ISO 9001:2008 Certified Management System.

## Product Use

VaporBlock® Plus™ 20 resists gas and moisture migration into the building envelop when properly installed to provide protection from toxic/harmful chemicals. It can be installed as part of a passive or active control system extending across the entire building including floors, walls and crawl spaces. When installed as a passive system it is recommended to also include a ventilated system with sump(s) that could be converted to an active control system with properly designed ventilation fans.

VaporBlock® Plus™ 20 works to protect your flooring and other moisture-sensitive furnishings in the building's interior from moisture and water vapor migration, greatly reducing condensation, mold and degradation.

## Size & Packaging

VaporBlock® Plus™ 20 is available in 10' x 150' rolls to maximize coverage. All rolls are folded on heavy-duty cores for ease in handling and installation. Other custom sizes with factory welded seams are available based on minimum volume requirements. Installation instructions and ASTM E-1745 classifications accompany each roll.



Under-Slab Vapor/Gas Retarder

## Product

## Part #

VaporBlock Plus 20 ..... VBP 20

## APPLICATIONS

- Radon Barrier Under-Slab Vapor Retarder
- Methane Barrier Foundation Wall Vapor Retarder
- VOC Barrier



# VAPORBLOCK<sup>®</sup> PLUS<sup>™</sup> VBP20

Under-Slab Vapor / Gas Barrier

		VAPORBLOCK PLUS 20	
PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	IMPERIAL	METRIC
APPEARANCE		White/Gold	
THICKNESS, NOMINAL		20 mil	0.51 mm
WEIGHT		102 lbs/MSF	498 g/m <sup>2</sup>
CLASSIFICATION	ASTM E 1745	CLASS A, B & C	
TENSILE STRENGTH LBF/IN (N/CM) AVERAGE MD & TD (NEW MATERIAL)	ASTM E 154 Section 9 (D-882)	58 lbf	102 N
IMPACT RESISTANCE	ASTM D 1709	2600 g	
MAXIMUM USE TEMPERATURE		180° F	82° C
MINIMUM USE TEMPERATURE		-70° F	-57° C
PERMEANCE (NEW MATERIAL)	ASTM E 154 Section 7  ASTM E 96 Procedure B	0.0051 Perms grains/(ft <sup>2</sup> ·hr·in·Hg)	0.0034 Perms g/(24hr·m <sup>2</sup> ·mm Hg)
RADON DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT	K124/02/95	< 1.1 x 10 <sup>-13</sup> m <sup>2</sup> /s	
METHANE PERMEANCE	ASTM D 1434	< 1.7 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> m <sup>2</sup> /d·atm 0.32 GTR (Gas Transmission Rate) ml/m <sup>2</sup> ·D·ATM	

## VaporBlock<sup>®</sup> Plus<sup>™</sup> Placement

All instructions on architectural or structural drawings should be reviewed and followed.

Detailed installation instructions accompany each roll of VaporBlock<sup>®</sup> Plus<sup>™</sup> and can also be located on our website.

ASTM E-1643 also provides general installation information for vapor retarders.

**VaporBlock<sup>®</sup> Plus<sup>™</sup>**  
UNDERSLAB VAPOR RETARDER / GAS BARRIER

VaporBlock<sup>®</sup> Plus<sup>™</sup> is a seven-layer co-extruded barrier made using high quality virgin-grade polyethylene and EVOH resins to provide unmatched impact strength as well as superior resistance to gas and moisture transmission.

Note: To the best of our knowledge, unless otherwise stated, these are typical property values and are intended as guides only, not as specification limits. Chemical resistance as well as other performance criteria is not implied or given and actual testing must be performed for applicability in specific applications and/or conditions. RAVEN INDUSTRIES MAKES NO WARRANTIES AS TO THE FITNESS FOR A SPECIFIC USE OR MERCHANTABILITY OF PRODUCTS REFERRED TO, no guarantee of satisfactory results from reliance upon contained information or recommendations and disclaims all liability for resulting loss or damage.

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